

Aquatic Resources Delineation

Homestead Collective Weed Company (APN: 217-401-011)

Prepared by:

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Prepared for:

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Date:

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report includes the results of an aquatic resources delineation conducted on APN: 217-401-011 near Blocksburg. The purpose of the study was to identify wetlands and other aquatic resources and establish required setbacks from cannabis cultivation. This fulfills the request in the September 16, 2019 letter from the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) for a wetland delineation. A parcel overview map is provided in Appendix A.

2. DEFINITIONS

Waters of the United States

Waters of the United States are regulated by the Army Corps under the Clean Water Act. Waters of the United States include, but are not limited to, territorial seas, waters used for interstate or foreign commerce and their tributaries, and waters adjacent to the aforementioned, including wetlands.

Army Corps jurisdiction in waters such as creeks and rivers includes the area below the ordinary high water mark, which is the line on the bank established by fluctuations of water that leave physical characteristics such as a distinct line on the bank, shelving, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, and presence of debris.

The Army Corps defines wetlands as:

"... areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal conditions do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas."

Waters of the State

Waters of the state are regulated by the State Water Resources Control Board (Water Board) under the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act. Waters of the state are defined as:

"... any surface water or groundwater, including saline waters, within the boundaries of the state."

Waters of the State includes water in both natural and artificial channels.

The Water Board's definition of a wetland is:

"An area is wetland if, under normal circumstances, (1) the area has continuous or recurrent saturation of the upper substrate caused by groundwater, or shallow surface water, or both; (2) the duration of such saturation is sufficient to cause anaerobic conditions in the upper substrate; and (3) the area's vegetation is dominated by hydrophytes or the area lacks vegetation."

Streamside Management Areas

The Humboldt County General Plan (Humboldt County 2017) recognizes Streamside Management Areas (SMAs) along all streams, which are defined as:

"100 feet, measured as the horizontal distance from the top of bank or edge of riparian drip-line whichever is greater on either side of perennial streams."

"50 feet, measured as the horizontal distance from the top of bank or edge of riparian drip-line whichever is greater on either side of intermittent streams."

3. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Project Location

The parcel is located off Homestead Road approximately 2.3 miles west of Blocksburg on the Blocksburg USGS quadrangle (Section 24, T2S, R4E) in Humboldt County (Figure 1).

Soil, Topography, and Hydrology

The soil on the parcel in mapped as Burgsblock-Coolyork-Tannin complex, 30 to 50 percent (United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) 2020) The soil type is derived from sandstone, mudstone, and schist parent material. The soil type and its minor components have non-hydric soil ratings. The parcel is on an approximately 35% generally south facing slope. The elevation ranges from approximately 700 to 1,300 feet above sea level. The parcel includes Basin Creek and three of its tributaries. Basin Creek is a tributary of the Eel River. The parcel also includes an instream pond.

4. METHODS

Wetlands

The wetland delineation was conducted by Kyle Wear, M.A. Mr. Wear has over 20 years of experience conducting floristic surveys and other botanical work in northern California and over ten years of experience conducting wetland delineations. Mr. Wear is also completed the 5-day Wetland Training Institute wetland delineation course. The study area includes the pond and watercourses within 200 feet of the cultivation area.

Federal, State, and County wetland delineation methods follow the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (Version 2.0) (Army Corps 2010). A positive wetland determination is made when all three wetland parameters (hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology) are present.

Three representative sample plots were evaluated for hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology. The plots represent the variation in topography and vegetation in the study

Figure 1. Location Map.



area that were appurtenant to the location of the cultivation area and establishment of setbacks. Wetland determination data forms are provided in Appendix B.

Hydrophytic Vegetation

The presence of hydrophytic vegetation is determined by the wetland indicator status of each plant species present using the *Western Mountains Valleys and Coast 2016 Regional Wetland Plant List* (Army Corps 2016). The indicator status of plants is based on the estimated probability of the species occurring in wetlands. The indicator status categories are:

| Obligate Wetland Plants (OBL) | Almost always occur in wetlands | >99% frequency |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Facultative Wetland Plants (FACW) | Usually occur in wetlands | 67%-99% |
| Facultative Plants (FAC) | Equally occur wetlands and non-wetlands | 33%-67% |
| Facultative Upland Plants (FACU) | Sometimes occur in wetlands | 1%-33% |
| Obligate Upland Plants (UPL) | Rarely occur in wetlands | <1% |

If more than 50% of the dominant plants across all vegetation strata (i.e. trees, shrubs, herbs) are OBL, FACW, or FAC, the vegetation is considered to be hydrophytic. Dominance of plants within the plots is determined using the "50/20" rule. This method involves estimating absolute cover of each plant in each vegetation stratum. Dominant plants include the plants with the highest cover that collectively or individually account for 50% of the total vegetation cover. Additional plants are considered dominant if their cover is at least 20%.

Hydric Soil

Indicators of hydric soil include, but are not limited to, a strong hydrogen sulfide (rotten egg) odor, redox concentrations, depleted matrix, and high organic matter content. Soil colors are determined by using a standard Munsell soil color chart (Gretag Macbeth 2000).

Wetland Hydrology

Indicators of wetland hydrology include, but are not limited to, surface water, high water table, soil saturation, sediment deposits, soil cracks, and oxidized root channels along living roots.

Other Aquatic Resources

Other aquatic resources include streams, rivers, ponds, lakes, and other waterbodies with an ordinary highwater mark and any adjacent riparian habitat.

5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

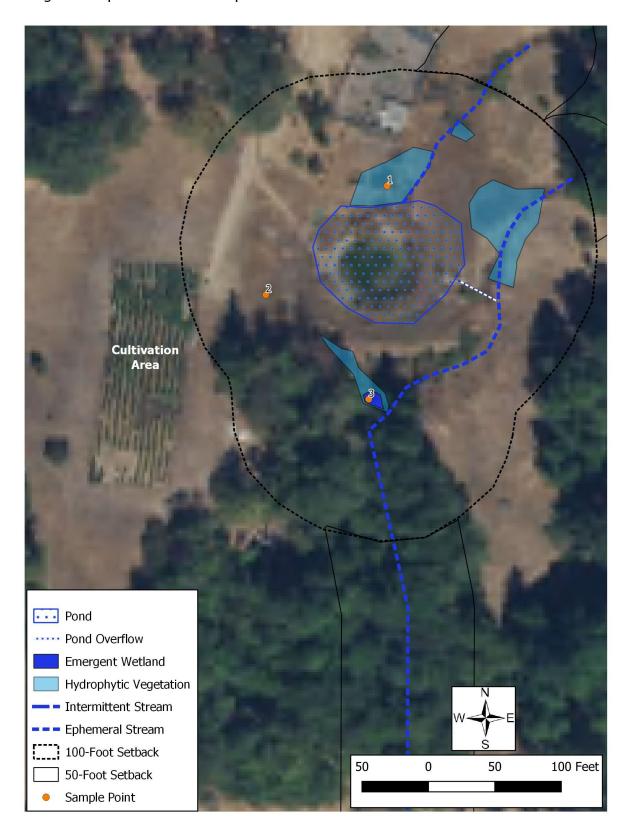
Aquatic features identified in the study area include a small wetland (approximately 100 square feet), two ephemeral streams, and the pond (Figure 2). There are additional areas that have hydrophytic vegetation, but do not meet the three-parameter wetland definition.

Representative photos are provided in Appendix C.

Emergent Wetland

The small wetland is near the base of the pond levee. The wetland has hydrophytic vegetation dominated by spreading rush (*Juncus patens* [FACW]) and poison oak (*Toxicodendron*

Figure 2. Aquatic Resources Map.



diversilobum [FAC]). Other plants include pennyroyal (Mentha pelugium [OBL]), lady fern (Athyrium filix-femina [FAC]), and velvet grass (Holcus lantaus [FAC]). There is a tree canopy over the wetland, but the trees are not rooted in the feature. The soil color was 10yr 4/1 with distinct and prominent 7.5yr 5/6 redox concentrations; this meets hydric soil indicator F3 (Depleted Matrix). The soil was saturated to the surface. There was also shallow surface water in a portion of the feature. Wetland hydrology indicators present included A1 (Surface Water), A2 (High Water Table), and A3 (Saturation). It was not clear if the water is groundwater or water leaking from the pond above.

Ephemeral Streams

There are two ephemeral streams in the study area. One of the stream flows into the pond, the other runs just east of the pond and receives the pond overflow.

Instream Pond

The pond had surface water and floating and emergent hydrophytic vegetation. Associated plants include pondweed (*Potamogeton* sp. [OBL]), cattail (*Typha latifolia* [OBL]), water plantain (*Alisma lanceolatum* [OBL]), spike rush (*Eleocharis* sp. [OBL or FACW]), and nutsedge (*Cyperus eragrostis* [FACW]). Google Earth images indicate the pond was constructed between 2006 and 2009. The 2006 image shows the stream channel that feeds the pond continuing south through what is now the pond and converging with the eastern stream, although the confluence is obscured by trees (Appendix D). The area appears to be upland other that the streams, with some associated vegetation, possibly spreading rush or stands of coyote brush, although the resolution of the photo is not adequate to make a definitive determination.

Hydrophytic Vegetation

Approximately 5,008 square feet of area adjacent to the ephemeral streams has hydrophytic vegetation but lacks indicators of hydric soil or wetland hydrology. These areas are generally dominated by spreading rush (*Juncus patens* [FACW]). Other associated plants include pennyroyal (*Mentha pelugium* [OBL]), sweet vernal grass (*Anthoxanthum odoratum* [FACW]), Italian thistle (*Carduus pycnocephalus* [UPL]), and bull thistle (*Cirsium vulgare* [FACU]). The July site visit was in the dry season and lack of wetland indicators like saturated soil was expected. However, the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (<i>Version 2.0*) (Army Corps 2010) provides many other wetland hydrology indicators that can be used in the dry season. The soil color was 10yr 2/2 with no redox features or other indicators of hydric soil. It is likely these areas are wetter than adjacent areas with non-hydrophytic vegetation during periods with heavy rainfall, but the frequency and duration of soil saturation is not sufficient to create hydric soil, thus these areas do not meet the three-parameter wetland definition.

Upland

The adjacent upland habitat includes grasslands and mixed conifer and hardwood stands. The grasslands are dominated by non-native herbaceous plants including sweet vernal grass (Anthoxanthum odoratum [FACW]), rough cat's-ear (Hypochaeris radicata [FACU]), and English

plantain (*Plantago lanceolata* [FACW]). There are scattered stands of coyote brush (*Baccharis pillularis* [UPL]). The adjacent mixed conifer and hardwood stands include Douglas-fir (*Pseudtosuga menziesii* [FACU]), California bay (*Umbellularia californica* [FAC]), madrone (*Arbutus menziesii* [UPL]), and California black oak (*Quercus kelloggii* [UPL]).

Setbacks

A 100-foot setback from the pond and 50-foot setbacks from the ephemeral streams are shown in Figure 1. The small wetland is over 130 feet from the cultivation area. Both *Humboldt County General Plan* (Humboldt County (2017) and *Cannabis Cultivation Policy* (State Water Resources Control Board 2019) require 50-foot setbacks from ephemeral watercourses. The pond is constructed, but now includes aquatic habitat that has a connection the adjacent stream. Approximately 368 square feet of the cultivation area is withing 100 feet of the pond. The northeast edge of the cultivation area is approximately 85 feet from the top of the bank of the pond. However, there is a road between the cultivation area and the pond, and the cultivation area is on the west side of the ridge (the pond is on the east side), thus any nitrogen rich runoff or other pollutants would move west towards Basin Creek away from the pond. It is the opinion of the consultant that moving a portion of the cultivation area is not necessary to protect the pond. Basin Creek is over 340 feet from the cultivation area.

6. REFERENCES

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State Water Resources Control Board (Water Board). 2019. *Cannabis Cultivation Policy*. *Principles and Guidelines for Cannabis Cultivation*.

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Wetland Ratings. Phytoneuron 2016-30: 1-17. https://www.codot.gov/programs/environmental/wetlands/nwpl wmvc 2016v1.pdf

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https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov

APPENDIX A Parcel Overview Map

THC WEED COMPANY, LLC:

APN: 217-401-011

$\frac{\text{VICINITY MAP}}{\text{NOT TO SCALE}}$



PROJECT DIRECTIONS

FROM: EUREKA, CA

- HEAD SOUTH ON THE U.S. 1015 (20MILES)
- TAKE EXIT 685 FOR LA-36E (0.3 MILES)
- TURN LEFT ONTO LA-36E (24 MILES)
- TURN RIGHT ONTO ALDER POINT ROAD (18 MILES)
- TURN RIGHT TOWARD HOMESTEAD ROAD (0.3 MILES)
- TURN LEFT TOWARD HOMESTEAD ROAD (3.3 MILES)

PROJECT INFORMATION

LAT/LONG: 40.2757/-123.6823

APN: 217 - 401 - 011

APPLICANT: THC WEED COMPANY, LLC

PARCEL SIZE: 43.96 ACRES

ZONING: FR

APPLICATION TYPE: TYPE 2 OUTDOOR

COASTAL ZONE: NO 100 YEAR FLOOD: NO

AGENT:

KAYLIE SAXON
GREEN ROAD CONSULTING INC
1650 CENTRAL AVE. SUITE C
MCKINLEYVILLE, CA 95519
707-630-5041

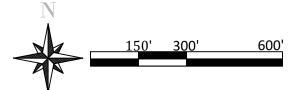
TRAVEL TIME

APPROXIMATELY: 1HR 45 MINUTES, 66 MILES

SHEET INDEX CP-COVER PAGE C1-PARCEL OVERVIEW

AERIAL MAP





PROPERTY LINES AND BUILDING LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND BASED ON AERIAL MAPS AND GPS DATA TAKEN IN THE FIELD.



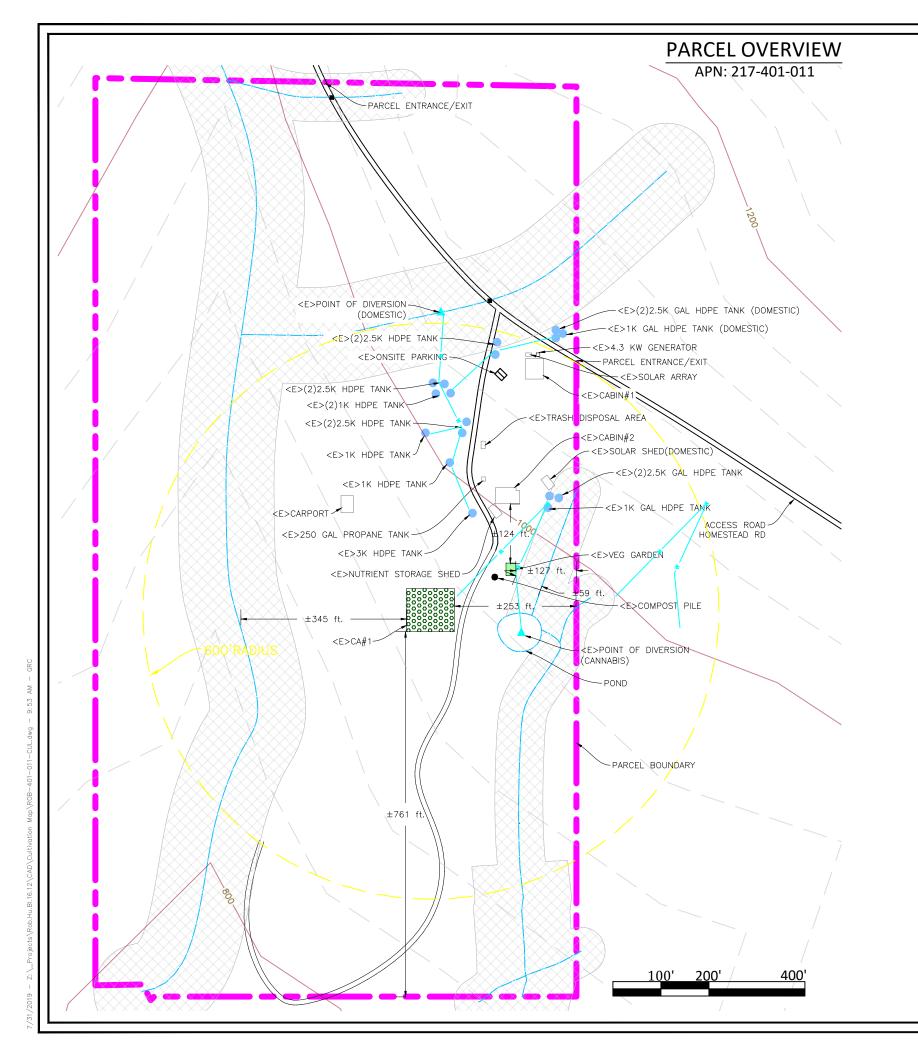
217-401-011 PROJECT INFORMATION PROPERTY OWNER BRIAN ROBERTS
ADDRESS 5576 HOMESTEAD RD, BLOCKSBURG, CA
SHEET INFO COVER PAGE REVISIONS NOTES DATE

DATE

7/31/19

DRAFTER DV
SCALE AS SHOWN

CP



CULTIVATION INFORMATION

OUTDOOR CULTIVATION AREA

TOTAL OUTDOOR CULTIVATION AREA = 9,000 SQ FT

CULTIVATION BUILDINGS AND USE

| BUILDINGS | USE | SIZE | YEA |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----|
| CABIN #1 | HARVEST STORAGE/DRYING/PACKAGING | 36'x36' | 199 |
| NUTRIENT STORAGE SHED | NUTRIENT STORAGE | 10'x20' | 199 |
| CARPORT(TEMPORARY) | HARVEST STORAGE/DRYING | 10'x20' | 201 |

DOMESTIC BUILDINGS AND USE

| BUILDINGS | USE | SIZE | YEAR |
|------------|-------------------------|---------|------|
| SOLAR SHED | SOLAR EQUIPMENT STORAGE | 10'x10' | 1990 |
| CARIN #2 | LIVING QUARTERS | 24'v36' | 1990 |

WATER STORAGE AND USE

| TYPE | USE | QUANTITY | GALLONS | TOTAL GALLONS |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| HDPE TANK | DOMESTIC | 2 | 2,500 | 5,000 |
| HDPE TANK | DOMESTIC | 1 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 2 | 2,500 | 5,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 2 | 2,500 | 5,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 2 | 1,000 | 2,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 2 | 2,500 | 5,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 1 | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 1 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 1 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 2 | 2,500 | 5,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 1 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| HDPE TANK | CULTIVATION | 1 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| | TOTAL A | MOUNT OF WA | ATER STORAGE= | 36,500 GALLONS |

WATER SOURCE

TYPE

POND(CANNABIS)

CLASS II STREAM (DOMESTIC)

UNNAMED CLASS II STREAM WITH REQUIRED 100 FT BUFFER UNNAMED CLASS III STREAM WITH REQUIRED 50 FT BUFFER

POWER SOURCE

4.3KW GENERATOR

SOLAR ARRAY

SURROUNDING BUILDINGS

THERE ARE NO SCHOOLS, BUS STOPS, PLACES OF WORSHIP, PUBLIC PARKS OR TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES WITHIN 600 FEET OF THE CULTIVATION SITE.

THERE ARE NO OFF SITE RESIDENCES WITHIN 300 FEET OF THE CULTIVATION SITE.

LEGEND



CLASS II STREAM WITH REQUIRED 100 FT BUFFER



UNNAMED CLASS III STREAM WITH REQUIRED 50 FT BUFFER

WATER DELIVERY LINE

WATER CROSSING





BRIAN ROBERTS ... 5576 HOMESTEAD RD, BLOCKSBURG, PARCEL OVERVIEW PROJECT INFORMATION PROPERTY OWNER
ADDRESS
SHEET INFO

NOTES DATE 7/31/19 DATE DRAFTER DV SCALE AS SHOWN

REVISIONS

SHEET



| APPENDIX B | Wetland Determination Data Forms |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM -- Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region 217-401-011 City/County: Humbold Sampling Date: 7-22-20 State: CA ___ Sampling Point: ___ Applicant/Owner: Section, Township, Range: 24, TZS, RYE Investigator(s): ± +crrace Local relief (concave, convex, none): Nove Slope (%): 5% Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): tar. E442119,3 Long N 4458538.7 Datum: WAD 83 Subregion (LRR): Coolyork-Tannin Compl. NWI classification: Soil Map Unit Name: Burds block No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.) Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes _ Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology ___ Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes _ significantly disturbed? Are Vegetation . Soil . or Hydrology Conaturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Is the Sampled Area Hydric Soil Present? within a Wetland? Wetland Hydrology Present? Dry Season field work VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants. Absolute Dominant Indicator Dominance Test worksheet: Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____) % Cover Species? Status Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species _____ x 1 = ____ FACW species x 2 = _____ FAC species x 3 = ____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ = Total Cover Herb Stratum (Plot size: 10 - rad NS UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: ____ ____ (A) ____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = 3. Anthoxanthon odoratum Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 4. Cirbin vulgare 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 5. Mentha Delugim ≯2 - Dominance Test is >50% _ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ __ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) 10. Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: ____) **Hydrophytic** Vegetation Yes X No Present? = Total Cover % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____ Remarks:

| Profile Description: (Describe to the | depth needed to document the indicator or confirm | the absence of indicators.) |
|--|---|---|
| Depth Matrix | Redov Features | |
| (inches) Color (moist) % | Color (moist) % Type Loc2 | Texture Remarks |
| 0-16 10-12/2 | | CL |
| 10,0,0 | | |
| | | |
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| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| T | | 2. |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to | RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Gr | ains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : |
| Histosol (A1) | | • |
| Histosof (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) | Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) | 2 cm Muck (A10) Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| Black Histic (A3) | Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) | Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) |
| Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | | |
| Thick Dark Surface (A12) | Redox Dark Surface (F6) | ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and |
| Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | wetland hydrology must be present, |
| Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | Redox Depressions (F8) | unless disturbed or problematic. |
| | | |
| Restrictive Layer (if present): | | |
| Type: | | |
| Type: | | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No |
| Type: | | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No |
| Type: | | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No |
| Type: | | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No |
| Type: | | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No |
| Type: | | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No |
| Type: Depth (inches): Remarks: YDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators: | | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No |
| Type: Depth (inches): Remarks: YDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one requ | uired; check all that apply) | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) |
| Type: | uired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except | |
| Type: | uired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) |
| Type: Depth (inches): Remarks: YDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one require) Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) | uired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Pattems (B10) |
| Type: Depth (inches): Primary Indicators (minimum of one requestred water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) | uired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 |
| Type: | uired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Pattems (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C |
| Type: | uired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Pattems (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C ts (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) |
| Type: | uired; check all that apply) — Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) — Salt Crust (B11) — Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) — Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) — Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo — Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Pattems (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| Type: | uired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Pattems (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |
| Type: | wired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2) 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) |
| Type: | uired; check all that apply) — Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) — Salt Crust (B11) — Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) — Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) — Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo — Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) — Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) — Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) (B7) — Other (Explain in Remarks) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Pattems (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |
| Type: | uired; check all that apply) — Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) — Salt Crust (B11) — Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) — Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) — Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo — Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) — Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) — Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) (B7) — Other (Explain in Remarks) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2) 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) |
| Type: | wired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) |
| Type: | wired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches): | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) |
| Type: | wired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2 4A, and 4B) Drainage Pattems (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) |
| Type: | wired; check all that apply) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2) 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) |

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

| Project/Site: APW: 217-401-011 City/County: Hun | nbold Sampling Date: 7-22-20 |
|--|---|
| Applicant/Owner: B. Roberts | |
| Investigator(s): Y. Wew Section, Township, Ra | |
| Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Local relief (concave, | |
| Subregion (LRR): A Let: E 442091.7 | |
| Soil Map Unit Name: Burgs Wock - Coolyok - Tannin | Analista San San San San San San San San San Sa |
| | |
| Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _ | • . |
| Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are | "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No |
| Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology X naturally problematic? (If no | eeded, explain any answers in Remarks.) |
| SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point I | ocations, transects, important features, etc. |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No | 1.0 |
| Hydric Soil Present? Yes No Sisthe Sampled Wetland Hydrology Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? | |
| Wedalid Hydrology Present: Yes No V | 100 |
| Remarks: Dry Sewon field work | |
| VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants. | |
| Absolute Dominant Indicator | Dominance Test worksheet: |
| Tree Stratum (Plot size:) | Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A) |
| 2 | Total Number of Dominant 2 |
| 3 | Species Across All Strata: (B) |
| 4 = Total Cover | Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0% (A/B) |
| Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: | Prevalence Index worksheet: |
| 1. | Total % Cover of: Multiply by: |
| 2 | OBL species x 1 = |
| 3 | FACW species x 2 = |
| 4 | FAC species x 3 = |
| 5 | FACU species x 4 = |
| Herb Stratum (Plot size: 10 - vad) = Total Cover | UPL species x 5 = |
| 1. Anthoxonthm exteratum 50 Y FACU | Column Totals:(A)(B) |
| 2. Hypochaers radicale SO Y FACY | |
| 3. July Enforces 5 W FACW | Prevalence index = B/A = |
| 4. Hyperium perforatum Z N FAW | Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation |
| 5 | 2 - Dominance Test is >50% |
| 6 | 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ |
| 7. | 4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting |
| 8 | data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) |
| 9. | 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ |
| 10 | Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) |
| 11. | Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must |
| Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:) 107 ≠ Total Cover | be present, unless disturbed or problematic. |
| 1 | |
| 2 | Hydrophytic Vegetation |
| = Total Cover | Present? Yes No |
| % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum | , |
| Remarks: | |
| | |
| | |

| Depth Matrix | | | eatures | | | e absence of ind | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|---|
| (inches) Color (moist) | % (| Color (moist) | | Type ¹ | Loc2 | Texture | Remarks |
| 0-12 10/13/2 | | | | | | CL | |
| | | | | | d Sand Grain | | PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix Problematic Hydric Soils |
| | cable to all LRF | ks, uniess otnerw | 126 110161 | | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Appl | | | | | | 2 cm Muck | |
| | | Sandy Redox (S5 Stripped Matrix (S |) | , | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Appli Histosol (A1) | | Sandy Redox (S5 |) 66) | | MLRA 1) | Red Paren | (A10) |
| Histic Epipedon (A2) | = | Sandy Redox (S5 Stripped Matrix (S |) 66) neral (F1) atrix (F2) | | MLRA 1) | Red Paren Very Shall | (A10) t Material (TF2) |

Redox Dark Surface (F6)

Redox Depressions (F8)

Depleted Dark Surface (F7)

HYDROLOGY

Type:

Remarks:

Depth (inches):

Thick Dark Surface (A12)

__ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)

_ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)

Restrictive Layer (if present):

| Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): | Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) | Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (examples of the MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along to the Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) Other (Explain in Remarks) | Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Secomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |
|--|--|---|--|
| the state of the s | Water Table Present? Yes No Saturation Present? Yes No (includes capillary fringe) | Depth (inches): | Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No |

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and

wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Hydric Soil Present?

| WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM Western Mou | ntains, Valleys, and Coast Region |
|--|---|
| Project/Site: ARN: 217-401-011 City/County: Hum | nbold Sampling Date: 7-22-23 |
| Applicant/Owner: B. Ruderls | |
| Investigator(s): Section, Township, Rai | nge: 24 +25, R4E |
| Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Local relief (concave, of | convex, none): Nane Slope (%): 5 |
| Subregion (LRR): 4 Eat: E 442115-3 | |
| Soil Map Unit Name: Burgsblock - Coolyok - Tanin | NWI classification: |
| Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No | |
| Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are " | Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No |
| | eded, explain any answers in Remarks.) |
| SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point k | ocations, transects, important features, etc. |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: Plot is seepy area to ase of pond | nd? Yes No No |
| near | |
| VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants. | |
| Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status 1 | Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A) |
| 3 | Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B) |
| 4 | Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 106% (A/B) |
| Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 10) | Prevalence Index worksheet: |
| 1. Toxicodendran diversitation 20 4 FAC | Total % Cover of: Multiply by: |
| 3. | OBL species x 1 = |
| 4 | FACW species x 2 = |
| 5 | FACULTURE X 3 = |
| $\frac{20}{2} = \text{Total Cover}$ | FACU species x 4 = UPL species x 5 = |
| Herb Stratum (Plot size: 10 -) = Total Cover 1. Durus Patens 50 \ FAW | Column Totals: (A) (B) |
| 2 Notws Janatus 10 W FAC | |
| 3. Menting pelusium 10 N OBL | Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: |
| 4. Rumex crisques 2 W FAC | 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation |
| 5. Athyriva Selix-ferring 5 N FAC | 2 - Dominance Test is >50% |
| 6 | 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ |
| 7 | 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) |
| 9. | 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ |
| 10. | Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) |
| 11 | ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. |
| Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:) 1 | |
| 2. | Hydrophytic Vegetation |
| % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum | Present? Yes No |
| Remarks: There is a liver large allower full | 2 1 |
| Remarks: There is a tree layor allove feature not rooted in it. | , but trees are |

| 0 | \sim | n | |
|---|--------|---|---|
| J | u | 1 | ᆫ |

| | マ |
|-----------------|---|
| Sampling Point: | |

| Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) | |
|---|--|
| Depth Matrix Redox Features | |
| (inches) Color (moist) % Color (moist) % Type Loc2 | Texture Remarks |
| 0-6 104-4/1 80 7575/6 20 CM | CL |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) | Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : |
| Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) | 2 cm Muck (A10) |
| Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) | Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) | |
| Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) | Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) | ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and |
| Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | wetland hydrology must be present, |
| Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) | unless disturbed or problematic. |
| Restrictive Layer (if present): | |
| Type: | |
| Depth (inches): | Hydric Soil Present? Yes No |
| Remarks: | |
| HYDROLOGY | |
| Wetland Hydrology Indicators: | |
| Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) |
| | |
| Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) | Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, |
| 1 3 | 4A, and 4B) |
| Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | Dry-Season Water Table (G2) |
| Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roc | Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) |
| Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6 | The state of the s |
| Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A | , , |
| Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) | Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) |
| Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) | (TOSE TEAMS (TOTAL) |
| Field Observations: | |
| Surface Water Present? Yes Y No Depth (inches): // Inch | |
| Water Table Present? Yes Y No Depth (inches): STICL | |
| Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): 53/14C Wetl | and Hydrology Present? Yes Y |
| (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), | if available: |
| g test, mercan process, provided inopositionly, if dyunable. | |
| Remarks: | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Appendix C. Representative Photos.



Photo 1. Small wetland near base of the pond levee.



Photo 2. Upland grassland adjacent to the cultivation area.



Photo 3. Pond with cattails and pondweed.



Photo 4. Stand of spreading rush (*Juncus patens*) in area that lacks other wetland indicators.

Appendix D. Comparison of 2006 and 2019 Google Earth Image of the Pond Location.



