AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 20, 2024

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 16, 2024

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 18, 2024

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 4, 2024

SENATE BILL

No. 1053

Introduced by Senators Blakespear and Allen

(Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Bauer-Kahan and Mathis) (Coauthors: Senators Limón, Stern, and Wiener) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Addis, Bennett, Boerner, Friedman, *Quirk-Silva*, and Rendon)

February 8, 2024

An act to amend and repeal Sections 42281.5, 42282, 42282.1, and 42283.6 of, and to amend, repeal, and add Sections 42280, 42281, 42283, 42283.5, and 42284 of, the Public Resources Code, relating to solid waste.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1053, as amended, Blakespear. Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition.

Existing law prohibits a store, as defined, from providing a single-use carryout bag, as defined, to a customer, with specified exceptions, including an exemption for bags used to contain unwrapped food. Existing law requires a reusable grocery bag sold by a store to a customer at the point of sale to be made by a certified reusable grocery bag producer and to meet specified requirements with regard to the bag's durability, material, labeling, heavy metal content, and, with regard to reusable grocery bags made from plastic film, recycled material content. Existing law prohibits a producer of reusable grocery bags

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made from plastic film from selling or distributing those bags unless the producer is certified by a third-party certification entity, and provides proof of that certification and a certification fee to the department, as specified. Existing law also prohibits a store from selling or distributing a recycled paper bag at the point of sale unless the store makes that bag available for purchase for not less than \$0.10. Existing law defines "recycled paper bag," in part, as a paper carryout bag that contains a minimum of 40% postconsumer recycled materials, except as provided, and meets other requirements. Existing law allows a retail establishment to voluntarily comply with these requirements, if the retail establishment provides the department with irrevocable notice.

This bill would, commencing January 1, 2026, revise and recast those provisions to, among other things, revise the single-use carryout bag exception to include a bag provided to a customer before the customer reaches the point of sale, that is designed to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items in a checkout bag, or to contain an unwrapped food item, as specified. The bill would revise the definition of "recycled paper bag" to require it be made from a minimum of 50% postconsumer recycled materials on and after January 1, 2028, without exception. The bill would also prohibit a store from providing a reusable grocery bag to a customer at the point of sale and would require a reusable grocery bag-sold by a store to a eustomer at stocked or displayed for sale or distribution at a location other than the point of sale to meet different requirements, including that it not be made from plastic film material. The bill would also repeal the provisions relating to certification of reusable grocery bags, and would repeal a provision relating to certain obsolete at-store recycling program requirements. The bill would make related conforming changes.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 42280 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 3 42280. (a)
- 4 42280. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions
- 5 apply:
- 6 (a) "Department" means the Department of Resources Recycling 7 and Recovery.

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(b) "Postconsumer recycled material" means a material that would otherwise be destined for solid waste disposal, having completed its intended end use and product life cycle. Postconsumer recycled material does not include materials and byproducts generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing and fabrication process.

- (c) "Recycled paper bag" means a paper carryout bag provided by a store to a customer at the point of sale that meets all of the following requirements:
- (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), contains a minimum of 40 percent postconsumer recycled materials.
- (B) An eight-pound or smaller recycled paper bag shall contain a minimum of 20 percent postconsumer recycled material.
- (2) Is accepted for recycling in curbside programs in a majority of households that have access to curbside recycling programs in the state.
- (3) Has printed on the bag the name of the manufacturer, the country where the bag was manufactured, and the minimum percentage of postconsumer content.
- (d) "Reusable grocery bag" means a bag that is provided by a store to a customer at the point of sale that meets the requirements of Section 42281.
- (e) (1) "Reusable grocery bag producer" means a person or entity that does any of the following:
- (A) Manufactures reusable grocery bags for sale or distribution to a store.
- (B) Imports reusable grocery bags into this state, for sale or distribution to a store.
 - (C) Sells or distributes reusable bags to a store.
- (2) "Reusable grocery bag producer" does not include a store, with regard to a reusable grocery bag for which there is a manufacturer or importer, as specified in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1).
- (f) (1) "Single-use carryout bag" means a bag made of plastic, paper, or other material that is provided by a store to a customer at the point of sale and that is not a recycled paper bag or a reusable grocery bag that meets the requirements of Section 42281.
- 38 (2) A single-use carryout bag does not include any of the 39 following:

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(A) A bag provided by a pharmacy pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code to a customer purchasing a prescription medication.

- (B) A nonhandled bag used to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items when placed in a recycled paper bag, a reusable grocery bag, or a compostable plastic bag.
 - (C) A bag provided to contain an unwrapped food item.
- (D) A nonhandled bag that is designed to be placed over articles of clothing on a hanger.
- (g) "Store" means a retail establishment that meets any of the following requirements:
- (1) A full-line, self-service retail store with gross annual sales of two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or more that sells a line of dry groceries, canned goods, or nonfood items, and some perishable items.
- (2) Has at least 10,000 square feet of retail space that generates sales or use tax pursuant to the Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law (Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 7200) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code) and has a pharmacy licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (3) Is a convenience food store, foodmart, or other entity that is engaged in the retail sale of a limited line of goods, generally including milk, bread, soda, and snack foods, and that holds a Type 20 or Type 21 license issued by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- (4) Is a convenience food store, foodmart, or other entity that is engaged in the retail sale of goods intended to be consumed off the premises, and that holds a Type 20 or Type 21 license issued by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- (5) Is not otherwise subject to paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4), if the retail establishment voluntarily agrees to comply with the requirements imposed upon a store pursuant to this chapter, irrevocably notifies the department of its intent to comply with the requirements imposed upon a store pursuant to this chapter, and complies with the requirements established pursuant to Section 42284.

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- (h) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, 2 and as of that date is repealed.
- 3 SEC. 2. Section 42280 is added to the Public Resources Code, 4 to read:

42280. (a) 5

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- 42280. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Department" means the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery.
- (b) "Flame-retardant chemical" has the same meaning as the term "covered flame retardant chemical," as defined in Section 19100 of the Business and Professions Code.
 - (c) "Plastic" has the same meaning as defined in Section 42041.
- (d) "Point of sale" means a place where purchased goods may be transferred to a customer, including, but not limited to, a checkout counter, self-checkout kiosk, in-store pickup, curbside delivery, and home delivery.

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(e) "Postconsumer recycled material" means a material that would otherwise be destined for solid waste disposal, having completed its intended end use and product life cycle. Postconsumer recycled material does not include materials and byproducts generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing and fabrication process.

25 (e)

- (f) "Recycled paper bag" means a paper carryout bag provided by a store to a customer at the point of sale that meets all of the following requirements:
- (1) Is accepted for recycling in curbside programs in a majority of households that have access to curbside recycling programs in the state.
- (2) Has printed on the bag the name of the manufacturer, the country where the bag was manufactured, and the percentage of postconsumer content.
- (3) (A) Contains a minimum of 50 percent postconsumer recycled materials.
- 37 (B) The requirement in subparagraph (A) applies on and after January 1, 2028. 38

39 (f) SB 1053 -6-

1 (g) "Reusable grocery bag" means a bag that is provided offered 2 for sale or distributed by a store to a customer at the point of sale 3 for the purpose of carrying purchased goods and that meets or 4 exceeds the requirements of Section 42281.

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- (h) (1) "Reusable grocery bag producer" means a person or entity that does any of the following:
- (A) Manufactures reusable grocery bags for sale or distribution to a store.
- (B) Imports reusable grocery bags into this state, for sale or distribution to a store.
 - (C) Sells or distributes reusable bags to a store.
- (2) "Reusable grocery bag producer" does not include a store, with regard to a reusable grocery bag for which there is a manufacturer or importer, as specified in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1).

17 (h)

- (i) (1) "Single-use carryout bag" means a bag made of plastic, paper, or other material that is provided by a store to a customer at the point of sale and that is not a recycled paper bag or a reusable grocery bag that meets the requirements of Section 42281.
- (2) A single-use carryout bag does not include any of the following:
- (A) A bag provided by a pharmacy pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code to a customer purchasing a prescription medication.
- (B) A nonhandled bag used to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items when placed in a recycled paper bag, a reusable grocery bag, or a compostable plastic bag.
- 32 (C) A precheckout bag, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 33 42281.2.
- 34 (D) A nonhandled bag that is designed to be placed over articles 35 of clothing on a hanger, such as a garment bag used in dry cleaning 36 or laundry services.

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38 (*j*) "Store" means a retail establishment that meets any of the following requirements:

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(1) A full-line, self-service retail store with gross annual sales of two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or more that sells a line of dry groceries, canned goods, or nonfood items, and some perishable items.

- (2) Has at least 10,000 square feet of retail space that generates sales or use tax pursuant to the Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law (Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 7200) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code) and has a pharmacy licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (3) Is a convenience food store, foodmart, or other entity that is engaged in the retail sale of a limited line of goods, generally including milk, bread, soda, and snack foods, and that holds a Type 20 or Type 21 license issued by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- (4) Is a convenience food store, foodmart, or other entity that is engaged in the retail sale of goods intended to be consumed off the premises, and that holds a Type 20 or Type 21 license issued by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- (5) If not otherwise subject to paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4), if the retail establishment voluntarily agrees to comply with the requirements imposed upon a store pursuant to this chapter, irrevocably notifies the department of its intent to comply with the requirements imposed upon a store pursuant to this chapter, and complies with the requirements established pursuant to Section 42284.

27 (i)

28 (*k*) "Textile" has the same meaning as defined in Section 108970 of the Health and Safety Code.

30 (k)

- (1) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2026.
- SEC. 3. Section 42281 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 42281. (a) On and after July 1, 2015, a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, may sell or distribute a reusable grocery bag to a customer at the point of sale only if the reusable bag is made by a producer certified pursuant to this article to meet all of the following requirements:
- 39 (1) Has a handle and is designed for at least 125 uses, as 40 provided in this article.

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- (2) Has a volume capacity of at least 15 liters.
 - (3) Is machine washable or made from a material that can be cleaned and disinfected.
 - (4) Has printed on the bag, or on a tag attached to the bag that is not intended to be removed, and in a manner visible to the consumer, all of the following information:
 - (A) The name of the manufacturer.
 - (B) The country where the bag was manufactured.
 - (C) A statement that the bag is a reusable bag and designed for at least 125 uses.
 - (D) If the bag is eligible for recycling in the state, instructions to return the bag to the store for recycling or to another appropriate recycling location. If recyclable in the state, the bag shall include the chasing arrows recycling symbol or the term "recyclable," consistent with the Federal Trade Commission guidelines use of that term, as updated.
 - (5) Does not contain lead, cadmium, or any other toxic material that may pose a threat to public health. A reusable bag manufacturer may demonstrate compliance with this requirement by obtaining a no objection letter from the federal Food and Drug Administration. This requirement shall not affect any authority of the Department of Toxic Substances Control pursuant to Article 14 (commencing with Section 25251) of Chapter 6.5 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code and, notwithstanding subdivision (c) of Section 25257.1 of the Health and Safety Code, the reusable grocery bag shall not be considered as a product category already regulated or subject to regulation.
 - (6) Complies with Section 260.12 of Part 260 of Title 16 of the Code of Federal Regulations related to recyclable claims if the reusable grocery bag producer makes a claim that the reusable grocery bag is recyclable.
 - (b) (1) In addition to the requirements in subdivision (a), a reusable grocery bag made from plastic film shall meet all of the following requirements:
 - (A) On and after January 1, 2016, it shall be made from a minimum of 20 percent postconsumer recycled material.
- 37 (B) On and after January 1, 2020, it shall be made from a 38 minimum of 40 percent postconsumer recycled material.

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(C) It shall be recyclable in this state, and accepted for return at stores subject to the at-store recycling program (Chapter 5.1 (commencing with Section 42250)) for recycling.

- (D) It shall have, in addition to the information required to be printed on the bag or on a tag, pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (a), a statement that the bag is made partly or wholly from postconsumer recycled material and stating the postconsumer recycled material content percentage, as applicable.
- (E) It shall be capable of carrying 22 pounds over a distance of 175 feet for a minimum of 125 uses and be at least 2.25 mils thick, measured according to the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard D6988-13.
- (2) A reusable grocery bag made from plastic film that meets the specifications of the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) International Standard Specification for Compostable Plastics D6400, as updated, is not required to meet the requirements of subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1), but shall be labeled in accordance with the applicable state law regarding compostable plastics.
- (c) In addition to the requirements of subdivision (a), a reusable grocery bag that is not made of plastic film and that is made from any other natural or synthetic fabric, including, but not limited to, woven or nonwoven nylon, polypropylene, polyethylene-terephthalate, or Tyvek, shall satisfy all of the following:
 - (1) It shall be sewn.

- (2) It shall be capable of carrying 22 pounds over a distance of 175 feet for a minimum of 125 uses.
- (3) It shall have a minimum fabric weight of at least 80 grams per square meter.
- (d) On and after July 1, 2016, a store as defined in paragraph (3), (4), or (5) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, shall comply with the requirements of this section.
- (e) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.
- 36 SEC. 4. Section 42281 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:
- 38 42281. (a) A store, as defined in subdivision (i) of Section 39 42280, may sell or distribute store may stock or display for sale 40 or distribution a reusable grocery bag to a customer at a location

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other than the point of sale-only if the reusable bag meets or exceeds all of the following requirements: 3

- (1) Is made of either of the following:
- 4 (A) Cloth or woven textile. A reusable bag made of cloth or 5 woven textile is not required to meet the requirements of paragraph 6 (4).
 - (B) Other washable textile.

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- (2) Has at least one strap and all straps and seams are sewn with thread.
- (3) Is capable of carrying 22 pounds over a distance of 175 feet for a minimum of 300 uses.
- (4) Except as provided in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), has a minimum fabric weight of 80 grams per square meter (GSM) and is not made from plastic film.
- (5) Has printed on the bag, or on a tag attached to the bag that is not intended to be removed, and in a manner visible to the consumer, all of the following information:
 - (A) The name of the manufacturer.
 - (B) The country where the bag was manufactured.
- (C) A statement that the bag is a reusable bag and designed for at least 300 uses.
- (D) A statement that the bag does not contain lead, cadmium, flame-retardant chemicals, or any other toxic material that may pose a threat to public health.
- (E) A statement indicating the plastic content of the bag, expressed as a percentage. The percentage disclosed may add up to the federally required textile fiber disclosure for plastic-based fibers. The percentage shall reflect the plastic share of the total mass of the bag.
- (6) Does not contain lead, cadmium, flame-retardant chemicals, or any other toxic material that may pose a threat to public health. This requirement shall not affect any authority of the Department of Toxic Substances Control pursuant to Article 14 (commencing with Section 25251) of Chapter 6.5 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code and, notwithstanding subdivision (c) of Section 25257.1 of the Health and Safety Code, the reusable grocery bag shall not be considered as a product category already regulated or subject to regulation. This paragraph shall not affect the application of the requirements of Chapter 13.5 (commencing with Section 108970) of Part 3 of Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code.

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(7) Complies with Section 260.12 of Part 260 of Title 16 of the Code of Federal Regulations related to recycling claims if the reusable grocery bag producer makes a claim that the reusable grocery bag is recyclable.

- (b) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2026.
- SEC. 5. Section 42281.5 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 42281.5. (a) On and after July 1, 2015, a producer of reusable grocery bags made from plastic film shall not sell or distribute a reusable grocery bag in this state unless the producer is certified by a third-party certification entity pursuant to Section 42282. A producer shall provide proof of certification to the department demonstrating that the reusable grocery bags produced by the producer comply with the provisions of this article. The proof of certification shall include all of the following:
- (1) Names, locations, and contact information of all sources of postconsumer recycled material and suppliers of postconsumer recycled material.
- (2) Quantity and dates of postconsumer recycled material purchases by the reusable grocery bag producer.
 - (3) How the postconsumer recycled material is obtained.
- (4) Information demonstrating that the postconsumer recycled material is cleaned using appropriate washing equipment.
- (b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 6. Section 42282 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 42282. (a) Commencing on or before July 1, 2015, the department shall accept from a reusable grocery bag producer proof of certification conducted by a third-party certification entity, submitted under penalty of perjury, for each type of reusable grocery bag that is manufactured, imported, sold, or distributed in the state and provided to a store for sale or distribution, at the point of sale, that meets all the applicable requirements of this article. The proof of certification shall be accompanied by a certification fee, established pursuant to Section 42282.1.
- (b) A reusable grocery bag producer shall resubmit to the department proof of certification as described in subdivision (a) on a biennial basis. A reusable grocery bag producer shall provide the department with an updated proof of certification conducted

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by a third-party certification entity if any modification that is not solely aesthetic is made to a previously certified reusable bag. Failure to comply with this subdivision shall result in removal of the relevant information posted on the department's internet website pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (e) for each reusable bag that lacks an updated proof of certification conducted by a third-party certification entity.

- (c) A third-party certification entity shall be an independent, accredited (ISO/IEC 17025) laboratory or a (ISO/IEC 17065) certification body. A third-party certification entity shall certify that the producer's reusable grocery bags meet the requirements of Section 42281.
- (d) The department shall provide a system to receive proofs of certification online.
- (e) On and after July 1, 2015, the department shall publish a list on its internet website that includes both of the following:
- (1) The name, location, and appropriate contact information of certified reusable grocery bag producers.
- (2) The reusable grocery bags of producers that have provided the required certification.
- (f) A reusable grocery bag producer shall submit applicable certified test results to the department confirming that the reusable grocery bag meets the requirements of this article for each type of reusable grocery bag that is manufactured, imported, sold, or distributed in the state and provided to a store for sale or distribution.
- (1) A person may object to the certification of a reusable grocery bag producer pursuant to this section by filing an action for review of that certification in the superior court of a county that has jurisdiction over the reusable grocery bag producer. The court shall determine if the reusable grocery bag producer is in compliance with the requirements of this article.
- (2) A reusable grocery bag producer whose certification is being objected to pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be deemed in compliance with this article pending a determination by the court.
- (3) Based on its determination, the court shall direct the department to remove the reusable grocery bag producer from, or retain the reusable grocery bag producer on, its list published pursuant to subdivision (e).

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(4) If the court directs the department to remove a reusable grocery bag producer from its published list, the reusable grocery bag producer shall remain off of the published list for a period of one year from the date of the court's determination.

- (g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 7. Section 42282.1 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
 - 42282.1. (a) A reusable grocery bag producer shall submit the fee established pursuant to subdivision (b) to the department when providing proof of certification or recertification pursuant to Sections 42281.5 and 42282.
 - (b) The department shall establish an administrative certification fee schedule that will generate fee revenues sufficient to cover, but not exceed, the department's reasonable costs to implement this article. The department shall deposit all moneys submitted pursuant to this section into the Reusable Grocery Bag Fund, which is hereby established in the State Treasury. Notwithstanding Section 11340 of the Government Code, moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated, without regard to fiscal year, to the department for the purpose of implementing this article.
- (c) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 8. Section 42283 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
- 42283. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (e), on and after July 1, 2015, a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, shall not provide a single-use carryout bag to a customer at the point of sale.
- (b) (1) On and after July 1, 2015, a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, shall not sell or distribute a reusable grocery bag at the point of sale except as provided in this subdivision.
- (2) On and after July 1, 2015, a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, may make available for purchase at the point of sale a reusable grocery bag that meets the requirements of Section 42281.
- 38 (3) On and after July 1, 2015, a store, as defined in paragraph 39 (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, that makes reusable 40 grocery bags available for purchase pursuant to paragraph (2) shall

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not sell the reusable grocery bag for less than ten cents (\$0.10) in order to ensure that the cost of providing a reusable grocery bag is not subsidized by a customer who does not require that bag.

- (c) (1) On and after July 1, 2015, a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, shall not sell or distribute a recycled paper bag except as provided in this subdivision.
- (2) A store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, may make available for purchase a recycled paper bag. On and after July 1, 2015, the store shall not sell a recycled paper bag for less than ten cents (\$0.10) in order to ensure that the cost of providing a recycled paper bag is not subsidized by a consumer who does not require that bag.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other law, on and after July 1, 2015, a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, that makes reusable grocery bags or recycled paper bags available for purchase at the point of sale shall provide a reusable grocery bag or a recycled paper bag at no cost at the point of sale to a customer using a payment card or voucher issued by the California Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 123275) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 106 of the Health and Safety Code or an electronic benefit transfer card issued pursuant to Section 10072 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (e) On and after July 1, 2015, a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, may distribute a compostable bag at the point of sale, if the compostable bag is provided to the consumer at the cost specified pursuant to paragraph (2), the compostable bag, at a minimum, meets the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) International Standard Specification for Compostable Plastics D6400, as updated, and in the jurisdiction where the compostable bag is sold and in the jurisdiction where the store is located, both of the following requirements are met:
- (1) A majority of the residential households in the jurisdiction have access to curbside collection of food waste for composting.
- (2) The governing authority for the jurisdiction has voted to allow stores in the jurisdiction to sell to consumers at the point of sale a compostable bag at a cost not less than the actual cost of the

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bag, which the Legislature hereby finds to be not less than ten
cents (\$0.10) per bag.
(f) A store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g)

- (f) A store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, shall not require a customer to use, purchase, or accept a single-use carryout bag, recycled paper bag, compostable bag, or reusable grocery bag as a condition of sale of any product.
- (g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 9. Section 42283 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:
- 42283. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), on and after January 1, 2026, a A store shall not provide a single-use carryout bag or a reusable grocery bag to a customer at the point of sale.
- (b) (1) On and after January 1, 2026, a store may sell or distribute at the point of sale a reusable grocery bag that meets the requirements of Section 42281.
- (2) On and after January 1, 2026, a store that sells reusable grocery bags pursuant to paragraph (1) shall not sell the reusable grocery bag for less than ten cents (\$0.10) in order to ensure that the cost of providing a reusable grocery bag is not subsidized by a customer who does not require that bag.

(c)

- (b) (1) On and after January 1, 2026, a A store shall not sell or distribute a recycled paper bag except as provided in this subdivision.
- (2) A store may make available for purchase a recycled paper bag but shall not sell a recycled paper bag for less than ten cents (\$0.10) in order to ensure that the cost of providing a recycled paper bag is not subsidized by a consumer who does not require that bag.

(d)

(c) Notwithstanding any other law, on and after January 1, 2026, a store that makes recycled paper bags available for purchase at the point of sale shall provide a recycled paper bag at no cost at the point of sale to a customer using a payment card or voucher issued by the California Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 123275) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 106 of the Health and Safety Code or an electronic benefit transfer card

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1 issued pursuant to Section 10072 of the Welfare and Institutions2 Code.

3 (e)

(d) A store shall not require a customer to use, purchase, or accept a recycled paper bag, compostable bag, or reusable grocery bag as a condition of sale of any product.

7 (f)

- 8 (e) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2026.
 - SEC. 10. Section 42283.5 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
 - 42283.5. (a) On and after July 1, 2016, a store, as defined in paragraph (3), (4), or (5) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, shall comply with the same requirements of Section 42283 that are imposed upon a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280.
 - (b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 11. Section 42283.5 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:
 - 42283.5. (a) A store, as defined in paragraph (5) of subdivision (i) (j) of Section 42280, shall comply with the same requirements of Section 42283 that are imposed upon a store, as defined in paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, of subdivision—(i) (j) of Section 42280.
 - (b) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2026.
 - SEC. 12. Section 42283.6 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:
 - 42283.6. (a) The operator of a store, as defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (g) of Section 42280 that makes recycled paper or reusable grocery bags available at the point of sale, shall be subject to the provisions of the at-store recycling program (Chapter 5.1 (commencing with Section 42250)).
 - (b) A store that voluntarily agrees to comply with the provisions of this article pursuant to subdivision (g) of Section 42280, shall also comply with the provisions of the at-store recycling program (Chapter 5.1 (commencing with Section 42250)).
- 37 (c) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.
- 39 SEC. 13. Section 42284 of the Public Resources Code is 40 amended to read:

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42284. (a) A retail establishment not specifically required to comply with the requirements of this chapter is encouraged to reduce its distribution of single-use plastic carryout bags.

- (b) Pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (g) of Section 42280, any retail establishment that is not a "store," that provides the department with the irrevocable written notice as specified in subdivision (c), shall be regulated as a "store" for the purposes of this chapter.
- (c) The irrevocable written notice shall be dated and signed by an authorized representative of the retail establishment, and shall include the name and physical address of all retail locations covered by the notice. The department shall acknowledge receipt of the notice in writing and shall specify the date the retail establishment will be regulated as a "store," which shall not be less than 30 days after the date of the department's acknowledgment. The department shall post on its internet website, organized by county, the name and physical location or locations of each retail establishment that has elected to be regulated as a "store."
- (d) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 14. Section 42284 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:
- 42284. (a) A retail establishment not specifically required to comply with the requirements of this chapter is encouraged to reduce its distribution of single-use plastic carryout bags.
- (b) Pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (5) of subdivision (i) (j) of Section 42280, any retail establishment that is not a "store," that provides the department with the irrevocable written notice as specified in subdivision (c), shall be regulated as a "store" for the purposes of this chapter.
- (c) The irrevocable written notice shall be dated and signed by an authorized representative of the retail establishment, and shall include the name and physical address of all retail locations covered by the notice. The department shall acknowledge receipt of the notice in writing and shall specify the date the retail establishment will be regulated as a "store," which shall not be less than 30 days after the date of the department's acknowledgment. The department shall post on its internet website, organized by county, the name and physical location or locations of each retail establishment that has elected to be regulated as a "store."

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1 (d) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2026.