AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 13, 2025

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY FEBRUARY 27, 2025

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2025–26 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 462

Introduced by Assembly Members Lowenthal and Rivas (Coauthor: Assembly Member Wicks)

February 6, 2025

An act to amend <u>Section</u> Sections 66328 and 66329 of the Government Code, relating to land use, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 462, as amended, Lowenthal. Land use: coastal development permits: accessory dwelling units.

Existing law provides for the creation by local ordinance, or by ministerial approval if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, of accessory dwelling units in areas zoned for single-family or multifamily dwelling residential use in accordance with specified standards and conditions. The Existing law prohibits a local agency from issuing a certificate of occupancy for an accessory dwelling unit before the local agency issues a certificate of occupancy for the primary dwelling.

This bill, notwithstanding that prohibition, would require a local agency to issue a certificate of occupancy for an accessory dwelling unit constructed in a county that is subject to a proclamation of a state of emergency made by the Governor on or after February 1, 2025, even if the primary dwelling has not yet been issued a certificate of occupancy, if certain requirements are met, including that the primary dwelling was substantially damaged or destroyed by an event referenced

in the state of emergency proclamation. By imposing new duties on local agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Coastal Act of 1976, which is administered by the California Coastal Commission, requires any person wishing to perform or undertake any development in the coastal zone, as defined, to obtain a coastal development permit from a local government or the commission, except as provided. Existing law specifies that the above-described provisions *laws* governing accessory dwelling units do not supersede or in any way alter or lessen the effect or application of the California Coastal Act of 1976, except as specified.

This bill would exempt the construction of an accessory dwelling unit located within the County of Los Angeles, and in any county that is subject to a proclamation of a state of emergency made by the Governor on or after February 1, 2025, <u>as provided</u>, *if housing is damaged*, *destroyed*, *or otherwise made uninhabitable by the state of emergency*, from the need to obtain a coastal development<u>permit</u>, as specified. *permit if specified requirements are met*, *including that the accessory dwelling unit be set back at least 10 feet from a canyon bluff or at least* 25 feet from a coastal bluff.

This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute for the County of Los Angeles.

The bill would include findings that changes proposed by this bill address a matter of statewide concern rather than a municipal affair and, therefore, apply to all cities, including charter cities.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 66328 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:

66328. (a) A local agency shall not issue a certificate of
 occupancy for an accessory dwelling unit before the local agency
 issues a certificate of occupancy for the primary dwelling.

4 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a local agency shall issue
5 a certificate of occupancy for an accessory dwelling unit
6 constructed in a county that is subject to a proclamation of a state

7 of emergency made by the Governor on or after February 1, 2025,

8 *if both of the following requirements are met, even if the primary*

9 dwelling has not yet been issued a certificate of occupancy:

10 (1) The primary dwelling was substantially damaged or 11 destroyed by an event referenced in the state of emergency 12 proclamation issued by the Governor.

13 (2) The accessory dwelling unit has been issued construction14 permits and has passed all required inspections.

(c) Subdivision (b) does not apply to an accessory dwelling unit
attached to the primary dwelling.

17 SECTION 1.

18 *SEC. 2.* Section 66329 of the Government Code is amended 19 to read:

66329. (a) Construction of an accessory dwelling unit within
either of the following-locations locations, and that meets the
requirements of subdivision (b), shall be exempt from the
requirement to obtain a coastal development permit pursuant to
subdivision (a) of Section 30600 of the Public Resources Code:

25 (1) The County of Los Angeles.

26 (2) Any county that is subject to a Governor's proclamation of 27 a state of emergency made by the Governor on or after February 28 1, 2025, if housing is damaged, destroyed, or otherwise made 29 uninhabitable by the event that resulted in a state of emergency 30 proclamation in that county. *This exemption shall continue to apply* 31 *even after the state of emergency proclamation has expired.* 32 (b) In order to could for the association of the state of the state

(b) In order to qualify for the exemption pursuant to subdivision
(a), an accessory dwelling unit shall comply with both of the
following requirements, in addition to the requirements established
or authorized by this chapter:

36 (1) The accessory dwelling unit shall be set back at least 10 feet
37 from a canyon bluff or at least 25 feet from a coastal bluff.

38 (2) The accessory dwelling unit shall not encroach on a public
 39 access easement or public access deed restriction, except for an

40 easement or deed restriction on the seaward side of a primary

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1 dwelling on the beach, and only to the extent that the accessory 2 dwelling unit does not expand farther into a previously approved 3 public view corridor, farther into an open space deed restriction, 4 or farther seaward on the beach, than the primary dwelling, or, 5 if the primary dwelling was damaged, destroyed, or otherwise made uninhabitable by the event that resulted in the state of 6 7 emergency proclamation as described in paragraph (2) of 8 subdivision (a), the primary dwelling as it existed immediately 9 before the state of emergency. 10 (b)(c) Except as provided in subdivision (a), subdivisions (a) and 11 12 (b), nothing in this article shall be construed to supersede or in any way alter or lessen the effect or application of the California 13 Coastal Act of 1976 (Division 20 (commencing with Section 14 30000) of the Public Resources Code), except that the local 15 government shall not be required to hold public hearings for coastal 16 17 development permit applications for accessory dwelling units. 18 SEC. 2. 19 SEC. 3. The Legislature finds and declares that a special statute is necessary and that a general statute cannot be made applicable 20 21 within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California 22 Constitution because of the devastating effect of the wildfires in 23 the County of Los Angeles. 24 SEC. 3. 25 SEC. 4. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following: 26 (a) The state faces a housing crisis of availability and 27 affordability, in large part due to a severe shortage of housing. 28 (b) Solving the housing crisis therefore requires a multifaceted, 29 statewide approach which will include, but is not limited to, any 30 or some of the following: 31 (1) Encouraging an increase in the overall supply of housing. (2) Encouraging the development of housing that is affordable 32 33 to households at all income levels. 34 (3) Removing barriers to housing production. 35 (4) Expanding the availability of rental housing. Therefore, addressing the housing crisis and the severe shortage 36 37 of housing is a matter of statewide concern and is not a municipal 38 affair as that term is used in Section 5 of Article XI of the 39 California Constitution. Therefore, Section 1 Sections 1 and 2 of

40 this act amending-Section Sections 66328 and 66329 of the

1 Government Code applies *apply* to all cities, including charter 2 cities.

3 SEC. 5. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to

4 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because

5 a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service

6 charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or

7 level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section

8 17556 of the Government Code.

9 <u>SEC. 4.</u>

10 SEC. 6. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the

11 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within

12 the meaning of Article IV of the California Constitution and shall

13 go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

14 In order to avert economic and social harm as a result of natural

disasters and the severe lack of affordable housing in the Countyof Los Angeles and the state, it is necessary for this act to take

16 of Los Angeles and the state, it is n17 effect immediately.

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