

State of California - Department of Conservation
GRANT AGREEMENT DOC6
(Revised 05/23)

GRANT AGREEMENT NUMBER:
3025-903
FI\$CaI NUMBER:

1. This Grant Agreement is entered into by and between the Department of Conservation ("Department") and Humboldt County ("Grantee").
2. The Grant Agreement Term is: From February 1, 2026 through January 31, 2029 (Or upon execution of this Grant Agreement by both parties, whichever is later)
3. The maximum amount of this Grant Agreement is: \$500,000
4. Signing this Grant Agreement means that Grantee agrees to comply with the terms and conditions of the following exhibits which are part of the Grant Agreement:

Exhibit A, Scope of Work	4 Pages
Attachment 1: Authorized Signatory Form	1 Page
Attachment 2: Work Plan	1 Page
Attachment 3: Final Report Template	1 Page
Exhibit B, Budget Detail and Payment Provisions	3 Pages
Attachment 4: Budget Detail Worksheet	1 Page
Attachment 5: Invoice Template	2 Pages
Exhibit C, General Terms and Conditions	3 Pages
Exhibit D, Special Terms and Conditions	6 Pages
Exhibit E, Award Letter	1 Page
Exhibit F, Guidelines	77 Pages

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Grant Agreement has been executed by the Parties hereto.

GRANTEE

GRANTEE'S NAME: Humboldt County

BY (Authorized Signature)

DATE SIGNED

2/11/2026

John Ford
John Ford, Director of Planning & Building Department
ADDRESS
3015 H Street Eureka, CA 95501

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Agency Name: Department of Conservation

BY (Authorized Signature)

Signed by:
Jennifer Lucchesi
74FCDC2E90E44E6...

DATE SIGNED

2/12/2026

PRINTED NAME AND TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING

Jennifer Lucchesi, Director

ADDRESS

715 P Street MS 1807, Sacramento, CA 95814

Exhibit A, Scope of Work

1. Grant Program Background

The Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program (SALC), a component of the Strategic Growth Council's (Council) Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program, supports California's greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reduction goals by making strategic investments to protect agricultural lands from conversion to more GHG intensive uses. Protecting critical agricultural lands from conversion to urban or rural residential development promotes smart growth within existing jurisdictions, ensures open space remains available, and supports a healthy agricultural economy and resulting food security. A healthy and resilient agricultural sector is becoming increasingly important in meeting the challenges occurring and anticipated as a result of climate change. Auction revenues from the Cap-and-Invest Program are deposited into the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF), which the Legislature and Governor appropriate to a variety of programs such as the SALC and which operate under the umbrella of California Climate Investments. All projects funded by GGRF monies must reduce or avoid greenhouse gas emissions.

Agricultural Land Conservation Planning grants provide funds to cities and counties in collaboration with local stakeholders to develop and implement plans for the protection of agricultural land at risk of conversion to non-agricultural uses. This component of the program incentivizes local governments to work closely with local stakeholders to develop local and regional land use policies and implementation activities that integrate agricultural land conservation in a way that reduces greenhouse gas emissions, supports job creation, and benefits priority populations.

The Council identified the California Department of Conservation (Department) in conjunction with the Natural Resources Agency (Agency) to administer SALC. The Strategic Growth Council approved the roles of the Department and the Agency at its July 10, 2014, meeting. In addition, SALC has been developed in consultation with the California Department of Food and Agriculture.

2. The Project is Defined by the Application and Award Letter

The Council released the final Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program Grant Guidelines & Applications on October 31, 2024 (Exhibit F) (Guidelines). In accordance with the Guidelines, Grantee applied and was awarded a grant to fund the project described in the application. The Humboldt Natural and Working Lands Carbon Stock and Management Study will inform future planning and climate action documents to support conservation of natural and working lands and to support carbon stock

programs. The project is subject to any conditions contained within the Award Letter (Exhibit E). This will be referred to as the "Project" throughout this Agreement.

3. Authorized Signers

The Department Director or designee is authorized to sign this Grant Agreement and grant-related documents on behalf of the Department.

Grantee's Authorized Signatory or designee is authorized to sign this Grant Agreement and grant-related documents as shown in the Authorized Signatory Form (Attachment 1).

Grantee must keep Authorized Signatory Forms up to date. Within seven (7) working days of any change to the authorized signatory or to the delegated authorized signatory, Grantee shall notify the Department in writing of the change. The written notice shall be sent as an electronic mail (email) attachment to be filed with the Grant Agreement.

4. Project Representatives

The project representatives are the contact people for the Department and Grantee. The project representatives during the term of this Grant Agreement are:

Department

Name: Cassidy McSurdy
Title: Grant Manager*
Phone Number: (916) 907-2905
Email: Cassidy.McSurdy@conservation.ca.gov

* Unless otherwise stated within this Grant Agreement, all correspondence and documents to the Department of Conservation will be sent to the Grant Manager as described in Document Submission (Exhibit A, Section 6).

Grantee

Name: Rodney Yandell
Title: Planning Manager
Phone Number: 707-268-3832
Email: RYandell@co.humboldt.ca.us

Name: Megan Acevedo
Title: Associate Planner

Phone Number: 707-441-2634
Email: MAcevedo@co.humboldt.ca.us

Department and Grantee must keep the Project Representative(s) up to date. Any changes to the Project Representatives by either Grantee or Department shall be made by providing seven (7) working days advance written notice to the other party. The written notice shall be sent as an electronic mail (email) attachment to be filed with the Grant Agreement.

5. Grantee Responsibilities

Grantee is responsible for:

- A. Using grant funds only as intended for the Project.
- B. Completing work on time and within budget. This includes meeting all milestones and deliverables, as described in the Work Plan (Attachment 2) and in accordance with the Budget Detail Worksheet (Attachment 4), unless otherwise agreed to by all parties through the amendment process described in Exhibit B, Section 8.
- C. Submitting invoices for reimbursement using the Invoice Template (Attachment 5), including any supporting documents.
- D. Submitting a final report with the last invoice, using the Final Report Template (Attachment 3).
- E. Complying with all terms and conditions of this Grant Agreement, including all incorporated documents.
- F. Complying with statutes, rules, and regulations applicable to this Grant Agreement.
- G. Maintaining an accounting system that accurately reflects all fiscal transactions and provides accounting information, retaining all records and required documents as specified in Exhibit C, Section 4, and providing all required documents during an audit, as specified in Exhibit C, Section 5.

6. Document Submission

- A. Electronic Mail

When this Grant Agreement requires Grantee to give invoices, reports, or other documents to the Department, Grantee must use email unless this Grant Agreement specifically requires that the document be sent by mail. All email must contain the Grant Agreement number and Grantee's name in the subject line.

B. Correspondence

Correspondence and documents must be submitted via email:
Cassidy.McSurdy@conservation.ca.gov

7. Reporting Requirements

When the Project is completed, Grantee must submit a Final Report with the last invoice. To complete and submit the Final Report:

- A. Submit the Final Report with the last invoice. If Grantee does not submit the Final Report with the last invoice, then the last invoice will be considered incomplete and returned following process specified in Exhibit D, Section 5.
- B. Use the Final Report Template, which is attached as Attachment 3.
- C. Make sure the Final Report is signed by the person authorized to sign on the most current Authorized Signatory Form (Attachment 1).
- D. Put enough detail in the Final Report to show that Grantee fulfilled the terms of the Grant Agreement and should be paid for completing the project.

Attachment 1: Authorized Signatory Form

I hereby verify that I am an authorized Grantee representative and signatory and, as such, can sign and/or delegate authorization to sign and bind Grantee as it relates to the above-referenced Grant Agreement and grant related documents.

Grantee Authorized Signatory:

Name: John Ford **Title:** Director of Planning & Building
Signature: *John Ford* **Date:** 2/11/2026

Delegated Authorized Signatories:

1. **Name:** Rodney Yandell **Title:** Planning Manager
Signature: *Rodney Yandell* **Date:** 2/11/2026

Document(s) Authorized to sign: All Grant Related Documents **or** Grant Agreement Grant Amendments Budget Amendments Reports Invoices Other _____

2. **Name:** **Title:**
Signature: **Date:**

Document(s) Authorized to sign: All Grant Related Documents **or** Grant Agreement Grant Amendments Budget Amendments Reports Invoices Other _____

Attachment 2: Work Plan

Work Plan		
Grantee Name: Humboldt County Planning & Building		
Task	Timeline (Start and End Date)	Deliverables
Task 1 Project Management		
Subtask A - Hire a consultant(s) - prepare and release RFP(s), select consultant and draft and execute	2/1/2026 - 6/30/2026	Consultant Contract
Subtask B - Consultant Project Management	7/1/2026 - 1/31/2029	
Subtask C - County Project Management (correspondence, scheduling and attending general project meetings, media management, project monitoring and tracking, and grant reporting)	7/1/2026 - 1/31/2029	Website
Task 2 Project Planning Framework		
Subtask A - Kick-off Meeting with Consultant	Mid July 2026	
Subtask B - Refine Objectives, Key Assumptions, and Guiding Principles through engagement with community stakeholders (Agency, Tribal, and Interested Parties Engagement)	8/1/2026 -11/31/2026	Summaries of the stakeholder meeting and refined objective and project description.
Subtask C - Collect Related Plans and Studies	8/1/2026 -11/31/2026	Library of resource materials
Subtask D - Collect Relevant Policies, Laws and	8/1/2026 -11/31/2026	Library of resource materials
Subtask E - Collect agreements where property owners have sold carbon credits.	8/1/2026 -11/31/2026	Library of resource materials
Task 3 Natural and Working Lands Carbon Stock Inventory - Primarily Consultant Work		
Subtask A - Determine methodology for calculating amount of carbon sequestration occurring naturally from various vegetation types.	12/1/2026 - 2/28/2027	Memo describing methodology.
Subtask B - Calculate the Area of different types of existing Natural and Working Lands including but not limited to: timberlands, ag lands, public lands, grasslands, and wetlands.	3/1/2027 -11/30/2027	Summary Report for the Area of different types of existing Natural and Working Lands including but not limited to: timberlands, ag lands, public lands, grasslands, and
Subtask C - Calculate the existing carbon sequestration of the lands identified in Task 3 Subtask B.	12/1/2027 - 3/31/2028	Summary Report of the existing carbon sequestration of the lands identified in Task 3 Subtask B.
Subtask D - County Review of Work Product. County will review Subtask A and B prior to proceeding with the subsequent Subtask.	12/1/2026 - 4/30/2028	Comments on Work Product and Final Work Product.
Task 4 Carbon Sequestration Feasibility Study		
Subtask A - Draft Report on Strategies and Best Management Practices for sustainable and enhanced Carbon Sequestration in Humboldt County including	5/1/2028 - 10/31/2028	Draft Report
Subtask B - Public Review of Report	11/1/2028 - 11/30/2028	Public Comments
Subtask C - Preparation of Final Report addressing public feedback.	12/1/2028 - 12/31/2028	Final Report
Subtask D - Acceptance by Board of Supervisors	Mid-January 2029	Board Report

Attachment 3: Final Report Template

Date Submitted:

Grantee Name: County of Humboldt

Grant Number: 3025-903

Project Title: Humboldt Natural and Working Lands Carbon Stock and Management Study

1. Based on your experiences with this grant program, please provide feedback about how the Department can improve future grant programs.
2. Briefly summarize the Project's results and outcomes, including how the goals and objectives were accomplished, findings or conclusions, and planned or potential future projects that may result from the Project. Include a list of other sources of funding that were secured, directly or indirectly, through this Project.
3. Describe and explain any differences between the planned results, as listed in the Work Plan (Attachment 2 to the Grant Agreement), and the actual results. Include a discussion of any problems, barriers, or issues that occurred during the Project, corrective actions taken, and the outcomes.
4. Explain any plans to continue funding for the Project, and/or to expand, modify, or replicate the Project.
5. Attach any relevant documents to this report. If the documents cannot be sent electronically, notify the Grant Manager.

I certify that this Final Report is accurate and that this project complies with the Grant Agreement. I further certify that any expenditure discussed in this report is allowed under the Grant Agreement and that all funds were expended for the purposes of this Project.

Name:

Title:

Signature:

Date:

Exhibit B, Budget Detail and Payment Provisions

1. Payment

- A. To receive payments of grant funds, Grantee must submit an invoice. Advance payments are not permitted under this Grant Agreement. Invoices may not be submitted within the first 60 days of the Grant Agreement execution date.
- B. Upon receipt and approval of an itemized invoice and required supporting documentation, the Department agrees to reimburse Grantee for actual expenditures for work completed, in accordance with the rates specified in the Budget Detail Worksheet (Attachment 4).
- C. The Department may withhold final payment until all terms of the Grant Agreement have been satisfied.
- D. Payment shall be made within forty-five (45) days upon receipt and approval of an invoice. Failure to comply with requirements may result in non-payment or delayed payment.
- E. For cost principles, see Exhibit B, Section 5.

2. How to Submit Invoices

- A. Send the invoices to the Grant Manager by email. Include the Grant Agreement number and Grantee's name in the subject line.
- B. Send invoices regularly, to keep getting paid. Grantee shall submit invoices no more frequently than monthly, in arrears, to the Grant Manager.
- C. A request for payment shall consist of:
 - i. The Invoice (Attachment 5) on official letterhead and signed by the Authorized Signatory, or authorized designee on file with the Department (Exhibit A, Section 3), certifying the expenditures are for actual expenses for the tasks performed under this Grant Agreement.
 - ii. Each cost category and task must correspond to a cost category and task identified in the Budget Detail Worksheet (Attachment 4).
 - iii. Supporting documentation for reimbursement of funds (e.g., timesheets, activity logs, subcontractor invoices, cancelled checks).
- D. Submit a summary of matching funds spent on the project during the invoice period. Supporting documentation (e.g., timesheets, activity logs, invoices, cancelled checks) for matching funds does not need to be submitted to the Department but should be retained by Grantee in the event of an audit (Exhibit C, Section 5).

- E. At any time, the Department may request hard copies of invoices, reports, supporting documentation, and evidence of progress.

3. Invoice Dispute

In the event of an invoice dispute, see Exhibit D, Section 5.

4. Budget Contingency Clause

- A. If the Budget Act of the current year and/or any subsequent years covered under this Grant Agreement does not appropriate sufficient funds for the program, this Grant Agreement shall have no further force nor effect. In this event, the Department shall have no liability to pay any funds whatsoever to Grantee or to furnish any other considerations under this Grant Agreement, and Grantee shall not be obligated to perform any provisions of this Grant Agreement.
- B. If funding for any fiscal year is reduced or deleted by the Budget Act for purposes of this program, the Department shall have the option to either cancel this Grant Agreement with no liability occurring to the Department or offer an amendment to reflect the reduced amount.

5. Cost Principles

- A. All costs to be reimbursed must be consistent with the Guidelines (Exhibit F).
- B. All costs to be reimbursed must be reasonable, as defined in the Guidelines (Exhibit F).

6. Travel Reimbursement

Travel may not be reimbursed in accordance with the Guidelines (Exhibit F).

7. Budget Modification

- A. Grantee must keep the Budget Detail Worksheet up to date.
- B. Changes up to twenty percent (20%) between tasks shall be made by providing written notice with or before submission of an invoice. If submitted before the invoice, the written notice shall be sent as an electronic mail (email) attachment to be filed with the Grant Agreement.
- C. Changes of more than twenty percent (20%) between tasks shall follow the amendment process, specified in Exhibit B, Section 8.

8. Amendments

- A. This section applies to any changes to this Grant Agreement, excluding the following:
 - i. Changes to the Authorized Signatory Form (Attachment 2). For changes to the Authorized Signatory Form see Exhibit A, Section 3.
 - ii. Changes to project representatives, see Exhibit A, Section 4.
 - iii. Changes to the Budget Detail Worksheet of up to twenty percent (20%) between tasks, see Exhibit B, Section 7.
- B. Except as otherwise specified, Grantee must request and obtain prior written approval before any change (amendment) to this Grant Agreement is valid.
- C. Request for amendments must:
 - i. Be prepared, in writing, on official letterhead and signed by the Authorized Signatory or designee on file with the Department.
 - ii. Be submitted to the Grant Manager at least two (2) months prior to when the amendment is needed.
 - iii. Include the Grant Agreement number, a detailed explanation of the proposed amendment, reason for the amendment, and the effect of not approving the request.
 - iv. Include a copy of the document(s) requested for amendment that shows the requested changes.
- D. The Grant Manager will respond in writing within fifteen (15) working days from receipt of request to approve or deny the request for amendment, including the reason for the decision.
- E. The Grant Manager will process amendments within thirty (30) days of the approval date. The amendment will not be in effect until both parties have signed the Grant Agreement amendment.

Attachment 4: Budget Detail Worksheet

Budget Detail Worksheet:					
Grantee Name: County of Humboldt		Grant #:			
Budget Item	Units (if applicable)	Rate (if applicable)	Program Reimbursement Request	Grantee Match	Grand Total
Task 1 Project Management					
Consultant (not to exceed)	*Per RFP				\$ -
County (See rate information below in Table 2)	**Varies. See rates below.		\$ 35,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 45,000
Subtotal			\$ 35,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 45,000
Task 2 Project Planning Framework					
Consultant (not to exceed)	*Per RFP		\$ 40,000		\$ 40,000
County (See rate information below in Table 2)	**Varies. See rates below.		\$ 40,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 50,000
Subtotal			\$ 80,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 90,000
Task 3 Natural and Working Lands Carbon Stock Inventory					
Consultant (not to exceed)	*Per RFP		\$ 300,000		\$ 300,000
County (See rate information below in Table 2)	**Varies. See rates below.		\$ 10,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 25,000
Subtotal			\$ 310,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 325,000
Task 4 Carbon Sequestration Feasibility Study					
Consultant (not to exceed)	*Per RFP		\$ 60,000		\$ 60,000
County (See rate information below in Table 2)	**Varies. See rates below.		\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 30,000
Subtotal			\$ 75,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 90,000
Other Expenses					
Travel	Varies		\$ -		\$ -
Meeting expenses	Varies		\$ -		\$ -
Subtotal			\$ -		\$ -
Grand Total			\$ 500,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 550,000
TABLE 2: RATES DETAIL					
Title	Rate (\$/hour)	Notes			
Staff Rates		**Hours will vary by position. Amount for reimbursement not to exceed amount stipulated and allocated by workplan phases.			
Manager/Director	\$239.00				
Senior Planner	\$190.00				
Planner	\$149.00				
Fiscal Analyst	\$188.00				
Analyst	\$188.00				
Consultant	*Total amount not to exceed that which is listed in this budget component of the grant agreement.				

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Attachment 5: Invoice Template

Date:

California Department of Conservation
 Division of Land Resource Protection
 Attn: [Grant Manager]
 [Grant Manager Email Address]
 Cc: DLRPInvoices@conservation.ca.gov

Grant Number: Invoice #
 Invoice Period:
 Total Invoice Amount:

Remit to: [Grantee name]
 [Grantee mailing address]

Cost Category	Task #1	Task #2	Task #3	Task #4	Total
<i>Staff</i>					
<i>Subcontractor</i>					
Current Total					
Cumulative Total					
Allocated Total					

Work Plan Task #	Description of Work Completed
1	<i>Please refer to specific deliverables in the Budget and Work Plan.</i>
2	
3	

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Status Update			
Work Plan Task #	On Schedule (Y/N)	Within Budget (Y/N)	Corrective Plan or Action, if needed
1			
2			
3			
4			

CERTIFICATION: By my signature below, I certify that I have full authority to execute this payment request on behalf of the Grantee. I declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the State of California, that this invoice for reimbursement, and any accompanying supporting documents, are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and all disbursements have been made for the purposes and conditions as outlined in the Grant Agreement.

Name:

Title:

Signature:

Date:

Exhibit C, General Terms and Conditions

1. Approval

This Grant Agreement is of no force or effect until signed by both parties. Grantee may not commence performance until all signatures have been obtained.

2. Amendment

No change to this Grant Agreement shall be valid unless made in accordance with Exhibit A, Section 3 or 4, or Exhibit B, Section 7 or 8. No oral understanding or change not incorporated in this Grant Agreement is binding on any of the parties.

3. Assignment

This Grant Agreement is not assignable by Grantee, either in whole or in part, without the consent of the Department in the form of an amendment.

4. Records Retention

- A. Grantee shall establish an official file containing adequate documentation of all actions taken with respect to the Project, including copies of the Grant Agreement, changes, amendments, letters, email correspondence, financial records, and required reports for a minimum of four (4) years following the final payment of funds or until completion of any action and resolution of all issues which may arise as a result of an audit, whichever is later.
- B. Grantee shall adequately protect all records, physical and electronic, from loss, damage, or destruction during the four (4) year retention period.

5. Audit

- A. Grant funded projects are subject to audit by the State of California during the grant term and for up to four years following the termination of the grant agreement. Grantee agrees that the Department, Department of Finance, Bureau of State Audits, or their designated representative shall have the right to review and to copy any records and supporting documentation pertaining to the performance of this Grant Agreement. The audit may consist of examining and auditing pertinent books, documents, papers, and records including financial transactions and supporting documents, general accounting systems, internal controls,

management practices, policies, and procedures pertaining to the performance of this Grant Agreement.

- B. At any time, the Department, Department of Finance, Bureau of State Audits, or their designated representative may request to review Grantee's records to ensure proper grant management. Grantee shall be given advance notice when the grant-funded Project is selected for an audit or review by the Department, Department of Finance, Bureau of State Audits, or their designated representative. Grantee agrees to allow the auditor(s) access to such records during normal business hours, excluding State of California holidays, and to allow interviews of any employees who might reasonably have information related to such records. Further, Grantee agrees to include a similar right of the Department to audit records and interview staff in any subcontract related to performance of this Grant Agreement in accordance with Government Code section 8546.7. Grantee shall comply with the above and be aware of the penalties for violations of fraud and for obstruction of investigation as set forth in Public Contract Code section 10115.10.

6. Indemnification

Grantee agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the State of California, its officers, agents, and employees from any and all claims and losses accruing or resulting to any and all Grantees, partners, subcontractors, suppliers, laborers, and any other person, firm, or corporation furnishing or supplying work services, materials, or supplies in connection with the performance of this Grant Agreement, and from any and all claims and losses accruing or resulting to any person, firm, or corporation who may be injured or damaged by Grantee in the performance of this Grant Agreement.

7. Disputes

Grantee shall continue with the responsibilities under this Grant Agreement during any dispute.

8. Independent Grantee

Grantee, and the agents and employees of Grantee, in the performance of this Grant Agreement, shall act in an independent capacity and not as officers, employees, or agents of the Department.

9. Non-Discrimination Clause

During the performance of this Grant Agreement, Grantee and its subcontractors shall not unlawfully discriminate, harass, or allow harassment

against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, ancestry, national origin, religion, creed, age (over 40), mental disability, physical disability, sex, gender (including pregnancy, childbirth, breastfeeding, or related medical conditions), sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, and military and veteran status. Grantee and subcontractors shall ensure that the evaluation and treatment of their employees and applicants for employment are free from such discrimination and harassment. Grantee and subcontractors shall comply with the provisions of the Fair Employment and Housing Act (Gov. Code § 12990 (a-f) et seq.) and the applicable regulations promulgated thereunder (California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 7285 et seq.). The applicable regulations of the Fair Employment and Housing Commission implementing Government Code Section 12990 (a-f), set forth in Chapter 5 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations, are incorporated into this Grant Agreement by reference and made a part hereof as if set forth in full. Grantee and its subcontractors shall give written notice of their obligations under this clause to labor organizations with which they have a collective bargaining or other Grant Agreement.

Grantee shall include the nondiscrimination and compliance provisions of this clause in all subcontracts to perform work under this Grant Agreement.

10. Timeliness

Time is of the essence in this Grant Agreement. The Department and Grantee will work collaboratively to ensure this Grant Agreement is administered in a timely fashion.

11. Governing Law

This Grant Agreement is governed by and shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of California.

12. Unenforceable Provision

If any provision of this Grant Agreement is unenforceable or held to be unenforceable, then the parties agree that all other provisions of this Grant Agreement have force and effect and shall not be affected thereby.

Exhibit D, Special Terms and Conditions

1. Compliance with Laws and Regulations

By signing this Grant Agreement, Grantee certifies that it shall comply fully with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, regulations, and permits and shall secure any new permits required by authorities having jurisdiction over the Project(s) and maintain all presently required permits. Grantee shall ensure that any applicable requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act are met in order to carry out the terms of this Grant Agreement.

2. Subcontractors

The Department's contractual relationship is with Grantee, and not any of its subcontractors. Grantee is entitled to make use of its own staff and subcontractors, as identified in the Budget Detail Worksheet (Attachment 4), and will comply with its own competitive bidding and sole sourcing requirements for subcontracts that arise out of or in connection with this Grant Agreement. Grantee shall manage, monitor, and accept responsibility for the performance of its own staff and subcontractors, and will conduct Project activities and services consistent with professional standards for the industry and type of work being performed under this Grant Agreement.

Nothing contained in this Grant Agreement or otherwise, shall create any contractual relation between the Department and any subcontractors, and no subcontract shall relieve Grantee of its responsibilities and obligations hereunder. Grantee agrees to be as fully responsible to the Department for the acts and omissions of its subcontractors and of persons either directly or indirectly employed by any of them as it is for the acts and omissions of persons directly employed by Grantee. Grantee's obligation to pay its subcontractors is an independent obligation from the Department's obligation to make payments to Grantee. As a result, the Department shall have no obligation to pay or to enforce the payment of any moneys to any subcontractor.

3. No Third-Party Beneficiaries

This Grant Agreement is not intended for the benefit of any person or entity other than the parties, and no one other than the parties themselves may enforce any of the rights or obligations created by this Grant Agreement.

4. Project Monitoring and Oversight

Project monitoring and oversight is essential to ensure the Project stays within scope and is completed on schedule and within budget in accordance with this Grant Agreement.

5. Dispute Resolution

A. Invoice Disputes

- i. In the event of an invoice dispute, the Grant Manager will notify Grantee by email within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the disputed invoice. Grant Manager will indicate why the invoice is disputed and outline the steps necessary to remedy the issues identified in their email.
- ii. During the dispute, both parties shall deal in good faith to resolve the dispute. Grantee shall continue to meet its responsibilities and obligations under the terms of this Grant Agreement.
- iii. If Grantee contests the decision made by the Grant Manager, Grantee shall submit a written "Notice of Dispute" on official letterhead, according to Subsection C below.

B. General Disputes

- i. In the event of a dispute unrelated to the dispute of an invoice, Grantee shall first attempt to resolve the dispute with the Grant Manager.
- ii. Both parties shall deal in good faith and attempt to resolve the dispute informally.
- iii. Grantee shall continue to meet its responsibilities and obligations under the terms of this Grant Agreement during a dispute.
- iv. If Grantee contests the decision made by the Grant Manager, Grantee shall submit a written "Notice of Dispute" on official letterhead, according to Subsection C below.

C. Contesting a Dispute Decision

- i. If Grantee contests a decision made by the Grant Manager, Grantee may submit a written "Notice of Dispute" on official letterhead. The "Notice of Dispute" shall include:
 - a. The Grant Agreement number
 - b. A complete description of the basis for the dispute

- c. Legal authority or pertinent facts, supporting arguments and documentation
- d. Action requested for resolution

The "Notice of Dispute" shall be sent to:

Shanna Atherton-Bauer, Division Director

Shanna.Atherton@conservation.ca.gov
Cc: DLRPinvoices@conservation.ca.gov

- ii. Within 30 days after receipt of the "Notice of Dispute," the Division Director shall review the dispute and submit a written decision to Grantee, which shall include:
 - a. The decision made
 - b. An explanation for the decision
 - c. Whether the decision shall be conclusive and binding or can be appealed and the steps to take to appeal the decision

6. Termination

- A. Completion of Project. This Grant Agreement shall terminate upon completion of the project and payment of the last invoice.
- B. Early Termination. Either Party may terminate this Grant Agreement upon thirty (30) days advance written notice by certified mail to the other Party. The notice shall specify the reason for early termination and may permit Grantee or Department to rectify any deficiency(ies) prior to the early termination date.

7. Waiver of Rights

- A. Grantee waives any and all rights to any type of express or implied indemnity or right of contribution from the Department, its officers, agents, or employees for any liability arising from, growing out of, or in any way connected with this Grant Agreement.
- B. Grantee waives all claims and recourses against the Department, including the right to contribution for loss or damage to persons or property arising from, growing out of, or in any way connected with or incident to this Grant Agreement, except claims arising from the gross negligence of the Department, its officers, agents, and employees.
- C. None of the provisions of this Grant Agreement shall be deemed waived unless expressly waived in writing.

8. Insurance Requirements

- A. Grantee that is a governmental organization may provide evidence of self-insurance to satisfy this requirement.
- B. If Grantee is not a governmental organization or is a governmental organization that is unable to provide evidence of self-insurance, then it shall obtain and keep in force for the term of this Agreement the following insurance policies that cover any acts or omissions of Grantee, its subcontractors, or its employees engaged in the provision of service specified in this Agreement:
 - i. Workers' Compensation Insurance in an amount of not less than \$1,000,000 in accordance with the statutory requirement of the State of California (California Labor Code § 3700 et seq.).
 - ii. Commercial general liability insurance in an amount of not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence for bodily injury and property damage combined.
 - iii. Motor vehicle liability insurance in an amount not less than \$1,000,000 per accident for bodily injury and property damage combined. Such insurance shall cover liability arising out of any motor vehicle including owned or hired, and non-owned motor vehicles.
- C. The State of California, its officers, agents, and employees are included as additional insured, but only with respect to work performed for the State of California under this Grant Agreement. The additional insured endorsement must accompany the certificate of insurance.
- D. Grantee shall submit proof of insurance documents referencing this Grant Agreement number to the Department electronically within thirty (30) days of signing this Grant Agreement.
- E. Grantee shall notify Department in writing within five (5) working days of any cancellation, non-renewal, or material change that affects required insurance coverage.
- F. Grantee shall submit proof of new or updated policy based on insurance requirements within thirty (30) days of policy cancellation or substantial policy change. Failure to provide proof of insurance may result in termination of this Grant Agreement.

9. Stop Work

If it is determined, at the sole discretion of the Department, that Grantee is not meeting the terms and conditions of this Grant Agreement, immediately upon receiving a written notice through certified mail from the Department to stop work, Grantee shall cease all work under this Grant Agreement. The Department has the sole discretion to determine that Grantee meets the terms and conditions after a stop work order, and to send through certified mail a written notice to Grantee to resume work under this Grant Agreement.

10. Publicity

Grantee agrees that it will acknowledge support of the California Strategic Growth Council, California Climate Investments, and Department of Conservation whenever activities or projects funded, in whole or in part, by this Grant Agreement are publicized in any news media, brochures, articles, seminars, websites, or other type of promotional material.

Grantee shall also include in any publication resulting from work performed under this grant an acknowledgment substantially as follows:

"Funds for [Project name or type] were made available through the California Strategic Growth Council's Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program (SALC) in collaboration with the Department of Conservation. SALC is part of California Climate Investments, a statewide initiative that puts billions of Cap-and-Invest dollars to work reducing greenhouse gas emissions, strengthening the economy, and improving public health and the environment – particularly in disadvantaged communities."

Media: Grantee is required to identify a point of contact for all press inquiries and communications needs related to the Project and provide the name, phone number, and email address of this individual to the Department. All press releases must be approved by the Department prior to distribution, and the Department must be alerted and invited to participate in all press conferences related to the grant.

Social Media: Grantee is encouraged to use social media to inform and share with the public activities under this Grant Agreement. Furthermore, the California Strategic Growth Council, California Climate Investments, and Department of Conservation should be tagged on all posts related to activities under this Grant Agreement.

All publicity must comply with the Publicity and Confidentiality requirements set forth in the Guidelines (Exhibit F).

11. Drug-Free Workplace Certification

In signing this Grant Agreement, Grantee certifies that it will comply with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1990 and will provide a drug-free workplace by taking the following actions:

- A. Publish a statement notifying employees that unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance is

prohibited and specifying actions to be taken against employees for violations.

- B. Establish a Drug-Free Awareness Program to inform employees about:
 - i. The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace.
 - ii. The person's or organization's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace.
 - iii. Any available counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs.
 - iv. Penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations.
- C. Every employee who works on this Grant Agreement will:
 - i. Receive a copy of the organization's drug-free workplace policy statement.
 - ii. Agree to abide by the terms of the organization's statement as a condition of employment on this Grant Agreement.

Failure to comply with these requirements may result in suspension of payments under this Grant Agreement or termination of this Grant Agreement or both, and Grantee may be ineligible for award of any future State of California agreements if the Department determines that any of the following has occurred: Grantee has made false certification, or violated the certification by failing to carry out the requirements as noted above (Gov. Code §8350 et seq.).

12. Americans with Disabilities Act

Grantee assures the Department that it complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability, as well as all applicable regulations and guidelines issued pursuant to the ADA (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.).

13. Air/Water Pollution Violation Certification

Under State of California laws, Grantee shall not be: (1) in violation of any order or resolution not subject to review promulgated by the California Air Resources Board or an air pollution control district; (2) subject to cease and desist order not subject to review issued pursuant to Section 13301 of the Water Code for violation of waste discharge requirements or discharge prohibitions; or (3) finally determined to be in violation of provisions of federal law relating to air or water pollution.

14. Payee Data Record Form - STD 204

This form must be completed by all Grantees that are not another state agency or other governmental entity.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Conservation
GRANT AGREEMENT
Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program

Humboldt County
3025-903
Agricultural Lands Conservation Planning Grant
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Exhibit E, Award Letter

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California
Department of Conservation
Division of Land Resource Protection

Gravin Newsom, Governor
Jennifer Lucchesi, Director

October 10, 2025

Megan Acevedo, Associate Planner
County of Humboldt, Planning & Building Department

Via Email to: macevedo@co.humboldt.ca.us

Re: Planning Grant Application for Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program Funding

Dear Megan:

Thank you for your planning grant application to Round 10 of the Sustainable Agricultural Lands Program solicitation. The Department of Conservation received \$2 million in planning grant applications. We are pleased to have received quality proposals demonstrating a strong commitment to local and regional planning efforts that protect and restore agricultural lands at risk of conversion to other uses.

It is my pleasure to inform you that your proposal, Humboldt Natural and Working Lands Carbon Stock and Management Study, has been awarded \$500,000 in project funding.

Department of Conservation staff will work with you to complete the draft grant agreement. Staff will also work with you to update the budget, work plan, or other elements of your grant proposal as appropriate. The grant agreement must be fully executed before expenses can be incurred.

To orient incoming grantees to the SALC grant process, the Department will host a webinar at 11AM on November 4, 2025. The webinar will cover steps to entering into a grant agreement and tips for completing your planning grant with the Department. Please RSVP by October 31, 2025.

We look forward to working with you and wish you success in implementing your work plan. Should you have any questions, please contact Cassidy McSurdy, grant manager, at Cassidy.McSurdy@conservation.ca.gov.

Thank you for your interest in our program!

Sincerely,

Shanna Atherton-Bauer

Shanna Atherton-Bauer
Director, Division of Land Resource Protection

State of California Natural Resources Agency | Department of Conservation
715 P Street, MS 1904, Sacramento, CA 95814
conservation.ca.gov | T: (916) 324-0850 | F: (916) 327-3430

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Conservation
GRANT AGREEMENT
Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program

Humboldt County
3025-903
Agricultural Lands Conservation Planning Grant
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Exhibit F, Guidelines

Guidelines begin on next page.

**CALIFORNIA
SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURAL LANDS CONSERVATION PROGRAM**

**GRANT GUIDELINES & APPLICATIONS
PART OF CALIFORNIA CLIMATE INVESTMENTS**

**STATE OF CALIFORNIA
STRATEGIC GROWTH COUNCIL**

**Final
October 2024**



**CALIFORNIA STRATEGIC
GROWTH COUNCIL**



**California
Department of
Conservation**

STRATEGIC GROWTH COUNCIL

<http://www.sgc.ca.gov/programs/salc/>

**California Department of Conservation
Division of Land Resource Protection**

<http://www.conservation.ca.gov/dlrp>

[Follow this link](#) to sign up for notifications, updates, and information regarding the Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program (SALC).

At-A-Glance

Program

The Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program is a component of the Strategic Growth Council's Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program. The Department of Conservation ("Department" or "DOC"), in conjunction with the Natural Resources Agency, administers SALC on behalf of the Strategic Growth Council.

Funding Source

This program is funded through the California Climate Investments Program.

Critical Dates

Refer to the Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) for critical dates and instructions on how to apply.

Contact for Questions

Department of Conservation
Division of Land Resource Protection
Shanna Atherton-Bauer, Program Manager
salcp@conservation.ca.gov
(916)324-0850

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Section 1: Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program Introduction and Summary

The Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program (SALC), a component of the Strategic Growth Council's Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities (AHSC) Program, supports California's greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reduction goals by making strategic investments to protect agricultural lands from conversion to more GHG-intensive uses. It also contributes to implementation of Governor Newsom's Executive Order N-82-20, which calls for the accelerated use of nature-based solutions to address the climate and biodiversity crises. Protecting critical agricultural lands from conversion to urban or rural residential development promotes smart growth within existing jurisdictions, ensures open space remains available, and supports healthy agricultural and tribal food systems, and resulting food security. Healthy and resilient food systems are becoming increasingly important in meeting the challenges occurring and anticipated as a result of climate change.

SALC is part of California Climate Investments, a statewide program that puts billions of Cap-and-Invest, formerly known as Cap-and-Invest, dollars to work reducing GHG emissions, strengthening the economy, and improving public health and the environment— particularly in disadvantaged communities. The Cap-and-Invest program also creates a financial incentive for industries to invest in clean technologies and develop innovative ways to reduce pollution. California Climate Investments projects include affordable housing, renewable energy, public transportation, zero-emission vehicles, environmental restoration, more sustainable agriculture, recycling, and much more. At least 35 percent of these investments are located within and benefiting residents of disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and low-income households across California. For more information, visit the California Climate Investments website at: www.caclimateinvestments.ca.gov.

Program Components

These **Guidelines** cover the following investment types:

- **Agricultural Conservation Acquisition Capacity Funding** – Grants to develop agricultural conservation easement and fee acquisition projects and/or cover associated costs to help close acquisition projects where the cost of the acquisition is covered by an alternate source of funding.
- **Agricultural Conservation Acquisitions** – Grants to protect important agricultural lands under threat of conversion to nonagricultural uses through the acquisition of voluntary, permanent agricultural conservation easements (easements) or fee title purchases.

- **Agricultural Conservation Planning** – Grants to develop and implement plans for the protection of agricultural lands under pressure of being converted to non-agricultural uses.

For the purposes of this program, agricultural land includes both cultivated and non-cultivated lands that support an agricultural use, and includes gathering and activities that promote healthy trees, shrubs, and perennial forbs for the cultivation of traditional foods, herbal medicine, fibers (such as basketry material), and dyes so long as such activities are led by or conducted in partnership with a Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribe on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission.

Program Goals

The goals of SALC are to:

- Protect agricultural lands that support infill and compact development
- Contribute to carbon neutrality
- Support sustainable land management
- Support coordinated land use planning
- Support Executive Order N-82-20 by:
 - a. Safeguarding the State's economic sustainability and food security
 - b. Protecting biodiversity
 - c. Enabling enduring conservation measures on working lands, in partnership with land managers and natural resource user groups
 - d. Building climate resilience, reducing risk from extreme climate events, and contributing to the State's effort to combat climate change
 - e. Advancing equity and opportunity for all regions of California

Funding

SALC will award an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the auction proceeds available from the twenty percent (20%) continuously appropriated to the Strategic Growth Council for the AHSC from GGRF each fiscal year. SALC administration costs will be deducted from the available funding prior to project award. The actual funding amount available each fiscal year will not be determined until after the fourth auction for that fiscal year.

Funding should leverage private and other government investment to the maximum extent possible.

SALC will coordinate with local, state, and federal programs to avoid duplicative funding for projects.

Funds not awarded under one program component may be used to increase available funding for another program component, at the Strategic Growth Council's discretion.

SALC funds not awarded or identified for award to alternate projects under one solicitation may be made available in the subsequent solicitation. Additional funding for SALC projects may be available from previously funded projects that withdraw or come in under budget.

SALC funds typically operate on a reimbursement basis; however, projects where the grantee is either a tribe; tribal non-profit or organization whose purpose is to serve priority populations and/or socially disadvantaged farmers and/or ranchers; and the project benefits a tribe, priority population and/or socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher, may be eligible for advanced pay.

GHG Quantification

The California Air Resources Board (CARB) adopts [Funding Guidelines for Agencies that Administer California Climate Investments](#) (CARB's Funding Guidelines) to ensure that all programs that receive California Climate Investments dollars distribute those dollars in accordance with applicable law.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Per CARB's Funding Guidelines, all California Climate Investments programs must facilitate the achievement of greenhouse gas emission reductions. SALC estimates avoided greenhouse gas emissions based on the vehicle miles traveled avoided by protecting agricultural land under pressure of being converted to non-agricultural uses and limiting opportunities for expansive, vehicle-dependent forms of development. These avoided emissions are quantified and reported for funded easement projects in accordance with a [CARB-approved quantification methodology](#).

Co-Benefits

Pursuant to AB 1532, GGRF monies shall be used to facilitate reductions of greenhouse gas emissions and, where applicable and to the extent feasible, to:

- maximize environmental, economic, and public health benefits for California, and
- lessen the impacts and effects of climate change on the state's communities, economy, and environment.

California Climate Investments refers to such benefits as co-benefits. To the maximum extent feasible, SALC will work with other administering agencies to provide co-benefits and to maximize the benefits from each funding program. SALC must also consider and avoid potential substantial burdens or harms to

priority populations when selecting projects. As part of the assessment of co-benefits, SALC will also assess the potential for substantial burdens to priority populations. This coordination may include sharing information about a project or applicant. Co-benefits associated with SALC projects may include:

Environmental Co-Benefits

- Protection of land of special environmental significance
- Protection of watershed health
- Protection of native plants and animals
- Restoration of habitat
- Implementation of Traditional Ecological Knowledge (TEK) led by tribes
- Protection of habitat connectivity and wildlife corridors
- Protection of open space and viewsheds

Economic Co-Benefits

- Retention of local jobs and agricultural revenue
- Support for workforce development
- Retention of entrepreneurial opportunities
- Avoidance of spending on municipal services for dispersed development

Public Health Co-Benefits

- Access to affordable, nutritious foods
- Reductions in food waste
- Agricultural practices that reduce negative public health impacts
- Reduction in the risk of wildfire-related health impacts
- Protection of groundwater and drinking water sources

Additional Co-Benefits

- Facilitation of collaboration among multiple entities
- Opportunities for partnerships with tribes
- Educational opportunities for students or new farmers
- Outdoor access
- Avoided increase in flood risk
- Provision of secure land tenure to a beginning or Veteran farmer or rancher

Statutory Authority

Public Resources Code sections [75127](#) and [75128](#) direct the Strategic Growth Council to manage and award financial assistance to support the planning and development of communities that achieve sustainability objectives. Public Resources Code Section [75126\(b\)](#) states that these funded activities must be

consistent with California's planning priorities specified in [Government Code Section 65041.1](#) ("California's Planning Priorities"). Public Resources Code, Section [75125](#) states that the Strategic Growth Council shall develop guidelines for awarding financial assistance, including criteria for eligibility and additional considerations.

[AB 32](#) (Chapter 488, Statutes of 2006) and related amendments identify climate change as a serious threat to the economic well-being, public health, natural resources, and environment of California and established the GGRF. Health and Safety Code Section [39719\(b\)\(1\)\(C\)](#) apportions the Strategic Growth Council twenty percent (20%) of GGRF auction proceeds on an annual basis. Health and Safety Code [Section 39712\(b\)](#) requires that GGRF monies be used to reduce GHG emissions consistent with the purposes of AB 32.

Public Resources Code Section 75210 established AHSC to:

"reduce greenhouse gas emissions through projects that implement land use, housing, transportation, and agricultural land preservation practices to support infill and compact development, and that support related and coordinate public policy objectives, including...protecting agricultural lands to support infill development."

Public Resources Code Section [75212](#) lists the types of projects eligible for funding under the AHSC. Specifically:

- Section 75212(h) authorizes the Strategic Growth Council to invest in the "acquisition of easements and other approaches or tools that protect agricultural lands that are under pressure of being converted to nonagricultural uses, particularly those adjacent to areas most at risk of urban and suburban sprawl or those of special environmental significance."
- Section 75212(i) authorizes the Strategic Growth Council to invest in projects for "planning to support implementation of a sustainable communities strategy, including implementation of local plans supporting greenhouse gas emissions reduction efforts and promoting infill and compact development."

SALC was developed as a component of AHSC to administer projects eligible for GGRF funds pursuant to these sections.

SALC was identified by the Strategic Growth Council as most appropriately administered by the California Department of Conservation (Department) in conjunction with the Natural Resources Agency (Agency). The Strategic Growth Council approved the roles of the Department and the Agency at its July 10,

2014 meeting. In addition, SALC has been developed in consultation with the California Department of Food and Agriculture.

The Department's authority for agricultural land protection derives from various sections of statute:

- Public Resources Code Sections 10200-10277, the California Farmland Conservancy Program
- Public Resources Code Sections 10280-10283, Agricultural Protection Planning Grant Program
- Government Code Section 65570, the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program
- Government Code Sections 51200-51294.7, the Williamson Act
- Public Resources Code Division 9, governing Resource Conservation Districts

Assembly Bill No. 680

Assembly Bill No. 680 (AB 680) requires certain California Climate Investment programs to implement six workforce standards across applicable projects. SALC was identified as a covered program that must meet the standards outlined in Section V of CARB's Funding Guidelines. Administering agencies must ensure that all applicants with projects funded by covered programs comply with AB 680 unless the project meets the criteria for a project-level exemption. See CARB's Funding Guidelines for a full description of the workforce standards and project exemptions. Applicants will be required to submit evidence verifying compliance with all applicable standards in their application submission.

Equity

Priority Populations

[Health and Safety Code section 39713](#) directs state and local agencies to make significant investments that improve California's most vulnerable communities. The statute requires that GGRF funding for California Climate Investments as a whole benefit [disadvantaged communities \(including lands under control of Federally recognized tribes\), low-income communities, and low-income households](#) (priority populations) as follows:

- A minimum of twenty-five percent (25%) of available GGRF moneys to projects that are located within and benefit individuals in disadvantaged communities;
- A minimum five percent (5%) of available GGRF moneys to projects that benefit low-income households or to projects that are located within and

benefit individuals in low-income communities located anywhere in the state; and,

- A minimum five percent (5%) of available GGRF moneys to projects that benefit low-income households located within a ½ mile of a disadvantaged community or to projects that are located within and provide benefits to low-income communities that are outside of, but within a ½ mile of, a disadvantaged community.

[Public Resources Code section 75214](#) establishes a target of expending fifty percent (50%) of overall AHSC funds on projects located in and benefit disadvantaged communities to meet these GGRF goals, and CARB works with AHSC each year to set annual investment targets. Funding allocated by SALC to priority populations is counted toward these AHSC targets.

To meaningfully benefit a priority population, a project must meet all the following requirements:

- The project must be located within:
 - A disadvantaged community, as designated by CalEPA;
 - A low-income community census tract, as defined in HSC 39713; or,
 - A half-mile of a disadvantaged community and within a low-income community census tract;
- The project must address an important community or household need; and,
- The project must provide direct, meaningful, and assured benefits to a priority population.

These requirements for providing meaningful benefits to a priority population are further outlined in the Priority Population Benefits Assessment Tool for the applicable project type. These tables can be found on the [SALC guidelines webpage](#) and on CARB's California Climate Investments Quantification, Benefits, and Reporting webpage.

A mapping tool to determine whether a project location is within a priority population census tract is available on [the California Climate Investments Priority Populations Mapping Tool](#).

Applicants interested in having their proposal considered for priority population benefits must complete the Priority Population Benefits Assessment Tool for the applicable project type and provide supporting documentation in their application. Please check [the SALC guidelines webpage](#) for any updates to the priority population benefit criteria tables. These materials will be evaluated in detail to determine if the benefits provided rise to a level that can be claimed to meet the AB 1550 requirements. Information provided to support a priority

population benefits claim will be reviewed by the SALC staff, in consultation with CARB. If the project meets the requirements as noted above, 100% funding and project prioritization may be recommended as specified below.

- Capacity grant applications found to benefit priority populations will be prioritized for funding.
- Acquisition applicants that benefit priority populations will be prioritized for funding and may receive one hundred percent funding for eligible costs.
- Planning grant applications found to benefit priority populations will be prioritized for funding and may receive one hundred percent funding for eligible costs up to the maximum funding amount.

SALC reserves the right to require match for any project based on the characteristics of the property and/or project.

Federally and Non-Federally Recognized California Native American tribes

Executive Order N-15-19 acknowledges and apologizes on behalf of California for the historical “violence, exploitation, dispossession and the attempted destruction of tribal communities” from the early years of the State to present day and creates the [California Truth & Healing Council](#). In the spirit of truth and healing and consistent with the Office of the Governor’s Statement of Administration Policy on Native American Ancestral Lands, through each of its three funding areas – capacity, planning, and acquisitions – SALC seeks to:

- Support ownership, management, and co-management of, and access to natural lands and Indigenous cultural resources within those lands by Federally recognized and non-Federally recognized California Native American tribes on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission
- Facilitate access of California Native Americans to cultural resources
- Support the ability of California Native Americans to engage in traditional and sustenance gathering, hunting, and fishing
- Encourage partnerships with California Native American tribes on land management and stewardship utilizing Traditional Ecological Knowledge.

Acquisition and Planning projects where a California Native American tribe or tribal non-profit (as defined in Appendix G - Glossary) is either the applicant or a co-applicant on the project will be prioritized for funding, may be eligible for advance payment of funds, and may receive one hundred percent funding for eligible costs.

Tribal non-profit applicants must have a majority tribal-led board, must exist to represent and pursue the interests of a California Native American tribe, and

must have as a stated purpose the protection of natural, historic, or open-space resources for cultural purposes.

Acquisition and Planning projects where a tribal-serving non-profit (as defined in Appendix G—Glossary) is the applicant will be reviewed consistent with non-tribal applications. Determinations of prioritization for funding and eligibility for 100% funding will be based on the Priority Populations section outlined above.

Socially Disadvantaged Farmers and Ranchers

[SGC's 2023-2025 Racial Equity Action Plan](#), approved by the Council, establishes SGC's vision for racial equity as "All people in California live in healthy, thriving, and resilient communities regardless of race." The REAP also outlines actions SGC will take to achieve racial equity in its organization, operations, programs, and policies. It directs SGC staff to develop requirements for racial equity priority topics in each of its programs.

The Legislature "recognizes the importance of investing in the long-term prosperity of our food and farming system, starting with our farmers" and that:

(2) Farmers of color have historically not had equitable access to land and other resources necessary to conduct farming in California, and that legacy of prejudice persists.

(3) Female farmers represent less than a quarter of all farmers in the state. Only 2 percent of California farmers are women of color, according to the United States Department of Agriculture Census of Agriculture.

(4) Socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers tend to farm fewer acres but have a greater diversity of crops in California.

(5) According to the United States Department of Agriculture Census of Agriculture, on average, socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers in California receive less in federal payments than their White counterparts and earn less.

(6) Despite the barriers, an increasing number of socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers are attempting to farm throughout California, across rural and urban settings.

(7) Existing federal agricultural policies have failed to provide sufficient and appropriate technical assistance and financial support, including farmer cooperative creation, for socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers.

(Food and Agriculture Code Section 511.)

The Farmer Equity Report (California Department of Food and Agriculture, 2020, p.9) found that “[a] primary challenge facing socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers in California is land tenure.” “Land tenure is an issue that can affect farmers and ranchers’ eligibility for CDFA resources such as grants as well as inform their decisions on adopting long-term conservation practices. This is a key issue that should be recognized when developing programs, policies, and resources because it affects all aspects of farm business [.]” (*Id.* p. 10.)

To implement the Racial Equity Action Plan (2019), to address the Legislature’s findings set forth in Section 511, and to address CDFA’s findings in the Farm Equity Report, SALC encourages projects that benefit socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers and increase their participation in acquisition and planning projects. SALC also encourages fee acquisition applicants to consider prioritizing the sale or lease of the acquired property to socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers, although choosing to do so will not impact their project score. “Socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers” has the meaning set forth in Appendix G.

Investment Targets

SALC will aim to award 20% of available funding for acquisition, capacity, and planning grants to fund projects that:

- provide secure land tenure for a period of no less than 10 years to a beginning or Veteran farmer or rancher, a California Native American tribe, a farmer or rancher who is a member of a Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribe on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission, or
- provide meaningful benefits to a priority population, as defined in these Guidelines.

SALC will aim to award 5% of available funding for acquisition, capacity, and planning grants where a Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribe on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission, or a tribal non-profit with 501(c)3 status is either the applicant or a co-applicant on the project.

SALC staff will report on the number of acquisition, capacity, and planning projects that contribute to the above investment targets in the staff report outlining proposed project awards each year. If an investment target is not met, SALC staff will provide an explanation as to why.

If insufficient projects are submitted to meet the above targets, the Strategic Growth Council may elect to award remaining target funds to other eligible applications submitted that round, or to roll those funds over to meet target purposes in a subsequent solicitation, at its sole discretion.

Grant Application

The application processes for Capacity, Acquisition, and Planning grants are detailed in Sections 2, 3, and 4 of these Guidelines, respectively. Applications must be received electronically by 11:59 p.m. on the deadlines specified in the most current solicitation to be considered for that round.

SALC forms and sample documents are available in the Addenda and individually on the [SALC website](#).

A summary of each project application, the California Climate Investments funding request, and priority population benefits status will be posted at least ten days before the Strategic Growth Council makes project awards. The Strategic Growth Council determines the final awards and will announce these awards at a public meeting. Applicants will be notified in writing of the Strategic Growth Council's decision following the meeting at which the awards are announced.

Publicity and Confidentiality

Applicants are encouraged to inform landowners and other partners that grant applications may result in publicity.

Because public funds are used to secure acquisitions and fund planning and capacity grants, details related to an application are public records that may be publicly released in accordance with the California Public Records Act.

Note: There are exemptions to the California Public Records Act. Tribes, tribal non-profits, and other applicants that believe their applications contain confidential information per one or more exemption may mark that information as confidential and provide the reason why in their application. This will help the Department identify potentially confidential information for further review in the event of a Public Records Act request.

Press Releases, Flyers, and Visual Materials

Attribution

Grantees must include Strategic Growth Council, California Climate Investments, and Department of Conservation names and/or logos in all publications, websites, signage, invitations, and other media-related and public-outreach products related to grants funded by this program. SALC staff will provide SGC, California Climate Investments, and DOC logo files and guidance on their usage directly to grant recipients.

Any informational materials that include at least a paragraph of text should include the boilerplate language below.

“In collaboration with the Department of Conservation, the California Strategic Growth Council supported [Project name or type] with a grant through the Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program. The Program is part of California Climate Investments, a statewide initiative that puts billions of Cap-and-Invest, formerly known as Cap-and-Trade dollars to work reducing greenhouse gas emissions, strengthening the economy, and improving public health and the environment – particularly in disadvantaged communities.”

Promotional materials that are primarily visual in nature, such as banners, signs, certain flyers, and graphics for social media may not have room for the boilerplate language above. In such cases, grantees should instead include the official logos of SGC, DOC, and California Climate Investments.

News Media

After the Strategic Growth Council votes at their public meeting to approve the recommended awards, awardees may distribute press releases announcing their grants.

Grantees are encouraged to notify the news media of major milestones throughout the lifecycle of the grant, ensuring they get DOC and SGC's approval of press releases before publishing them. Grantees should submit all such press releases to their SALC grant manager at least two weeks before they would like to publish them. This way, the DOC and SGC communications staff can not only approve the press release but also include quotes from our leadership.

Grantees must invite SGC and DOC to participate in any press conferences related to the grant by emailing your SALC grant manager.

Grantees must identify a contact for all press inquiries and communications needs related to the project and provide their name, phone number, and email address to their SALC grant manager.

Social Media

Grantees are encouraged to use social media to inform and share with the public activities under their Grant Agreement. The California Strategic Growth Council, California Climate Investments, and Department of Conservation should be tagged in all posts related to activities under the Grant Agreement.

Tribal Notification

The purpose of providing tribal notification is to open a transparent and respectful opportunity for tribes to be informed of applications received by the program so that concerns or comments can be raised and discussed. Formal notification is intended to ensure the protection of sensitive cultural sites, to avoid impacts to cultural resources, to ensure coordinated efforts toward protection of land, and to include tribal input where ancestral lands are concerned. The Department will work with tribes to address concerns raised within the constructs of the program guidelines and operating statutes.

Upon determination of eligibility for all acquisition (easement and fee title) projects, the Department will notify all tribal contacts on the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) contact list of all acquisition pre-proposals received that are deemed eligible for application. The Department will also provide notification to any additional tribal contacts that submit a request for notification directly to the Department. An additional Department-led notification will occur a minimum of 55 days prior to posting of materials for the SGC meeting where project award recommendations will be voted on. The Department will notify all tribal contacts on the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) contact list of all applications (Acquisition, Capacity, and Planning) received that round.

These notices will include the following information for each project: applicant, funding request amount, general location, brief project description. The notice will also include information about who to contact for additional information and to provide comments. Letters and email will be used as an initial method of communication and will be mailed and emailed to the addresses noted on the NAHC list.

In cases where an unresolved conflict remains for a project recommended for funding, the Strategic Growth Council will determine funding and next steps for the project on a case-by-case basis.

Nondiscrimination Policy

Consistent with Article I, Section 31 (a) of the California Constitution, the State of California and its programs shall not discriminate against, nor grant preferential treatment to, any individual or group on the basis of race, sex, color, ethnicity, or national origin in the operation of public employment, public education, or public contracting.

Section 2: Agricultural Conservation Capacity and Project Development Grants

CARB encourages programs that utilize California Climate Investments dollars to provide program-specific technical assistance to potential applicants in order to assist them in developing projects and preparing and submitting applications. Additional investments are needed to help stakeholders build capacity to be able to develop and complete projects at the pace and scale required to meet the State's goal of conserving thirty percent of California's land by 2030.

Funding

The Strategic Growth Council may award approximately 5% of available funds for agricultural conservation acquisition capacity and project development grants ("capacity grants").

Capacity grants will be awarded as follows:

- Tier 1: Grants of up to \$100,000 are available to applicants to build organizational and financial capacity to develop agricultural conservation acquisition projects.
- Tier 2: Grants of up to \$250,000 are available to applicants to expand existing organizational capacity to develop agricultural conservation acquisition projects and develop agricultural acquisition projects. These grants are available to applicants who can demonstrate the organizational and fiscal capacity to complete the work outlined in their work plan.

Tier 1 applicants may request an increase in funding up to a total grant award of \$250,000 during their grant term if they can demonstrate the organizational and fiscal capacity to administer additional funds within their remaining grant term. Award increases shall be prorated based on the remaining grant term, shall be at the discretion of the Executive Director of SGC, and may only be made if funding is available.

To demonstrate organizational capacity, Tier 2 applicants and Tier 1 grantees requesting an increase in their award must:

- Have a board, council, and/or management structure that provides oversight over staff work
- Have access to and utilize relevant tools and resources to track projects and the expenditure of grant funds, such as grant management software or spreadsheets, financial tracking systems, geographic information systems, etc.

- Have professional staff within the applicant's employ who have the knowledge and expertise to successfully develop conservation acquisition projects
- Where non-profit applicants intend to be the easement or fee title holder of the acquired property, be accredited by the Land Trust Accreditation Commission, or have adopted equivalent or greater policies regarding conflict of interest, amendments, monitoring, stewardship endowments, and enforcement, as relevant
- Have or adopt a staff time-keeping system with the capacity to generate reports that break time down by grant task and by person
- Have staff or a contractor sufficiently skilled to track project financials in a way that allows for efficient and accurate invoice submission
- Have acquired adequate general liability, automotive, and workman's compensation insurance.

Tier 2 applicants must provide the following to demonstrate fiscal capacity to administer a grant:

- A copy of the most recent financial audit (if an audit is not available, a copy of the organization's recent financial statements).

Tribal Applicants (Tier 1 and Tier 2)

The prior requirements to demonstrate organizational and fiscal capacity to be eligible for a Tier 2 award or increase to a Tier 1 award may not apply to Tribal applicants. The Department will confer with tribal applicants to identify the most appropriate means for the individual Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribe to demonstrate eligibility.

Grant Term

Capacity grants will be awarded for an initial term of three years.

Eligible Applicants

Cities, counties, non-profit organizations, resource conservation districts, regional park or open-space districts, regional park or open-space authorities, and Federally recognized California Native American tribes or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribes on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission, are eligible to apply for capacity funding.

Where a California Native American tribe applies for grant funds under a tribal non-profit (where the board is majority tribal-led and the application includes a signed authorization from the tribal chairperson), such applicants will not be subject to the requirements of non-profit applicants. The tribal non-profit must, however, hold 501 (c)3 status and have the preservation, protection, or

enhancement of land for its agricultural use or for its natural, scenic, historical, forested, or open-space condition or use for cultural purposes among their stated purposes.

In cases where tribal-serving non-profits, as defined within the Glossary (Appendix G), are working in partnership with a California Native American Tribe or tribal non-profit, they must have the preservation, protection, or enhancement of land for its natural, scenic, historical, forested, or open-space condition or use for cultural purposes among their stated purposes. Tribal-serving non-profits that are not partnered with a California Native American Tribe must have the preservation, protection, or enhancement of land for its agricultural use among their stated purposes.

All other non-profit applicants for Tier 2 funding must have the conservation of agriculture, rangeland, or farmland among their stated purposes, as is prescribed by statute, or as expressed in the entity's adopted policies.

Non-profit applicants that do not have the necessary language among their stated purposes or adopted policies are eligible for Tier 1 funding on the condition that they use a portion of their funding, if awarded, to incorporate the relevant purposes into their stated purposes or adopted policies. Non-profit applicants must hold a tax exemption as defined under Section 501(c)3 of the Internal Revenue Code and be qualified to do business in the state.

Applicants with active SALC Capacity grants are not eligible for funding unless the current grant is closed out before the application due date.

Eligible Activities

SALC capacity grants will be provided to: 1) build organizational and financial capacity to develop agricultural conservation acquisition projects, 2) assist eligible applicants in developing agricultural conservation easement and fee acquisition projects in preparation for submitting such projects for acquisition funding in future rounds, and 3) provide funds to cover associated costs to help close agricultural conservation acquisition projects where the cost of the acquisition is covered by an alternate source of funding.

SALC capacity grants may be provided to Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribes to develop a new 501(c)3 organization, like a tribal land trust, that will partner with them to meet the goals of SALC.

Agricultural conservation acquisition project(s) developed, or projects for which associated costs are funded using capacity dollars, should substantially meet the Eligibility Criteria listed in Section 3 (Agricultural Conservation Acquisition Grants) of these Guidelines, based on a preliminary review by the SALC staff, to

be considered for funding. Grantees will be required to complete a Capacity Project Development Eligibility Checklist for DOC review and approval prior to incurring hard costs such as title reports, market analysis, and costs related to application development.

Eligible and Ineligible Costs

Direct Costs

Direct costs incurred to develop agricultural conservation acquisition projects are eligible for reimbursement.

Eligible direct costs are:

- Fully burdened applicant staff/subcontractor time for:
 - landowner outreach
 - engagement with stakeholders and partners in activities directly related to the proposed project
 - title work
 - project mapping
 - acquisition negotiations
- SALC acquisition grant application preparation
- Baseline documentation
- Technical and legal consulting
- One market analysis or restricted use appraisal per project
- Preliminary title reports
- Escrow closing costs
- One appraisal per project where the cost of the acquisition is paid for by a funding source other than SALC. This must be the appraisal that establishes the acquisition value used to complete the transaction. This restriction may be waived at the discretion of the Department where the grantee is either a tribe; tribal non-profit or organization whose purpose is to serve priority populations and/or socially disadvantaged farmers and/or ranchers; the project benefits a tribe, priority population and/or socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher; and the appraisal was commissioned and completed in good faith to move the project forward.
- Translation and interpretation services
- Technical or virtual meeting software, subscriptions, or applications other than basic word processing programs
- Staff/subcontractor time to develop, prepare, or update organizational documents, processes, and/or tools for the efficient tracking and development of agricultural conservation acquisitions, if those documents, processes, and/or systems do not exist at the time the project is funded

- Consultant costs, subject to grant manager approval

Costs subject to Department review and approval are:

- Mineral remoteness evaluations
- Environmental site assessments
- Property boundary surveys
- Building envelope surveys

To the extent that such activities are directly related to developing and completing agricultural conservation acquisition projects, applicants are encouraged to utilize funding to:

- Collaborate and participate in knowledge sharing with partners
- Engage diverse populations, particularly members of severely disadvantaged communities, socially disadvantaged farmers, and ranchers, and tribal communities, to increase awareness within those communities about specific programs and opportunities
- Implement or expand the use of multilingual and culturally appropriate materials in communications and educational strategies related to the proposal.

Indirect costs should not be included in the budgeted staff rate or salary. Indirect costs should be budgeted separately and must comply with the requirements outlined below.

Travel costs

In-state travel for grantee's staff and subcontractors is eligible as necessary to complete project work. Costs must meet the requirements outlined below and in the Grant Agreement:

- Accommodation-related travel costs: Maximum reimbursement rates based on county as shown here: <https://hrmanual.calhr.ca.gov/Home/ManualItem/1/2203> in the section titled "Short-Term Lodging Reimbursement Rates, with no option for approval of an "excess lodging rate."
- Rental car costs or personal vehicle mileage for travel directly related to the grant will be reimbursed at the relevant rental car or Reimbursement Rate Per Mile for Personal Vehicle as shown here: <https://hrmanual.calhr.ca.gov/Home/ManualItem/1/2202>.
- Rental car, personal vehicle, ride share, train, or airfare costs will only be reimbursed for travel directly related to execution of the work plan, and

then only if it is the typical method used to get from one location to the other. Grantees should choose the least expensive mode of transportation feasible given their travel needs.

- No other travel-related costs will be reimbursed through this grant program.

Education and training costs

Up to ten (10%) of the grant award may be used to cover direct costs to attend trainings or meetings to improve the applicant's skill, efficiency, or expertise in agricultural land conservation in order to complete the proposed project. All education and training costs are subject to review and approval by the Department.

Indirect costs

Indirect costs are limited to the applicant's federally negotiated indirect cost rate. If no federally negotiated indirect cost rate is available, indirect costs may account for no more than twenty percent (20%) of the total grant award and may include those costs incurred by the grantee to administer the grant, such as:

- Office space and utilities
- Office supplies
- Legal or management oversight (not already accounted for in direct costs)
- Prorated general liability, Workers' Compensation (may be included in payroll), and automotive insurance

If the expense benefits two or more grants, the costs must be allocated based on proportional benefit or reasonable basis.

Grantees must provide one or a combination of the following forms of acceptable supporting documentation for indirect costs claimed:

- Cost allocation plan
- Cost justification
- Current federally approved NICRA
- Other supporting documentation as requested by SALC staff

SALC will require justification for indirect costs billed with each invoice.

Ineligible associated costs are:

- Food or beverages (whether or not incurred as part of meetings, workshops, training, ceremonies, or other events)
- Costs associated with community or publicity events which are unrelated to specific project work products as outlined in the Work Plan (see Attachment 2 of the Grant Agreement)
- Per Diems
- Expenses for publicity
- Bonus payments of any kind
- Interest expenses
- Damage judgments arising from the acquisition, construction, or equipping of a facility, whether determined by judicial process, arbitration, negotiation, or otherwise
- Services, materials, or equipment obtained under any other State program
- Real estate brokerage fees and/or expenses
- Legal defense funds
- Associated costs for acquisitions awarded funding under the Acquisitions component of SALC
- Costs associated with fundraising, stewardship, or legal defense funds

Advanced Pay

Where the grantee is either a tribe; tribal non-profit or organization whose purpose is to serve priority populations and/or socially disadvantaged farmers and/or ranchers; and the project benefits a tribe, priority population and/or socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher, the project may be eligible for advanced pay. Determination of eligibility and terms of advance pay shall be made on a case-by-case basis. All advanced payments shall be made in accordance with the requirements of Government Code Section 11019.3 and any other applicable statutes that have been or may be enacted for the purpose of providing advanced payments to grantees.

Eligibility and Selection Criteria for Capacity Grants

The information submitted in the application will be evaluated by reviewers and should demonstrate how effectively the proposal will meet the SALC Program Goals and objectives.

Applications must meet all Eligibility Criteria to be considered for funding. Applications that meet all of the Eligibility Criteria are then evaluated based on how well the proposal meets the SALC Program Goals and objectives, as evidenced through their Selection Criteria scores.

In determining which applications to fund, the State may also consider factors including, but not limited to, geographic distribution of funds, the urgency of the

project, and the Administration's priorities. All proposals that meet the Eligibility Criteria are evaluated relative to the pool of applications received this Round.

All proposals will be reviewed using the following Eligibility Criteria and Selection Criteria:

Eligibility Criteria

- The applicant is an Eligible Applicant as defined on Page 15.
- The proposal is for an eligible activity.
- The proposal demonstrates that the requested funding will increase the applicant's capacity to initiate and conduct agricultural land conservation activities.

Selection Criteria

Total selection criteria points available out of 100.

- **Program Goals** (35 points): The extent to which the proposal meets the Program Goals.
- **Equity** (30 points): The extent to which the proposal will advance equity and opportunity by [providing meaningful benefits to a priority population](#) or increasing new, Veteran, or Native American farmer or rancher access or Tribal access to State funding for agricultural conservation acquisitions.
- **Sustainability** (20 points): The extent to which the application demonstrates that increased organization capacity to develop projects will be sustained after the life of the grant.
- **Budget** (15 points): The costs described in the Budget are eligible and are reasonable costs likely to be incurred to implement the proposal.

Capacity Grant Application Review Process

SALC Program staff are available prior to the application deadline to provide technical assistance to eligible applicants interested in submitting an application.

Application Review

All applications received by the Department will be evaluated based on the materials provided as of the application deadline, as well as a review of publicly available information as reasonable to verify the provided information.

Applicants interested in receiving technical assistance prior to submission of an application may contact the Department with questions. Applications will be reviewed for completeness, whether they meet all the Eligibility Criteria, and the extent to which they meet the Selection Criteria. Incomplete applications may not be evaluated or considered for funding at the sole discretion of the State.

Capacity applicants may be asked to participate in an interview during the application review process to discuss proposal materials with Department staff.

Following the Department's initial review of the projects in relation to the Eligibility Criteria, Selection Criteria, and Readiness Rankings, SALC staff will review applications and recommendations with DOC management and an advisory group that includes Strategic Growth Council staff. Final award recommendations will be approved by the Strategic Growth Council at a public meeting.

A summary of each application, the California Climate Investments funding request, and priority population benefits status will be posted at least ten days before the Council makes project awards. The Council determines the final awards and will announce these awards at a public meeting. Applicants will be formally notified of the Council's decision via a decision letter following the meeting at which the awards are announced. If an application is deemed ineligible, the applicant will be notified by formal letter from the Program Manager prior to the Council meeting. Applicants that intend to seek SALC Program Acquisition funding for projects developed under a SALC Capacity Grant are encouraged to read the General Information Regarding Agricultural Conservation Acquisition Requirements found in Section 3 of these Guidelines prior to preparing their Application. All SALC funded Acquisitions are subject to these Requirements. Please see the Program's webpage for forms and supporting material.

Capacity Application Components

The Capacity application components will be included in the application and will be available on the SALC website.

Section 3: Agricultural Conservation Acquisition Grants

Under the [Cap-and-Invest Auction Proceeds Investment Plan](#) and Executive Order N-82-20, California aims to invest California Climate Investment dollars in the conservation of working lands in order to facilitate net climate benefits and long-term carbon sequestration in the land base.

Preventing the conversion of agricultural land to residential or rural residential development avoids vehicle miles traveled and related greenhouse gas emissions.

A complete list of all the Eligibility Criteria for acquisition projects is listed within the “Eligibility and Selection Criteria for Agricultural Conservation Acquisitions” section.

Applications that do not meet all the Eligibility Criteria will not be considered for funding.

There is no maximum award for Acquisition grants. There is no minimum project size.

Eligible Applicants

Cities, counties, non-profit organizations, resource conservation districts, regional park or open-space districts, regional park or open-space authorities, and Federally recognized California Native American tribes or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribes on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC), are eligible to apply for funding.

Applications can be submitted by either (1) a single applicant where the applicant is the intended easement holder or intended conservation buyer or (2) multiple entities that are collaborating on the acquisition, one of which must be identified as the intended easement holder or intended conservation buyer.

The applicant and co-applicant cannot already have an interest in the property.

Non-profit applicants that intend to be the easement or fee title holder of the acquired property must be accredited by the Land Trust Accreditation Commission or have adopted equivalent or greater policies regarding conflict of interest, amendments, monitoring, stewardship endowments, and enforcement, as relevant, prior to submission of an application. Tribal non-profit applicants are exempt from this requirement. Those that haven't must apply with either a co-applicant that has such policies in place or a government entity.

Non-profit applicants must hold a tax exemption as defined under Section 501(c)3 of the Internal Revenue Code and be qualified to do business in the state. Non-profit organizations must also have preservation, protection, or enhancement of agricultural land, including farmland or rangeland among their stated purposes. Tribal-serving non-profits as defined in Appendix G may instead have the protection of land for its natural, historic, or open space condition or use among their primary purposes if the intent of their proposed project is to conserve the land for gathering and activities that promote healthy trees, shrubs, and perennial forbs for the cultivation of traditional foods, herbal medicine, fibers (such as basketry material), and dyes in partnership with one or more eligible California Native American tribes.

Civil Code section 815.3(c) limits those eligible to hold conservation easements for the purpose of protecting a prehistoric, archeological, cultural, spiritual, or ceremonial place to Federally recognized California Native American tribes and non-Federally recognized California Native American tribes on the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) contact list. Where a California Native American tribe applies for grant funds under a tribal non-profit (where the board is majority tribal-led and the application includes a signed authorization from the tribal chairperson), the Tribal non-profit will be evaluated as a tribe and not subject to the requirements of non-profit applicants. However, such applicants must have 501(c)3 status and the preservation, protection, or enhancement of land for its agricultural use or for its natural, scenic, historical, forested, or open-space condition or use for cultural purposes among their stated purposes.

Eligible applicants are not limited in the number of project applications they may submit.

Eligible Projects

Agricultural conservation acquisition grants will be provided to fund the purchase of conservation easements or fee title to agricultural land, including where an easement or fee purchase is part of a buy/protect/sell strategy to conserve the land. For purposes of this program agricultural land includes both cultivated and non-cultivated lands that support an agricultural use, and includes gathering and activities that promote healthy trees, shrubs, and perennial forbs for the cultivation of traditional foods, herbal medicine, fibers (such as basketry material), and dyes so long as such activities are led by or conducted in partnership with an eligible California Native American tribe.

Maintaining the private stewardship of agricultural lands is a priority of the program. Therefore, fee acquisition projects where a state or federal agency is identified as the ultimate landowner are not eligible for funding.

Agricultural intensification restrictions on cultivated and non-cultivated lands may be permitted with SALC approval if each of the following conditions is met:

- The restriction is consistent with the property's current and reasonably foreseeable agricultural use, and
- Agricultural use of the property is not substantially impaired.

Example 1: Restriction permitted

A restriction on conversion of rangeland to vineyards would be permitted because the restriction 1) is consistent with the property's current and reasonably foreseeable future commercial agricultural use and 2) permits continued use as rangeland.

Example 2: Restriction permitted

A restriction that prohibits cattle from accessing sensitive riparian areas containing threatened species so long as alternative water sources are available onsite would be permitted. Such restriction does not 1) interfere with the continuing agricultural use as cattle can drink from the alternative water source and 2) the restriction does not substantially impair agricultural use on the property but only a small portion of the property.

Example 3: Restriction permitted

A restriction that prohibits conversion of land used for the cultivation of traditional foods, herbal medicine, fibers (such as basketry material), and/or dyes to irrigated agriculture would be permitted if the project is led or developed in partnership with a tribe. Such restriction 1) is consistent with the property's current and reasonably foreseeable use and 2) permits continued cultivation of traditional materials.

Example 4: Restriction not permitted

A restriction on pastureland that would allow only one alpaca, a family pet, to be grazed with imported alpaca feed would not be permitted as such a restriction 1) is not consistent with the property's continuing agricultural use as pasture and 2) substantially limits the agricultural use.

Eligible Costs

Only direct costs incurred to acquire the easement or fee title to the property during the grant term specified in the Grant Agreement are eligible for payment under this program.

Easement Acquisition Cost

Competitive grants will be awarded to cover up to ninety percent (90%) of the value of the agricultural conservation easement.

Fee Acquisition Cost

Not more than twenty-five percent (25%) of available funding may be awarded for fee acquisition projects. Competitive grants may be awarded to cover up to ninety (90%) of the agricultural conservation easement value of the property's fair market value. For example, if the property's fair market value is \$1,000,000, and its easement value is 50% of the fair market value (\$500,000), SALC would contribute a maximum of \$450,000 (or 90% of \$500,000) toward the purchase of the property. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where a tribe or tribal non-profit is the applicant or co-applicant on a fee acquisition project, or where a tribe or tribal non-profit will become the owner of the conserved land, SALC may pay for up to 100% of the fair market value of the property.

Associated Costs

All projects approved for funding are eligible to receive up to \$60,000—in addition to the funding toward the acquisition discussed above—to cover reasonable associated costs incurred to acquire the real property interest.

The Strategic Growth Council will allocate \$60,000 in associated costs funding for each awarded project unless applicants specify a lower amount in their application. The Strategic Growth Council may increase a project's associated cost allocation if it determines such costs are commensurate with the work needed to complete the project. Applicants requesting more than \$60,000 must provide a detailed budget with the pre-proposal and application. All applicants must provide a detailed budget for the project, should the project be awarded funding.

All eligible costs must be supported by appropriate documentation during the invoicing process.

Eligible Associated Costs

- Fully burdened applicant staff time for:
 - Deed negotiations
 - Title work
 - Project mapping
 - Appraisal review and coordination
 - SALC-required reporting
- Technical and legal consulting

- Appraisal
- Preliminary title report
- Baseline conditions report
- Escrow fees
- Title insurance fees
- Property boundary survey(s)
- Building Envelope survey(s)
- Environmental site assessment(s)
- Mineral remoteness evaluation(s)
- Tribal consultation(s)
- Cultural resource survey(s)

Ineligible Associated Costs

- Costs incurred outside the grant term
- Indirect or overhead costs
- Travel
- Expenses for publicity or publicity-related events
- Bonus payments of any kind
- Interest expenses
- Transfer taxes
- Damage judgements arising from the acquisition, construction, or equipping of a facility, whether determined by judicial process, arbitration, negotiation, or otherwise
- Services, materials, or equipment obtained under any other State program
- Real estate brokerage fees and/or expenses
- Stewardship or legal defense funds
- CEQA documentation
- Food or beverages (whether or not incurred as part of meetings, workshops, training, ceremonies, or other events)

Advanced Pay

Where the grantee is either a tribe; tribal non-profit or organization whose purpose is to serve priority populations and/or socially disadvantaged farmers and/or ranchers; and the project benefits a tribe, priority population and/or socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher, the project may be eligible for advanced pay. Determination of eligibility and terms of advanced pay shall be made on a case-by-case basis. All advanced payments shall be made in accordance with the requirements of Government Code Section 11019.3 and any other applicable statutes that have been or may be enacted for the purpose of providing advanced payments to grantees.

Conservation Management Plans and Carbon Farm Plans

All projects awarded funding are eligible to receive up to \$10,000, in addition to the funding toward the acquisition and associated costs discussed above, to develop a conservation management plan for the property, or up to \$10,000 to develop a carbon farm plan for the property. Grantees must identify in their application an individual or organization with suitable training and education (the "qualified preparer") necessary for the development of the management or carbon farm plan. SALC will require the inclusion of specific language in the easement acknowledging the management plan and the requirements set forth in Appendix B.

For projects located within or adjacent to a disadvantaged community or low-income community, SALC highly encourages the development and implementation of a management plan that, to the extent feasible, reduces potential burdens to disadvantaged and low-income communities, including reductions in air pollution caused by agricultural operations, reductions in agricultural runoff, and/or reduction of degradation to surrounding ecosystems.

Minimum conservation management plan and carbon farm contents are set forth in Appendix B.

Forest Management

Projects that include forested lands as defined in PRC 4751 must include an easement management plan that meets the requirements of that code section. Grantees may either address this requirement within a larger SALC-funded conservation management plan, or they may address this requirement via a separate management plan not funded by SALC.

Socially Disadvantaged Farmer or Rancher Sale/Lease Prioritization

Fee acquisition applicants who agree to prioritize the leasing and sale of the property to socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers as part of their project and within the deed restrictions for the property may use staff time to develop and incorporate a process for identifying, prioritizing, and executing the sale/lease of the subject property to socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers if they do not already have such a policy in place.

Match

Applicants must identify all existing or potential match funders in their pre-proposals and applications. Applicants cannot utilize other Department-administered program funding as match toward the purchase price of the

property interest. SALC reserves the right to require match beyond the minimum program requirements based on the characteristics of the property.

CARB encourages all agencies that administer California Climate Investments programs to coordinate investments and leverage funds where possible to provide multiple benefits and to maximize benefits. To aid SALC's efforts to coordinate investments and leverage funds as recommended by CARB, applicants pursuing project funding through other California Climate Investments programs should indicate which programs they are applying to, and whether such applications are for funding in lieu of or as match to SALC funding, in their application.

Initial Screening–Pre-proposals

Because the acquisition grant application process entails a significant amount of work, applicants are required to submit a pre-proposal to the Department prior to applying.

A pre-proposal consists of a structured summary of the proposed acquisition project; preliminary title report(s) (PTR) less than twelve months old; an initial assessment of title concerns identified via the PTR Review Sheet; as well as maps of the project boundaries, location, and proposed or existing building envelopes. Applicants are highly encouraged to submit a plotted easements map with their title report to facilitate the Department's title review.

The preliminary title report requirement may be deferred on a case-by-case basis with justification from the applicant and at the discretion of SALC staff. Applicants who are unable to obtain a current preliminary title report for their project prior to the pre-proposal deadline should contact SALC staff prior to submitting their project to discuss deferral of this requirement.

Department grant managers will utilize pre-proposal information to assist the applicant in determining whether the project meets the Eligibility Criteria; identifying what, if any additional information will be needed in the full application; and ascertaining whether the project has title complexities that may impact the project or other issues.

Eligibility and Selection Criteria for Agricultural Conservation Acquisitions

The Eligibility Criteria are informed by the GHG reduction requirement associated with use of Greenhouse Gas Reduction Funds, [Civil Code section 815 et seq.](#) (Conservation Easements), and the Department's California Farmland Conservancy Program. The information submitted in the application package should demonstrate how effectively the proposal will meet the SALC goals and objectives, criteria, and readiness requirements.

Projects must meet all Eligibility Criteria listed to be considered for funding.

Eligibility Criteria

- The application is for an Eligible Project.
- The applicant(s) is/are an Eligible Applicant.
- The proposed acquisition is not part of a local government's condition placed upon the issuance of an entitlement for use of a specific property.
- The property has no known agricultural constraints (e.g., due to soil or water contamination).
- Protection of the property will support infill and compact development.
- The proposal will support the implementation of an adopted or draft Sustainability Communities Strategy or, if a Sustainable Communities Strategy is not required for a region by law, a regional plan that includes policies and programs to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- The project is consistent with [California's Planning Priorities](#).
- The property is in an area with the necessary market, infrastructure, and agricultural support services to support long-term commercial agricultural production.*
- The property is expected to be used for, and is large enough to sustain, commercial agricultural production.*
- The project demonstrates that it will achieve a reduction in GHG emissions.
- The property is under pressure of being converted to non-agricultural uses.
- For local government applicants only: The local government applicant has not acquired, nor proposes to acquire, the interest in real property through the use of eminent domain, unless requested by the owner of the land.

*Acquisitions to promote healthy trees, shrubs, and perennial forbs for the cultivation of traditional foods, herbal medicine, fibers (such as basketry material), and dyes by tribes, where the applicant or co-applicant is a California Native American tribe or tribal non-profit, are exempt from requirements related to commercial agricultural production.

Projects that meet all the Eligibility Criteria will then be evaluated based on readiness and the extent to which they address the program's Selection Criteria. Projects that receive an A or B Readiness Ranking will be ranked against one another based on their Selection Criteria score. Projects with Readiness Ranking C may be evaluated if funding allows. Projects with Readiness Ranking D will not be funded through SALC in the current round and will not be further evaluated.

Acquisition Readiness Ranking

- A. Project ready (match funding for easement acquisition secured, if applicable; no title concerns, or defined plan to address title concerns prior to close of escrow that is acceptable to Department; project structure clearly defined; and reserved rights clearly defined).
- B. Project feasible but requires resolution of specific issues (e.g., match funding identified or applied for but not secured; contingencies in project structure and/or reserved rights).
- C. Larger potential issue/resolution concerns (no match identified; project structure unclear; or reserved rights unclear).
- D. Project not ready (e.g., plan to address title concerns is insufficient, nonexistent, or unlikely to resolve concerns prior to the end of the grant term).

Selection Criteria

The following list outlines the Selection Criteria by which eligible projects ranked A, B, or C will be scored using the Selection Criteria and ranked based on their score. Applications will be awarded points for each Selection Criteria on a sliding scale from zero to the number listed in the Selection Criteria table. All information submitted in the application package will be used by reviewers to evaluate the proposal and should demonstrate how effectively the proposal meets SALC goals and objectives.

Total points available out of 100.

- **Agricultural Use** (30 points): The extent to which the proposed project will support long-term, economically viable, commercial agricultural production. For projects where the acquisition is to conserve land for the cultivation of traditional tribal foods, herbal medicine, fibers (such as basketry material), and/or dyes, the project will be scored based on the extent to which it supports sustainable management of cultural resources of historical importance to the tribe.
- **Support for Infill/Risk of Conversion** (30 points): The extent to which the project supports infill and compact development and is under pressure of conversion to non-agricultural uses, particularly residential or rural residential uses in the foreseeable future.
- **Other Program Goals** (20 points): The extent to which the project meets Program Goals not scored in other sections, including contributing to carbon neutrality and building climate resilience, supporting sustainable land management, reducing risk from extreme climate events, contributing to the State's effort to combat climate change, supporting coordinated land use planning, safeguarding the State's economic sustainability and food security, and protecting biodiversity.

- **Equity** (15 points): The extent to which the proposed project will advance equity and opportunity.
- **Co-Benefits** (5 points): The extent to which the proposed project provides co-benefits to the State beyond the Program Goals, including environmental, economic, and public health co-benefits. This includes an assessment to ensure that the project will avoid substantial burdens or harms to priority populations.

Agricultural Use

Factors considered when scoring this section include soil quality and water availability and quality.

Projects with better soil quality, as determined using the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program data for irrigated land and Natural Resources Conservation Service gSSURGO data for rangeland, will score more points.

Water availability and quality will be evaluated as it relates to the current and foreseeable agricultural use on the property. Projects in critically overdrafted groundwater basins, as defined by the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), will be evaluated based on the type and diversity of water sources available on the property, the extent to which the agricultural operation fits within the operation or property's individual groundwater allocation or the groundwater basin's sustainable yield, as applicable, with projects with a diversity of water sources and falling within the individual groundwater allocation or groundwater basin's sustainable yield scoring more points.

Support for Infill and Risk of Conversion

Factors considered when scoring this section may include:

- the likelihood that the property will be converted or is adjacent to lands likely to be converted to residential or rural residential uses in the foreseeable future
- whether the property acts as or adds to a community separator or greenbelt
- Relevant land conversion and development trends in the region, including parcelization, changes in land use, housing development patterns, and increasing housing costs
- Commute times to job centers
- Development rights associated with and developability of the property, including minimum zoning, ordinances/regulations that may limit development, and landscape factors that may impede development

- Whether existing and/or planned transportation infrastructure promote sprawl development in the region
- Access to broadband.

Other Program Goals

Factors considered when scoring this section include the number of goals addressed, as well as the extent to which a project meets individual goals. Projects that meet one goal very well will score better than projects that superficially meet multiple goals. Program Goals scored in other sections of the rubric will not be scored in this section.

Equity

Factors considered when scoring this section include:

- whether the project provides meaningful benefits to a priority population, as defined in these Guidelines
- whether the project provides secure land tenure for no less than 10 years to a beginning or Veteran farmer or rancher, a farmer or rancher who is a member of a Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribe on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission, or a farmer or rancher who is a member of a priority population, as defined in these Guidelines
- whether the project is led by or conducted in partnership with a California Native American tribe to increase that tribe's ownership, co-management of, or access to natural lands and cultural resources.

Co-Benefits

Factors considered when scoring this section include the number of co-benefits provided, as well as the extent to which a project provides individual co-benefits. Projects that provide one co-benefit very well will score better than projects that superficially provide multiple co-benefits. Items scored in other sections of the rubric will not be scored in this section.

Selection for funding may not be determined by a project's selection criteria score alone. Projects that meet the program's investment targets for priority populations and tribes will be granted priority for funding independent of the selection criteria so long as they first meet the program's eligibility criteria and readiness requirements. Should the number of projects that provide these benefits exceed the investment targets, those projects with the highest selection criteria scores sufficient to meet the targets will be given priority, while the

remaining projects will be evaluated relative to the remaining applications submitted that round.

In determining which projects to award grant funding, the Strategic Growth Council may also consider factors including SALC's goals, avoided vehicle miles traveled, geographic distribution of funds, the urgency of the project, the Strategic Growth Council's priorities, and the applicant's past performance in completing SALC grants, or Department administered grants. Alternate projects may be identified for funding by the Strategic Growth Council in the current round of funding if funding becomes available. The Strategic Growth Council may award grants that partially fulfill an applicant's request.

Application Review

Applications for acquisition grants will be reviewed at least once per year, with the opportunity for additional cycles as funding and staff capacity allow. Additional application cycles will be announced on the Department's and Strategic Growth Council's websites at least 60 days in advance of the pre-proposal deadline.

Department staff are available prior to the application deadline to provide technical assistance to eligible applicants interested in applying. Pre-proposal and application forms will be available on the SALC website.

All pre-proposals and applications received by the Department will be evaluated based on the materials provided as of the pre-proposal and application deadlines, respectively. Materials not requested as part of the application process will not be reviewed. Department staff may review publicly available information as reasonable to verify the provided information.

Applicants interested in receiving technical assistance prior to submission of a pre-proposal may contact the Department with questions. Pre-proposals will be reviewed to determine project eligibility, and technical assistance provided to facilitate the development of competitive grant applications. Applicants will be notified regarding their project's eligibility following the pre-proposal review. Projects deemed eligible, or eligible with conditions, may be submitted as applications for further evaluation and scoring. In cases where reviewers have questions regarding eligibility or title concerns, proposers will be given the opportunity to respond to those concerns prior to an eligibility determination. For projects deemed eligible with conditions, applicants must provide substantive responses to the conditions identified in the pre-proposal feedback in their application in order for their application to be considered for funding.

Applications will be reviewed for completeness, readiness, and the extent to which they meet the Selection Criteria and address program priorities.

Incomplete applications may not be evaluated or considered for funding at the sole discretion of the SGC.

Department staff will perform a site visit of each proposed project to verify the accuracy of and better understand the proposal, as well as to clarify any outstanding questions identified through the pre-proposal or application review. Applicants will be asked to arrange a tour of the property, which must be attended by a representative of the applicant and by the property owner or property owner representative. Department staff may conduct virtual site visits in lieu of in-person visits consistent with State guidance.

Following the Department's initial review of the projects in relation to the Eligibility Criteria, Selection Criteria, and Readiness Rankings, SALC staff will review applications and recommendations with DOC management and an advisory group that includes Strategic Growth Council staff. Final award recommendations will be approved by the Strategic Growth Council at a public meeting.

Ineligible Application Dispute Process

If an applicant wishes to dispute an ineligibility determination, the applicant must, within two weeks of the date of receipt of the determination, submit via email to salcp@conservation.ca.gov the SALC Eligibility Reconsideration request on official letterhead. The request must be signed by the applicant's executive director or board president and should include supplemental information that supports the request. This information must be directly related to the eligibility criteria(ion) under consideration.

Following receipt of the SALC Eligibility Reconsideration request:

- SALC Program Manager will assign a SALC staff reviewer to re-evaluate eligibility based on the pre-proposal and application materials received to date, publicly available information, and any supplemental information provided by the applicant in their reconsideration request.
- The SALC staff reviewer will make a determination of eligibility based on the materials provided, which will be reviewed for reasonableness and consistency with these Guidelines by the Program Manager, Division Director, and SGC staff. This eligibility determination will be conveyed to the applicant within one month of receipt of the applicant's request for eligibility reconsideration and will be considered final.

Pre-proposal and Application Requirements

Pre-proposal and application forms will be available on the SALC website.

Applicants are required to notify the planning director of the county government within which the project is located about the application. Applicants with a project located within a city or city sphere of influence will need to notify both the relevant city and county. For all applications received, SALC will independently notify the local government's planning director. SALC will also notify the regional transportation planning agency responsible for the applicable sustainable communities strategy or regional transportation plan if a sustainable communities strategy is not required by law. These parties will have 30 days to provide comments regarding the application. SALC will make reasonable efforts to address concerns raised by these parties and may consider feedback in evaluating the application.

For applications where the intended holder of the real property interest is not the applicant, the applicant must provide the following from the intended holder of the real property interest in the pre-proposal:

- Certification of Acceptance of Conditions of Funding
- Documentation of Organizational Capacity
- Documentation of Organizational Eligibility

The intended holder of the real property interest may certify that the most current versions of the relevant documents are on file with the Department in lieu of submitting the documents themselves.

The applicant must provide a Resolution of Support from the intended holder of the real property interest in the application.

General Information Regarding Agricultural Conservation Acquisition Requirements

Conditions of Funding

To receive funding from the SALC, the applicant must agree to the following conditions within their application and adhere to these conditions for the entirety of the grant term. Entrance into a grant agreement constitutes acceptance of the conditions of funding. Failure to adhere to these conditions throughout the grant term will result in loss of funding.

SALC's conditions of funding for **easement** acquisitions are as follows:

- Clear title to the agricultural conservation easement can be conveyed at close of escrow.
 - The applicant and seller of the agricultural conservation easement agree to restrict the use of the land in perpetuity.

- If the Department is funding preparation of a conservation management plan or carbon farm plan, the Department has approved the plan.
- If agricultural intensification restrictions on cultivated or non-cultivated land are proposed:
 - The restriction will be consistent with the property's continuing agricultural use, and
 - Agricultural use of the property will not be substantially impaired
- For projects where the property includes forest lands, the project will comply with Public Resources Code [4751](#).
- The total purchase price of the proposed easement shall not exceed the appraised fair market value of the easement.
- The easement appraisal must comply with the Department's published Overview and Preparation of Agricultural Conservation Easement Appraisals.
- The appraisal used to establish the easement value must be approved by DGS and the Department.

SALC's conditions of funding for **fee** acquisitions are as follows:

- Clean title to the property can be conveyed at close of escrow.
- A Notice of Unrecorded Grant Agreement and an Irrevocable Offer to Convey Title in Fee will be recorded concurrently with the grant deed.
- The title to the property will be encumbered in perpetuity with the following covenants that run with the land:
 - The property must actively be used for agricultural uses or, in cases where a tribe or tribal non-profit is the Buyer, the cultivation or maintenance of tribal cultural resources,
 - Prohibition on permanent severance of water rights from the fee,
 - Restrictions on development potential on the property consistent with an agricultural conservation easement,
 - For projects where the applicant is a tribe or tribal non-profit (as described in Appendix G), restrictions on development may be modified to support tribal uses and activities consistent with the conservation goals of this program.
 - Until such time as the property is transferred subject to an agricultural conservation easement, a proportion of the net proceeds from the lease revenue equal to the proportion of SALC funds used to purchase the property will be reinvested only in improvements on the purchased property or in pursuit of agricultural conservation easements in the region,

- From the subsequent transfer of the property, the state must be paid its proportionate share of the net proceeds within 30 days of close of escrow,
 - At least once every twelve months, the interest holder shall report to the Department certifying that the conditions of the deed are being upheld. The report must include an account of how each covenant is being upheld, including documentation of income generated from leasing the property and documentation of agricultural use on the property, and
 - At least once every twelve months, the interest holder shall allow the Department access to the property for the purposes of monitoring and verifying compliance with the terms of the deed.
- Except where the buyer is a tribe or tribal non-profit with 501(c)3 status, the buyer agrees to lease the property to one or more private operators for agricultural use or to sell the property to a private operator. The property must be leased within a commercially reasonable time after purchasing the property. If the applicant intends to sell the property as part of this conservation transaction, they must sell the property within 3 years of purchase. This requirement does not preclude the applicant from electing to sell the conserved property, with deed restrictions in place, at a later date.
 - Should the property be resold, it will be sold subject to a conservation easement
 - If the Department is funding preparation of a conservation management plan or carbon farm plan, the Department approves the plan within one year of close of escrow on the purchase.
 - If agricultural intensification restrictions on cultivated or non-cultivated land are proposed:
 - The restriction will be consistent with the property's continuing agricultural use, and
 - Agricultural use of the property will not be substantially impaired. The total purchase price of the proposed acquisition shall not exceed the appraised fair market value of the property.
 - The appraisal used to establish the easement value (for the purposes of determining Department funding) and the fair market value of the property must comply with DGS standards and must be approved by DGS and the Department.
 - The grant deed, including any exhibits, must be approved by the Department.

Property Restrictions

Deed Language

SALC staff developed deed language to address important terms and conditions that should be contained within each SALC-funded acquisition deed. Applicants are encouraged to review this language and discuss it with landowners and appraisers early in the process. Grantees will be required to obtain Department approval of the deed prior to disbursement of the acquisition funding. This language may be updated periodically and is available on the Department website or upon request.

Property Valuation

Appraisals

A current appraisal will be required to determine the fair market value of the property interest to be acquired, which will be used to determine the state's contribution to the acquisition. The appraisal must be completed and the fair market value determined in compliance with Department of General Services Specifications.

All appraisals must be reviewed and approved by the Department and the California Department of General Services Real Estate Services Section (DGS). In no situation shall the purchase price be greater than the approved appraised fair market value of the interest to be acquired. The appraisal must be submitted prior to close of escrow, and with sufficient time for Department and DGS review.

The grant will only fund the appraisal that establishes the acquisition value used to complete the transaction. This cost will only be covered if the project is approved for funding, the appraisal is approved by the state, and the grantee requests Department reimbursement of associated costs in the grant application. These restrictions on appraisal funding may be waived at the discretion of the Department where the grantee is either a tribe, tribal non-profit or organization that serves priority populations and/or socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers; the project benefits a tribe, priority population and/or socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher; and the appraisal was commissioned and completed in good faith during the grant term as part of the approved project.

If the project is approved, funding is available, and the appraisal contains a value that is higher than the estimate provided in the application, then, upon request by the grantee, awards may be increased:

- Up to fifteen percent (15%) of the total grant award at the discretion of the Strategic Growth Council Executive Director. The Executive Director will report any award increases granted to the Council.

In no case shall the SALC contribution to the purchase price exceed ninety percent (90%) of the appraised easement value, except if the project met the requirements for reduced match at the time of award. Funding for any such increases in award amounts will be allocated either from existing non-allocated funds or from future allocations. Projects that receive award augmentations from future allocations will not be required to participate in any additional competitive solicitation processes. Any additional increase in valuation above fifteen percent (15%) will need to be covered by a landowner bargain sale (donation) or by other match funders.

Savings that result from an appraised value that is lower than the applicant's estimated value may be apportioned to the participating funders to preserve the match.

The applicant must select and retain an independent, certified appraiser to appraise the subject property. For both easement and fee purchases, the appraiser must use the "before and after" method of valuation to calculate the difference between the fair market value and the restricted value. The "before and after" method evaluates the property's market value under two scenarios: first, the current market value without restriction; and second, the diminished value as though encumbered by an agricultural conservation easement. The Department has developed a resource for appraisers and applicants, entitled *Overview and Preparation of Agricultural Conservation Easement Appraisals*, which is available on the Department website.

Applicants are encouraged to thoroughly discuss the restrictions and permitted uses associated with the proposed acquisition with the landowner and appraiser early in the appraisal process. Applicants should advise appraisers and landowners that appraisals are public records under the California Public Records Act of 1968 (Chapter 3.5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code, commencing with § 6250). Major considerations such as reserved home sites or other areas that will not be utilized exclusively for agriculture must be confirmed prior to and be identified in the appraisal, as they will likely affect the easement valuation. Subsequent changes to proposed restrictions or permitted uses may necessitate an update to the appraisal.

If a significant amount of time (24 months) transpires between the effective date of the appraisal and the anticipated escrow closing date, applicants may be required to obtain a new appraisal.

Use-Based IRS Deductions

If a landowner seeks tax benefits from the Internal Revenue Service in return for the charitable donation of an easement or portion thereof, the timing and requirements of the easement appraisal are critical. See a tax attorney or accountant for more information—the Department is not able to provide the applicant or landowner with assistance relating to this or other tax-benefits. A “special use valuation” and qualified IRS deduction may affect the easement valuation.

Title Considerations

Due Diligence

Clean title is required to protect the state’s investment. For the purposes of SALC, clean title refers to an absence of deeds, easements, leases, or other encumbrances that have the potential to undermine the state’s investment. Such encumbrances must be resolved prior to close of escrow because they may grant another person or entity the ability to take action to prohibit the project or impact the easement terms in a manner that contradicts SALC’s goals and objectives.

Applicants are expected to exercise due diligence to discover and disclose potential title issues in the pre-proposal and application. The Department will also work to identify such issues during its project review. The applicant will be asked to submit an initial plan to address title issues with their pre-proposal. If the Department determines that such a plan is inadequate, the applicant may be required to provide a more detailed plan in the application. The information within this plan will affect the project’s Readiness Ranking. Disbursement of funds into escrow for the purchase of an easement or fee interest in the property is contingent upon the Department’s determination that identified title concerns have been resolved.

For properties where the surface owner does not have control over at least 51% of the underlying minerals, the mineral rights may be addressed through:

1. A Mineral Remoteness Evaluation which finds that the likelihood of the separated mineral rights being exercised on the relevant parcel(s) is so remote as to be negligible. This finding may be confirmed by the Department’s Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources and/or the Division of Mine Reclamation.

Project must also provide deed language that restricts surface access to the mineral rights within the proposed property boundary, or to set aside drilling pads to direct the separated mineral rights holders’ extraction to a specific area, to the extent allowable by law.

2. Quiet title action(s) to restrict surface access to mineral rights within the proposed property boundary, to set aside drilling pads to direct the separated mineral rights holders' extraction to a specific area, or to remove the separated mineral interests from title.
3. Subordination, surface use agreements, or remerger of the separated mineral interests to title.

Advance coordination with the Department and the applicant's title company is highly recommended if any separated mineral interest exists.

Mortgage and Lien Subordination

As part of the acquisition process, any liens or other financial encumbrances on the property are required to be either subordinated to the terms of the deed or paid off in closing. Subordination documents are subject to review and approval by the Department.

It is possible that the lender may charge a fee to provide the subordination. Applicants are encouraged to consult lenders early regarding subordination practices.

Additional Requirements and Considerations

Single Family Residences, Secondary Dwelling Units, and Farm Worker Housing

Landowners may reserve the right to construct one or more single-family residences on the property, subject to approval by the Department. When reviewing proposed reserved rights, the Department will balance consideration of housing needs to support current and anticipated agricultural uses, as well as the Program's goals of supporting infill and compact development and avoiding conversion of agricultural land to non-agricultural uses.

Each single-family residence reserved in the deed is limited to a maximum living area that is consistent with grantee's policies and local building codes. The residence must not significantly impair the conservation purpose of the deed.

The California Legislature has enacted numerous policies to address the state's shortage of housing, particularly affordable housing. Easements funded through this program shall not prohibit either secondary dwelling units or farmworker housing. Any easement restrictions on these dwellings should be commensurate with the current and expected agricultural use of the property and are subject to approval by the Department.

If there are any single-family residences, secondary dwelling units, or farm worker housing units existing at the time of pre-proposal submission, at least one

building envelope must be identified in the pre-proposal to contain these structures. If no single-family residences, secondary dwelling units, or farm worker housing units exist at the time of the pre-proposal submission, the applicant shall:

- Identify the size, number, and location of one or more building envelopes to contain these structures in the pre-proposal, or
- Identify the size and number of proposed future building envelopes to contain these structures in the pre-proposal and application, and agree to identify the locations of said building envelopes in the easement prior to recordation.

The size, number, and location of proposed building envelopes and single family residences is subject to review and approval by the Department. Other Reserved Rights

Other reserved rights listed here are subject to review and approval by the Department. All other reserved rights must be identified in the application.

For fee acquisition projects where the applicant is a tribe or tribal non-profit (as described in Appendix G), restrictions on development may be modified to support tribal uses and activities consistent with the conservation goals of this program.

Mapping and Easement Database

Grantees who receive funding for acquisitions and conservation easements are required to provide spatial data to the [California Protected Areas Database and/or the California Conservation Easement Database](#). These Geographic Information System (GIS) databases inform state planning and policy, including the state's goal to conserve 30% of lands and coastal waters by 2030 (30x30). Grantees can submit spatial data or request help via email to cpad@calands.org. Grantees can request an exemption from this reporting requirement by contacting their grant administrator. California Native American Tribal and other grantees can discuss additional confidentiality measures with their grant administrator to protect data and culturally sensitive information.

Stewardship Fund

Costs related to the acquisition include funds dedicated solely for the long-term stewardship of the encumbered property. For agricultural conservation easements, stewardship typically means annual monitoring of the easement for compliance with easement conditions. A portion of these funds is typically provided by the landowner. SALC funds cannot be used toward stewardship costs.

Within the Grant Agreement, grantees will certify their ability to effectively manage and account for stewardship funds, whether pooled for all acquisitions or held in separate accounts for individual acquisitions funded through the Grant Agreement.

Annual Reporting and Monitoring

Regular monitoring of and reporting on interests acquired with SALC funds is required to ensure compliance with the terms of the deed. Beginning the year after the deed is recorded, the Department requires an annual report from the interest holder certifying that the conditions of the deed are being upheld. For fee acquisitions, the report must include an account of how each covenant is being upheld, including documentation of income generated from leasing the property and documentation of agricultural use on the property.

For fee acquisitions, SALC staff must be allowed access to the property for the purposes of monitoring and verifying compliance with the terms of the deed at least once every twelve months.

Section 4: Agricultural Conservation Planning Grants

Planning grants provide funds to develop plans that conserve agricultural lands by designing and implementing land use policies and accompanying strategies that reduce the threat of conversion to non-agricultural uses and reduce vehicle miles traveled. Plans may also recognize and protect the other co-benefits of conserving agricultural lands. This component of SALC incentivizes local, regional, and tribal governments to work closely with stakeholders to develop land use policies and plans that integrate agricultural land conservation. Funding is limited to the eligible applicants and projects discussed below.

Funding and Match Funding

Planning Grants have a \$500,000 maximum grant award.

The application must include a minimum ten percent (10%) match funding except as noted below. Match funds may be provided directly by the applicant or from other funding sources (e.g., other grant funds, local government contributions, or donations). Applicants cannot utilize another Department-administered program funding as match toward the grant.

Planning projects that can demonstrate that they provide meaningful benefits to a priority population, as defined in these guidelines, will be prioritized for funding and may be eligible for 100% funding up to the maximum award amount. Applicants interested in having their proposal considered for priority population benefits must complete the [Priority Population Benefits Assessment Tool](#) and provide supporting documentation in their application.

Planning projects where a Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribe on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission, or tribal non-profit with 501(c)3 status is either the applicant or a co-applicant on the project will be prioritized for funding and may receive 100% percent funding for eligible costs up to the maximum award amount.

Projects

Planning grants assist the development of innovative, collaborative plans and consensus-building activities that establish comprehensive goals, policies, and objectives such as:

- Protecting the agricultural land base;
- Climate Action Plans where conservation of agricultural lands are an integral part of the plan or if the climate action plan is part of a larger agricultural plan or climate resiliency strategy.

- Supporting the agricultural labor force with quality working and housing conditions;
- Identifying infill development potential with complementary agricultural land conservation;
- Developing the required local planning elements set forth in Government Code section 65560;
- Supporting regional food systems, such as the processing and distribution of agricultural products;
- Avoiding greenhouse gas emissions;
- Supporting implementation of sustainable communities strategy;
- Supporting equitable land tenure for socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers and California Native American tribes;
- Addressing unique regional threats to agricultural land such as groundwater availability, catastrophic wildfire;
- Connecting rural agricultural land conservation and urban planning strategies; and
- Enhancing co-benefits (e.g., habitat, groundwater recharge).

Work plans should include:

- Inclusive stakeholder and/or community engagement and outreach activities;
- Community-based collaborative plans and consensus-building activities that provide general education about agricultural land conservation, information about the proposed project, and details outlining the opportunities for input and participation in the process; and
- Stakeholder meetings to support proposed project.

SALC encourages grantees and stakeholders to include California Native American tribes in developing planning projects.

Eligible Applicants

Counties, cities, local area formation commissions (LAFCOs), councils of government, municipal planning organizations, regional transportation planning agencies, groundwater sustainability agencies, special districts with land use or transportation planning authority, and Federally recognized California Native American tribe or a non-Federally recognized California Native American tribe that is on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission are eligible to apply.

Resource Conservation Districts, special districts with a mission related to agricultural preservation, academic institutions, land trusts and other agricultural non-profit organizations may apply if they partner with an entity listed above and the entity has a significant role implementing the proposed project. The partners must agree to enter into a memorandum of understanding if they are awarded a grant. At a minimum, the memorandum of understanding will, demonstrate support for the project and SALC's purposes, detail the partners roles in the project, and include language that the partners will consider adopting the plan resulting from the project.

SALC strongly encourages submission of applications that demonstrate a commitment to meaningful, actionable collaboration with stakeholders from multiple organizations (e.g., neighboring counties, cities, tribes, local area formation commissions, agricultural organizations, land trusts, open space districts, community-based organizations with experience working with priority populations and historically underserved communities as well as community-based organizations that have trusted relationships with the agricultural community, socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers, and others). While there is no minimum number of partners that can be included in a proposal, priority scoring will be given to those applicants that are able to demonstrate strong and diverse partnerships.

Eligible and Ineligible Costs

Eligible Expenses

Planning grants will only reimburse for eligible, project-related direct costs incurred during the grant agreement term. Eligible costs must be reasonable, supported by appropriate documentation, and be directly related to the project deliverables.

Direct Costs

- Fully burdened applicant staff time
- Consultant costs
- Meeting space
- Meeting materials
- Facilitation services
- Translation and interpretation for meetings and written materials
- In-state travel for grantee's staff and subcontractors is eligible as necessary to complete project work. Costs must meet the requirements outlined below and in the Grant Agreement (Appendix E):
 - a. Accommodation-related travel costs: Maximum reimbursement rates based on county as shown here:

<https://hrmanual.calhr.ca.gov/Home/Manualltem/1/2203> in the section titled “Short-Term Lodging Reimbursement Rates”, with no option for approval of an “excess lodging rate.”

- b. Rental car costs or personal vehicle mileage for travel directly related to the grant will be reimbursed at the relevant rental car or Reimbursement Rate Per Mile for Personal Vehicle as shown here: <https://hrmanual.calhr.ca.gov/Home/Manualltem/1/2202>.
 - c. Rental car, personal vehicle, ride share, train, or airfare costs will only be reimbursed for travel directly related to execution of the work plan, and then only if it is the typical method used to get from one location to the other. Grantees should choose the least expensive mode of transportation feasible given their travel needs.
 - d. No other travel-related costs will be reimbursed through this grant program.
- Outreach and Engagement to Priority Populations

Recognizing that public participation in community engagement activities is a benefit to the program and public, the following costs associated with outreach, education, and training activities directly related to the development of project deliverables are considered eligible if they support direct involvement of disadvantaged communities in the project work:

- Participant compensation that is an exchange of payment for services rendered in the development of community work products and appropriately documented with deliverables such as sign-in sheets or written surveys.
- Provision of transportation services for community residents, such as a vanpool.
- Provision of childcare services for community residents.
- Food and refreshments, excluding alcoholic beverages of any kind, that are determined to be an integral part of the event. Examples of activities where it would be appropriate to approve food purchase would include a design charrette held in the evening, where the meal is consumed as part of the event and replaces a meal otherwise missed by attending the event.

Advanced Pay

Where the grantee is either a tribe; tribal non-profit or organization whose purpose is to serve priority populations and/or socially disadvantaged farmers and/or ranchers; and the project benefits a tribe, priority population and/or socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher, the project may be eligible for

advanced pay. Determination of eligibility and terms of advanced pay shall be made on a case-by-case basis. All advanced payments shall be made in accordance with the requirements of Government Code Section 11019.3 and any other applicable statutes that have been or may be enacted for the purpose of providing advanced payments to grantees.

Ineligible Costs

Costs incurred outside of the performance period, indirect/overhead costs, food or beverages except as noted above, and costs for CEQA document preparation are not eligible for reimbursement.

Eligibility and Selection Criteria

The Eligibility and Selection Criteria focus on actionable policies and implementation mechanisms to conserve agricultural land locally determined to be strategic and under threat of conversion to other land uses. Project readiness, stakeholder collaboration, and leveraging of existing conservation efforts are all important considerations in the review process.

Applications must meet all the Eligibility Criteria to be considered for funding.

Below are the Eligibility and Selection Criteria upon which each proposal will be evaluated.

Eligibility Criteria

- The proposal is from an eligible applicant or authorized partner.
- The proposal is for a land use plan that is consistent with SALC's goals.
- The proposal contains clearly stated and reportable objectives, measures of progress, and deliverables.
- The proposal will avoid greenhouse gas emissions.
- The proposal supports the implementation of an adopted or draft Sustainable Communities Strategy or, if a Sustainable Communities Strategy is not required for a region by law, a Regional Plan that includes policies and programs to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- The proposal demonstrates consistency with [California's Planning Priorities](#).

Ineligible applications will not be scored.

Applications that meet all the Eligibility Criteria will then be scored using the Selection Criteria and ranked based on their score. Applications will be awarded points for each Selection Criterion on a sliding scale from zero to the number listed in the Selection Criteria table. All information submitted in the application package will be used by reviewers to evaluate the proposal and

should demonstrate how effectively the proposal meets SALC goals and objectives.

Selection Criteria

Total selection criteria points available out of 100.

- **Project Need** (35 points): The proposal documents the threat of agricultural land conversion and the need to develop a plan to address the threat, details how the proposed project will address the conversion risk and addresses any potential barriers to implementation. Points will be awarded based on the specificity with which the proposal identifies the types of data that will be used to evaluate agricultural resources, the local policies and ordinances it seeks to align, and the methods that will be used to resolve compatibility issues between these policies and ordinances, if any.
- **Co-Benefits** (20 points): The proposal clearly documents economic, environmental, public health, cultural or other co-benefits and will avoid substantial burdens to priority populations.
- **Proposal Evidences Collaboration** (20 points): The proposal provides evidence of durable collaboration among stakeholders.
- **Planning Integration** (10 points): The project complements other efforts in the Project geographic area, including comprehensive planning efforts and agricultural land use policies. The proposal documents how the project will leverage other permanently protected lands to promote location and resource-efficient development.
- **Equity Opportunities** (15 points): The proposal benefits a priority population or residents of priority populations; beginning or Veteran farmers and ranchers; or a Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized California Native American tribe on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission and/or their members.

Selection for funding may not be determined by a project's selection criteria score alone. In determining which projects to award grant funding, the Strategic Growth Council may also consider factors including AHSC's goals and objectives, geographic distribution of funds, the urgency of the project, and the Strategic Growth Council's priorities. Alternate projects may be identified and recommended for approval by the Strategic Growth Council in the current round of funding if funding becomes available. The Strategic Growth Council may award grants that partially fulfill the applicant's request.

Initial Screening—Pre-proposals

Applicants are required to submit a Planning Grant pre-proposal to the Department prior to submission of a full application.

Pre-proposal forms will be available on the SALC website.

The Department will utilize pre-proposal information to assist the applicant in determining whether the project meets the Eligibility Criteria and identifying additional information that may be needed in the full application. Technical assistance is provided as needed to facilitate the development of the application.

Application Review and Award Process

Application forms will be available on the SALC website. Applications will be reviewed for completeness, eligibility, and, if the Eligibility Criteria are met, the extent to which they meet the Selection Criteria. Incomplete applications may not be evaluated or considered for funding at the sole discretion of the State.

Following the Department's review of the projects in relation to the Eligibility Criteria and Selection Criteria, SALC staff will review applications and recommendations with DOC management and an advisory group that includes Strategic Growth Council staff. Final award recommendations will be approved by the Strategic Growth Council at a public meeting.

A summary of each proposal, the California Climate Investments funding request, and priority population benefits status will be posted at least ten days before the Strategic Growth Council makes project awards. The Strategic Growth Council determines final project awards and will announce these awards at a public meeting. Applicants will be notified in writing of the Strategic Growth Council's decision by the Department upon award following the meeting at which the awards are announced.

Pre-proposal and Application Requirements

Pre-proposal and application forms will be available on the SALC website.

Section 5: Post-Council Meeting and Grant Administration

This section of the Guidelines applies to all SALC projects.

Strategic Growth Council Approved Projects

All projects awarded by the Strategic Growth Council will only receive funding disbursements if the conditions of funding identified in these Guidelines and any additional conditions identified in the staff report, award letter, and grant agreement are satisfied. The State will not pay for projects that are not completed, although the state may reimburse costs incurred up to the point that the project withdraws, at the Strategic Growth Council's discretion. The Strategic Growth Council reserves the right to recover funds expended for projects that are not completed, at its sole discretion.

Overview of the Process After Grants Are Awarded

Steps in Executing the Grant Agreement

1. The Department notifies applicant of award, detailing additional conditions of funding, if any.
2. Department sends grant agreement and materials to grantee. Grant agreements are based on a standard template and have a standard duration of two to three years. Grant Agreements are attached as Appendices A Capacity Grant Agreement, C Easement Grant Agreement, D Fee Title Grant Agreement, E Planning Grant Agreement. With written justification from the applicant and at the discretion of the Strategic Growth Council's Executive Director, the duration of a grant agreement may be extended. The Executive Director will report any extensions granted to the Council.
3. Grantee must submit all supporting materials and a signed agreement within six (6) months of the Strategic Growth Council award or risk forfeiting the grant award.
4. Grantee signs and returns all required copies back to the State (a fully executed copy will be returned to the grantee).

Steps Upon Signature of the Grant Agreement

1. Grantee commences work.
2. Grantee may submit invoices no more than monthly, beginning sixty (60) days after execution of the grant agreement. The State may withhold payment on the final invoice until final documents are received.
3. Grantee submits progress reports as required by the grant agreement. The Department submits project profiles to CARB for use in CARB's annual report to the Legislature. Profile may include a unique identifier, project

and description, project geographic area, budget information, project dates, estimated GHG benefits and any co-benefits, and if applicable, data on priority population benefits.

4. Grantee submits a final report upon completion of the grant agreement in order to receive its final payment.
5. Interest holder submits post-project annual monitoring reports to the Department certifying that the conditions of the deed are being upheld.

Limited Waivers of Sovereign Immunity

Limited waivers of sovereign immunity are not typically required for capacity or planning grants paid on a reimbursement basis. Where advanced payment is authorized, limited waivers of sovereign immunity may be required. For acquisition grants, the Department may require limited waivers of sovereign immunity and post-project monitoring and reporting, which will be determined on a case-by-case basis and dependent on the type and scope of the project. The Department will avoid seeking a limited waiver of sovereign immunity when possible and will strive to notify applicants early in the grant application review process if it is anticipated a limited waiver of sovereign immunity will be necessary. The Department is committed to working collaboratively with California Native American tribes on tailoring limited waiver of sovereign immunity terms and conservation and public access agreements or deed restrictions to support tribal priorities while also meeting the state's obligations under the law.

Funding and Accounting

Payment of Grant Funds

Funds cannot be disbursed until there is a fully executed Grant Agreement between the Department and the grantee. Only those eligible costs incurred during the grant term will be eligible for payment. All costs must be supported by invoices, purchase orders, canceled warrants/checks, or other approved documents. Additional justification of costs may be requested at the Department's discretion.

Organizational Considerations

Subcontractors and Purchasing

Grant recipients (grantees) may make use of their own staff and subcontractor(s). Grantees are expected to adhere to the jurisdiction's or organization's competitive bid, internal contracting and purchasing guidelines. Documentation of the grantee's contracting or purchasing guidelines,

processes, and project-specific approvals may be requested in the event of an audit by the State of California.

Workplace Certifications and Insurance

Pursuant to the requirements of Government Code Section 8355, grantees must sign a certification that a drug-free workplace will be provided.

Governmental grantees will be required to show evidence of self-insurance. All other grantees must obtain and keep Worker's Compensation, commercial general liability, and automobile liability insurance policies compliant with specifications provided by the Department for the term of the Grant Agreement. The insurance specifications are included within the standard grant agreement template. These policies shall cover any acts or omissions of the grantee, or its employees engaged in the provision of service specified in the grant agreement.

Grantees shall name the State of California, its officers, agents, employees, and servants as additional insured parties for any general liability and automobile insurance required and are responsible for guaranteeing that a copy of each Certificate of Insurance is submitted to the Department within thirty (30) days of Grant Agreement signature.

Loss of Funding (Not a complete list)

The following are examples of actions that may result in a grantee's loss of funding:

- Grantee fails to execute a Grant Agreement within 6 months of project award.
- Grantee withdraws from the grant program.
- Grantee fails to adhere to the conditions of funding specified in these Guidelines.
- Grantee fails to complete the funded work within two years of project award.
- Grantee fails to complete work in a manner that meets the requirements agreed upon.
- Grantee fails to submit all documentation within the time periods specified in the Grant Agreement.
- Grantee changes scope of work without approval of the Department.
- Grantee changes the subcontractor or partner(s) identified in the work plan or application without approval from the Department.

APPENDIX A – Capacity and Project Development Grant Agreement

The Capacity and Project Development Grant Agreement can be found on the [SALC Guidelines webpage](#).

APPENDIX B – Conservation Management Plan and Carbon Farm Plan Contents

General Requirements

For easements, both conservation management plans and carbon farm plans must be approved by the Department and signed by the grantee and landowner prior to the execution of the deed. For fee acquisitions, the plan must be approved by the Department and signed by the grantee and landowner within one year of close of escrow on the acquisition, within the grant term. The plan must be developed by a qualified preparer or resource conservation district. SALC will require the inclusion of specific language in the easement acknowledging the management plan and the requirements set forth in Appendix B.

Conservation management plans and carbon farm plans are living documents that must be reviewed by the landowner and grantee at least every 10 years. These plans are intended to provide flexibility for management of the land within the purposes of the acquisition. The grantee must notify SALC of any changes to the management that have the potential to significantly impact the conservation values or conservation purpose of the acquisition.

The plan must be updated if changes to the agricultural operations on or ownership of the property occur that have the potential to significantly impact the conservation values or purpose of the acquisition. The grantee and landowner must obtain an updated plan from qualified planner or resource conservation district in the event of such changes.

The grantee must report the landowner's implementation of the plan and any changes in the agricultural operation or ownership that have the potential to impact the conservation values or purpose from the previous year on its annual monitoring report. If the landowner is not complying with the plan, the grantee must identify how compliance will be achieved. If a change in operations or ownership that has the potential to impact the conservation values or purpose is reported, the grantee must instruct the landowner to update the conservation management plan. If, at the time of the next annual monitoring report, the landowner has not obtained an updated plan (and it is not due to inaction by SALC), then the landowner is in violation of the provisions of the deed and the grantee is responsible for bringing the landowner into compliance.

Conservation Management Plans

At a minimum, the conservation management plan must:

- A. Identify and describe the qualifications of the individual(s) who prepared the plan, including the individual's name, organization, title, and contact information.
- B. Describe the procedure for monitoring and reporting the implementation of the plan in accordance with these Guidelines, as well as the process for reviewing and updating the plan as required.
- C. Include a description of the property's conservation values and conservation purpose as identified in the grant agreement, grant deed, or other project documents. The plan should also describe the activities that promote the long-term viability of the land to meet the purposes for which the Acquisition was acquired. Examples of such activities may include:
 - Landowner's membership or involvement in local agricultural or natural resource conservation organizations
 - Implementation of agricultural conservation, planning, or efficiency programs, such as EQIP, SWEEP, or CAPGP
 - Actions taken to mitigate the effects of drought, flood, wildfire, or other natural disasters
 - A farm or ranch succession plan
- D. Include a description of the current farm or ranch management system. The plan should provide detailed information about existing farm or ranch operations that may include descriptions of the following (as applicable):
 - Irrigation systems and water use
 - Soil health and erosion control
 - Nutrient management
 - Crop selection and rotation
 - Weed, insect, and disease management
 - Stocking rates
 - Grazing patterns
 - Infrastructure maintenance
 - Public access

Other information may include a description of seasonal influences on farm or ranch operations, irrigation water right volumes needed to sustain agricultural activity on the property, invasive species control, and wildlife habitat management. The conservation management plan may

incorporate or refer to information from baseline documentation reports, as appropriate.

E. Identify required and recommended conservation or management practices that address the conservation values and conservation purpose for which the Acquisition was awarded, including practices to protect biodiversity and facilitate climate adaptation. The plan should describe specific management objectives or desired outcomes, and include a detailed description of the required or recommended practices designed to achieve the stated objectives or outcomes that may include specifics related to:

- Who will implement or assist in implementing the practice
- Any advanced planning, equipment, or permits that may be required
- Measurable or observable indicators or conditions that may influence management decisions
- Anticipated timelines for initiation and completion of required or recommended practices
- The area or location on the property impacted by the practice
- The scientific, cultural, or experiential basis for management decisions

The conservation management plan may incorporate, or cross-reference practices identified in other plans, such as an organic system plan for organic operations, USDA NRCS Conservation Plans, CDFA's Office of Environmental Farming and Innovations Planning Grants Program plans, a comprehensive nutrient management plan for animal feeding operations, or care of historic sites for easements with historical or archeological resources.

F. Identify additional or specific criteria associated with permissible and prohibited activities consistent with the terms of the deed. Not every conservation management plan will need to specify additional or specific criteria for deed terms; whether such criteria are required should be determined by the grantee based on the agricultural resources present on the property and the clarity of the deed restrictions.

G. For projects that include forested lands as defined in PRC [4751](#), include language sufficient to meet the requirements outlined in that code section or provide evidence that a separate management plan exists that meets the requirements of that code section.

Carbon Farm Plans

At a minimum, the carbon farm plan must:

- A. Assess the carbon sequestration and greenhouse gas emission reduction potential of the property.
- B. Include a description of the farm or ranch management system (See Part D for Conservation Management Plans, above).
- C. Describe recommended and required actions and activities to increase carbon sequestration and reduce greenhouse gas emissions based on the carbon assessment and consistent with the conservation purpose of the acquisition. The carbon farm plan may incorporate, or cross-reference practices identified in other plans, such as organic system plans for organic operations, USDA NRCS Conservation Plans, CDFA's Office of Environmental Farming and Innovations Planning Grants Program plans, and comprehensive nutrient management plans for animal feeding operations.

APPENDIX C – Easement Acquisition Grant Agreement

The Easement Acquisition Grant Agreement can be found on the [SALC Guidelines webpage](#).

APPENDIX D – Fee Acquisition Grant Agreement

The Fee Acquisition Grant Agreement can be found on the [SALC Guidelines webpage](#).

APPENDIX E – Planning Grant Agreement

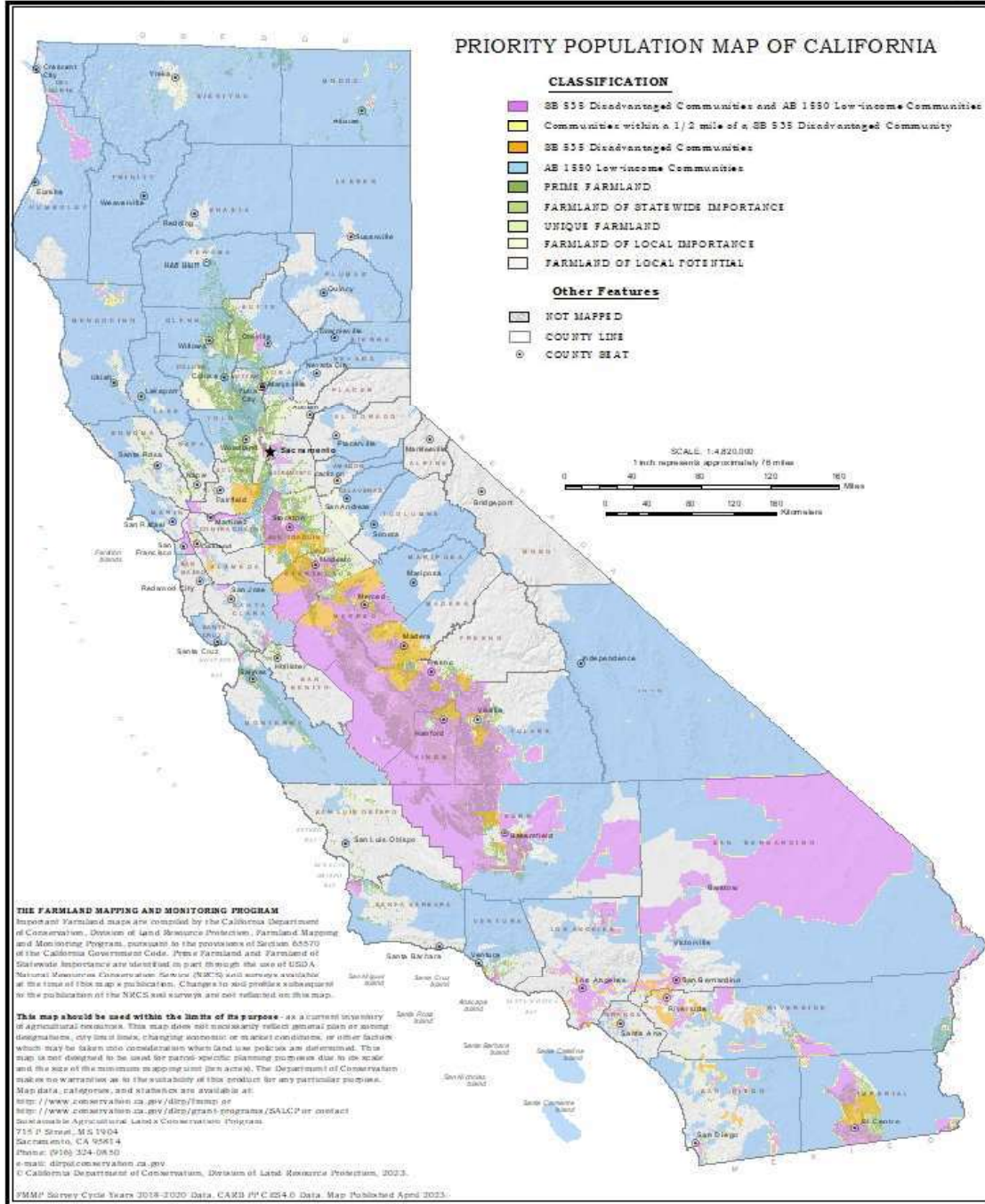
The Planning Grant Agreement can be found on the [SALC Guidelines webpage](#).

APPENDIX F – Priority Populations-Important Farmland Map



STATE OF CALIFORNIA
 Gavin Newsom, Governor
 THE NATURAL RESOURCES AGENCY
 Wade Crowfoot, Secretary
 DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
 David Shafer, Director

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
 DIVISION OF LAND RESOURCE PROTECTION
 SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURAL LANDS CONSERVATION PROGRAM



APPENDIX G – Glossary

The terms used in these grant Guidelines are defined as follows:

AB 32 (Chapter 488, 2006): Assembly Bill 32, or the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, establishes a comprehensive program of regulatory and market mechanisms to achieve real, quantifiable, cost-effective reductions of greenhouse gases. It codifies in the Health and Safety Code declarations about the serious threats posed by global warming and the intent of the Legislature to ensure coordination among state agencies and all affected stakeholders in the development of regulations to implement this law.

Acquisition: To acquire or purchase the fee title or other interest in land, including a conservation easement from a willing seller.

Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities (AHSC) Program: The AHSC Program furthers the regulatory purposes of AB 32 and SB 375 by investing in projects that reduce greenhouse gas emissions by creating more compact, infill development patterns; encouraging active transportation and mass transit usage; and protecting agricultural land from sprawl development. These projects, described in the AB 32 Scoping Plan, support climate objectives and co-benefits by reducing vehicle miles traveled and associated greenhouse gas and other emissions, or by making strategic investments that protect agricultural lands to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

Agricultural Conservation Easement (easement): A voluntary, legally recorded deed restriction in perpetuity, as defined in Section 815.1 of the Civil Code. The easement removes development pressure, prohibits practices that would damage or interfere with the agricultural use of the property, and prevents the restriction of agricultural husbandry practices. The easement remains in effect even when land changes ownership and maintains the land in private ownership and on the tax rolls. The easement must be held by a qualified Section 501(c)(3) California non-profit organization, or a local government, both of which must state that one of their primary purposes is the protection of agricultural use.

Agricultural Land: For the purposes of this program, agricultural land includes both cultivated and non-cultivated lands that support an agricultural use.

Agricultural use: For the purposes of SALC, agricultural activity, operation or facility or appurtenances thereof shall include the cultivation and tillage of the soil, dairying, the production, cultivation, growing, and harvesting of any agricultural commodity including viticulture, apiculture, or horticulture, the raising of livestock, fish, or poultry, and any practices performed by a farmer or

on a farm as incident to or in conjunction with those farming operations, including preparation for market, delivery to storage or to market, or delivery to carriers for transportation market. This definition shall also include gathering and activities that promote healthy trees, shrubs, and perennial forbs for the cultivation of traditional foods, herbal medicine, fibers (such as basketry material), and dyes so long as such activities are led by or conducted in partnership with a California Native American tribe.

Applicant: An organization requesting funding from this program to be administered by the State and as outlined within these guidelines.

Applicant's stated purpose: As described in adopted by-laws, articles of incorporation, policy, or resolution of the applicant's governing body (does not include statements on website).

Baseline Conditions Report: A comprehensive document that describes the condition of a property placed under conservation easement. The Baseline Conditions Report (BCR) is compiled by the easement holder and is referred to during future monitoring of the easement to determine whether the terms and conditions of the easement are being upheld.

Beginning Farmer or Rancher: A farmer or rancher who has listed farmer, rancher, or a similar occupation on their taxes for not more than the last ten years.

California Native American Tribe: A Federally recognized California Native American tribe or a tribe not recognized by the federal government but that is on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC), pursuant to Section 815.3(c) of the Civil Code.

California's Planning Priorities: As defined under Government Code Section 65041.1: The state planning priorities, which are intended to promote equity, strengthen the economy, protect the environment, and promote public health and safety in the state, including in urban, suburban, and rural communities, shall be as follows:

- A. To promote infill development and equity by rehabilitating, maintaining, and improving existing infrastructure that supports infill development and appropriate reuse and redevelopment of previously developed, underutilized land that is presently served by transit, streets, water, sewer, and other essential services, particularly in underserved areas, and to preserve cultural and historic resources.
- B. To protect environmental and agricultural resources by protecting, preserving, and enhancing the State's most valuable natural resources,

including working landscapes such as farm, range, and forest lands, natural lands such as wetlands, watersheds, wildlife habitats, and other wildlands, recreation lands such as parks, trails, greenbelts, and other open space, and landscapes with locally unique features and areas identified by the State as deserving special protection.

- C. To encourage efficient development patterns by ensuring that any infrastructure associated with development, other than infill development, supports new development that does all of the following:
- i. Uses land efficiently.
 - ii. Is built adjacent to existing developed areas to the extent consistent with the priorities specified pursuant to subdivision (b).
 - iii. Is located in an area appropriately planned for growth.
 - iv. Is served by adequate transportation and other essential utilities and services.
 - v. Minimizes ongoing costs to taxpayers. ([Government code 65041.1\(c\).](#))

Carbon Farm Plan: A whole farm plan that assesses the carbon sequestration potential of the property and describes management practices to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and increase carbon sequestration based on that assessment.

Co-Applicant: An organization or entity that is eligible to apply for funding under the SALC and applies for funding in partnership with a second organization.

Co-Benefits: The ancillary or additional benefits of policies that are implemented with a primary goal, such as climate change mitigation, acknowledging that most policies designed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions also have other, often at least equally important, benefits (e.g., energy savings, economic benefits, air quality benefits, public health benefits). Also referred to as “multiple benefits.” (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)

Conservation Easement: An interest in land, less than fee simple, which represents the right to prevent the development or improvement of the land, as specified in Section 815.1 of the California Civil Code. For the purposes of the SALC, the easement is held to prevent any use that may diminish or impair purposes other than agricultural production.

Conservation Management Plan: A plan that describes recommended and required management activities that promote the long-term viability of the land to meet the purposes for which the Acquisition was acquired.

Conservation Management Practices: Conservation management practices include agricultural management practices that sequester carbon, reduce atmospheric GHGs and improve soil health. These practices can include United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Conservation Practice Standards (CPS), and California Department of Food and Agriculture Healthy Soils Program Practices.

Cost-effectiveness: Defined as the greenhouse gas reduction identified by the Quantification Methodology per dollar of California Climate Investment Funding requested.

Employment Outcomes: Employment outcomes include the following categories—the job classification or trade supported, any job training credentials, the number of jobs provided per classification, the number of jobs provided to employees from priority populations, total hours worked on the project, total hours worked by employees from priority populations, average hourly wage, average hourly wage for employees from priority populations, total number of workers that completed job training (if relevant), and a description of job quality.

Federally Recognized California Native American Tribe: A tribe located in the state of California, a sovereign political entity and public agency, and acknowledged by the federal government pursuant to the annual list published under the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. Sec. 5131) in the Federal Register.

Fully Burdened Rate: The actual cost of a company to have an employee, aside from the salary the employee earns. Labor burden costs include benefits that a company must, or chooses to, pay for employees included on their payroll. These costs include but are not limited to payroll taxes, pension costs, health insurance, dental insurance, and any other benefits that a company provides an employee.

Fund or Funds: Monies authorized by the California Budget Act from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF) to the Strategic Growth Council to develop and administer the Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities (AHSC) Program. Health and Safety Code Section 39719(b)(1)(C), apportions twenty percent (20%) of the GGRF's proceeds on an annual basis to AHSC beginning in FY 2015-16.

Grant Administrator: An employee of the State who manages grants, also called a Grant Manager.

Grant Agreement: A contractual arrangement between the Department and grantee specifying the payment of funds by the Department for the execution of the work program by the grantee.

Grant Performance Period: The beginning and ending dates of the Grant Agreement. Eligible costs incurred during this period may be funded from the grant.

Grant term: The period beginning upon the Department Director's signature of the grant agreement or grant start date, whichever is latest. During this time, the grantee executes the work program outlined in said agreement.

Grantee: An applicant that has signed an agreement for grant funding with the State.

Greenhouse Gases: Include, but are not limited to, carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydro fluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride.

Habitat Transition Zones: Areas along an elevational gradient where two habitats overlap or meet, and that provide opportunities for species migration as climate changes.

Including: Including means "including, but not limited to."

Infrastructure: Specific to SALC, infrastructure refers to the resources upon which an agricultural business relies. This includes, but is not limited to, seed and fertilizer suppliers, veterinary services, water and energy distribution, transportation, drying or processing facilities, and storage or marketing facilities.

Joint Proposal: An application submitted for the Sustainable Agricultural Lands Strategy and Outcome Grants by one lead eligible applicant with one or more eligible applicant(s) (co-applicant). A single Budget and Work Plan must be submitted by the lead applicant. The Budget and Work Plan must describe the funds that will be distributed to lead and co-applicants and identify general activities for which they are used.

Land Tenure: The act, right, manner, or term of holding land. For the purposes of these guidelines, land tenure refers to legal ownership of, or formal access to, agricultural lands for no less than ten years.

Land Trust: A private, non-profit organization that holds a tax exemption as defined under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and further qualifies as an organization under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) or 170(h)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of the SALC, land trusts eligible to hold

agricultural conservation easements must have among their purposes the conservation of agricultural lands.

Living Area: Specific to the SALC, living area is defined by the local jurisdiction that oversees permitting of the project area. Please refer to your local jurisdiction for additional information.

Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO): The Cortese-Knox Local Government Reorganization Act (Government Code Section 56000, et seq.) established Local Agency Formation Commissions in each county, empowering them to review, approve or deny proposals for boundary changes and incorporations for cities, counties, and special districts. Among the purposes of a LAFCO are discouraging urban sprawl, preserving open-space and prime agricultural lands, efficiently providing government services, and encouraging the orderly formation and development of local agencies based upon local conditions and circumstances (Government Code Section 56301). One of the primary planning tasks is the establishment of "Spheres of Influence" for the various governmental bodies within their jurisdiction.

Natural Resources: The materials and functions that comprise the natural wealth of an area's ecosystems, including the plants, animals, minerals, air, water, and soil. Among these functions are watershed catchment, wildlife migration and habitation, forestry, grazing, and crop production. Of particular importance for complex, large-scale natural resources functions are lands that flood, lands that are farmed, lands dedicated to open space, lands designated for mineral extraction, greenbelts, parks and trails, and lands valued for their aesthetics.

Participating Stakeholder: Cities, counties, local agency formation commissions (LAFCOs), agricultural businesses, agricultural water providers/purveyors, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), community members, and California Native American tribes.

Partner(s): Non-profits, resource conservation districts, or other stakeholders with an interest in conserving agricultural land that are included or play a role in the Applicant's proposed scope of work.

Project Geographic Area: For purposes of SALC, the physical geographic extent of a proposal is assessed to estimate the GHG emission reductions at the application stage; only agricultural lands within the project geographic area that are determined to be at risk of conversion are considered when quantifying the GHG benefit.

Project structure: Attributes that define the agricultural conservation easement project including acreage, boundary, legal access, reserved rights, prohibited uses, fee ownership, mineral estate, and co-benefits.

Reasonable Associated Costs: A cost is reasonable if, in its nature and amount, it does not exceed that which would be incurred by a prudent person under the circumstances prevailing at the time the decision was made to incur the cost. In determining reasonableness of a given cost, consideration must be given to:

- Whether the cost is of a type generally recognized as ordinary and necessary for the operation of the entity or the proper and efficient performance of the Grant Agreement.
- The restraints or requirements imposed by such factors as: sound business practices; arm's-length bargaining; federal, state, local, tribal, and other laws and regulations; and terms and conditions of the Grant Agreement.
- Market prices for comparable goods or services for the geographic area.
- Whether the individuals concerned acted with prudence in the circumstances considering their responsibilities to its employees, the public at large, and the State.
- Whether the cost significantly deviates from the acquiring entity's established practices and policies regarding the incurrence of costs

Regional Plan: Either of the following: 1) A long-range transportation plan developed pursuant to Section 134(g) of Title 23 of the United States Code and any applicable State requirements, OR 2) A regional blueprint plan, which is a regional plan that implements statutory requirements intended to foster comprehensive planning as defined in Section 65041.1 of Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 65080) of Division 1 of title 7, and Article 10.6 (commencing with Section 65580) of Chapter 3 of Division 1 of Title 7 of the Government Code. If a California Native American tribe is the applicant, regional plan also includes plans demonstrating a commitment to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, such as an adopted air quality plan, international agreement to which the tribe is signatory, or an agreement with other tribal authorities demonstrating a commitment to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

Reserved Rights: Rights expressly retained or proposed to be retained by the landowner/grantor of an agricultural conservation easement.

Socially Disadvantaged Farmer and/or Rancher: Per California Food and Agriculture Code § 512, a farmer or rancher who is a member of a socially disadvantaged group.

Specific Plan: A tool for local government implementation of all or part of an area covered by a general plan. A specific plan can combine policy

statements with development regulations. It is often used to address the development requirements for projects such as urban infill developments or planned communities. Its emphasis is on standards and development criteria for projects within the area of the specific plan. A specific plan may be adopted either by resolution or by ordinance. Specific plans must be consistent with all facets of the General Plan (§65450, et seq.).

Sphere of Influence (SOI): The SOI is a plan for the probable physical boundaries and service area of a local government agency (Government Code Section 56076). One of the primary planning tasks of each county’s LAFCO is the establishment of SOIs for the governmental bodies within their jurisdictions.

State: For purposes of the SALC, State is a general term including the Strategic Growth Council, Department of Conservation, and the Natural Resources Agency or its representatives.

Stewardship Fund: Funds dedicated solely for the long-term stewardship of conservation easements. These funds are set aside by the easement holder at the recordation of a conservation easement and dedicated to ensure funding for the cost of annual monitoring and evaluation of easement threats.

Subcontractor: An entity contracting with the applicant that will participate in the proposed work program submitted by the applicant. Subcontractors must be included in the work plan and budget form. The lead applicant submits invoices on behalf of the subcontractor. The State pays the lead applicant, who then pays the subcontractor.

Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS): A plan that coordinates transportation and land use planning as described in the Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act of 2008 in order to meet a region’s GHG reduction targets. Each Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) shall consider the best practically available scientific information regarding resource areas and farmland in the region when compiling their SCS. Each SCS must be reviewed and accepted by CARB.

Traditional Ecological Knowledge: The evolving knowledge acquired by indigenous and local peoples over hundreds or thousands of years through direct contact with the environment, is location-specific, and includes relationships between plants, animals, natural phenomena, landscapes and timing of events used for lifeways, including but not limited to hunting, fishing, trapping, agriculture, and forestry or defined by individual Native American Tribal governments to fit the need of their community.

Tribe: Federally recognized tribes, tribes listed with Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC), and tribes that are neither recognized nor listed on the NAHC list but are known within a project area.

Tribal Non-profit: A 501(c)(3) non-profit organization with a majority tribal-led board that exists as an arm of the Tribe to represent and pursue the interests of a California Native American tribe.

Tribal-serving Non-profit: A 501(c)(3) non-profit organization that provides services to Tribal communities, facilitates tribal practices, and/or supports the protection or continuance of natural, historic, or open-space resources for cultural purposes in their mission statement and purpose.