

COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT

PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT CURRENT PLANNING DIVISION

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Hearing Date: October 7, 2021

To: Humboldt County Planning Commission

From: John H. Ford, Director of Planning and Building Department

Subject: Humboldt County Department of Public Works Coastal Development Permit

Record Number PLN-2021-17402

Assessor's Parcel Numbers (APNs) n/a-State Highway 255 Right of Way

Manila area

Table of Contents		Page
Agenda Item Tran Recommended A Draft Resolution	smittal ction and Executive Summary	2 3 6
Maps Location Map 90% Design Pla	ins (see Attachment 3, Appendix E)	12 141
Attachments		
Attachment 1	Recommended Conditions of Approval	13
Attachment 2	Applicant's Evidence in Support of the Required Findings	15
Attachment 3	Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration	<u>164</u>
Attachment 4	Referral Agency Comments and Recommendations	165
Attachment 5	Public Comments	166

Please contact Trevor Estlow, Planner, at 268-3740, or by email at testlow@co.humboldt.ca.us, if you have any questions about the scheduled public hearing item.

AGENDA ITEM TRANSMITTAL

Hearing Date	Subject	Contact
October 7, 2021	Coastal Development Permit	Trevor Estlow

Project: A Coastal Development Permit application for Humboldt County Department of Public Works to develop a Class I bike path (also known as shared use path or multi-use trail) along the western side of the Highway 255 corridor in the Manila area. The project would start near the Pacific Avenue intersection (Post Mile 3.64) and terminate north of the Carlson Drive intersection (Post Mile 4.24) for a total length of 0.6 miles. The bike path is designed as a paved, 10-foot-wide surface with two, two-foot-wide shoulders offset variable distances from the edge of the highway shoulder. The project includes 150 feet of concrete sidewalk along Pacific Avenue, a crosswalk near the Pacific Avenue/Peninsula Drive intersection, two light standards near Pacific Avenue, crosswalks at Lupin Avenue and Carlson Drive, and on-site wetland creation. The purpose of the project is to improve safety for non-motorized and motorized travelers in Manila and increase the use of active modes of transportation. The project would enhance coastal access, heighten driver awareness of the community, and fill the gap for non-motorized travel between the Pacific Avenue and Lupin Avenue neighborhoods. The trail is needed because Highway 255 through Manila is an incomplete transportation facility that was designed primarily to support motorized vehicles.

Project Location: The project is located in the Manila area, on the west side of State Route 255 starting near the Dean Street/Pacific Avenue intersection and terminating just north of the Carlson Avenue intersection.

Present Plan Designations: Residential Low Density (RL); Caltrans road right of way. Slope Stability: Relatively Stable (0).

Present Zoning: Residential Single-Family with combining zones for Manufactured Homes, Archaeological Resource Area Outside of Shelter Cove and Beach and Dune Areas (RS-5-M/A,B); Caltrans road right of way.

Case Number: PLN-2021-17402

Assessor Parcel Numbers: n/a; Caltrans road right of way

Applicant
Humboldt County Dept. of Public Works
Hank Seemann, Deputy-Director
1106 2nd Street
Eureka, Ca 95501

Owner(s)
Caltrans
Jen Buck
1655 Union Street
Eureka, CA 95501

Agent GHD Andrea Hilton 718 3rd Street Eureka, CA 95501

Environmental Review: Required

Major Issues: None

State Appeal Status: Project is appealable to the California Coastal Commission.

Humboldt County Department of Public Works Coastal Development Permit Record Number: PLN-2021-17402

Assessor's Parcel Numbers: State Route 255 Right of Way

Recommended Planning Commission Action

- 1. Describe the application as a public hearing
- 2. Request that staff present an overview of the project and staff's analysis.
- 3. Open the public hearing and receive testimony.
- 4. Close the public hearing and take the following action:

Adopt the Mitigated Negative Declaration and make all the required findings for approval of the Coastal Development Permit based on evidence in the staff report and public testimony, and adopt the Resolution approving the Humboldt County Department of Public Works project subject to the recommended conditions.

Executive Summary: The project is a Coastal Development Permit for the Manila Highway 255 Shared Path Project. The project is intended to provide non-motorized (primarily bike and pedestrian) transportation and recreational access in Manila via a Class I multi-use trail.

The shared use path project would provide a Class I bike path (trail) along the west side of State Route 255 (SR 255) beginning near the Dean Street/Pacific Avenue intersection (Post Mile 3.64) and terminating approximately 250 feet north of the Carlson Avenue intersection (Post Mile 4.24). The trail would provide a non-motorized alternative to SR 255, link neighborhoods and enhance access for users. The trail would be designed as a paved, 10-foot wide path with two, two-foot wide shoulders, situated at least five feet from the edge of a standard eight-foot wide shoulder along SR 255.

The project includes three interpretive signs with content that creates awareness of coastal dunes and native plants. The trail alignment would maximize separation from vehicular traffic to provide for the best user experience, and to accommodate highway operations and maintenance activities. Trail crosswalks would be provided at the Lupin Avenue and Carlson Avenue trail-road crossings.

The Project would complement pedestrian improvements recently completed by Humboldt County, Redwood Community Action Agency, and the Peninsula Community Collaborative on Peninsula Drive near Pacific Avenue. These improvements included widening the shoulder of Peninsula Drive between Pacific Avenue and the Manila Community Center/Redwood Coast Montessori School to create more separation between pedestrians and cyclists and vehicles. The improvements also included placement of a speed hump, crosswalk, and signage in front of the Manila Community Center/Redwood Coast Montessori School to improve safety to the existing bus stop on the opposite side of Peninsula Drive, as well as general pedestrian safety during roadway crossings. Project users would be able to access these pedestrian improvements along Peninsula Drive from the shared use pathway, enabling safer access along Peninsula Drive between Pacific Avenue and the Manila Community Center, including the dunes and beach commonly accessed from the Manila Community Center.

The current project is designed to accommodate future connection to the Humboldt Coastal Nature Center managed by Friends of the Dunes (FOD). The northern terminus of the trail project is adjacent to FOD property. FOD has a preliminary trail design but wants to wait for more time to ensure compatibility with the nearby private property. Caltrans has identified an administrative process that would allow a new opening in the right-of-way fence to allow this trail connection in

the event that FOD decides to pursue this connection in the future. This connection would enhance the usage of the current project and provide a tsunami evacuation route for the community.

The trail alignment was developed to avoid wetlands and sensitive habitats to the extent practicable. However, impacts to wetlands are unavoidable, and new wetlands will need to be created to offset these impacts. Coastal Act policy 30233 (a)(8) states:

"The diking, filling, or dredging of open coastal waters, wetlands, estuaries, and lakes shall be permitted in accordance with other applicable provisions of this division, where there is no feasible less environmentally damaging alternative, and where feasible mitigation measures have been provided to minimize adverse environmental effects, and shall be limited to the following:

(8) Nature study, aquaculture, or similar resource-dependent activities."

As wetlands can be filled for limited uses, this trail would fall under nature study and will facilitate bicyclists and pedestrians and provide interpretive signs at strategic locations. The project proposes to mitigate for 0.77 acres of permanent impacts to palustrine wetlands by creating 0.92 acres of wetlands on-site, thereby achieving a 1.2:1 replacement ratio. The created wetlands will be similar in extent and function to existing wetlands within the project area and subject to a long-term management plan for their protection consistent with the Caltrans' Maintenance Manual (July 2014). In addition to the on-site wetland creation, the County shall implement additional compensatory mitigation at a ratio of 4:1 by deducting a credit of 3.1 acres (i.e., 0.77 acres times four) from the existing mitigation bank associated with the off-site CDFW Fay Slough Wildlife Area. This will bring the total wetland mitigation ratio to 5.2:1.

Wetlands will be established in upland areas by recontouring ground surfaces to provide hydrologic connectivity to seasonal groundwater levels. Existing upland sites within proximity to groundwater are ideal for wetland creation Wetlands impacted by the project are typically seasonally wet (wet in winter and dry in summer). Thus, wetlands created to offset impacts will also be seasonal, with higher winter groundwater (closer to the surface) and drier summer conditions.

The ultimate regional goal is for separated non-motorized trails connecting Arcata, Manila, Samoa Bridge (route to Eureka), Samoa, and Fairhaven. The specific alignments for these trail connections have not been determined and will require future alignment option evaluation. The two existing transportation corridors (Highway 255 and NCRA railroad) will be the first consideration for potential alignments.

An Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration for the project has been prepared and was submitted to the State Clearinghouse (SCH #2021080304). Based on the on-site inspection, a review of Planning Division reference sources, and comments from all responding referral agencies, Planning staff has found that the project will not result in a significant impact on the environment as proposed, and that the applicant has submitted evidence in support of making all of the required findings for approving the proposed subdivision per the Recommended Commission Action.

The ISMND includes a mitigation measure (AES-1) to minimize impacts to vegetative visual screening provided by vegetation within the Caltrans road right of way for adjacent homes on Locke Street adjacent to Highway 255 and to provide replanting where needed.

Based on the on-site inspection, a review of Planning Division reference sources, and comments from all involved referral agencies, Planning staff believes that the applicant has submitted evidence in support of making all the required findings for approving the Coastal Development Permit

Alternatives: A couple alternatives may be considered: 1) The Planning Commission could elect to add or delete conditions of approval; 2) The Planning Commission could deny approval of the requested permits if the applicant is unable to make all of the required findings. Planning Division staff is confident that the required findings can be made based on the submitted evidence and subject to the recommended conditions of approval. Consequently, planning staff does not recommend further consideration of these alternatives.

RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT Resolution Number 21-

Record Number PLN-2021-17402

Assessor Parcel Numbers: State Route 255 and County Road Right of Way

Resolution by the Planning Commission of the County of Humboldt certifying compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act and conditionally approving the Department of Public Works Coastal Development Permit (17402).

WHEREAS, Hank Seemann, Public Works Deputy-Director, submitted, on behalf of the Humboldt County Department of Public Works, an application and evidence in support of approving a Coastal Development Permit for the construction of the Manila State Route 255 Shared Route Pathway Project; and

WHEREAS, the Humboldt County Planning Department as the Lead Agency, prepared an Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); and

WHEREAS, the Humboldt County Planning Commission held a duly noticed public hearing on **October 7**, **2021**; reviewed, considered, and discussed the application for a Conditional Use Permit and Special Permit; and reviewed and considered all evidence and testimony presented at the hearing.

Now, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Planning Commission makes all the following findings:

1. FINDING:

Project Description: A Coastal Development Permit application for Humboldt County Department of Public Works to develop a Class I bike path (also known as shared use path or multi-use trail) along the western side of the Highway 255 corridor in the Manila area. The project would start near the Pacific Avenue intersection (Post Mile 3.64) and terminate north of the Carlson Drive intersection (Post Mile 4.24) for a total length of 0.6 miles. The bike path is designed as a paved, 10-foot-wide surface with two, two-footwide shoulders offset variable distances from the edge of the highway shoulder. The project includes 150 feet of concrete sidewalk along Pacific Avenue, a crosswalk near the Pacific Avenue/Peninsula Drive intersection, two light standards near Pacific Avenue, crosswalks at Lupin Avenue and Carlson Drive, and on-site wetland creation. The purpose of the project is to improve safety for non-motorized and motorized travelers in Manila and increase the use of active modes of transportation. The project would enhance coastal access, heighten driver awareness of the community, and fill the gap for non-motorized travel between the Pacific Avenue and Lupin Avenue neighborhoods. The trail is needed because Highway 255 through Manila is an incomplete transportation facility that was designed primarily to support motorized vehicles.

EVIDENCE: a) Project File: PLN-2021-17402

2. FINDING: CEQA: The requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act have been met.

EVIDENCE:

a) The Humboldt County Planning Department as the Lead Agency, prepared an Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

FINDINGS FOR COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

3. FINDING:

The proposed development is in conformance with the County General Plan, including the Humboldt Bay Area Plan.

EVIDENCE:

- a) The Manila State Route 255 Shared Route Pathway Project will be constructed within the existing Caltrans and County right of way. Coastal access facilities such as the proposed Pathway Project are principally permitted and require a Coastal Development Permit.
- b) The project complies with the County's Housing Element as it will not add to nor subtract from the County Housing Inventory.
- The project site is located in an area of relatively stable geologic C) instability and outside of any fire hazard severity zone. The project area is outside of any mapped Flood Zone according to FIRM Map #835. The project will implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) throughout construction to prevent erosion and the work is not expected to affect flood hazards. The property is located in the Local Responsibility Area (LRA) and is serviced by the Arcata Fire Protection District who responds to structural fires and medical emergencies. Based on these findings, the proposed development does not increase risks to hazards. All referral agencies have recommended approval of the proposed project.
- d) A Natural Environment Study was prepared for the project by Stillwater Sciences (January 2019) that described the project, prior studies, the environmental setting, including biological conditions in the study area (BSA), biological resource impacts and mitigation, and regulatory determinations. The Study identified avoidance and minimization measures to be implemented to avoid and minimize potential impacts associated with development of the shared use pathway. Project activities will involve clearing and grubbing of vegetation within the footprint of the bike path, within paved or graveled greas, or in designated previously disturbed areas. Trail construction will involve excavation, fill to maintain trail grades, placement of aggregate base, asphaltic concrete paving for trail surface, and installation of appurtenances to include curbs, railings, lighting and signage. The project is designed to minimize impact on identified environmentally sensitive habitat areas (ESHA). No Upland ESHA will be impacted by the project. The project is being designed to avoid USACE and CCC jurisdictional waters and wetlands to the extent possible. According to the Wetland Delineation conducted by GHD, the trail alignment crosses through small wetland areas. As proposed, the project directly affects approximately 0.77 acres of wetlands by filling for nature study, and 0.92 acres of additional wetlands will be created at a ratio of 1.2:1 so there will be no wetland loss. In addition to the on-site wetland creation, the

County shall implement additional compensatory mitigation at a ratio of 4:1 by deducting a credit of 3.1 acres (i.e., 0.77 acres times four) from the existing mitigation bank associated with the off-site CDFW Fay Slough Wildlife Area. This will bring the total wetland mitigation ratio to 5.2:1. Nature study is allowed under PRC Section 30233 for wetland fill and 30240 for work in ESHA where the use is resource dependent and it can be shown that the project represents the least environmentally damaging feasible alternative, includes feasible mitigation measures to minimize adverse environmental effects, and does not degrade adjacent sensitive habitat areas.

- e) The project is located in an area known to be highly sensitive with respect to cultural resources. The referral response from the Northwest Information Center (NWIC) recommended that a study be performed by a qualified professional archaeologist. At the request of the County Department of Public Works and Caltrans, Jamie Roscoe performed a cultural resource study (Sept. 2017) that covered the Area of Potential Effects (APE) associated with the project area. The study found no artifacts, features or historical resources within the project APE. Additionally, nearby sites were found to be outside the project APE. Furthermore, in consultation with the Bear River Band of the Rohnerville Rancheria, the Blue Lake Rancheria and the Wiyot Tribe, it was recommended that the standard inadvertent discovery condition be included in project approval. This has been added as a condition of approval.
- f) The subject parcel is not located within a designated coastal view/scenic area.

4. FINDING:

The proposed development is consistent with the purposes of the existing zone in which the site is located and the proposed development conforms to all applicable standards and requirements of these regulations.

EVIDENCE:

- a) The project area encompasses lands within Caltrans and Humboldt County road right of way. The project will provide for public access facilities which are principally permitted.
- b) The proposed development conforms to all development standards associated with the respective zones.
- c) The property is within the Manufactured Home combining zone, however, no manufactured homes are associated with this project.
- d) The property is within the Archaeological Resource Area Outside of Shelter Cove combining zone. A cultural resource study was prepared (Sept. 2017) that covered the Area of Potential Effects (APE) associated with the project area. The study found no artifacts, features or historical resources within the project APE. See additional discussion in 3.e above.
- e) The property is within the Beach and Dune combining zone which ensures that any development permitted in coastal beach and dune areas will not detract from the area's natural resource value or their potential for providing recreational opportunity. The

project is consistent with this combining zone as it will provide recreational activities and not detract from the area's natural resource value.

5. FINDING:

The proposed development and conditions under which it may be operated or maintained will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, or welfare; or materially injurious to property or improvements in the vicinity.

EVIDENCE:

All reviewing referral agencies have approved the proposed development. No detrimental effects to public health, safety and welfare were identified. The proposed development is not expected be detrimental to property values in the vicinity nor pose any kind of public health hazard.

6. FINDING:

The proposed development does not reduce the residential density for any parcel below that utilized by the Department of Housing and Community Development in determining compliance with housing element law.

EVIDENCE:

a)

The project in itself does not include any residential development, and will not reduce the residential density below that utilized by the Department of Housing and Community Development in determining compliance with housing element law.

SUPPLEMENTAL FINDINGS §312-39.14 Coastal Wetlands

7. FINDING:

There is no less environmentally damaging feasible alternative; and the best mitigation measures feasible have been provided to minimize adverse environmental effects; and the required mitigation will maintain or enhance the functional capacity of the wetland or estuary.

a) The goal of the project is to provide safe pedestrian and bicycle access through Manila. The most logical location for the trail is within the existing Caltrans and Humboldt County road right of way. The project design avoids wetland impacts to the greatest extent feasible by designing the pathway on uplands (nonwetlands) where possible and reducing the construction footprint and trail prism where wetlands are present to the extent allowable by engineering standards. Side-slopes for the side opposite Highway 255 are designed steeper than typical in order to minimize wetland impacts. Design alternatives considered reduction of the pathway width, but would not meet project objectives as a narrower path would not meet the minimum design standard for a Class I bike path and accommodate the expected volume and diversity of users of the multi-use trail, including its potential use as a tsunami evacuation route. The option of an elevated boardwalk through delineated wetlands was considered but determined to be economically infeasible; this option would also create safety concerns by having a fixed object with extended length adjacent to Highway 255. Therefore,

- considering all design options the chosen location and design for the Class I bike trail minimizes impacts and is the least environmentally damaging feasible alternative.
- b) Wetlands will be established in upland areas by recontouring ground surfaces to provide hydrologic connectivity to seasonal groundwater levels. The trail alignment has been designed to minimize wetland impacts to the extent feasible while maintaining the functional use of the shared use path. Furthermore, avoidance and minimization measures have been incorporated into the project design to reduce potential impacts to wetlands. Other measures contained in the Natural Environment Study will be implemented to avoid and minimize construction impacts to northern red-legged frogs, including pre-construction surveys and restricting construction in standing water to the period between July 1 and October 30 so as to avoid disturbance during the breeding season, among other measures. Compliance with all avoidance and minimization measures included in the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program have been made a condition of project approval.
- C) The mitigation will create on-site wetlands at a 1.2:1 replacement ratio. Therefore, there is no net loss of wetlands. In addition to the on-site wetland creation, the County shall implement additional compensatory mitigation at a ratio of 4:1 by deducting a credit of 3.1 acres (i.e., 0.77 acres times four) from the existing mitigation bank associated with the off-site CDFW Fay Slough Wildlife Area. This will bring the total wetland mitigation ratio to 5.2:1. A Habitat Mitigation and Monitoring Plan has been developed to achieve the dominant species composition in adjacent wetland habitats. Protection of created wetlands will be maintained through implementation of a long-range management plan consistent with the Caltrans' Maintenance Manual, with a commitment for no net wetland loss. Lastly, several invasive plant species were observed in the BSA in the developed landscape and nonnative perennial grassland habitats. The project will implement avoidance and minimization efforts to reduce the risk of spreading invasive plant species (e.g., purple pampas grass, fennel, European beach grass, yellow bush lupine) to adjacent natural communities, such as limiting ground disturbance and vegetation clearing, utilizing weed free materials and native seed mixes, and proper disposal of soil and vegetation. With implementation of all avoidance and minimization measures detailed in the plan, the project will have no effect on any state-or federally listed species, designated critical habitat, or essential fish habitat.

DECISION

NOW, THEREFORE, based on the above findings and evidence, the Humboldt County Planning Commission does hereby:

- Adopt the findings set forth in this resolution; and
- Adopts the Mitigated Negative Declaration and Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Humboldt County Department of Public Works Coastal Development Permit; and
- Conditionally approves the Humboldt County Department of Public Works Coastal Development Permit, based upon the Findings and Evidence and subject to the conditions of approval attached hereto as Attachment 1 and incorporated herein by reference.

Adopted after review and consideration of all the evidence on **October 7, 2021.**The motion was made by Commissioner ____ and seconded by Commissioner ____.

AYES: Commissioners:

NOES: Commissioners:

ABSTAIN: Commissioners:

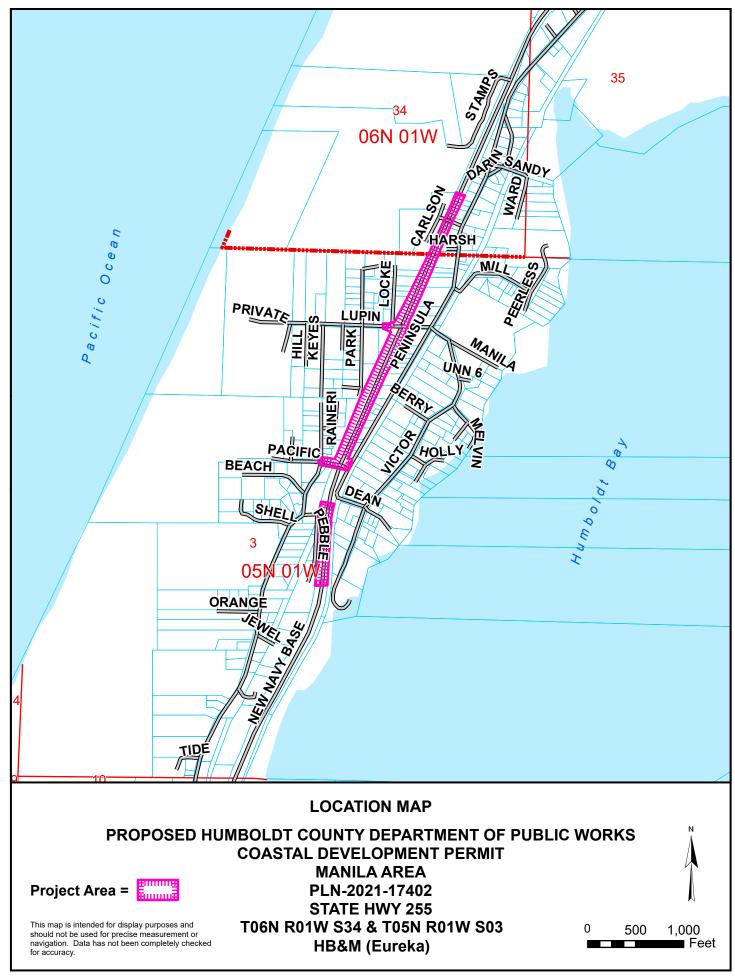
ABSENT: Commissioners:

DECISION:

I, John Ford, Secretary to the Planning Commission of the County of Humboldt, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and correct record of the action taken on the above-entitled matter

by said Commission at a meeting held on the date noted above.

John Ford, Director
Planning and Building Department



ATTACHMENT 1 CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Approval of the Coastal Development Permit is conditioned upon the following terms and requirements which must be fulfilled before the project is initiated.

- 1. Approval of this permit is based on the Project Description and the 90% Design Plans included in the Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration (August 2021). All related project activities shall be executed in accordance with these descriptions and discussion therein.
- 2. Applicant must apply for and obtain an encroachment permit from Caltrans prior to the initiation of any work within the Caltrans right of way.
- 3. All mitigation measures identified in the Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration (August 2021) shall be implemented consistent with the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan. These shall be monitored by the Department of Public Works.
- 4. This project is required to pay for permit processing on a time and material basis as set forth in the schedule of fees and charges as adopted by ordinance of the Humboldt County Board of Supervisors. Any and all outstanding Planning fees to cover the processing of the permit shall be paid to the Humboldt County Planning Division, 3015 "H" Street, Eureka.
- 5. Within five (5) days of the effective date of the approval of this permit, the applicant shall submit a check to the Planning Division payable to the Humboldt County Recorder in the amount of \$2,889.25. Pursuant to Section 711.4 of the Fish and Game Code, the amount includes the Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) filing fee plus a \$50 document handling fee

On-going Requirements/Development Restrictions which Must be Satisfied for the Life of the Project:

1. The project shall be conducted in accordance with the project description and approved project site plan.

Informational Notes:

 If cultural resources are encountered during construction activities, the contractor on site shall cease all work in the immediate area and within a 50-foot buffer of the discovery location. A qualified archaeologist as well as the appropriate Tribal Historic Preservation Officer(s) are to be contacted to evaluate the discovery and, in consultation with the applicant and lead agency, develop a treatment plan in any instance where significant impacts cannot be avoided.

The Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) can provide information regarding the appropriate Tribal point(s) of contact for a specific area; the NAHC can be reached at 916-653-4082. Prehistoric materials may include obsidian or chert flakes, tools, locally darkened midden soils, groundstone artifacts, shellfish or faunal remains, and human burials. If human remains are found, California Health and Safety Code 7050.5 requires that the County Coroner be contacted immediately at 707-445-7242. If the Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the NAHC will then be contacted by the Coroner to determine appropriate

treatment of the remains pursuant to PRC 5097.98. Violators shall be prosecuted in accordance with PRC Section 5097.99.

The applicant is responsible for ensuring compliance with this condition.

- 2. The applicant is responsible for receiving all necessary permits and/or approvals from other state and local agencies.
- 3. The Coastal Development Permit shall expire and become null and void at the expiration of two(2) years after all appeal periods have lapsed (see "Effective Date"); except where construction under a valid building permit or use in reliance on the permit has commenced prior to such anniversary date. The period within which construction or use must be commenced may be extended as provided by Section 312-11.3 of the Humboldt County Code.
- 4. The applicant is required to pay for permit processing on a time and material basis as set forth in the schedule of fees and charges as adopted by ordinance of the Humboldt County Board of Supervisors. The Department will provide a bill to the applicant after the decision. Any and all outstanding Planning fees to cover the processing of the application to decision by the Hearing Officer shall be paid to the Humboldt County Planning Division, 3015 "H" Street, Eureka.

ATTACHMENT 2

APPLICANT'S EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF THE REQUIRED FINDINGS

Attachment 3 includes a listing of all written evidence which has been submitted by the applicant in support of making the required findings. The following materials are on file with the Planning Division:

- Application Form [in file]
- CalEEMod Modeling Information and Results [attached see Appendix A of IS/MND]
- Natural Environment Study (Including Wetland Delineation) [attached see Appendix B of IS/MND]
- CEQA Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program [attached see Appendix C of IS/MND]
- 90% Design Plans [attached see Appendix E of IS/MND]

Appendix A
Preliminary Wetland Delineation for the Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project, Manila, California

REVISED FINAL REPORT • NOVEMBER 2018

Preliminary Delineation of Waters and Wetlands for the Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project, Manila, California – Revised









PREPARED FOR

GHD, Inc. 718 Third Street Eureka, CA 95501

and

Humboldt County Department of Public Works 1106 Second Street Eureka, CA 95501

PREPARED BY

Stillwater Sciences 850 G Street, Suite K Arcata, CA 95521

Suggested citation: Stillwater Sciences. 2018. Preliminary Wetland Delineation for the Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project, Manila, California. Revised Final Report. Prepared by Stillwater Sciences, Arcata, California for GHD, Eureka, California and Humboldt County Department of Public Works, Eureka, California.
Cover photos: Wetland delineation Survey Area, Manila, California, Stillwater Sciences 2017.

Table of Contents

1	INTK	ODUCTION1
	1.1	Project Description and Proponent
	1.2	Project Location and Survey Area
	1.3	Purpose of the Wetland Delineation2
	1.5	1 dipose of the Wetland Defineation
2	METI	HODS4
	2.1	Existing Conditions
	2.2	Field Delineation
		2.1 Waters determination
		2.2 Wetland determination
3	DECL	
3	KESU	ILTS6
	3.1	Existing Conditions
	3.	1.1 Hydrology
	3.	1.2 Soil units
	3.	1.3 Precipitation
	3.2	Preliminary Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands
		2.1 Waters
		2.2 Wetlands 17
	3.	2.3 Coastal Commission wetlands
4	REFE	ERENCES
Ta	bles	
Ta	ble 1.	Preliminary USACE- and CCC/LCP-jurisdictional waters of the U.S. in the 2017
		and 2018 Survey Areas
		•
Fig	gures	
Fig	gure 1.	Project location and waters/wetland delineation 2017 and 2018 Survey Areas 3
Fig	gure 2.	National Wetlands Inventory Map of the 2017 and 2018 Survey Areas
Fig	gure 3.	Mapped soil units in the 2017 and 2018 Survey Areas.
	gure 4.	Preliminary waters of the U.S. in the 2017 and 2018 Survey Areas
_	gure 5.	Preliminary waters of the U.S. in the 2017 and 2018 Survey Areas
	gure 6.	Additional potential CCC/LCP-jurisdictional wetlands the 2017 Survey Area
_	gure 7.	Hydrologic connection of preliminary waters of the U.S. in the 2017 and 2018
31 1	gare 7.	Survey Areas to Humboldt Bay
		501 To J Tilous to Humbolat Buy
•	pendio	
•	•	A. Field Delineation Photographs
•	•	B. Wetland Delineation Datasheets
Ap	pendix	C. List of Plant Species Observed in the Survey Area

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Description and Proponent

The Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project (Project) is a collaborative plan between Humboldt County, California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) District 1, and the Manila Community Services District to provide a bike path (also known as a shared-use path or multi-use trail) along the west side of State Route 255 (CA-255). The Project also includes intersection improvements along Pacific Avenue and Peninsula Drive and potential installation of streetlights at the Dean Street/Pacific Avenue intersection. The bike path will be designed in accordance with the Class I standard defined in Chapter 1000 of the Highway Design Manual (Caltrans 2016) and will consist of a paved, ten-foot-wide path with two-foot wide shoulders on either side that is situated at least five feet from the edge of the standard shoulder along the west side of CA-255. The project also includes the establishment of wetlands in onsite upland areas adjacent to the proposed bike path and in open space along SR 255 between Post Mile 3.45 and 3.58.

The Project is intended to improve safety for non-motorized and motorized travelers in Manila and facilitate the use of active modes of transportation by removing the existing gap in non-motorized travel pathways between the Pacific, Lupin, and Carlson neighborhoods. Additional benefits of the Project will include heightened driver awareness of the community, enhanced coastal access, and increased opportunities for recreation and nature study.

The Project proponent, Humboldt County Department of Public Works, may be contacted at:

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1.2 Project Location and Survey Area

The Project is in unincorporated Humboldt County along CA-255 (a western alternate to U.S. Route 101 [US-101]), between the intersection with Dean Street/Pacific Avenue (Post Mile 3.64) and the intersection with Carlson Drive (Post Mile 4.14) in the community of Manila, California (Figure 1). The Project is in Section 34 of Township 6 North and Section 3 of Township 5 North, Range 1 West of the Eureka U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle. The northern and southern boundaries of the Project are located at latitude 40°51'17.76"N and longitude 124°9'44.85"W and latitude 40°50'51.90"N and longitude 124° 9'58.56"W, respectively. The elevation within the Project area ranges from approximately 17 to 25 feet above mean sea level. The Project can be accessed from Eureka by taking the CA-255 exit from US-101, crossing the Samoa Bridge, and heading north along CA-255 for approximately 1.6 miles. From Arcata, the Project can be accessed by taking the CA-255 exit from US-101 and heading west towards Manila for 4.6 miles (Figure 1).

Wetland delineations were performed in a 5.5-acre area in 2017 (2017 Survey Area) and an additional 3.2-acre area in 2018 (2018 Survey Area). The additional 2018 Survey Area extends to the north and south of the 2017 Survey Area and was added to the Project in 2018 to incorporate

design modifications, a trail extension, and a potential wetland establishment area. Any reference to the 2017 Survey Area or 2018 Survey Area refers only to the area evaluated in that respective year. Otherwise, these two survey areas are combined and collectively referred to as Survey Area. The Survey Area parallels approximately 0.8 mile of CA-255 along its western side as well as a portion along the east side of CA-255 at the CA-255/Dean Street intersection (Figure 1). The Survey Area is in the CA-255 and Humboldt County right-of-way (ROW) which are actively managed by Caltrans and the County, respectively, in accordance with their standard road maintenance practices. As such, conditions in the Survey Area may change from those described in this report.

1.3 Purpose of the Wetland Delineation

The purpose of this delineation is to: (1) assess the geographic extent of water and wetland resources in the Survey Area; (2) delineate any waters of the U.S. that are potentially subject to the jurisdiction of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and/or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899; (3) delineate any additional waters of the State that may be subject to the jurisdiction of the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB), California Coastal Commission (Coastal Commission or CCC), County of Humboldt Local Coastal Program (LCP)¹, and/or California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). The wetland features in the 2017 Survey Area were verified by the San Francisco Regulatory Branch of the USACE on March 7, 2018 (USACE 2018). The wetland features in the 2018 Survey Area are considered preliminary until verified by the San Francisco Regulatory Branch of the USACE. The USACE will need to determine CWA jurisdiction of the wetland features in the 2018 Survey Area based on current regulatory guidance (e.g., USEPA and USACE 2008).

¹ The Project is in the "appeal" jurisdiction of the Coastal Zone; this area falls under the County of Humboldt's LCP, with primary permitting jurisdiction with the county. Coastal Development Permits may be appealed to the CCC.

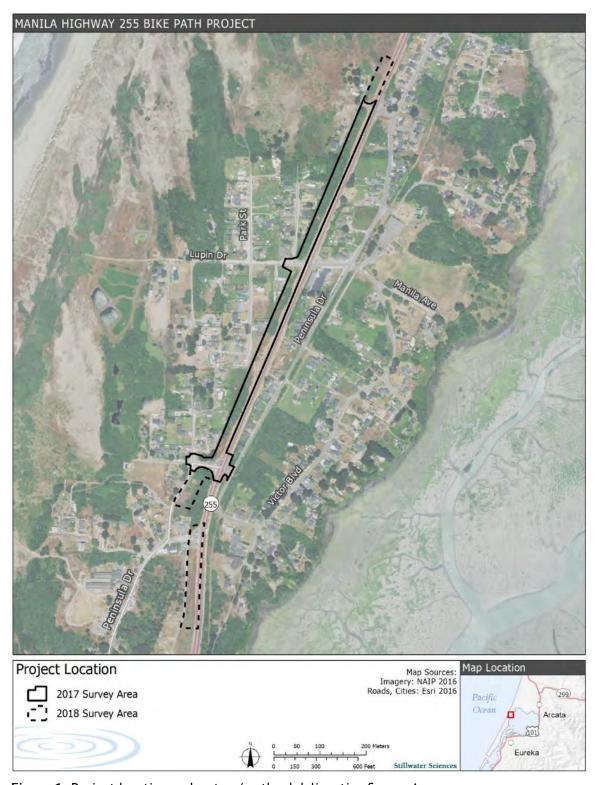


Figure 1. Project location and waters/wetland delineation Survey Area.

2 METHODS

2.1 Existing Conditions

Prior to the delineation, existing information on soils, hydrology, precipitation, and vegetation for the site was evaluated, and results from 2015 field reconnaissance surveys reported in the *Environmental Constraints Assessment* conducted for the Project (GHD, Inc. 2015) were reviewed. Information on potential jurisdictional waters and wetlands was obtained from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) online application, *Wetlands Mapper* (USFWS 2017, 2018). Available data from the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey website were reviewed for the Survey Area and nearby vicinity. Precipitation and climate records from the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC 2018) were reviewed for a nearby weather station, Eureka Weather Forecast Office, Woodley Island, California. Preliminary vegetation maps from the 2017/2018 vegetation mapping and characterization surveys associated with the Project's *Natural Environmental Study* (NES) (Stillwater Sciences 2018) were reviewed.

2.2 Field Delineation

Delineations of potential jurisdictional waters and wetlands were conducted by qualified personnel on August 1–2, 2017 (within the 2017 Survey Area) and October 17–18, 2018 (within the 2018 Survey Area) in accordance with the *Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual* (1987 Manual, USACE 1987), *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (Version 2.0)* (WMVC Supplement; USACE 2010), USACE *Regulatory Guidance Letter (RGL) No. 05-05* (USACE 2005), and *A Guide to Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) Delineation for Non-Perennial Streams in the Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region of the United States* (OHWM Guide; Mersel and Lichvar 2014). The delineations included any feature that could potentially meet the definition of a water protected under the Clean Water Act (and thus be subject to USACE jurisdiction), the Porter Cologne Act (RWQCB jurisdiction), and the Coastal Act or Humboldt County LCP (collectively, CCC/LCP jurisdiction).

2.2.1 Waters determination

The extent of waters, other waters, and tributaries was delineated by the location of the OHWM. The OHWM is defined as the elevation established on the shore by water fluctuations, and is indicated by physical characteristics such as: (a) a clear, natural line impressed on the bank; (b) shelving; (c) changes in the character of soil; (d) destruction of terrestrial vegetation; (e) the presence of litter and debris; or (f) other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas. The OHWM was identified in accordance with the USACE RGL 05-05 (USACE 2005) and the OHWM Guide (Mersel and Lichvar 2014).

Prior to the wetland delineation surveys, aerial photographs and topographic maps were reviewed to identify limits and connections of potential wetlands to traditional navigable waters (TNW) such as the Humboldt Bay. During the wetland delineations, waters in the Survey Area were further reviewed for their connectivity to a TNW based on culvert connections and the existing drainage network. The OHWM of potentially jurisdictional waters was delineated in the field. Boundaries were mapped via a sub-meter Global Positioning System (GPS) unit (Trimble Geo 6000) and later post-processed, corrected, and incorporated into Geographic Information Systems (GIS) where maps detailing the delineation results were generated. The delineation team recorded

the width of the channel at the OHWM at representative cross-sections, and the OHWM water depth at the thalweg (i.e., the projected depth of water when the channel is filled to the OHWM) onto USACE OHWM delineation data forms.

2.2.2 Wetland determination

Wetlands were delineated in accordance with the 1987 Manual (USACE 1987) and WMVC Supplement (USACE 2010). The 1987 Manual and WMVC Supplement provide technical guidelines and methods for the three-parameter approach to determining the location and boundaries of USACE jurisdictional wetlands. This approach requires that an area must support positive indicators of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology to be considered a jurisdictional wetland. Connectivity of delineated wetlands to other waters and tributaries was evaluated in accordance with USACE RGL 07-01 (USACE 2007). As the Survey Area is located within the Coastal Zone, all wetland features were also evaluated for potential CCC/LCP jurisdiction which requires that only one or two of the three USACE wetland parameters (hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology) be present (1976 California Coastal Act, Public Resources Code Section 30000 *et seq.*).

A total of 17 data points were sampled in potential USACE- and CCC/LCP-jurisdictional wetlands in the Survey Area. If a data point met all three wetland parameters, it was considered a USACE wetland; if a point only met one or two wetland parameters, it was considered a CCC/LCP wetland; if a point met no wetland parameters, it was considered upland. Potential wetland areas were identified based on information generated from the pre-field review (e.g., the NWI *Wetland Mapper* results), the vegetation maps of the Survey Area (Stillwater Sciences 2018, GHD, Inc. 2015), and observations of hydrology and vegetation in the field. If a data point met all three parameters for a USACE jurisdictional wetland, then a paired data point was placed along the preliminary transition zone (the area in which a change from wetland to non-wetland conditions occurs) to determine the wetland/upland boundary. If the data point did not meet any of the three parameters, then the point was considered to be in an upland location and a paired point was not collected. At each data point, a soil pit was dug and the following information was recorded using the USACE (2010) data forms:

- 1. **Vegetation**: Dominant plant species for each stratum (i.e., tree, sapling/shrub, herb, woody vine) by scientific name (genus and species) following the taxonomy of *The Jepson Manual, Second Edition* (Baldwin et al. 2012) and the online *Jepson eFlora* (Jepson Flora Project 2018). Absolute percent cover and dominance were determined using the 50/20 rule outlined in the *WMVC Supplement*, and the wetland indicator status (OBL [obligate], FACW [facultative-wet], FAC [facultative], FACU [facultative-upland], and UPL [upland]) defined for the WMVC Region in the *National Wetland Plant List: 2016 Wetland Ratings* (Lichvar et al. 2016). Plant species not listed in the *2016 National Wetland Plant List* were considered upland (UPL) species. A dominance test was performed to determine if the data point exhibited hydrophytic vegetation. If the dominance test was not conclusive and wetland hydrology and hydric soils were present, then the prevalence index was calculated.
- 2. **Hydrology**: Presence and depth of surface water, groundwater, and/or soil saturation were recorded. In addition, if primary (e.g., oxidized rhizospheres along living roots) and secondary indicators (e.g., drainage patterns, dry-season water table, saturation visible on aerial imagery) were observed, then they were also recorded at each data point.
- 3. **Soils**: Moistened soil matrix descriptions were recorded for each data point using the following: depth of the sample, color (as defined in Munsell soil color charts [Munsell Color 2000]), and texture. If present, redox features were then described by type (e.g.,

concentration, depletion, reduced matrix) and location (e.g., pore lining, root channel, or matrix). Hydric soils were determined using the *WMVC Supplement* primary indicators, such as sandy redox (S5). In addition, mapped soil units (described in Section 3.1.2) were considered and the current National List of Hydric Soils (NRCS 2017, 2018a) was consulted.

The location of each data point was recorded and photographs were taken of the representative site characteristics (Appendix A). Coordinates were determined using a Trimble Geo 6000 GPS unit. The wetland boundaries were walked and locations along the perimeter were recorded using the GPS unit. These boundaries along with other GPS collected data were post-processed, corrected, and incorporated into GIS where maps detailing the delineation results were generated. Mapped wetlands were classified according to the *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States* (Cowardin et al. 1979, Federal Geographic Data Committee [FCDC] 2013) based on the vegetation composition and structure at the data points.

3 RESULTS

3.1 Existing Conditions

3.1.1 Hydrology

The Project is located along the North Spit of Humboldt Bay on the Samoa Peninsula and is bounded by Humboldt Bay to the east and the Pacific Ocean to the west (Figure 1). The Project is located within the Eureka Plain Hydrologic Unit and the Eureka Plain Groundwater Basin. This basin includes two primary water-bearing formations, the Pliocene Hookton Formation and the Holocene Dune Sand, the former of which includes the Survey Area (CDWR 2004). These dune sands form an aquifer, a freshwater lens that overlies the ocean water (Evenson 1959), which is recharged almost wholly from local precipitation (Fuller 1975).

A network of intermittently flowing drainage ditches border CA-255 in the Survey Area. These drainages connect via culverts to convey water at least seasonally into non-navigable tributaries to Humboldt Bay (a TNW) and their adjacent wetlands. Humboldt Bay includes the Port of Humboldt Bay, a protected deep water port with harbor facilities designed to serve cargo and other vessels, and a number of marinas that serve hundreds of small to mid-size boats and pleasure crafts (Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation, and Conservation District 2018). Commercial oyster production operations that produce more than half of all oysters farmed in California are located in Humboldt Bay (Pomeroy et al. 2010).

The NWI Wetlands Mapper shows palustrine scrub-shrub wetlands located throughout the Survey Area (Figure 2).

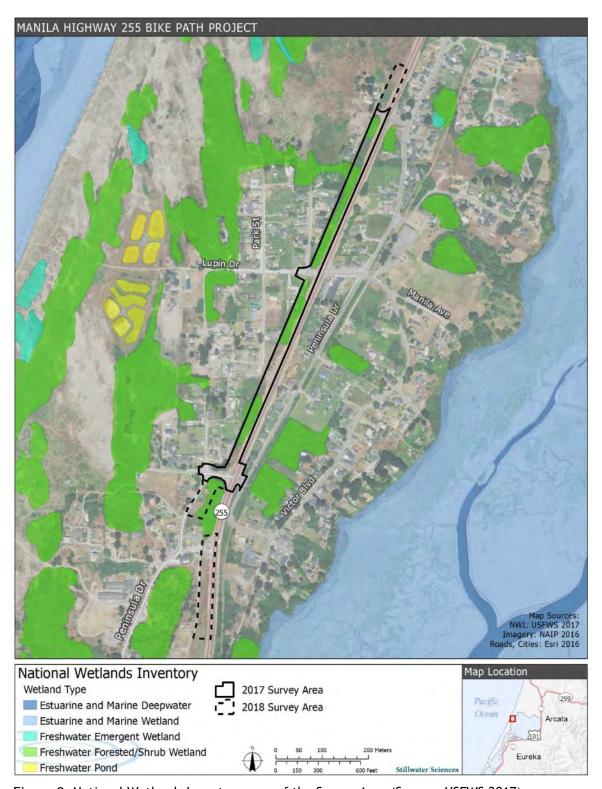


Figure 2. National Wetlands Inventory map of the Survey Area (Source: USFWS 2017).

3.1.2 Soil units

Soil units in the Survey Area was primarily mapped as Urban land-Anthraltic Xerorthents association, 0 to 2% slopes, with a small portion of the 2018 Survey Area mapped as Samoa-Clambeach complex, 0 to 50% slopes (NRCS 2018b, Figure 3). An additional soil map unit, Lanphere (2 to 75% slopes), was also assessed due to its proximity to the Survey Area.

Urban land-Anthraltic Xerorthents association (0 to 2% slopes) is comprised of 80% urban land, industrial and 20% anthralitic xerorthents and similar soils. This association is found from 0 to 10 feet above mean sea level with a mean annual precipitation of 41–43 inches, a mean annual air temperature of 50–55°F, and a frost-free period of 275–330 days (NRCS 2018b). Anthraltic Xerorthents is located on backslopes of fluviomarine terraces with a parent material of coarse-loamy fluviomarine deposit or coarse-loamy dredge spoils. A typical profile consists of gravelly loamy fine sand within the upper 0–6 inches with sandy loam, gravelly sand, and sand forming the horizons below. It has a drainage class of moderately well drained (NRCS 2018b).

Samoa-Clambeach complex (0 to 50% slopes) is typically comprised of 65% Samoa series, 30% Clambeach series, and 5% minor components. The complex is found in areas with elevations that range from 0 to 70 feet above mean sea level and with a mean annual precipitation of 35–80 inches, a mean annual air temperature of 50-55° F, and a frost-free period of 275-330 days (NRCS 2018b). The Samoa series is primarily located along the shoulder, backslope, and summit of dunes. A typical profile consists of slightly decomposed plant material in the upper 0-1 inches (Oi horizon) with sand forming all other horizons below. It has a drainage class of somewhat excessively drained. Samoa soils have a udic moisture regime which may develop redoximorphic features from brief and localized saturated conditions around root channels during the winter months, rather than from the presence of free water throughout the soil profile (NRCS 2016a). The Clambeach series is associated with deflation basins along toe slopes and is very poorly drained. Clambeach soils have an aquic moisture regime with endosaturation typically characterized by a water table depth ranging from 0-4 inches January-March to greater than 72 inches June–November and depth to redoximorphic features of 0-4 inches (NRCS 2016b). This series has a soil profile comprised entirely of sand in all horizons and is listed as a hydric soil in the region (NRCS 2017, 2018b).

The Lanphere (2 to 75% slopes) map unit is located in areas with elevations that range from 0 to 80 feet elevation above mean sea level, mean annual precipitation of 35–80 inches, mean annual air temperature of 50–55° F, and a frost-free period of 275–330 days (NRCS 2018b). The Lanphere series are positioned in the summit, backslope, and shoulder of dune and longitudinal dune landforms. The typical profile includes an organic horizon from 0–4 inches and A, AC, and C horizons from 4–63 inches comprised of sand. It has a depth to water table of more than 80 inches with a natural drainage class of somewhat excessively drained (NRCS 2018b). Lanphere soils have a udic moisture regime which may develop redoximorphic features from brief and localized saturated conditions around root channels during the winter months, rather than from the presence of free water throughout the soil profile (NRCS 2016c). Minor components of this map unit include the Clambeach (10%) and Samoa (5%) soil series (NRCS 2018b).

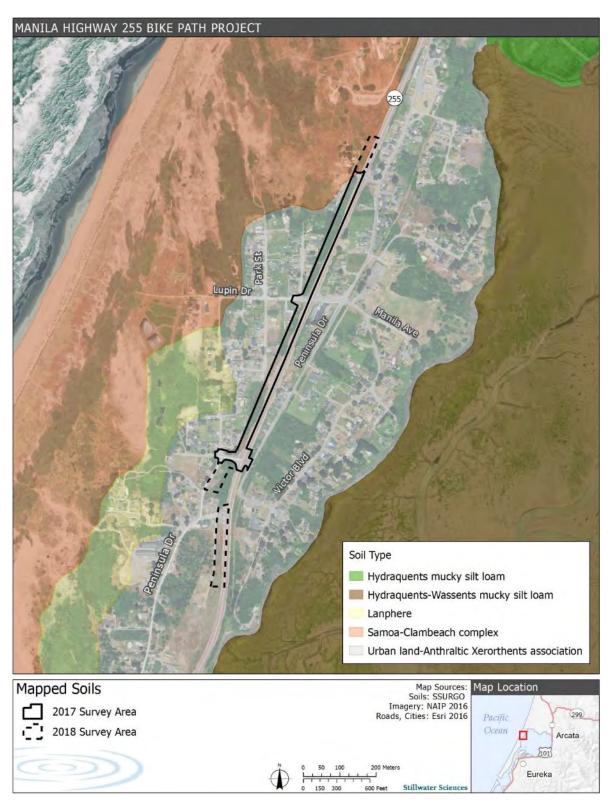


Figure 3. Mapped soil units in the Survey Area.

Wetland data points closely resembled the hydric soil Clambeach series (NRCS 2017) with matrix colors ranging from 10YR (value of 2–3 and chroma of 1–2) and 2.5Y (value of 3 and chroma of 1–2) (Appendix B). Data points commonly contained sandy clay loam (near and within drainage ditches), sandy loam, and sand. Soil samples were considered hydric when a positive primary indicator, such as sandy redox (S5) was identified (data points 1W, 2Wa–2We, 3W, 4W, and 101W in Appendix B).

3.1.3 Precipitation

Local climate conditions are moist, cool, and influenced by the conditions of the Pacific Ocean, with wet cool winters and cool summers with frequent fog and strong winds. Rainfall occurs primarily between October through April, with an average annual rainfall of 40 inches (NCDC 2018). The average monthly temperature range is approximately 41–56°F in winter and approximately 52–63°F in the summer (NCDC 2018).

The Eureka, California National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) weather station recorded less than one inch (0.66 inches) of precipitation (rain) in the two months preceding the 2017 field survey. Total precipitation in June 2017 was 0.59 inches and in July 2017 was 0.07 inch; most of accumulated rain (0.37 inch) occurred on June 7, 2017. According to the weather station, the average precipitation in June and July (based on the monthly normals for the 1981–2010 period of record) is 0.75 inches and 0.18 inches, respectively (NCDC 2018). Although June–July 2017 had slightly dryer conditions than normal, monthly precipitation totals for January–May 2017 (totaling 35.04 inches) exceeded the weather stations monthly precipitation normals by 14.3 inches (normal precipitation for January–May is 20.75 inches) resulting in a higher than normal winter and spring water table for the region. Weather conditions during the 2017 delineation were sunny and clear, 65–67°F, and warmer than the weather station's average temperature for the period of record of 58.5° F for the month of August (NCDC 2018).

The only substantial rainfall reported at the Eureka, California NOAA weather station in the two months preceding the 2018 field delineation occurred during 29 September–9 October, which totaled 0.52 inches. When compared to the accumulated average precipitation of 2.83 inches for September and October (using monthly normals for the 1981–2010 period of record), the 2018 delineation occurred during a dryer than normal period for the region (NCDC 2018). Weather conditions during the 2018 delineation were sunny with some fog and wind throughout the day with temperature highs of 54–55°F, which was normal based on the weather station's average temperature for the month of October (54.4°F) (NCDC 2018). However, the slightly drier conditions prior to the field surveys is unlikely to have influenced the delineation results; water and wetland features were evident regardless of precipitation.

3.1.4 Vegetation communities

Results from the vegetation mapping and habitat characterization surveys conducted by Stillwater Sciences prior to or concurrent with the wetland delineation surveys in 2017/2018 were reviewed to assess the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, as well as, to assist with classification of wetland types during the wetland delineation. Vegetation alliances mapped in the Survey Area include:

- Rubus ursinus Shrubland Alliance (coastal brambles),
- Salix hookeriana Shrubland Alliance (coastal dune willow thickets),
- Abronia latifolia Ambrosia chamissonis Herbaceous Alliance (dune mat),

- Ammophila arenaria Semi-Natural Alliance (European beach grass swards),
- Anthoxanthum odoratum Semi-Natural Alliance (sweet vernal grass meadows),
- Carex obnupta Herbaceous Alliance (slough sedge swards),
- Juncus breweri Herbaceous Alliance (salt rush swales),
- Oenanthe sarmentosa Herbaceous Alliance (water parsley marsh),
- Scirpus microcarpus Herbaceous Alliance (small-fruited bulrush marsh), and
- developed/landscaped.

Vegetation communities are described in further detail in Section 3.4.1 of the NES and the vegetation map of the Survey Area is provided in Appendix C (Figures C-2–C-5) of the NES (Stillwater Sciences 2018).

3.2 Preliminary Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands

The Survey Area contains 0.13 acres of potentially USACE-jurisdictional waters and 2.57 acres of potentially USACE-jurisdictional wetlands adjacent to these waters (Table 1, Figures 4–5, Appendices A and B). These potentially jurisdictional waters of the U.S. are also considered to be waters of the State under SWRCB, CDFW, and CCC/LCP jurisdiction. Additionally, there is a total of 0.20 acre of wetlands that are only subject to CCC/LCP jurisdiction (Table 1, Figure 6, Appendices A and B).

Table 1. Preliminary USACE-jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including wetlands, and CCC/LCP-jurisdictional wetlands in the Survey Area.

Description	
Waters ¹	
Intermittently flowing drainage ditches (W-1, W-2, and W-3)	
Wetlands ¹	
Seasonally flooded palustrine persistent emergent wetlands	
Seasonally flooded palustrine broad-leaved deciduous scrub-shrub wetlands	
Additional Coastal Commission Wetlands ²	
One parameter wetlands within the Coastal Zone	

¹ Subject to Section 404 of the CWA, and SWRCB, CDFW, and CCC/LCP jurisdiction.

² Subject to CCC/LCP jurisdiction.

Figure 4. Preliminary waters of the U.S. in the Survey Area.

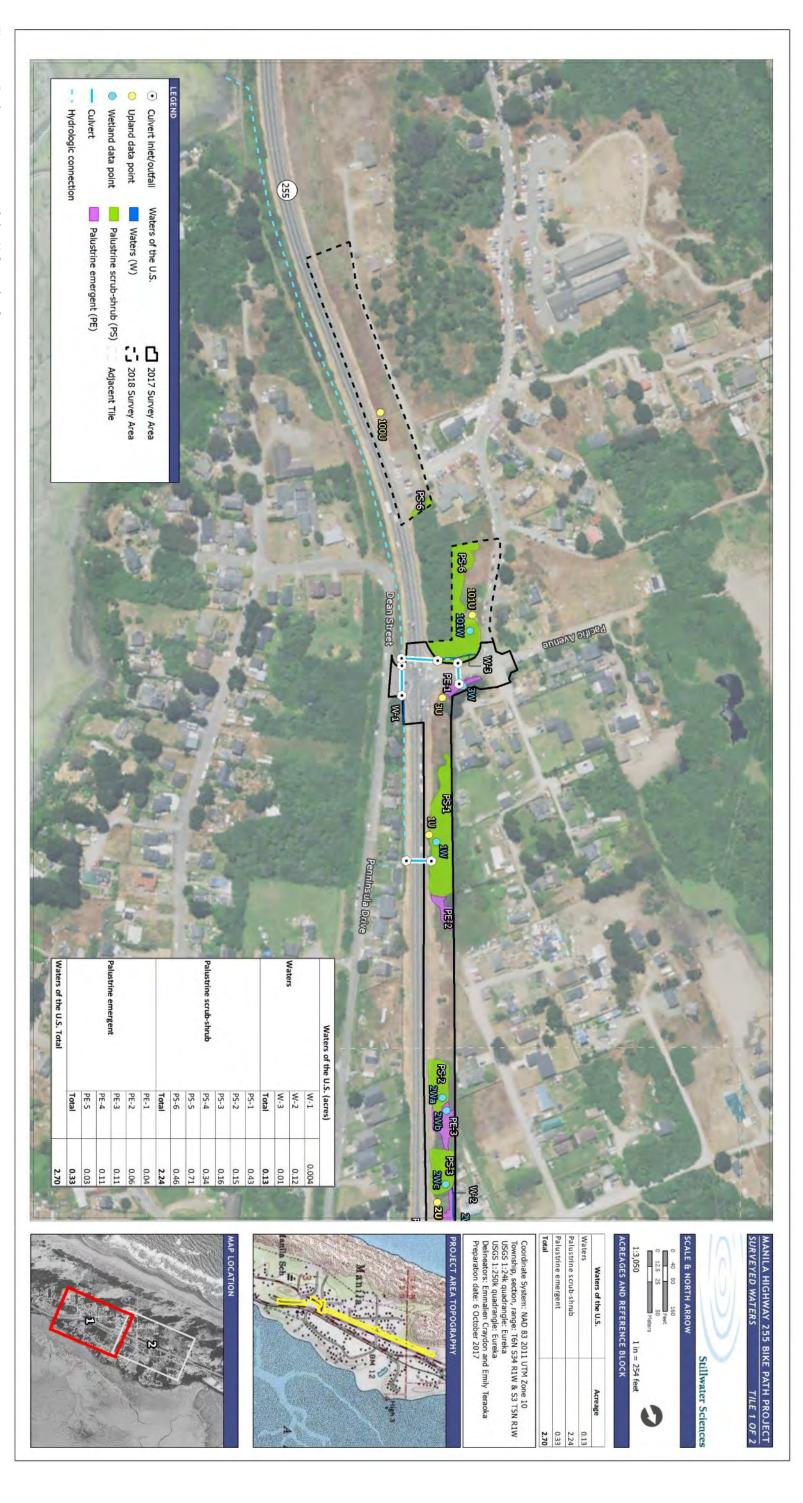
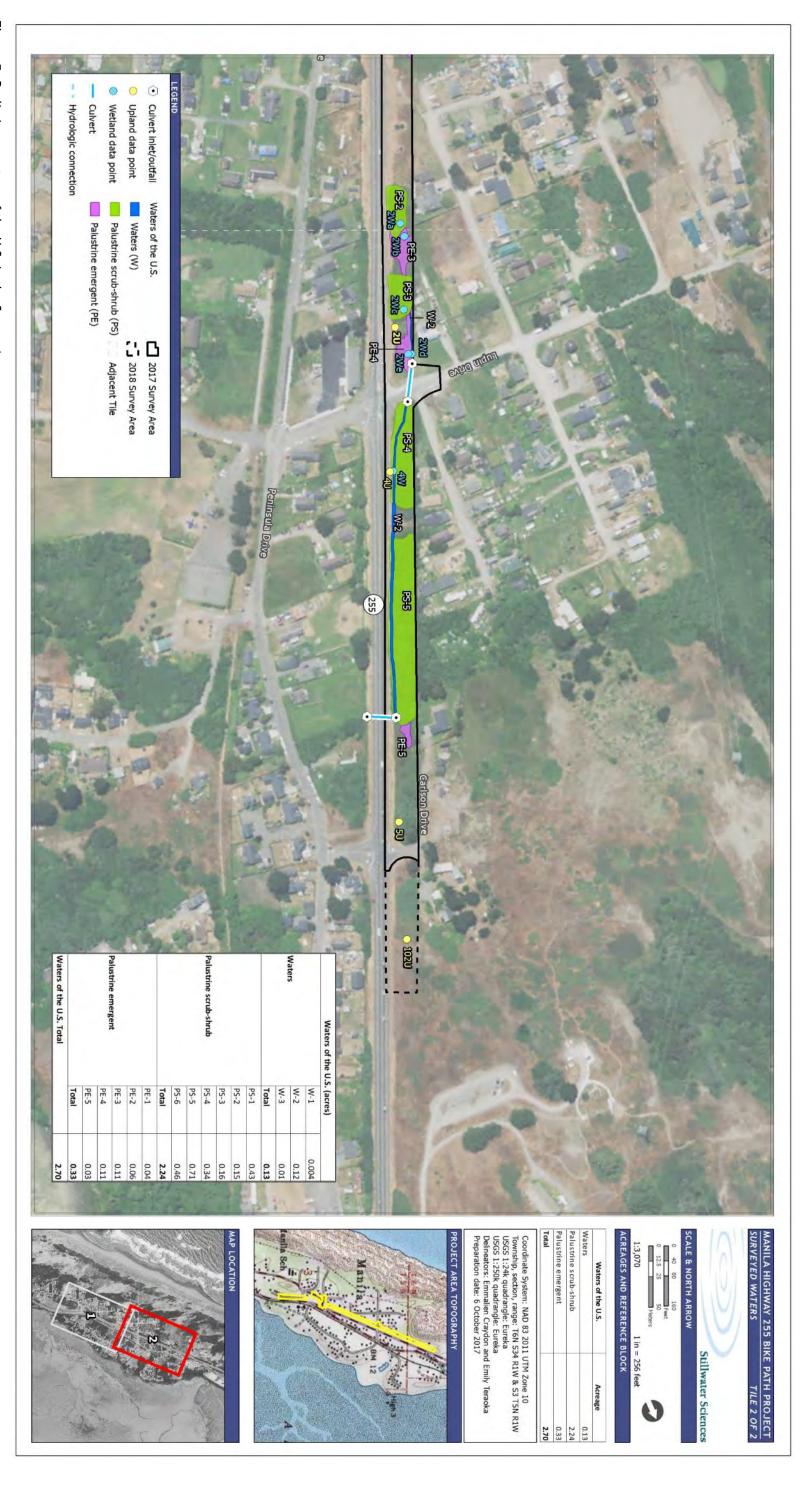


Figure 5. Preliminary waters of the U.S. in the Survey Area.



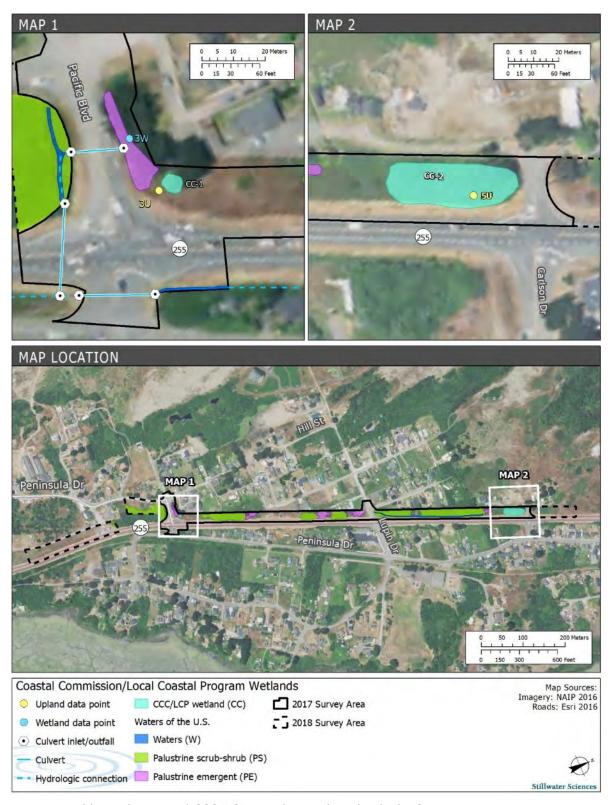


Figure 6. Additional potential CCC/LCP-jurisdictional wetlands the Survey Area.

3.2.1 Waters

There are 0.13 acres of potential USACE-jurisdictional waters in the Survey Area. These include three nontidal relatively permanent waters (e.g., intermittently flowing drainage ditches) with a clear OHWM that at least seasonally convey surface water into non-navigable tributaries to Humboldt Bay (a TNW) and their adjacent wetlands (Table 1, features W-1–W-3 in Figures 4, 5, and 7). Six associated culvert crossings also were identified along CA-255 in the Survey Area which indicate conveyance and seasonal surface water connection to nearby wetland features that drain into Humboldt Bay to the east and south of the Survey Area (Figure 7). A seventh culvert crossing was identified in the 2018 Survey Area however, it was not associated with a drainage ditch or wetland feature (Figure 7). Based on the absence of wetland indicators at data point 100U (Appendices A and B), any surface water collection at this location is brief and temporary; stormwater drains through the culvert to the drainage ditch on the east side of CA-255.

Based on the NWI Wetlands Mapper and historical aerial photographs (Shuster 1947), the current drainage ditches were formerly part of a large wetland complex that existed prior to the construction of CA-255 and development of the community of Manila. These drainage ditches are assumed to have been excavated during the development of the highway. All constructed drainage ditches (W-1–W-3) had variable vegetative cover, ranging from bare ground with some overhead shrub and tree canopy to high cover by herbaceous hydrophytic vegetation. When the latter was observed, vegetation differed in composition and cover from upland regions and this transition in vegetation identified the OHWM. As the delineations were conducted during the dry season, surface water in the intermittently flowing drainage ditches was low (i.e., less than 4 inches deep) to absent. Thus, the vegetation encroachment (a common attribute in non-perennial waters of the WMVC region [Mersel and Lichvar 2014]) observed in the ditches, is anticipated to decrease in cover with increased surface water levels during the wet season.

To characterize waters, measurements were taken across six transects (Appendix B). The primary OHWM indicators at the transects included a break in slope and changes in vegetation. Waters ranged in width from 3 to 8 feet (based on the horizontal distance between the OHWM on the right and left banks, respectively) and ranged in depth from 10 to 32 inches (based on the vertical distance between the OHWM and channel thalweg). Surface water was observed at a few transect locations and ranged from 1 to 4 inches deep (Appendix B).

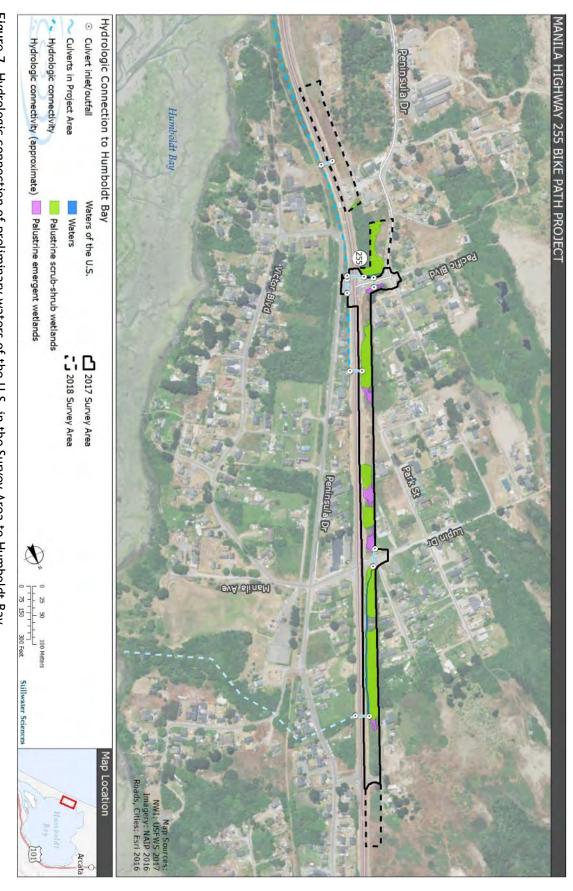


Figure 7. Hydrologic connection of preliminary waters of the U.S. in the Survey Area to Humboldt Bay.

3.2.2 Wetlands

There are a total of 2.24 acres of potential USACE-jurisdictional wetlands and an additional 0.20 acres of CCC/LCP-jurisdictional wetlands in the Survey Area (Table 1, Figures 4-6, Appendix B). Two USACE-jurisdictional wetland types occur: (1) seasonally flooded palustrine emergent wetlands and (2) seasonally flooded palustrine broad-leaved deciduous scrub-shrub wetlands (hereinafter called palustrine emergent wetlands and palustrine scrub-shrub wetlands, respectively) (Figures 4–5). FGDC (2013) defines the palustrine system as all nontidal wetlands dominated by trees, shrubs, persistent emergent plants, emergent mosses or lichens (i.e., nonvascular) and all similar wetlands that occur in tidal areas where salinity due to ocean-derived salts is below 0.5 parts per thousand. Seasonally flooded conditions are those where surface water is present for extended periods (generally for more than a month) during the growing season, but is absent by the end of the season in most years during which the depth to substrate saturation may vary (FGDC 2013). Emergent wetlands are characterized by erect, rooted herbaceous hydrophytes, excluding mosses and lichens, that are the tallest life form, have at least 30% areal coverage, and are present for most of the growing season in most years (FGDC 2013). Broadleaved deciduous scrub-shrub wetlands are characterized by woody plants of this leaf type that are less than 20 feet tall and are the dominant life form with at least 30% areal coverage (FGDC 2013).

The potential USACE-jurisdictional wetlands form a complex of palustrine scrub-shrub and palustrine emergent wetlands. Dominant vegetation in the palustrine emergent wetland areas varies from herbaceous emergent dune swale species to freshwater emergent species. Palustrine scrub-shrub wetlands are primarily composed of deciduous woody shrubs and trees with a fairly dense understory of herbaceous hydrophytes and/or woody vines. A list of plant species observed is provided in Appendix C.

3.2.2.1 Palustrine emergent wetlands

There are five palustrine emergent wetlands in the Survey Area; two are adjacent to intermittent drainage ditches (PE-1 and PE-4 in Figures 4–5) and three are associated with dune swale features adjacent to palustrine scrub-shrub wetlands (PE-2, PE-3, and PE-5 in Figures 4–5). These wetlands total 0.33 acre in the Survey Area (Table 1).

Hydrophytic plant species Scirpus microcarpus (small-fruited bulrush, OBL), Carex obnupta (slough sedge, OBL), Juncus effusus (soft rush, FACW), Oenanthe sarmentosa (water parsley, OBL), and Potentilla anserina subsp. pacifica (Pacific silverweed, OBL) are predominant throughout the palustrine emergent wetlands adjacent to intermittent drainage ditches in the Survey Area (Figures 4–5). Frequent management activities within the CA-255 ROW and within the upper extent of this wetland was illustrated by moved Salix hookeriana (coastal willow, FACW) seedling recruits and the lack of woody establishment of this species. All wetlands were in topographic depressions that experience long durations of endosaturation by an elevated winter water table. Culverts identified at Pacific Avenue and CA-255 connect these wetlands hydrologically to a potential jurisdictional water of the U.S. (W-1 in Figures 4–5). Sampled data point 3W best characterizes these palustrine emergent wetlands (Appendix B). Dominant hydrophytic vegetation at this location included small-fruited bulrush, water parsley, and seedling or sapling coastal willow; application of the dominance test using the "50/20 rule" confirmed hydrophytic vegetation was present. The soil profile consisted of sandy loam that contained prominent redox concentrations (2–10%) within the upper 16 inches of the soil profile and confirmed the primary hydric soil indicator as sandy redox (S5). Wetland hydrology was

established from the presence of a high water table (greater than 11 inches of the soil pit) and saturation within the upper 11 inches of the soil pit (Appendix B). The paired upland data point 3U lacked all three wetland indicators (hydrophytic vegetation, hydrology, and hydric soils; Appendix B). Upland vegetation was dominated by *Hypochaeris radicata* (rough cat's ear, FACU), *Briza maxima* (rattlesnake grass, UPL), and *Anthoxanthum odoratum* (sweet vernal grass, FACU).

Palustrine emergent wetlands located in dune swale landforms in the Survey Area are adjacent to palustrine scrub-shrub wetlands (PE-2, PE-3, and PE-5 in Figures 4-5). These wetlands are positioned in low gradient depressions with varying cover by hydrophytic vegetation including Juncus breweri (salt rush, OBL) and slough sedge. These wetlands are best characterized by data point 2Wb (Figure 4, Appendix B). At this location both hydric soils and wetland hydrology were confirmed by primary indicators sandy redox (S5) and oxidized rhizospheres along living roots (C3), respectively. Results of the dominance test and prevalence index for confirming hydrophytic vegetation were not conclusive at this location; therefore, problematic vegetation was evaluated following procedures in the WMVC Supplement (Section 5 in USACE 2010). Vegetation at this location was a mixture of nonnative, naturalized sweet vernal grass and native salt rush along with Rubus armeniacus (Himalayan blackberry, FAC) and Rubus ursinus (California blackberry, FACU) (Appendix B). Hydrophytic vegetation was determined by applying guidance described in problematic situation "(F) Aggressive invasive plants" in which a nonnative FACU or UPL plant species, such as sweet vernal grass, become established in wetlands due to its adaptability and aggressive growth habits (USACE 2010). Upland locations adjacent to these wetlands were defined by low to absent cover by hydrophytic plant species, and lack of both hydric soil and wetland hydrology indicators, as observed in data point 2U (Figures 4–5).

Boundaries of the palustrine scrub-shrub wetlands documented in the NWI's *Wetlands Mapper* were modified by the survey crew to the palustrine emergent wetland type (Figures 3–5).

3.2.2.2 Palustrine scrub-shrub wetlands

Palustrine scrub-shrub wetlands totaled 2.24 acres in the Survey Area (Table 1, PS-1–PS-6 in Figures 4–5) and were located in topographically low depressions. Based on historical imagery (Shuster 1947), most of this wetland type was associated with a deflation plain that was a part of a larger coastal dune complex. This region has since been modified by development (e.g., CA-255, community of Manila) and these wetlands are isolated relicts, that are no longer connected to the adjacent dune complex. Several culverts connect these wetlands hydrologically to potential USACE-jurisdictional waters (W-1–W-3 in Figures 4–5). The canopy in the palustrine scrubshrub wetlands is dominated by coastal willow, Salix lasiandra (Pacific willow, FACW), with some low cover by Morella californica (wax-myrtle, FACW) and Pinus contorta subsp. contorta (shore pine, FAC). Established understory species include slough sedge and California blackberry. These wetlands are best described by data point 4W, which represents a coastal willow overstory with emergent herbaceous species, slough sedge and water parsley along with California blackberry in the understory (Appendix B). Hydric soils were determined by the primary indicator sandy redox and a high water table (2+ inches of the soil pit) confirmed wetland hydrology (Appendix B). The upland border was defined by a distinct change in vegetation to upland nonnative grassland, which extended to the edge of CA-255. The paired upland data point 2U lacked all three wetland indicators (Appendix B). Upland vegetation at this location included sweet vernal grass, Rumex acetosella (sheep sorrel, FACU), and California blackberry. In the 2018 Survey Area, these wetlands were confirmed by datapoint 101W.

Vegetation was primarily comprised of mixed willow overstory (both coastal willow and *Salix sitchensis* [Sitka willow, FACW]) with a moderate cover of *Rubus spectabilis* (salmon berry, FAC), Himalayan blackberry, and California blackberry throughout the understory. Sandy redox and oxidized rhizospheres along living roots along with secondary indicators of geomorphic position confirmed wetland soils and FAC-neutral test confirmed wetland hydrology at this location (Appendix B). Disturbance along some portions of this the wetland perimeter included brush clearing, dumping of landscaped materials originating from other locations, and establishment of escaped ornamentals (*Carpobrotus edulis* [freeway iceplant]). The upland boundary at this location was also defined by a distinct change in vegetation to upland nonnative grassland, illustrated by upland data point 101U, which lacked all three wetland indicators (Appendix B).

Based on data collected for this delineation and other field observations (Stillwater Sciences 2018), the survey crew confirmed and refined the NWI's *Wetlands Mapper* palustrine scrubshrub wetland boundaries (Figures 4–5).

3.2.3 Coastal Commission wetlands

In addition to all potential USACE-jurisdictional waters and adjacent wetlands described in Sections 3.2.1 and 3.2.2, an additional 0.20 acres of potential CCC/LCP-jurisdictional wetlands were identified in the Survey Area (Table 1, Figure 6). Boundaries for these wetlands were delineated from data points with at least one positive primary wetland parameter located within the Coastal Zone. Data point 5U describes the one-parameter wetlands. Although both hydric soils and wetland hydrology were lacking at this location, vegetation was dominated by coastal willow which confirmed hydrophytic vegetation. Uplands are characterized by data points 3U and 4U. Both data points lack hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and wetland hydrology. Vegetation was dominated by annual grasses and forbs with low cover by coastal willow recruits (Appendix B).

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Appendices	

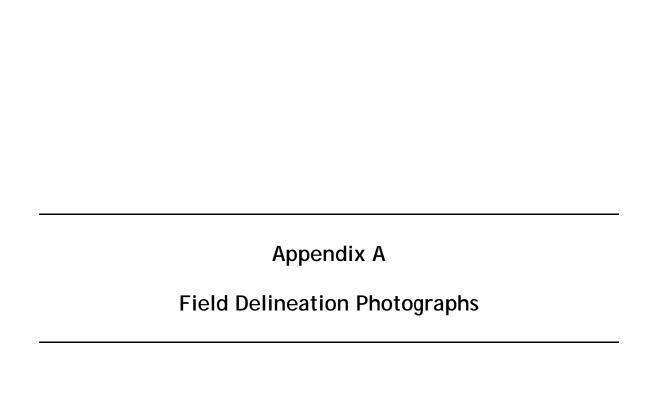




Figure A-1. Wetland data point 1W.



Figure A-2. Upland data point 1U.





Figure A-3. Wetland data point 2Wa.



Figure A-4. Wetland data point 2Wb.



Figure A-5. Wetland data point 3W.



Figure A-6. Upland data point 3U.



Figure A-7. Wetland data point 2Wc.







Figure A-8. Upland data point 2U.



Figure A-9. Wetland data point 2Wd.



Figure A-10. Wetland data point 2We.



Figure A-11. Wetland data point 4W.



Figure A-12. Upland data point 4U.



Figure A-13. Upland data point 5U, a CCC one-parameter wetland.



Figure A-14. Upland data point 100U.



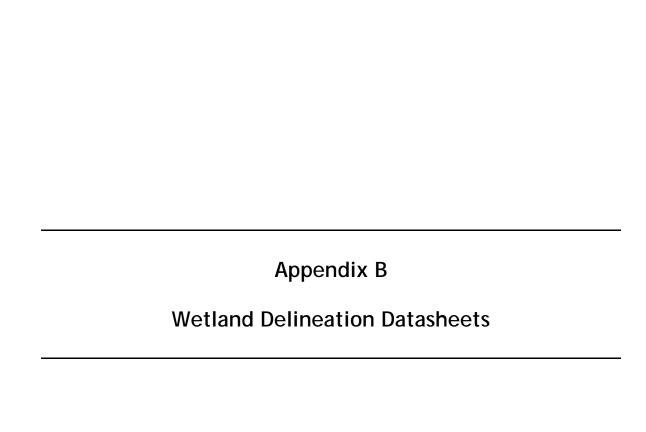
Figure A-15. Upland data point 101U.



Figure A-16. Wetland data point 101W.



Figure A-17. Upland data point 102U.



Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path	(City/Count	y: Manila/Hu	ımboldt	Sampling Date: <u>8/1/2017</u>			
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County					Sampling Point: 1U			
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT Section, Township, Range: S3 T5N R1W								
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Slope, along R-O-W Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%):								
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	_ Lat: 40°5	50'56.09"N		Long: 124° 9'55.99"W	Datum: WGS 84			
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Lanphere, 2-75% slopes NWI classification: NONE								
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	s time of yea	ar? Yes >	(No	(If no, explain in R	emarks.)			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologys				'Normal Circumstances" p	present? Yes X No			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologyn				eeded, explain any answe	rs in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.								
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes N	o_X							
Hydric Soil Present? Yes N	o <u>X</u>		he Sampled		Y			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes N	o <u>X</u>	Wit	hin a Wetlar	nd? Yes	No X			
Remarks:								
Wetland parameters are not pres	ent and	d the s	sample	d location is no	ot within a wetland.			
·								
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	ts.							
Tree Stratum (Plot size: ^{2m2})	Absolute		t Indicator	Dominance Test work	sheet:			
	% Cover 5	Yes	FACW	Number of Dominant S				
Salix lasiandra 2.				That Are OBL, FACW,) FAC. (A)			
3.				Total Number of Domin Species Across All Stra	0			
4				Species Across Air Stra	ta. <u>-</u> (b)			
	5	= Total C	over	Percent of Dominant Sp That Are OBL, FACW,				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 2m2				Prevalence Index wor	(7,0)			
1					Multiply by:			
2					x 1 =			
3					x 2 =			
4					x 3 =			
5					x 4 =			
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2	0	= Total C	over		x 5 =			
1. Anthoxanthum odoratum	60	Yes	FACU	Column Totals:	(A) (B)			
2. Equisetum arvense	5	No	FACU	Drovolonoo Indov	= B/A =			
3. Fragaria chiloensis	2	No	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation				
4. Plantago lanceolata	8	No	FACU		Hydrophytic Vegetation			
5. Rubus ursinus	10	No	FACU	2 - Dominance Tes	, , ,			
6. Daucus carota	5	No	FACU	3 - Prevalence Inde	ex is ≤3.0 ¹			
7. Raphanus sativus	5	No	NL/UPL	4 - Morphological A	Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting			
8. Briza maxima	40	Yes	UPL		s or on a separate sheet)			
9. Avena barbata	5	No	NL/UPL	5 - Wetland Non-V				
10. Hypochaeris radicata	5	No	FACU	1 	phytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)			
11. Holcus lanatus	15	No	FAC	'Indicators of hydric soi be present, unless distu	l and wetland hydrology must urbed or problematic.			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)	160	= Total Co	over	20 p. 000, u000 u				
1				I brahambratia				
2.		_	_	Hydrophytic Vegetation				
	0	= Total Co	over	Present? Ye	s No X			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0								
Remarks:			<u></u>					
Dominant vegetation is not hydrophytic	and do	minanc	e test fa	ils.				

SOIL						Sampling Point: 1U
Profile Des	cription: (Describ	e to the depth	needed to docu	ment the indicator or	confirm	the absence of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix			ox Features		
(inches)	Color (moist)		Color (moist)	<u>%</u> Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture Remarks
0-4	10YR 3/2					Sandy loam
4-10	2.5Y 3/2	100				Sandy loam
10-16	2.5 Y 4/2	100				Sand
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				S=Covered or Coated	Sand Gra	
_	Indicators: (App	icable to all LF	-			Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histoso	. ,	F	Sandy Redox (2 cm Muck (A10)
	pipedon (A2) listic (A3)	F	Stripped Matrix	ে(১৮) Mineral (F1) (except M	II D A 1 \	Red Parent Material (TF2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	en Sulfide (A4)	<u> </u>	Loamy Gleyed		ILIXA I)	Other (Explain in Remarks)
	ed Below Dark Surf	ace (A11)	Depleted Matri			<u> </u>
	ark Surface (A12)) Í	ີ Redox Dark Sເ	, ,		³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and
_	Mucky Mineral (S1)	<u></u>	Depleted Dark	, ,		wetland hydrology must be present,
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)	L	Redox Depress	sions (F8)		unless disturbed or problematic.
	Layer (if present)					
Type: na			_			V
Depth (in	nches):					Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X
HYDROLO	OGY					
Wetland Hy	drology Indicator	s:				
Primary Indi	cators (minimum o	one required;	check all that app	ly)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Surface	Water (A1)		Water-Sta	ained Leaves (B9) (exc	ept	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1,
_	ater Table (A2)		_	1, 2, 4A, and 4B)		4A, and 4B)
			Salt Crust	, ,		☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)
	Marks (B1)			ivertebrates (B13)		☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
=	nt Deposits (B2)			Sulfide Odor (C1)	D	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (
	posits (B3)		_	Rhizospheres along Liv	ing Roots	_
_	at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)			of Reduced Iron (C4) on Reduction in Tilled S	Soile (C6)	☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3)☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
	Soil Cracks (B6)			r Stressed Plants (D1)		Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
	ion Visible on Aeria	al Imagery (R7)	=	plain in Remarks)	(LIXIX M)	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
	y Vegetated Conca			p.a.r. ir Normanoj		
Field Obser	<u> </u>		/			
Surface Wat		Yes No	X Depth (in	nches):		
Water Table				nches):		
Saturation F				nches):		nd Hydrology Present? Yes No X
(includes ca	pillary fringe)					
Describe Re	ecorded Data (strea	ım gauge, moni	toring well, aerial	photos, previous inspe	ections), if	available:
Remarks:						
	ture/can frinc	ne in soil n	it: no other v	wetland hydrolo	nav ind	licators observed. FAC Neutral To
	etland hydrol			•	y iiiu	
ialis. VV	Charle Hydrol	ogy is not	prosont at t	ina iocalion.		

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path	(City/County:	Manila/Hu	mboldt	Sampling Date: 8/1/2017
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County	State: CA				
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT Section, Township, Range: S3 T5N R1W					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): depression				-	Slope (%): 5
Subregion (LRR): LRR A					
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Lanphere, 2-75% slopes				NWI classific	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysi					resent? Yes X No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology na				eded, explain any answe	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map s					
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No			3		,,
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No			e Sampled		
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No		with	in a Wetlan	id? Yes X	No
Remarks:					
All three wetland parameters are	prese	nt and	I the sa	ampled area is	within a wetland.
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plant	S.				
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?		Dominance Test work	
1. Salix lasiandra	80	Yes	FACW	Number of Dominant Sp That Are OBL, FACW, of	
2. Salix sitchensis	15	No			
3				Total Number of Domini Species Across All Stra	0
4				Percent of Dominant Sp	nocios
5m2	95	= Total Co	ver	That Are OBL, FACW, of	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2) 1. Salix hookeriana	25	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Index worl	ksheet:
2. Lonicera involucrata	15	Yes	FAC	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
3. Salix lasiandra	20	Yes	FACW	OBL species	x 1 =
4.				FACW species	x 2 =
5.					x 3 =
	60	= Total Co	ver	· ·	x 4 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)					x 5 =
1. Carex obnupta	80	Yes	OBL	Column Totals:	(A) (B)
2. Equisetum arvense	5	No	FAC	Prevalence Index	= B/A =
3. Juncus lescurii	2	No	FACW	Hydrophytic Vegetation	n Indicators:
4					lydrophytic Vegetation
5				2 - Dominance Tes	
6				3 - Prevalence Inde	
7				4 - Morphological A	daptations ¹ (Provide supporting s or on a separate sheet)
8				5 - Wetland Non-Va	
9 10					phytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
11.				l 	and wetland hydrology must
···	87	= Total Cov	er	be present, unless distu	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 5m2			·		
1. Rubus ursinus	80	Yes	FACU	Hydrophytic	
2				Vegetation Present? Yes	s ^X No
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0	80	= Total Cov	er		·
Remarks:					
Dominant vegetation is hydrophytic and	กลรรคร	s domin	ance tec	st	
	passos	GOITHI	arioc to	J.,	

Sampling Point: 1W SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ Texture (inches) 0-8 10YR 2/2 95 10YR 5/8 5 С Sandy loam M 8-18 2.5Y 3/1 10YR 5/8 95 Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: n/a Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: Redox concentrations of iron manganese soft masses present within upper 6" of soil profile and chroma = 2; sandy profile. Hydric soil is present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes No X Depth (inches): Yes ____ No _X Water Table Present? Yes No X Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Secondary indicators Geomorphic Position (D2) and FAC-Neutral Test (D5) indicate wetland hydrology is present at this location.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path	City/County: Manila/Humboldt Sampling Date: 8/2/2017					2/2017	
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County	State: CA Sampling					Sampling Point: 2	U
estigator(s): EPC, EKT Section, Township, Range: S3 T5N R1W							
							e (%): <u>2</u>
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	Lat: 40°	51'5.06	6"N		Long: 124° 9'51.39"W	Datum	: WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach-E							
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for tl							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology					'Normal Circumstances"		No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology					eeded, explain any answe		<u> </u>
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map							tures. etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes				, p		,,,	,
Hydric Soil Present? Yes				e Sampled		Y	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No X		withi	n a Wetlar	nd? Yes	No X	
Remarks:							
No wetland parameters are p	resent	an	d s	ample	ed are is not	within a w	etland.
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of pla	nts.						
	Absolute	Dom	inant	Indicator	Dominance Test work	sheet:	
<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: 3m2)	% Cover				Number of Dominant S	pecies	
1					That Are OBL, FACW,	or FAC:	(A)
2.					Total Number of Domir	A	(D)
3					Species Across All Stra	ita: <u>-</u>	(B)
	0	= Tota	al Co	/er	Percent of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,	pecies or FAC: 0	(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 3m2					Prevalence Index wor	<u> </u>	(/////
1						Multiply	by:
2					OBL species		
3					FACW species	x 2 =	
4					FAC species	x 3 =	
5	0			/er	FACU species	x 4 =	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2		100	ui oo	701	UPL species		
1. Anthoxanthum odoratum	80	Yes		FACU	Column Totals:	(A)	(B)
2. Rumex acetosella		Yes		FACU	Prevalence Index	c = B/A =	
3. Plantago lanceolata	_ 5	No		FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation		
4. Rubus lacinatus	2	No		FACU	I —	Hydrophytic Vegetat	tion
5					2 - Dominance Tes		
6					3 - Prevalence Ind		
7 8					data in Remark	Adaptations ¹ (Provid s or on a separate s	le supporting heet)
9.					5 - Wetland Non-V	•	,
10.					Problematic Hydro	phytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
11.					¹ Indicators of hydric so		
	400	_= Tota	al Cov	er	be present, unless dist	urbed or problemation	C.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)	20	Vaa		FACIL			
Rubus ursinus Lonicera (hispidula)	20 20	Yes Yes		(FACU)	Hydrophytic Vegetation		
Z. Estinosia (inopiaaia)			ol Con		Present? Ye	es No X	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0		_= Tota	ai COV	CI.			
Remarks:					•		
Dominant vegetation is not hydrophyti	C.						

Sampling Point: 2U SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Texture (inches) 0-3 10YR 3/3 100 Sandy loam 3-14 2.5Y 3/3 100 Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: na Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Yes Remarks: No hydric soil indicators are evident in the soil sample. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes ____ No X Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes _____ No X Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes No X Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ___ (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: No wetland hydrology indicators observed at this location. FAC-Neutral Test failed.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path	(City/County	y: <u>Manila/Hu</u>	ımboldt	Sampling Date: 8/1/2017		
					Sampling Point: 2Wa		
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT Section, Township, Range: S3 T5N R1W							
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): swale/depression Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%)							
Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: 40°51′2.58″N Long: 124° 9′52.93″W					Datum: WGS 84		
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach-Dur	ne land com	plex 0-50%	% slopes	NWI classific	ation: NONE		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	time of yea	ar? Yes X	No	(If no, explain in R	emarks.)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysi	gnificantly	disturbed?	Are '	"Normal Circumstances" p	present? Yes X No		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologyn				eeded, explain any answe	rs in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map s			ng point l	ocations, transects	, important features,	etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No							
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No			he Sampled				
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No		Witi	hin a Wetlar	1d? Yes <u>^ </u>	No		
Remarks:							
All three wetland parameters are	prese	ent and	d the s	ampled area is	s within a wetlar	nd.	
-							
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plant				I Danis Tark work	al and		
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2	Absolute % Cover		t Indicator Status	Dominance Test work Number of Dominant Sp			
1. Salix hookeriana	10	Yes	FACW	That Are OBL, FACW, of		۹)	
2				Total Number of Domina	ant		
3				Species Across All Stra	•	3)	
4			-	Percent of Dominant Sp	pecies		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2	10	= Total Co	over	That Are OBL, FACW, o		√B)	
1. Salix hookeriana	100	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Index work			
2.					Multiply by:		
3.					x 1 =		
4					x 2 =		
5			_		x 3 = x 4 =		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5m2	100	= Total Co	over		x 5 =		
1. Juncus brewerii	8	Yes	FACW		(A)((B)	
2. Anthoxanthum odoratum	5	Yes	FACU			,	
3.				Hydrophytic Vegetation	= B/A =		
4.					Hydrophytic Vegetation		
5				2 - Dominance Tes	, , , ,		
6				3 - Prevalence Inde	ex is ≤3.0 ¹		
7		-			Adaptations ¹ (Provide suppor	rting	
8					s or on a separate sheet)		
9			-	5 - Wetland Non-Va	phytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)		
10				1 	I and wetland hydrology mus	et	
11	10			be present, unless distu		,,	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)		= Total Co	ivei				
1. Rubus ursinus	10	Yes	FACU	Hydrophytic			
2. Rubus armeniacus	15	Yes	FAC	Vegetation	s ^X No		
W Para Cround in Harb Stratum	25	= Total Co	over	rieseit! Yes	5 ·· INU		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum							
Hydrophytic vegetation is dominant at the	nis loca	tion do	minance	e test nassed			
, aropriyao vogotation is dominant at ti	1000	, uc		s toot paooda.			

Sampling Point: 2Wa SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ Texture (inches) PL0-8 2.5Y 3/2 98 2.5Y 5/6 2 С Sandy loam 8-16 100 2.5Y 3/2 Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: n/a Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: Greater than 2% redox concentrations within upper six inches that has a matrix of >60% or more chroma of 2 in a band greater than 4 inches thick observed and confirms hydric soil indicator S5, sandy redox is present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): Water Table Present? Yes No X Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Secondary indicators Geomorphic Position (D2) and FAC-Neutral Test (D5) confirm wetland hydrology is present at this location.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Trail	(City/Cou	ınty: Manila/Hu	ımboldt	Sampling D	Date: 8/1/20	17
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County				State: CA			
	;			nge: S3 T5N R1W			
				convex, none): concave		Slope (%): 2
Subregion (LRR): LRR A			,				
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach-							
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology				"Normal Circumstances"		X	No
Are Vegetation Yes_, Soil, or Hydrology							NO
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site ma				eded, explain any answe			es, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X			s the Sampled				
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X	No	V	vithin a Wetlar	nd? Yes X	No		
Remarks:							
Confirmed problematic hydrophytic vegetation at this sample loc	ation and hydric	soils and	d wetland hydrolo	gy were observed therefore	this sampled a	ırea is within ส	a wetland.
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of pla	ants.						
F== 0	Absolute		ant Indicator	Dominance Test work	sheet:		
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2) 1.	<u> </u>		es? Status	Number of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,			_ (A)
2				Total Number of Domir	nant		
3				Species Across All Stra	_		_ (B)
4				Percent of Dominant S		00/	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2)	0	= Total	Cover	That Are OBL, FACW,	011710.	0%	_ (A/B)
1. Lupinus arboreus	5	Yes	NL/UPL	Prevalence Index wor			
2.				Total % Cover of:			
3.				· ·	x 1 =		_
4.				FAC species 40			_
5					x 3 =		_
4	5	= Total	Cover		x 4 =		_
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 4m2	25	Vaa	EA C\A/	UPL species 7 Column Totals: 182		005	— (D)
1. Juncus brewerii	35 80	Yes Yes	FACU	Column Totals. 102	(A)		(B)
Anthoxanthum odoratum Holcus lanatus	25	No	FAC FAC	Prevalence Index			
3. Policus iariatus 4. Vicia sativa	$-\frac{25}{2}$	No	UPL	Hydrophytic Vegetati			
	 	110		1 - Rapid Test for		Vegetation	
5				2 - Dominance Tes			
6				3 - Prevalence Ind			
7				4 - Morphological / data in Remark			
8				5 - Wetland Non-V			•)
9				✓ Problematic Hydro			ain)
10 11.				¹ Indicators of hydric so			,
1116	142	= Total	Cover	be present, unless dist			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 4m2		- rotal	00001				
1. Rubus ursinus	20	Yes	FACU	Hydrophytic			
2. Rubus armeniacus	15	Yes	FAC	Vegetation	- Y	Na	
O/ Para Cround in Uset Castre	35	= Total	Cover	Present? Ye	es X	No	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum							
Naturally problematic due to exotics (4f) present and	hydric soil an	nd wetla	and hydrology	are present Problemat	ric (4f) confir	med- "aggi	ressive
invasive plant" =Anthoxanthum odoratum present. P							

US Army Control of Public Works CDP

Sampling Point: 2Wb SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ Texture (inches) PL0-1 10YR 2/2 99 10YR 4/6 С Sandy loam 1 1-16 2.5Y 3/2 2.5Y 5/6 95 Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: na Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Yes X Remarks: Greater than 2% redox concentrations within upper six inches that has a matrix of >60% or more chroma of 2 in a band greater than 4 inches thick observed and confirms hydric soil indicator S5, sandy redox is present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No X Depth (inches): Yes No X Depth (inches): Water Table Present? Saturation Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Wetland hydrology is present indicated by oxidized rhizospheres along living roots. FAC-Neutral Test failed at location, see remarks in vegetation.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path	(City/County	/: Manila/Hu	ımboldt	_ Sampling Date: _	8/2/2017
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County					_ Sampling Point: _	2Wc
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT				nge: S3 T5N R1W		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Swale		Local relie	f (concave,	convex, none): Concave	Slo	pe (%): <u>5</u>
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	Lat: 40°5	51'4.71"N		Long: 124° 9'51.89"W	Datu	m: WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach-D	une land com	plex 0-50%	slopes	NWI classifi	cation: PSS1C	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for the	is time of yea	ar? Yes X	No	(If no, explain in F	Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly of	disturbed?	Are "	'Normal Circumstances"	present? Yes x	No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	naturally prob	olematic?	(If ne	eded, explain any answe	ers in Remarks.)	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map	showing	samplin	g point l	ocations, transects	s, important fe	atures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X	No					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X I			ne Sampled		Ma	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X	No	With	nin a Wetlar	id? Yes <u>^</u>	No	-
Remarks:						
All three wetland indicators are	preser	nt and	the sa	impled area is	s within a v	wetland.
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	nts.					
	Absolute		Indicator	Dominance Test worl	ksheet:	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2 1. Salix hookeriana	<u>% Cover</u> 85	Species? Yes	Status FACW	Number of Dominant S	Species	(4)
			· ———	That Are OBL, FACW,	or FAC: 0	(A)
3				Total Number of Domin Species Across All Stra		(B)
4				Opecies Across Air Str		(D)
	0.5	= Total Co	over	Percent of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,		(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2)	25	Vac	EACW/	Prevalence Index wo		
1. Salix hookeriana	35	Yes	FACW	Total % Cover of:	Multiply	y by:
2				OBL species	x 1 =	
3. 4.				FACW species	x 2 =	
5				FAC species		
	35	= Total Co	over	FACU species		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2				UPL species		
1. Carex obnupta	90	Yes	OBL	Column Totals:	(A)	(B)
2. Polystichum munitum		No	FACU		x = B/A =	
3				Hydrophytic Vegetati		
4. 5.					Hydrophytic Vegeta	ation
6.				2 - Dominance Te		
7					Adaptations¹ (Provi	ide supporting
8.					s or on a separate	
9.				5 - Wetland Non-V	/ascular Plants ¹	
10				Problematic Hydro	ophytic Vegetation ¹	(Explain)
11				¹ Indicators of hydric so be present, unless dist		
Moody Vino Stratum (Plat aiza:	110 .	= Total Co	ver	be present, unless dist	urbed of problema	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:) 1. Rubus ursinus	15	Yes	FACU	Dedes beds		
2				Hydrophytic Vegetation		
	15	= Total Co	ver		es <u>X</u> No	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0						
Remarks:	l4"	4 (*	:.		ala al a u	
The dominance test passes and hydro	pnytic ve	egetatio	n is pres	sent at this samp	ned area.	

Sampling Point: 2Wc SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ (inches) PLSandy clay loam 0-10 10.5YR 2/2 97 10YR 5/6 3 С ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: Tree roots Depth (inches): 10" Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: Greater than 2% redox concentrations within upper six inches that has a matrix of >60% or more chroma of 2 in a band greater than 4 inches thick observed and confirms hydric soil indicator S5, sandy redox is present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No X Depth (inches): Yes ____ No X Depth (inches): Water Table Present? Yes No X Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Secondary indicators Geomorphic Position (D2) and FAC-Neutral Test (D5) confirm wetland hydrology at this location.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path		City/County	/: <u>Manila/Hι</u>	ımboldt	Sampling Date: 8/2/20)17
		State: CA			Sampling Point: 2Wd	
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT		Section, To	wnship, Ra	nge: S3 T5N R1W		
				convex, none): Concave	Slope (%	s): <u>15</u>
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	_ Lat: 40°5	51'5.87"N		Long: 124° 9'51.55"W	Datum: W	GS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach-Du	ne land com					
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologys				"Normal Circumstances" p		No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology n				eeded, explain any answei	·	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map			•		,	es. etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X N			.9 po		,portant routur	
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X N		ls th	ne Sampled			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X N		with	nin a Wetlar	nd? Yes X	No	
Remarks:				-		
All three wetland parameters are	prese	ent and	d the s	ampled area is	s within a we	tland.
·						
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	ts.					
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 3m2	Absolute % Cover		Indicator Status	Dominance Test work		
1				Number of Dominant Sp That Are OBL, FACW, of		(A)
2.						_ (')
3				Total Number of Domina Species Across All Stra	0	_ (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Sp	necies	
Continue/Charit Construe (District 3m2	0	= Total Co	over	That Are OBL, FACW, of		_ (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 3m2				Prevalence Index work	ksheet:	
1				Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	
3.				OBL species		
4.				FACW species		
5				FAC species		
2m2	0	= Total Co	over	FACU species UPL species		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: ^{2m2} 1. Potentilla anserina	90	Yes	OBL	Column Totals:		
2. Lotus corniculatus	40	Yes	FAC			
3. Holcus lanatus	10	No	FAC		= B/A =	
4. Oenanthe sarmentosa	5	No	OBL	Hydrophytic Vegetation	Hydrophytic Vegetation	
5. Symphyotrichum chilense	5	No	FAC	2 - Dominance Tes	, , , ,	
6.				3 - Prevalence Inde		
7				4 - Morphological A	Adaptations ¹ (Provide su	upporting
8					s or on a separate shee	t)
9				5 - Wetland Non-Va		
10				1 	ohytic Vegetation ¹ (Exp	
11	450			¹ Indicators of hydric soil be present, unless distu		must
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2	130	= Total Co	ver			
1				Hydrophytic		
2.				Vegetation	- X	
W Barr Council is Host Chart	0	= Total Co	ver	Present? Yes	s <u>X</u> No	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0 Remarks:				<u> </u>		
Dominant vegetation is hydrophytic and p	naceae d	lominan	ce test f	or hydronhytic yec	retation at this	
location.	vasses u	oniniali	00 1031 P	or frydropfrydd veg	jolation at tills	

Sampling Point: 2Wd SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ Loc² Texture (inches) 0-1 2.5Y 3/2 100 Sandy loam 1-16 2.5Y 3/2 95 2.5Y 5/6 Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) ☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: na Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: Greater than 2% redox concentrations within upper six inches that has a matrix of >60% or more chroma of 2 in a band greater than 4 inches thick observed and confirms hydric soil indicator S5, sandy redox is present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes ____ No X Depth (inches): Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No _X Water Table Present? Yes No X Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Primary indicator Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) and secondary indicators Geomorphic Position (D2) and FAC-Neutral Test (D5) confirm wetland hydrology is present at this location.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path		City/County	/: <u>Manila/Hι</u>	ımboldt	Sampling Date: 8/2	2/2017	
					Sampling Point: 2We		
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT		Section, To	wnship, Ra	nge: S3 T5N R1W			
				convex, none): concave/f	iat Slope	e (%): <u>2</u>	
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	_ Lat: 40°	51'5.84"N		Long: 124° 9'51.44"W	Datum:	WGS 84	
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach-Du	ne land con						
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	s time of yea	ar? Yes X	No	(If no, explain in R	lemarks.)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologys	ignificantly	disturbed?	Are '	'Normal Circumstances" p	present? Yes X	No	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology r	aturally pro	blematic?	(If ne	eeded, explain any answe	ers in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map	showing	samplin	ng point l	ocations, transects	s, important fea	tures, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X N			<u> </u>	•	<u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>	•	
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X N			ne Sampled				
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X N	0	with	nin a Wetlaı	nd? Yes <u>^</u>	No		
Remarks:		•					
All three wetland parameters are	prese	ent and	d the s	ampled area is	s within a w	etland.	
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	te			-			
VEGETATION - Use scientific fiames of plan	Absolute	Dominant	t Indicator	Dominance Test work	sheet:		
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2)	% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant S	pecies		
1. Pinus contorta subsp. contorta		Yes	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW,		(A)	
2				Total Number of Domin	nant		
3			·	Species Across All Stra	ata: <u>3</u>	(B)	
4		= Total Co		Percent of Dominant S		(4 (5)	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2		_= 10tal Ct	ovei	That Are OBL, FACW,	011A0.	(A/B)	
1				Prevalence Index wor	Ksneet: Multiply b	ov.	
2				OBL species		-	
3				FACW species			
4				FAC species			
5				FACU species			
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2	0	_ = Total Co	over	UPL species			
1. Carex obnupta	15	No	OBL	Column Totals:	(A)	(B)	
2. Holcus lanatus	50	Yes	FAC	Prevalence Index	x = B/A =		
3. Trifolium repens	30	No	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation			
4. Lotus corniculatus	45	Yes	FAC		Hydrophytic Vegetati	ion	
5. Hypochaeris radicata	15	No	FACU	2 - Dominance Tes			
6. Juncus breweri	2	No	FACW	3 - Prevalence Inde	ex is ≤3.0 ¹		
7. Ranunculus repens	30	No	FACW	4 - Morphological A	Adaptations ¹ (Provide	e supporting	
8			·		s or on a separate sl	heet)	
9				5 - Wetland Non-V			
10				<u> </u>	phytic Vegetation ¹ (E		
11	407		·	¹ Indicators of hydric so be present, unless disti			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)	107	= Total Co	ver		· ·		
1				Hydrophytic			
2.				Vegetation	V		
_	•	= Total Co	ver	Present? Ye	es <u>X</u> No		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0							
Remarks:		e.					
Hydrophytic vegetation is dominant at t	nis loca	นon, pa	sses do	minance test.			

Sampling Point: 2We SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ Loc² Texture (inches) 0-1 10YR 2/1 100 Sandy loam 1-13 10YR 2/2 92 10YR 5/8 PL Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: na Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: Greater than 2% redox concentrations within upper six inches that has a matrix of >60% or more chroma of 2 in a band greater than 4 inches thick observed and confirms hydric soil indicator S5, sandy redox is present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No X Depth (inches): Yes ____ No x Depth (inches): Water Table Present? Saturation Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Primary indicator Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) as well as secondary indicators Geomorphic Position (D2) and FAC-Neutral Test (D5) confirm wetland hydrology is present at this location.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path		City/County	: Manila/Hu	mboldt	Sampling Date: 8/2/2	2017
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County				State: CA		
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT		Section, To	wnship, Ra	nge: S3 T5N R1W		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):					flat Slope (%): 2
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	_ Lat: 40°5	50'52.90"N		Long: 124° 9'58.23"W	Datum: _	WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Lanphere, 2-75% slope				NWI classific		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologys				"Normal Circumstances" p		No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologyn				eeded, explain any answe		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map	showing	samplin	g point le	ocations, transects	s, important featu	ıres, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes N	o <u>X</u>					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes N	o <u>X</u>		e Sampled		No X	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes N	o <u>X</u>	With	in a Wetlar	id? fes	NO <u>^</u>	
Remarks:						
No wetland parameters are pres	sent ar	nd the	sampl	ed area is no	t within a we	etland.
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	ts.					
Tree Stratum (Plot size: ^{2m})	Absolute % Cover		Indicator	Dominance Test work		
1				Number of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,		(A)
2.						(/ //
3.				Total Number of Domir Species Across All Stra	4	(B)
4					·	
3m2	0	= Total Co	ver	Percent of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,		(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 3m2) 1. Salix hookeriana	10	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Index wor	ksheet:	
			TAOW	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by	<u>/:</u>
2.				OBL species	x 1 =	
3				FACW species	x 2 =	
5				FAC species	x 3 =	
- O	10	= Total Co	er	FACU species	x 4 =	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2		_ = 10ta100	, v C i	UPL species	x 5 =	
1. Hypochaeris radicata	20	Yes	FACU	Column Totals:	(A)	(B)
2. Briza maxima	30	Yes	NL/UPL	Prevalence Index	x = B/A =	
3. Plantago lanceolata	5	No	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation		
4. Rumex acetosella	1	No	FACU	1 - Rapid Test for I	Hydrophytic Vegetation	n
5. Bromus diandrus	15	No	NL/UPL	2 - Dominance Tes	st is >50%	
6. Anthoxanthum odoratum	30	Yes	FACU	3 - Prevalence Inde	ex is ≤3.0 ¹	
7					Adaptations ¹ (Provide :	
8					s or on a separate she	eet)
9				5 - Wetland Non-V		(- ' -)
10				<u> </u>	phytic Vegetation ¹ (Ex	
11	404			¹ Indicators of hydric so be present, unless dist		gy must
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)	101	= Total Co	ver		·	
1				Hydrophytic		
2.				Vegetation	V	
		= Total Co	ver	Present? Ye	es No X	-
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0				<u> </u>		
Remarks:						
Dominant vegetation is not hydrophytic	and fail	ıs domir	nance te	st.		

Sampling Point: 3U SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Texture (inches) 0-8 2.5Y 3/2 100 Sandy loam 8-16 2.5Y 4/3 100 Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: n/a Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Yes Remarks: Hydric soil is not present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes ____ No X Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes _____ No X Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes No X Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Wetland hydrology is not present at this location. FAC-Neutral Test fails.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path	(City/County	/: Manila/Hu	ımboldt	Sampling Date: 8	/2/2017
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County					Sampling Point: 3	
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT				nge: S3 T5N R1W		
				convex, none): Concave	Slop	e (%):
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	Lat: 40°5	60'52.83"N		Long: 124° 9'59.04"W	Datum	n: WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Lanphere, 2-75% slop				NWI classific		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for the						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology				'Normal Circumstances"		No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology				eeded, explain any answe		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map			g point l	ocations, transects	s, important fea	atures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X	No					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X			ne Sampled nin a Wetlar		No	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X I	No	WILL	iiii a vvetiai	iu: 165		
Remarks:						
All three wetland parameters are presen	it and the	sample	ed area i	s within a wetland	d. Wetland nea	ar culvert.
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan						
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 3m2)	Absolute % Cover		Indicator Status	Dominance Test work		
1. Pinus radiata	80	Yes	NL/UPL	Number of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,	or FAC: 3	(A)
2.				Total Number of Domir		
3				Species Across All Stra	4	(B)
4				Percent of Dominant S	inacias	
Ocalica (Obach Ovarian (Distrator 3m2	80	= Total Co	over	That Are OBL, FACW,		(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 3m2) 1. Salix hookeriana	15	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Index wor	rksheet:	
2		-		Total % Cover of:	<u>Multiply</u>	by:
3				OBL species		
4				FACW species		
5.				FAC species		
	15	= Total Co	over	FACU species		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 3m2)	00	V	OBL	UPL species		
Scirpus microcarpus Holcus lanatus	90 8	Yes No	OBL FAC	Column Totals:	(A)	(B)
3. Oenanthe sarmentosa	35	Yes	OBL		x = B/A =	
4. Equisetum arvense	5	No	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetati		
5. Rubus ursinus	- 2	No	FACU		Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion
6.				2 - Dominance Tes		
7					lex is ≤3.0 Adaptations¹ (Provic	do ou poorting
8.					s or on a separate s	
9.				5 - Wetland Non-V	ascular Plants ¹	
10				Problematic Hydro	ophytic Vegetation ¹ ((Explain)
11				¹ Indicators of hydric so		
22	140	= Total Co	ver	be present, unless dist	urbed or problemati	C.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)						
1				Hydrophytic		
2		Tetal		Vegetation Present? Ye	es X No	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0		= Total Co	ver		_	
Remarks:				1		
1m across 2-3 ft deep. Hydrophytic ve	getation i	is domi	nant and	d passes domina	ınce test.	
	_			•		

Sampling Point: 3W SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ Texture (inches) 0-2 10YR 3/2 95 10YR 6/8 5 С Sandy loam M 2-16 2.5Y 3/1 90 10YR 5/8 Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: n/a Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: Greater than 2% redox concentrations within upper six inches that has a matrix of >60% or more chroma of 2 in a band greater than 4 inches thick observed and confirms hydric soil indicator S5, sandy redox is present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ✓ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ✓ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) ✓ Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ✓ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): Yes X No Depth (inches): 11+ Water Table Present? Yes X No Depth (inches): 11-surface Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: A High Water Table (A2) and Saturation (A3) to the surface of the soil pit confirm wetland hydrology is present at this location.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path	(City/County:	Manila/Hu	mboldt	Sampling Date: 8/2/2017		
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County				State: CA			
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT				nge: S3 T5N R1W			
					Slope (%): <u>50</u>		
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	_ Lat: 40°5	51'8.52"N		Long: 124° 9'49.29"W	Datum: WGS 84		
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach-Dui							
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	time of yea	ar? Yes X	No	(If no, explain in Re	emarks.)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysi					resent? Yes x No No		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologyn			(If ne	eded, explain any answer	s in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map	showing	samplin	g point le	ocations, transects,	, important features, etc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No							
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	x		e Sampled in a Wetlar		No X		
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No	<u> </u>	WILLI	iii a vvetiai	id: 165			
Remarks:							
No wetland parameters observe	ed and	d the s	sample	ed area is not	within a wetland.		
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plant	ts.						
2m2	Absolute	Dominant		Dominance Test works	sheet:		
		Species?		Number of Dominant Sp	pecies		
1. 2.				That Are OBL, FACW, o	or FAC: 1 (A)		
3.				Total Number of Domina Species Across All Strat	0		
4					,		
		= Total Co	ver	Percent of Dominant Sp That Are OBL, FACW, or			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 3m2				Prevalence Index work	(,,,,,,		
1. Salix hookeriana		Yes	FACW		Multiply by:		
2					x 1 =		
3				*	x 2 =		
4					x 3 =		
5	5			FACU species	x 4 =		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2		= Total Co	ver	UPL species	x 5 =		
1. Daucus carota	15	No	FACU	Column Totals:	(A) (B)		
2. Rubus ursinus	5	No	FACU	Prevalence Index	= B/A =		
3. Avena barbata	5	No	NL/UPL	Hydrophytic Vegetatio			
4. Anthoxanthum odoratum	40	Yes	FACU		lydrophytic Vegetation		
5. Briza maxima	20	No	UPL	2 - Dominance Test	is >50%		
6. Rumex acetosella	30	Yes	FACU	3 - Prevalence Inde	x is ≤3.0 ¹		
7. Plantago lanceolata	5	No	FACU		daptations ¹ (Provide supporting		
8					or on a separate sheet)		
9				5 - Wetland Non-Va			
10				l —	ohytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) and wetland hydrology must		
11	400			be present, unless distu			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)	120	= Total Cov	er				
1				Hydrophytic			
2.				Vegetation	v		
	0	= Total Cov	er	Present? Yes	s No <u>X</u>		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0							
Remarks:	ala. ·			dana danada da	: f -:!-		
Dominant vegetation is not hydrophytic,	, aomina	ance tes	st for hy	aropnytic vegetat	ion tails.		

Sampling Point: 4U SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Texture (inches) 10YR 3/3 100 Sand with fill 0-6 ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: Gravel Depth (inches): 6" Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: No hydric soil indicators evident. Point of restriction fill from adjacent CA-255. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes ____ No X Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes _____ No _X Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes No X Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes __ Saturation Present? Depth (inches): (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: No wetland hydrology indicators observed. FAC-Netural Test failed.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path	(City/County	/: <u>Manila/Hι</u>	ımboldt	Sampling Date: 8/2/201	17
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County				State: CA		
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT		Section, To	wnship, Ra	nge: S3 T5N R1W		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Along sloped drainage				convex, none): Concave	Slope (%)	: 35
Subregion (LRR): LRR A	_ Lat: _40°5	51'8.54"N		Long: 124° 9'49.40"W	Datum: WC	SS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach-Dui						
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysi				"Normal Circumstances" p		lo
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologyn				eeded, explain any answe		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map						s etc
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No			ig point i	oodiioiis, transcots	, important routare	,5, 010.
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No.		Is th	ne Sampled			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No		with	nin a Wetlaı	nd? Yes X	No	
Remarks:						
All three wetland parameters ob	serve	d and	this sa	ampled area is	within a wetl	and.
-						<u> </u>
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plant	is.			_		
Tree Stratum (Plot size: ^{3m2})	Absolute % Cover		Indicator	Dominance Test work		
1. Salix hookeriana	25	Yes	FACW	Number of Dominant Sp That Are OBL, FACW, of		(A)
2.						. ,
3				Total Number of Domini Species Across All Stra	_	(B)
4				Percent of Dominant Sp	nacias	
Overling (Object to Overland (Distriction 3m2	25	= Total Co	over	That Are OBL, FACW, of		(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 3m2) 1. Salix hookeriana	90	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Index work	ksheet:	
2.		-		Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	_
3.				1	x 1 =	
4.					x 2 =	
5					x 3 =	
2m2	90	= Total Co	over		x 4 = x 5 =	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2) 1. Scirpus microcarpus	20	Yes	OBL		(A)	
2. Drypoteris expansa	5	No	FACW			(=)
3. Oenanthe sarmentosa	40	Yes	OBL	Prevalence Index Hydrophytic Vegetation	= B/A =	
4					Hydrophytic Vegetation	
5.				2 - Dominance Tes		
6				3 - Prevalence Inde		
7					daptations ¹ (Provide sup	
8					s or on a separate sheet))
9				5 - Wetland Non-Va		
10				1 	ohytic Vegetation ¹ (Expla	,
11	0.5			be present, unless distu	I and wetland hydrology urbed or problematic.	musi
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)		= Total Co	ver			
1. Rubus ursinus	35	Yes	FACU	Hydrophytic		
2				Vegetation	- X N-	
0/ Bara Cassand in Harb Stratus 25	35	= Total Co	ver	Present? Yes	s <u>X</u> No	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 25 Remarks:						
Dominant vegetation is hydrophytic, do	minance	a test n	2022			
Dominant vogotation is mydropmytto, dol	miano	2 1031 p	40000.			
I .						

Sampling Point: 4W SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ Texture (inches) PLSandy clay loam 0-8 2.5Y 3/2 97 2.5Y 5/6 3 С 8-16 97 2.5Y 5/6 2.5Y 3/2 Sandy loam ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: na Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: Greater than 2% redox concentrations within upper six inches that has a matrix of >60% or more chroma of 2 in a band greater than 4 inches thick observed and confirms hydric soil indicator S5, sandy redox is present at this location. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ✓ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ✓ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) ☐ Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _ No X Depth (inches): Yes X No Depth (inches): 2+ Water Table Present? Yes X No ___ Depth (inches): 0-2 Saturation Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: High Water Table (A2) and Saturation (A3) within the upper 12 inches of the soil pit confirm wetland hydrology.

Project/Site: Manila Shared Use Path		City/Cou	nty: Manila/Hu	ımboldt	_ Sampling Date: 8/2/2017
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County				State: CA	
Investigator(s): EPC, EKT		Section,	Township, Ra	nge: S34 T6N R1W	
					Slope (%): 1
	Lat: 40°	51'17.14"	'N	Long: 124° 9'44.91"W	Datum: WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: NOTCOM near Samoa-Clambeach					
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology					
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site ma					
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	No X		s the Sampled vithin a Wetlar		No X
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No <u>X</u>	**	Tumin a Wedan	103	
Remarks:					
Hydric soil and wetland hydrology absen	t at this sai	mple a	irea and th	is location is not w	ithin a USACE wetland.
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of pl	ants.				
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2)	Absolute		ant Indicator	Dominance Test work	ksheet:
1. Pinus radiata	<u>% Cover</u> 15	Yes	s? Status FACU	Number of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,	
2. Salix hookeriana	50	Yes	FACW	That Ale OBL, FACW,	01 FAC (A)
3.				Total Number of Domin Species Across All Stra	4
4.				·	
		= Total	Cover	Percent of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2)	400	V	EA CIA/	Prevalence Index wo	
1. Salix hookeriana			FACW	Total % Cover of:	
2					x 1 =
3				FACW species 150	x 2 = <u>300</u>
4				FAC species	x 3 =
5	100	= Total	Cover	FACU species 30	x 4 = 120
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2m2		_ = 10(a)	Cover		x 5 = 20
1. Fumaria capreolata	2	No	NL/UPL	Column Totals: 182	(A) <u>440</u> (B)
2. Rubus ursinus	15	Yes	FACU	Prevalence Index	x = B/A = 2.42
3				Hydrophytic Vegetati	
4				1 - Rapid Test for	Hydrophytic Vegetation
5				2 - Dominance Te	st is >50%
6				✓ 3 - Prevalence Ind	lex is ≤3.0 ¹
7					Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
8				5 - Wetland Non-V	ks or on a separate sheet)
9					ophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
10.		· 		1	bil and wetland hydrology must
11	17	Total (be present, unless dist	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 2m2)		_= rotart	Cover		
1				Hydrophytic	
2				Vegetation	٧
	0	_= Total (Cover	Present? Ye	es <u>X</u> No
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0 Remarks:				<u> </u>	
Dominance test not conclusive, although h	vdrie soil or	nd hydr	rology are a	sheent the provide	nce index was reviewed
to confirm presence of a CCC wetland. The					

SOIL								Sampli	ng Point: 5U
Profile Des	cription: (Descri	be to the de	pth needed to doc	ument the i	ndicator	or confirm	the absence	of indicators.)	
Depth	Matrix		Red	dox Features					
(inches)	Color (moist)		Color (moist)	%	Type ¹		<u>Texture</u>	R	emarks
0-14"	10YR 3/3	98%	10YR 5/8	2	С	M	Sand	-	
			-						
	<u> </u>							-	
-									
-									
			I=Reduced Matrix, (ed Sand Gr			Lining, M=Matrix.
_		licable to al	I LRRs, unless oth		ed.)		_		tic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histoso	` '		Sandy Redox				=	n Muck (A10)	(TEO)
	Epipedon (A2)		Stripped Matr			(MI DA 4)	_	Parent Material	• •
=	listic (A3)		Loamy Mucky	•		t MLRA 1)	= '	y Shallow Dark S	, ,
	en Sulfide (A4) ed Below Dark Sur	face (A11)	Loamy Gleyed Depleted Mat)		<u> </u>	er (Explain in Rer	narks)
= :	ark Surface (A12)	, ,	Redox Dark S	` '			³ Indicate	ors of hydrophytic	vegetation and
	Mucky Mineral (S1		☐ Depleted Darl	` ,	7)			nd hydrology mu	•
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Redox Depres		,			s disturbed or pro	
Restrictive	Layer (if present):							
Type:									
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soil	Present? Yes	No X
Remarks:							1		
HYDROLO									
_	drology Indicato								
Primary Indi	icators (minimum o	of one require	ed; check all that ap	ply)			Secor	ndary Indicators (2 or more required)
Surface	Water (A1)		☐ Water-St	tained Leave	es (B9) (e	except	<u></u>	/ater-Stained Lea	aves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
High W	ater Table (A2)		MLR	A 1, 2, 4A, a	nd 4B)		_	4A, and 4B)	
	ion (A3)		Salt Crus					rainage Patterns	
	Marks (B1)			nvertebrates	, ,		_	ry-Season Water	
=	ent Deposits (B2)			n Sulfide Oc			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	eposits (B3)			Rhizospher	_	_	_	eomorphic Positi	,
_	lat or Crust (B4)		<u> </u>	e of Reduce	,	•		hallow Aquitard (•
	posits (B5)			ron Reduction				AC-Neutral Test	
	e Soil Cracks (B6)		_	or Stressed		01) (LRR A)	_	aised Ant Mound	
_	tion Visible on Aeri		,	xplain in Re	marks)		<u> </u>	rost-Heave Humr	nocks (D7)
	ly Vegetated Conc	ave Surface	(B8)			1			
Field Obse			v						
	ter Present?		No X Depth (
Water Table	Present?		No X Depth (V
Saturation F		Yes	No X Depth (inches):		Wetla	and Hydrolog	y Present? Yes	s No X
	pillary fringe) ecorded Data (stre	am gauge. m	nonitoring well, aeria	l photos, pre	evious ins	spections).	if available:		
		J===g=, 11		, ,,,,,,		,			
Remarks:									
	hydrology is	s not nre	sent at this lo	cation [-ΔC_N	leutral T	Test fails		
vvGuariu	Trydrology is	a not bie	30111 at 11113 10	oauon. F	\\\-\\\	iouliai I	i ost ialis.		
l									

Project/Site: Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project	(City/County	: Manila/Hu	mboldt	_ Sampling Date: _1	10/17/2018	
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County/Caltrans				State: CA			
	,	Section, Township, Range: S3 T5N R1W					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): toeslope					-flat Slor	oe (%): 1	
Subregion (LRR): LRR A							
Soil Map Unit Name: Urban land-Anthraltic Xerorthents assoc							
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysi				Normal Circumstances"		No	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology na				eded, explain any answe			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map s			•		,	atures, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No	<u> х</u>						
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No			e Sampled		No X		
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No	<u> </u>	With	in a Wetlar	id? fes	NO <u>^_</u>	•	
Remarks:							
No wetland indicators are present and the sampled area is not within a wetland. Sample area is near a	culvert, draining tov	wards wetland in op	oposite side. Rainfall	is lower than average for the region in Se	ptember/October, based on Eurek	a Weather Station data.	
VECETATION . Has accomplified manner of intent							
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plant		5		Daminana Tantana	lask and		
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2	Absolute % Cover		Indicator Status	Dominance Test world			
1				Number of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,	or FAC: 0	(A)	
2				Total Number of Domii	nant		
3				Species Across All Stra	ata: 2	(B)	
4				Percent of Dominant S	Species		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2	0	= Total Co	over	That Are OBL, FACW,		(A/B)	
1. Lupinus arboreus	5	YES	UPL (NL)	Prevalence Index wo	rksheet:		
2.				Total % Cover of:		y by:	
3.				OBL species			
4.				FACW species			
5				FAC species			
2m2	5	= Total Co	over	FACU species			
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 3m2 1. Anthoxanthum odoratum	15	NO		UPL species Column Totals:			
2. Armeria maritima	2	NO					
3. Briza maxima	45	YES	UPL (NL)		x = B/A =		
4. Bromus carinatus	10	NO		Hydrophytic Vegetati		-4:	
5. Bromus hordeaceous	2	NO		2 - Dominance Te	Hydrophytic Vegeta	AUOTI	
6. Rumex acetosella	10	NO		3 - Prevalence Ind			
7. Raphanus sativus	5	NO		=	Adaptations ¹ (Provi	de supporting	
8.					ks or on a separate		
9				5 - Wetland Non-V			
10				l 	ophytic Vegetation ¹	` ' '	
11				¹ Indicators of hydric so be present, unless dist			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 3m2)	89	= Total Co	ver	be present, unless dist	urbed of problemat	10.	
1 2		-	-	Hydrophytic Vegetation			
		= Total Co	ver	Present? Ye	es No <u>X</u>		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 15							
Remarks:							
Dominant vegetation is primarily upland a sampled area.	nd failed	d domin	ance tes	st for hydrophytic	vegetation in	the	

Sampling Point: 100U SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Texture (inches) 2.5Y 3/2 100 Sand 0-15 ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: No redoximorphic features are present in the soil profile and no hydric soil indicators observed. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes ____ No _X Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes ____ No _X Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes No X Depth (inches): Saturation Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _ (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: The sample area is located at the bottom of a depression near a culvert. Only one secondary indicator, geomorphic position (D2), was observed in the sampled area. Vegetation failed FAC-Neutral test. Two secondary indicators are required to confirm wetland hydrology.

Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County/Caltrans State: CA Sampling Point: 101U nvestigator(s): E. Craydon, E. Teraoka Section, Township, Range: S3 T5N R1W	Project/Site: Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project		City/Cour	nty: Manila/Hu	mboldt	_ Sampling Date: _1	10/17/2018
Local relief (conceve, convex, none): flat							
Sold Map Unit Name: Urban land-Anthratic Xerorrhents association, 0 to 2 percent slopes New Idaasification: None New Idaasification: New Idaasific	• , , -						
Soli Map Unit Name: Urban land-Anthralitic Xecordhents association, 0 to 2 percent slopes	•			•	,		
New Collegation Soil or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No No Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No Normal Circumstances in Remarks. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X							···
Are Yogetation	•					·	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No X Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No X Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No X Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No X Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No X Wetland Indicators are present and the sampled area is not within a wetland. Rainfall is lower than average for the region in September/October, based on Euroka Weather Station data. **VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.** **Tree Stratum** (Plot size: 5m2							No
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No X Wetland Indicators are present and the sampled area is not within a verifient. Rainfall is lower than average for the region in September/October, based on Eureka Weather Station data. **VEGETATION — Use scientific names of plants.** **Tree Stratum** (Plot size: 5m2							
Hydric Soil Present? Yes							atures, etc.
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes N	lo X					
Remarks: Res No				•		No X	
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants. Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2		lo <u>X</u>	W	itnin a vvetiar	id? fes	NO <u>^_</u>	•
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants. Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2	Remarks:						
Absolute	No wetland indicators are present and the sampled area is not within a w	etland. Rainfal	ll is lower th	nan average for the	e region in September/Octobe	er, based on Eureka Wea	ther Station data.
Absolute	VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plan	ıte					
Tree Stratum (Plot size: Sm2)	VEGETATION – use scientific flames of plan		Domina	ant Indicator	Dominance Test wor	ksheet:	
That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1	<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: 5m2)						
3.	1						(A)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2 10	2				Total Number of Domi	inant	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2 10 YES	3						(B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2 10 YES	4				Percent of Dominant S	Species	
Baccharis pilularis	Sanling/Shruh Stratum (Plot size: 5m2		_ = Total	Cover			(A/B)
2.		10	YES	UPL	Prevalence Index wo	rksheet:	
Second Second Second Second Second Sec							
4							
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 3m2 10							
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 3m2	5						
1. Anthoxanthum odoratum 2. Carpobrotus edulis 3. Plantago lanceolata 4. Briza maxima 5. Holcus lanatus 6. Avena barbata 7. Oenothera glazioviana 8.	2m2	10	_ = Total	Cover			
2. Carpobrotus edulis 3. Plantago lanceolata 4. Briza maxima 5. Holcus lanatus 6. Avena barbata 7. Oenothera glazioviana 8.		40	VES	FΔCII			
3. Plantago lanceolata 4. Briza maxima 5. Holcus lanatus 6. Avena barbata 7. Oenothera glazioviana 8. 9.				17100			
4. Briza maxima 5. Holcus lanatus 40 YES FAC 6. Avena barbata 7. Oenothera glazioviana 8.							
5. Holcus lanatus 40 YES FAC 6. Avena barbata 7. Oenothera glazioviana 8.		15	NO				ation.
6. Avena barbata 7. Oenothera glazioviana 8.		40	YES	FAC			ation
7. Oenothera glazioviana 2 NO		2	NO				
8	7. Oenothera glazioviana	2	NO				ide supporting
9	8.	_					
10					5 - Wetland Non-	√ascular Plants¹	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 3m2) 1. Rubus ursinus	10				l 		` '
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 3m2) 5 YES FACU Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 5 5 _= Total Cover Yes No X	11						
1. Rubus ursinus 5 YES FACU 2. 5 = Total Cover Yes No X Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X No X	Woody Vine Stratum (Diet size, 3m2	122	_= Total C	Cover	be present, unless dis	tarbea or problemat	10.
2		5	YES	FACU			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 5 Remarks: Present? Yes No X							
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 5 Remarks:		5	= Total C	Cover	Present? Y	es No <u>X</u>	
		_ 					
Dominant vagatation is primarily upland and failed dominance test for hydrophytic vagatation in the							
sampled area.		and faile	d dom	inance tes	st for hydrophytic	vegetation in	the

SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Texture (inches) 2.5Y 3/2 100 Sand 0-9 ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) □ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: Gravel/fill Depth (inches): 9 Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: No redoximorphic features are present in the soil profile and no hydric soil indicators observed. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes ____ No X Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes ____ No _X Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes No X Saturation Present? Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _ (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Only one secondary indicator, geomorphic position (D2), was observed in the sampled area. Vegetation failed FAC-Neutral Test. Two secondary indicators are required to confirm wetland hydrology.

Project/Site: Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project		City/County	Manila/Hu	mboldt Sampling Date:	Sampling Date: 10/17/2018	
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County/Caltrans				State: <u>CA</u> Sampling Point		
Investigator(s): E. Craydon, E. Teraoka		Section, Township, Range: S3 T5N R1W				
		Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave-flat Slope (%): 0				
				Long: Dat		
Soil Map Unit Name: Urban land-Anthraltic Xerorthents asso						
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologys				Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X	No	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology n				eded, explain any answers in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map					eatures, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X N						
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X N	0		e Sampled			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X N	0	with	in a Wetlar	d? Yes X No	-	
Remarks:		•				
All three wetland indicators are present (hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and hydrology) are	nd the sampled are	ea is within a wetlar	nd. Rainfall is lowe	than average for the region in September/October, based on Euro	eka Weather Station data.	
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	ts.					
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?		Dominance Test worksheet:		
1. Salix sitchensis	45	YES	FACW	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 6	(A)	
2. Salix hookeriana	45	YES	FACW		(//	
3.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6	(B)	
4.				•	(=)	
	00	= Total Co	ver	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100	(A/B)	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2)	00	VE0	E4.0\4/	Prevalence Index worksheet:	(-1-)	
1. Salix hookeriana	20	YES	FACW	Total % Cover of: Multip	ply by:	
2. Rubus spectabilis	25	YES	FAC	OBL species x 1 =		
3				FACW species x 2 =		
4		· 		FAC species x 3 =		
5	45	= Total Co		FACU species x 4 =		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 3m2		_ = 10(a) C0	vei	UPL species x 5 =		
1. Holcus lanatus	10	NO		Column Totals: (A)	(B)	
2. Crocosmia ×crocosmiiflora	15	NO		Prevalence Index = B/A =		
3. Ranunculus repens	60	YES	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:		
4. Zantedeschia aethiopica	5	NO		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vege	etation	
5. Rumex (pulcher)		NO		✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%		
6. Tropaeolum majus	2	NO		3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹		
7. Dryopteris	5	NO		4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Pro	ovide supporting	
8		· 		data in Remarks or on a separat 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹	ie sneet)	
9		. ———		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation	n ¹ (Evolain)	
10		· 		¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hy	` ' '	
11	00	- Total Ca		be present, unless disturbed or problem		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 3 m2	-	_= Total Cov	er er			
1. Rubus armeniacus	45	YES	FAC	Hydrophytic		
2. Rubus ursinus	5	NO		Vegetation		
	50	_= Total Cov	ver	Present? Yes X No		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0 Remarks:						
	- : 4: - ما مرم،			o o o o o tutithin the communication	** 00	
Dominance test exceeds 50% and hydrometric control of the control	opnytic	vegetat	ion is p	esent within the sampled a	ea.	

Sampling Point: 101W SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Color (moist) Type¹ Texture (inches) 2.5Y 3/2 95 10YR 5/4 5 CS PLLoamy Sand 1-8 0-1 5Y 2/1 100 Loam 8-15 2.5Y 3/2 100 Loamy sand ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: ✓ Sandy Redox (S5) Histosol (A1) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) □ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: Hvdric Soil Present? Depth (inches): Remarks: The primary hydric soil indicator sandy redox was observed in the soil profile and a hydric soil is present in the sampled area. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes ____ No _X Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes _____ No _X Water Table Present? Yes No X Depth (inches): Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: The primary hydrology indicator presence of oxidized rhizospheres along living roots (C3) was observed confirming wetland hydrology. In addition, two secondary indicators, geomorphic position (D2) and FAC-Neutral test (D5) were confirmed.

Project/Site: Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project		City/Cour	nty: Manila/Hu	ımboldt	Sampling Date: 10/18/2018		
Applicant/Owner: Humboldt County/Caltrans					_ Sampling Point: 102L		
Investigator(s): E. Craydon, E. Teraoka				nge: S3 T5N R1W			
					ulating Slope (%	6): <u>1</u>	
Subregion (LRR): LRR A							
Soil Map Unit Name: Samoa-Clambeach complex, 0 to 50							
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for the							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology					present? Yes X	No	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	naturally pro	blematic	? (If ne	eded, explain any answ	ers in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map	showing	sampl	ing point le	ocations, transect	s, important featu	res, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	No X						
Hydric Soil Present? Yes			the Sampled		No X		
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No <u>X</u>	W	ithin a Wetlar	10? res	NO <u>^</u>		
Remarks:							
No wetland indicators are present and the sampled area is not within a	wetland. Rainfal	ll is lower th	an average for th	e region in September/Octobe	er, based on Eureka Weather S	Station data.	
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of pla	nts.						
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5m2)	Absolute		ant Indicator	Dominance Test wor	ksheet:		
1. (Plot size: Siz	<u></u>		s? Status	Number of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW		(A)	
2				Total Number of Domi	inant		
3				Species Across All Str	_	(B)	
4				Percent of Dominant S	Species		
5m2	0	_ = Total (Cover	That Are OBL, FACW		(A/B)	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5m2) 1. Lupinus arboreus	8	YES	NL-UPL	Prevalence Index wo	orksheet:		
				Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:		
2				OBL species	x 1 =		
3				FACW species	x 2 =		
4				FAC species	x 3 =		
5	8	- Total (Cover		x 4 =		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 3m2)		_ = 10tar	00101		x 5 =		
1. Anthoxanthum odoratum	40	YES	FACU	Column Totals:	(A)	(B)	
2. Scrophularia californica	_ 2	NO		Prevalence Inde	ex = B/A =		
3. Rumex acetosella	2	NO		Hydrophytic Vegetat			
4. Bromus carinatus	_ 1	NO		1 - Rapid Test for	Hydrophytic Vegetation		
5. Aira caryophyllea	_ 1	NO		2 - Dominance Te	est is >50%		
6. Poa (douglassii)	_ 1	NO		3 - Prevalence Inc	dex is ≤3.0 ¹		
7					Adaptations ¹ (Provide s		
8		-		5 - Wetland Non-	ks or on a separate shee	∌l)	
9					ophytic Vegetation ¹ (Exp	olain)	
10		· -		 	oil and wetland hydrolog	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
11	45	Tatal			sturbed or problematic.	y must	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 3m2	10	_= Total C	over				
1. Rubus ursinus	45	YES	FACU	Hydrophytic			
2.				Vegetation	V		
	40	= Total C	Cover	Present? Y	es No X	я	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 5							
Remarks:							
Dominant vegetation is primarily upland sampled area.	and faile	d dom	inance tes	st for hydrophytic	vegetation in the)	

Sampling Point: 102U SOIL Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features Color (moist) Texture (inches) 0-3 7.5YR 2.5/2 100 Loamy sand 3-16 7.5YR 3/2 100 sand ¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³: Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Other (Explain in Remarks) □ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: na Depth (inches): Hvdric Soil Present? Remarks: No redoximorphic features are present in the soil profile and no hydric soil indicators observed. **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) ☐ Surface Water (A1) ■ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, ☐ High Water Table (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 4A, and 4B) ☐ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes ____ No X Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes ____ No _X Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes No X Saturation Present? Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _ (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Only one secondary indicator, geomorphic position (D2), was observed in the sampled area. Vegetation fails FAC-Neutral test. Two secondary indicators are required to confirm wetland

hydrology.

	OHWM Delineation Cover Sheet	Page 1 of 2
Project: Manila Bike Path	Date: August 2, 2017	
Location: East side of CA-255, Manila, CA	Investigator(s): Emmalien Craydon (EPC), Emily Teraoka (EKT)
1, and the Manila Community Services District of State Route 255 (CA-255). The Project also in	plan between Humboldt County, California Department of Toprovide a bike path (also known as a shared-use path or more includes intersection improvements along Pacific Avenue and iffic Avenue intersection. The project may also include a cab	nulti-use trail) along the west sid d Peninsula Drive and
	(disturbances, in-stream structures, etc.): with culvert connections to adjacent waters and ditches. Descriptions	ribed as W-1 in the survey area.
		an.
Off-site Information		
	Yes No [If yes, attach image(s) to datasheet her features of interest on the image(s); describe below	
Hydrologic/hydraulic information acquibelow.] Description:	ired? Yes No [If yes, attach information t	to datasheet(s) and describe
List and describe any other supporting i	information received/acquired:	
characteristics of the OHWM along some length	or more datasheets for each project site. Each datasheet sho of a given stream. Complete enough datasheets to adequate eam conditions, etc. Transect locations can be marked on a	ly document up- and/or

coordinates noted on the datasheet.

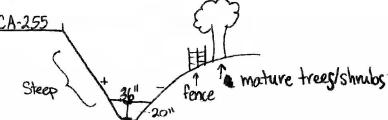
Datasheet	#	1
Dalasneel	#	•

OHWM Delineation Datasheet

Page 2

of 5

Transect (cross-section) drawing: (choose a location that is representative of the dominant stream characteristics over some distance; label the OHWM and other features of interest along the transect; include an estimate of transect length)



Break in Slope at OHWM: Sharp (> 60°) Moderate (30–60°) Gentle (< 30°) None

Notes/Description:

West slope is sharp, East slope is moderate.

Sediment Texture: Estimate percentages to describe the general sediment texture above and below the OHWM

	Clay/Silt <0.05mm	Sand 0.05 – 2mm	Gravel 2mm – 1cm	Cobbles 1 – 10cm	Boulders >10cm	Developed Soil Horizons (Y/N)
Above OHWM	0	100	0	0	0	0
Below OHWM	2	98	0	0	0	0

Notes/Description:

Vegetation: Estimate absolute percent cover to describe general vegetation characteristics above and below the OHWM

	Tree (%)	Shrub (%)	Herb (%)	Bare (%)
Above OHWM	0	0	100	0
Below OHWM	0	0	100	0

Notes/Description:

Vegetation is entirely herbaceous. Emergent hydrophytic vegetation is within the OHWM. Upland grasses are above the OHWM.

Other Evidence: List/describe any additional field evidence and/or lines of reasoning used to support your delineation A break in bank slope and change in vegetation species and cover supports the delineation.

OHWM	M Delineation Cover Sheet	Page 1 of 5
Project: Manila Bike Path	Date: August 1-2, 2017; Follow-up Sep	ptember 22, 2017
Location: East side of CA-255, Manila, CA	Investigator(s): Emily Teraoka (EKT), Emmalien Craydon (EPC)
Project Description: The Manila Bike Path Project is a collaborative plan betwee 1, and the Manila Community Services District to provide a of State Route 255 (CA-255). The Project also includes interestights at the Dean Street/Pacific Avenue intersection	n bike path (also known as a shared-use path or nearsection improvements along Pacific Avenue an	nulti-use trail) along the west side d Peninsula Drive and installation
Describe the river or stream's condition (disturbated An intermittent constructed drainage ditch with portions dry investigation. Recent vegetation removal is evident during the	and wet (some with surface water about 4 inches	
Off-site Information Remotely sensed image(s) acquired? Yes locations of transects, OHWM, and any other feature		
Hydrologic/hydraulic information acquired? below.] Description:	Yes No [If yes, attach information	to datasheet(s) and describe
List and describe any other supporting information	on received/acquired:	
Instructions: Complete one cover sheet and one or more dat characteristics of the OHWM along some length of a given s		ely document up- and/or

coordinates noted on the datasheet.

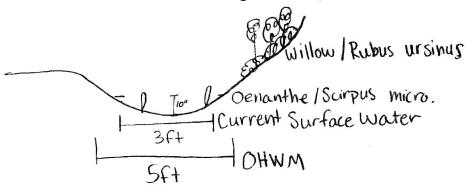
Datasheet	#	1
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OHWM Delineation Datasheet

Page 2

of 5

Transect (cross-section) drawing: (choose a location that is representative of the dominant stream characteristics over some distance; label the OHWM and other features of interest along the transect; include an estimate of transect length)



Break	in	Slone	at O	HWM:

Notes/Description:

Gentle to moderate slope

Sediment Texture: Estimate percentages to describe the general sediment texture above and below the OHWM

	Clay/Silt <0.05mm	Sand 0.05 – 2mm	Gravel 2mm – 1cm	Cobbles 1 – 10cm	Boulders >10cm	Developed Soil Horizons (Y/N)
Above OHWM	50	50	0	0	0	0
Below OHWM	70	30	0	0	0	0

Notes/Description:

Vegetation: Estimate absolute percent cover to describe general vegetation characteristics above and below the OHWM

	Tree (%)	Shrub (%)	Herb (%)	Bare (%)
Above OHWM	50	50	25	0
Below OHWM	45	0	5	50

Notes/Description:

Vegetation present on one side only. Carex obnopta.

Other Evidence: List/describe any additional field evidence and/or lines of reasoning used to support your delineation Intermittent drainage ditch; soils saturated during the investigation; some standing water (2 in.) observed.

A break in bank slope and change in vegetation species and cover supports the delineation.

Datasheet # 2	OHWM Delineation Datasheet	Page 3 of 5
some distance; label the OHWM Nonnahwe grasses	ing: (choose a location that is representative of the dominal and other features of interest along the transect; include as Woody Standard Understony Composed Openanthe Sammentosa Scirpus acutus	
Break in Slope at OHWM:	☐ Sharp (> 60°)	< 30°)

Notes/Description:

Moderate slope break

Sediment Texture: Estimate percentages to describe the general sediment texture above and below the OHWM

	Clay/Silt <0.05mm	Sand 0.05 – 2mm	Gravel 2mm – 1cm	Cobbles 1 – 10cm	Boulders >10cm	Developed Soil Horizons (Y/N)
Above OHWM	50	50	0	0	0	0
Below OHWM	70	30	0	0	0	0

Notes/Description:

Vegetation: Estimate absolute percent cover to describe general vegetation characteristics above and below the OHWM

	Tree (%)	Shrub (%)	Herb (%)	Bare (%)
Above OHWM	100	100	100	0
Below OHWM	10	0	15	75

Notes/Description:

Other Evidence: List/describe any additional field evidence and/or lines of reasoning used to support your delineation A break in bank slope and change in vegetation species and cover supports the delineation.

Datasheet # 3	OHWM Delineation Datasheet						_ of <u>5</u>
Transect (cross-se some distance; labe	, ,						
upland gvasse	Oenanthe Sarments	8 H 5a 15"	Che -	Upland V Rubus	egetation (ursinus	ompose	d of
	s moderate on	Sharp (> 60°) both sides (60	on West bank	and 40-50 on I	East bank).		
eument rexture	Clay/Silt	Sand	Gravel	Cobbles	Boulders		oped Soi
	<0.05mm	0.05 – 2mm	2mm – 1cm	1 – 10cm	>10cm		ons (Y/N
Above OHWM	20	80	0	0	0		0
Below OHWM	60	40	0	0	0		0
Notes/Description:							
Saturated muck							
Vegetation: Estim	ate absolute per Tree (%)	Shrub (%)	cribe general vege Herb (%)			below th	e OHW
Above OHWM	0	100	0	Bare (%	,		
A SOUTH OF THE SECOND S		100		0			

vegetation: Estil	nate absolute perc	ent cover to descri	be general vegetat	ion characteristics	above and below the On wivi
	Tree (%)	Shrub (%)	Herb (%)	Bare (%)	
Above OHWM	0	100	0	0	
Below OHWM	0	0	90	10	

Notes/Description:

Other Evidence: List/describe any additional field evidence and/or lines of reasoning used to support your delineation A break in bank slope and change in vegetation species and cover supports the delineation.

Datasheet # 4			M Delineation Da			Page 5 of 5
100	_	: (choose a location of other features of		e transect; includ		of transect lengt
		Cardamine 2013	+ 12" 99 4" Surface Wa	te⁄		
_		Sharp (> 60°) [■ Moderate (30–6	60°)	le (< 30°)	None
Break in Slope at Notes/Description: East bank is sha	arp, West bank					
Notes/Description:	arp, West bank	k is moderate.				
Totes/Description: East bank is sha Ediment Texture	erp, West bank Estimate perc	k is moderate. entages to describe Sand	e the general sedir Gravel	nent texture abo	ve and below the Boulders	he OHWM Developed S
Notes/Description: East bank is sha Bediment Texture Above OHWM Below OHWM	Estimate perc Clay/Silt <0.05mm 15	k is moderate. entages to describe Sand 0.05 – 2mm	e the general sedir Gravel 2mm – 1cm	ment texture abo Cobbles 1 – 10cm	ve and below the Boulders >10cm	he OHWM Developed S Horizons (Y/
Notes/Description: East bank is shaded in the shaded in th	Estimate perc Clay/Silt <0.05mm 15 80 present	sentages to describe Sand 0.05 – 2mm 85 20	e the general sedir Gravel 2mm – 1cm 0 0	nent texture abo Cobbles 1 – 10cm 0 0	ve and below the Boulders >10cm 0 0	ne OHWM Developed S Horizons (Y/
East bank is shated the shade of the shade o	Estimate perc Clay/Silt <0.05mm 15 80 present nate absolute per Tree (%)	sentages to describe Sand 0.05 – 2mm 85 20 ccent cover to describe Shrub (%)	e the general sedir Gravel 2mm – 1cm 0 0 vribe general veget Herb (%)	nent texture abo Cobbles 1 – 10cm 0 0 ation characteris Bare (%)	ve and below the Boulders >10cm 0 0	ne OHWM Developed S Horizons (Y/
Notes/Description: East bank is shaded in the shade of th	Estimate perc Clay/Silt <0.05mm 15 80 present	sentages to describe Sand 0.05 – 2mm 85 20	e the general sedir Gravel 2mm – 1cm 0 0	nent texture abo Cobbles 1 – 10cm 0 0	ve and below the Boulders >10cm 0 0	ne OHWM Developed S Horizons (Y/

Other Evidence: List/describe any additional field evidence and/or lines of reasoning used to support your delineation A break in bank slope and change in vegetation species and cover supports the delineation.

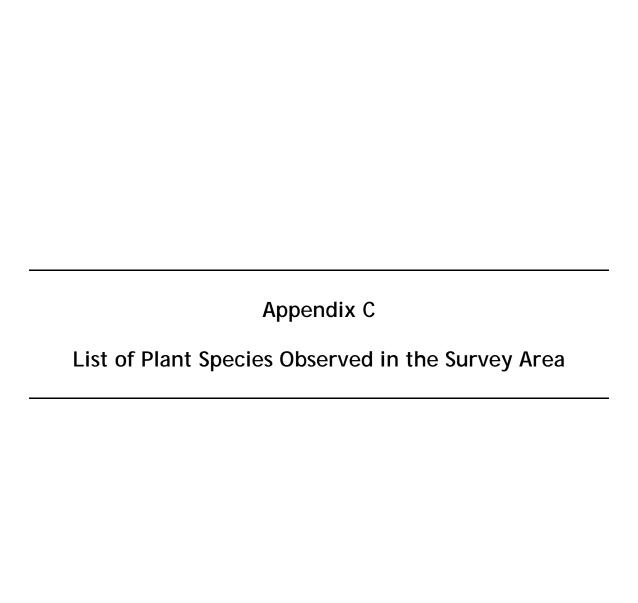
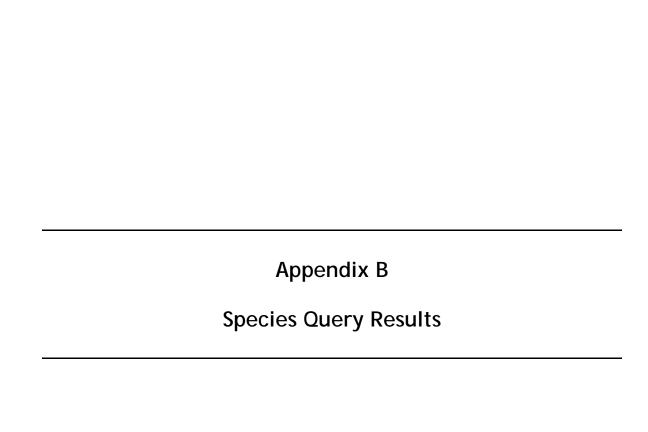


Table C-1. Plant species observed during the wetland delineation surveys in the Survey Area.

Scientific name	Common name	Family	Native status	WMVC Rating (Lichvar et al. 2016)
Aira caryophyllea	silver hair grass	Poaceae	Nonnative	FACU
Anthoxanthum odoratum	sweet vernal grass	Poaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Moderate	FACU
Armeria maritima	thrift sea pink	Plumbaginaceae	Native	FAC
Avena barbata	slender wild oat	Poaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Moderate	Not Listed -UPL
Baccharis pilularis	coyote brush	Asteraceae	Native	Not Listed -UPL
Briza maxima	rattlesnake grass, large quaking grass	Poaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Limited	Not Listed -UPL
Bromus carinatus	California brome	Poaceae	Native	Not Listed -UPL
Bromus diandrus	ripgut grass	Poaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Moderate	Not Listed -UPL
Bromus hordeaceus	soft chess	Poaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Limited	FACU
Carex obnupta	slough sedge	Cyperaceae	Native	OBL
Carpobrotus edulis	freeway iceplant	Aizoaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated High	Not Listed- UPL
Crocosmia ×crocosmiiflora	montbretia	Iridaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Limited	FAC
Daucus carota	carrot, Queen Anne's lace	Apiaceae	Nonnative	FACU
Dryopteris expansa	spreading wood fern	Dryopteridaceae	Native	FACW
Equisetum arvense	common horsetail	Equisetaceae	Native	FAC
Fragaria chiloensis	beach strawberry	Rosaceae	Native	FACU
Fumaria capreolata	White ramping fumitory	Papaveraceae	Nonnative	Not Listed -UPL
Holcus lanatus	common velvet grass	Poaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Moderate	FAC
Hypochaeris radicata	rough cat's-ear	Asteraceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Moderate	FACU
Juncus breweri	salt or brewer's rush	Juncaceae	Native	FACW
Juncus lescurii	San Francisco rush	Juncaceae	Native	FACW
Lonicera sp.	honeysuckle	Caprifoliaceae	Native	FACU
Lonicera involucrata	twinberry	Caprifoliaceae	Native	FAC
Lotus corniculatus	bird's-foot trefoil	Fabaceae	Nonnative	FAC
Lupinus arboreus	yellow bush lupine	Fabaceae	Native (Nonnative to Humboldt County)	Not Listed -UPL
Tropaeolum majus	garden nasturtium	Tropaeolaceae	Nonnative	UPL
Oenanthe sarmentosa	water parsley	Apiaceae	Native	OBL
Oenothera glazioviana	redsepal evening primrose	Onagraceae	Nonnative	Not Listed -UPL
Pinus contorta subsp. contorta	shore pine	Pinaceae	Native	FAC
Pinus radiata Monterey pine		Pinaceae	Native	Not Listed -UPL
Plantago lanceolata	English plantain	Plantaginaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Limited	FACU

Scientific name	Common name	Family	Native status	WMVC Rating (Lichvar et al. 2016)
Poa douglasii	sand dune blue grass	Poaceae	Native	FACU
Polystichum munitum	western sword fern	Dryopteridaceae	Native	FACU
Potentilla anserina subsp. pacifica	Pacific silverweed	Rosaceae	Native	OBL
Ranunculus repens	common creeping buttercup	Ranunculaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Limited	FAC
Raphanus sativus	radish	Brassicaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Limited	Not Listed -UPL
Rubus armeniacus	Himalayan blackberry	Rosaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated High	FAC
Rubus laciniatus	cutleaf blackberry	Rosaceae	Nonnative	FACU
Rubus spectabilis	salmon berry	Rosaceae	Native	FAC
Rubus ursinus	California blackberry	Rosaceae	Native	FACU
Rumex acetosella	sheep sorrel	Polygonaceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Moderate	FACU
Rumex (pulcher)	fiddle dock	Polygonaceae	Nonnative	FAC
Salix hookeriana	coastal willow	Salicaceae	Native	FACW
Salix lasiandra	Pacific willow	Salicaceae	Native	FACW
Salix sitchensis	Sitka willow	Salicaceae	Native	FACW
Scirpus microcarpus	small-fruited bulrush	Cyperaceae	Native	OBL
Scrophularia californica	California figwort	Scrophulariaceae	Native	FAC
Symphyotrichum chilense	Pacific aster	Asteraceae	Native	FAC
Trifolium repens	white clover	Fabaceae	Nonnative	FAC
Vicia sativa	common vetch	Fabaceae	Nonnative	UPL
Zantedeschia aethiopica	calla-lily	Araceae	Nonnative, Cal-IPC Rated Limited	OBL





United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Arcata Fish And Wildlife Office 1655 Heindon Road Arcata, CA 95521-4573 Phone: (707) 822-7201 Fax: (707) 822-8411



In Reply Refer To: November 06, 2018

Consultation Code: 08EACT00-2017-SLI-0386

Event Code: 08EACT00-2019-E-00079

Project Name: Manila Bike Path

Subject: Updated list of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed

project location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 *et seq.*), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Arcata Fish And Wildlife Office 1655 Heindon Road Arcata, CA 95521-4573 (707) 822-7201

Project Summary

Consultation Code: 08EACT00-2017-SLI-0386

Event Code: 08EACT00-2019-E-00079

Project Name: Manila Bike Path

Project Type: TRANSPORTATION

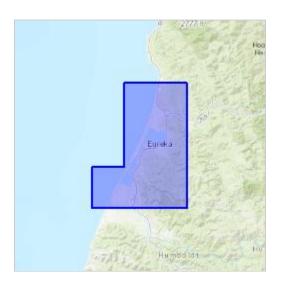
Project Description: Scoping for the Manila bike path. Project area includes Quads: Eureka,

Arcata South, Arcata North, Fields Landing, Tyree City, Cannibal Island,

and McWhinney Creek.

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/place/40.8124999976456N124.12500408782202W



Counties: Humboldt, CA

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 10 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Birds

NAME	STATUS
Marbled Murrelet <i>Brachyramphus marmoratus</i> Population: U.S.A. (CA, OR, WA) There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location overlaps the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4467	Threatened
Northern Spotted Owl <i>Strix occidentalis caurina</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1123	Threatened
Short-tailed Albatross <i>Phoebastria</i> (=Diomedea) albatrus No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/433	Endangered
Western Snowy Plover <i>Charadrius nivosus nivosus</i> Population: Pacific Coast population DPS-U.S.A. (CA, OR, WA), Mexico (within 50 miles of Pacific coast) There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location overlaps the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8035	Threatened
Yellow-billed Cuckoo <i>Coccyzus americanus</i> Population: Western U.S. DPS There is proposed critical habitat for this species. Your location overlaps the critical habitat.	Threatened

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3911

Reptiles

NAME STATUS

Green Sea Turtle Chelonia mydas

Threatened

Population: East Pacific DPS

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6199

Fishes

NAME STATUS

Tidewater Goby Eucyclogobius newberryi

Endangered

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. Your location overlaps the critical habitat.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/57

Flowering Plants

NAME STATUS

Beach Layia Layia carnosa

Endangered

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6728

Menzies' Wallflower Erysimum menziesii

Endangered

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2935

Western Lily *Lilium occidentale*

Endangered

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/998

Critical habitats

There are 4 critical habitats wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction.

NAME STATUS

Marbled Murrelet Brachyramphus marmoratus

Final

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4467#crithab

Tidewater Goby *Eucyclogobius newberryi* https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/57#crithab

Final

*

Western Snowy Plover Charadrius nivosus nivosus

Final

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8035#crithab

Yellow-billed Cuckoo *Coccyzus americanus* https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3911#crithab

Proposed

Mon 11/5/2018 10:07 AM

NMFSWCRCA Specieslist - NOAA Service Account <nmfswcrca.specieslist+canned.response@noaa.gov>

Re: Caltrans /County of Humboldt Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project

Dennis Halligan

Receipt of this message confirms that NMFS has received your email to nmfswcrca.specieslist@noaa.gov. If you are a federal agency (or representative) and have followed the steps outlined on the California Species List Tools web page (http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/maps_data/california_species_list_tools.html), you have generated an official Endangered Species Act species list.

Messages sent to this email address are not responded to directly. For project specific questions, please contact your local NMFS office.

Northern California/Klamath (Arcata) 707-822-7201

North-Central Coast (Santa Rosa) 707-387-0737

Southern California (Long Beach) 562-980-4000

California Central Valley (Sacramento) 916-930-3600

NOAA Fisheries – California Species List Tools

https://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/maps data/california species list tools.html

Accessed November 5, 2018

Quad Name Eureka

Quad Number 40124-G2

ESA Anadromous Fish

SONCC Coho ESU (T) -

CCC Coho ESU (E) -

CC Chinook Salmon ESU (T) - X

CVSR Chinook Salmon ESU (T) -

SRWR Chinook Salmon ESU (E) -

NC Steelhead DPS (T) -

CCC Steelhead DPS (T) -

SCCC Steelhead DPS (T) -

SC Steelhead DPS (E) -

CCV Steelhead DPS (T) -

Eulachon (T) -

sDPS Green Sturgeon (T) - X

ESA Anadromous Fish Critical Habitat

SONCC Coho Critical Habitat -



CCC Coho Critical Habitat -

CC Chinook Salmon Critical Habitat - X

CVSR Chinook Salmon Critical Habitat -

SRWR Chinook Salmon Critical Habitat -

NC Steelhead Critical Habitat -

CCC Steelhead Critical Habitat -

SCCC Steelhead Critical Habitat -

SC Steelhead Critical Habitat -

CCV Steelhead Critical Habitat -

Eulachon Critical Habitat -

sDPS Green Sturgeon Critical Habitat - X

ESA Marine Invertebrates

Range Black Abalone (E) -

Range White Abalone (E) -

ESA Marine Invertebrates Critical Habitat

Black Abalone Critical Habitat -

ESA Sea Turtles

East Pacific Green Sea Turtle (T) -

Olive Ridley Sea Turtle (T/E) -

Leatherback Sea Turtle (E) -

North Pacific Loggerhead Sea Turtle (E) -

ESA Whales

Blue Whale (E) -

Fin Whale (E) -

Humpback Whale (E) - X

Southern Resident Killer Whale (E) - X

North Pacific Right Whale (E) - X

Sei Whale (E) -

Sperm Whale (E) -

ESA Pinnipeds

Guadalupe Fur Seal (T) -Steller Sea Lion Critical Habitat -

Essential Fish Habitat

Coho EFH -	X
Chinook Salmon EFH -	X
Groundfish EFH -	X
Coastal Pelagics EFH -	X
Highly Migratory Species EFH -	



Summary Table Report California Department of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database

CALIFORNIA FISH BITS WILDLIFE

Query Criteria:

Quad IS (Tyee City (4012482) OR Arcata North (4012481) OR Arcata South (4012471) OR Eureka (4012472) OR Cannibal Island (4012463) OR Fields Landing (4012462) OR McWhinney Creek (4012461))

Page 1 6

				Elev.		Ш	Element Occ. Ranks	nt O	cc. R	anks	•	Population Status	n Status	₽	Presence	
Name (Scientific/Common)	CNDDB Ranks	Listing Status (Fed/State)	Other Lists	Range (ft.)	Total EO's	>	B	ဂ	D	×	_	Historic > 20 yr	Recent <= 20 yr	Extant	Poss. Extirp.	E Xtiry 79, 2021
Abronia umbellata var. breviflora	G4G5T2	None	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.1	5	61	0	9	2	_	_	ω	5	11	15) Br
pink sand-verbena	S2	None	BLM_S-Sensitive	236	S:16											ctob
Accipiter striatus	G5	None	CDFW_WL-Watch List	200	22	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	8
sharp-shinned hawk	S4	None	IUCN_LC-Least Concern	580	S:2											
Acipenser medirostris	G3	Threatened	AFS_VU-Vulnerable	0		0	0	0	0	0	_	0	_		0	0
green sturgeon	S1S2	None	CDFW_SSC-Species of Special Concern	0	. <u>.</u>											
			Threatened NMFS_SC-Species of Concern													s CDP
Anodonta californiensis	G3Q	None	USFS_S-Sensitive	41	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	∕&k
California floater	S2?	None		41	<u>ن</u>											ic W
Aplodontia rufa humboldtiana	G5TNR	None		50	28	0	0	0	0	0	16	13	3	16	0	°₩
Humboldt mountain beaver	SNR	None		1,700	S:16											of F
Arborimus albipes	G3G4	None	CDFW_SSC-Species	15) . 3	0	0	0	0	0	_	1	0	_	0	ூர்
white-footed vole	S2	None	of Special Concern IUCN_LC-Least Concern	15	V: 1											epartm
Arborimus pomo	G3	None	CDFW_SSC-Species	40	222	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	0	7	0	уД
Sonoma tree vole	S3	None	of Special Concern IUCN_NT-Near Threatened	1,600	S:/											Count
Ardea alba	G5	None	CDF_S-Sensitive	4	43	_	0	0	0	0	را ت	4	2	<u>6</u>	0	olejt
great egret	S4	None	IUCN_LC-Least Concern	194	S:6											ımbo
Ardea herodias	G5	None	CDF_S-Sensitive	4	155	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	7	13	0	2Ы
great blue heron	S4	None	IUCN_LC-Least Concern	450	S:13											1740:
Ascaphus truei	G4	None	CDFW_SSC-Species	100	491	0	0	0	0	0	œ	5	ω	œ	0)24-
Pacific tailed frog	S3S4	None	or Special Concern IUCN_LC-Least Concern	1,027	رن ض											PLN-20



Summary Table Report California Department of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database

CALIFORNIA FISH WILDLIFE

				Elev.		_	lem) tr] [.	Element Occ. Ranks	ď	Population Status	n Status		Presence	ge
Name (Scientific/Common)	CNDDB Ranks	Listing Status (Fed/State)	Other Lists	Range (ft.)	Total EO's	>	₩	C	D	×	_	Historic > 20 yr	Recent <= 20 yr	Extant	Poss. Extirp.	Extirp.
Astragalus pycnostachyus var. pycnostachyus	G2T2	None	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2 BLM_S-Sensitive		25 S:1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1		0
coastal marsh milk-vetch	1		SB_SBBG-Santa Barbara Botanic Garden													, 2021
Bombus caliginosus	G4?	None	IUCN_VU-Vulnerable	0	181	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	0	8	0	e 5 7
obscure bumble bee	S1S2	None		2,100	S:8											tobe
Bombus occidentalis	G2G3	None	USFS_S-Sensitive	10	282	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	0	9	0	Θ 0
western bumble bee	S1	None	XERCES_IM-Imperiled	2,100	S:9											
Brachyramphus marmoratus	G3G4	Threatened	CDF_S-Sensitive	1,200	110 S:4	0	Ν	0	0	0	N	4	0	4	0	0
marbled murrelet	V.	Endangered	NABCI_RWL-Red Watch List	1,800	(
Bryoria spiralifera	G3	None	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.1	30) > &	0	0	0	0	0	ω		2	ω	0	°0
twisted horsehair lichen	S1S2	None		70	<u>ن</u>											CDI
Cardamine angulata	G4G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.1	310	32	0	0	0	0	0	_	1	0	1	0	or k s
seaside bittercress	S3	None		310	<u>ن</u>											: Wo
Carex arcta	65 65	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	200	10 S:2	0	0	0	0	0	N	2	0	2	0	Public
Tottiletti ciastelea seage	<u>c</u>	NO.		500												of I
Carex leptalea	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	300	S:4 8	0	0	0	0	0	_		0		0	nend
Si Suc Stained Seage	-	1010		300												ırtn
Carex lyngbyei	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	0	S:15	Ν	4	ω	0	0	െ	<u>ი</u>	9	15	0	ego
Lyngbye's sedge	S3	None		20	ن. ت											y De
Carex praticola	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2		14	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	0		0	tgy
northern meadow sedge	S2	None			S:1											· Co
Castilleja ambigua var. humboldtiensis	G4T2	None	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2	5	31	2	8	2	0	0	9	7	14	21	0	₩
Humboldt Bay owl's-clover	S2	None	DLM_3-Sensitive	65	0.2											umb
Castilleja litoralis	G3	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	25	39	0	0	0	0	0	ω	2		ω	0	2Ы
Oregon coast paintbrush	S3	None		500	٥:3											740
Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus	G3T3	Threatened	CDFW_SSC-Species	10	138	0	1	0	0	0	4	3	2	5	0	2 _ხ 1
western snowy plover	S2S3	None	of Special Concern NABCI_RWL-Red	23	G.											N-20:
			USFWS_BCC-Birds of													PL
									ıГ	Ī						

Report Printed on Tuesday, November 06, 2018



Summary Table Report

California Department of Fish and Wildlife **California Natural Diversity Database**

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turnicop: ellow rail	ownsend	<i>Ilinsia co</i> ound-hea	astal Ter Coastal Te	cus huds	sindela hi andy bea	oint Reye	aradrius nountain p	ıme (Scie	
s novek	's big-ea	<i>rymbo</i> : ded Chi	race Pr ⊮rrace P	sonius arrier	rticollis ch tiger	n <i>marit</i> es salty	montar blover	ntific/C	
borace	nsendi ared ba	sa inese-h	airie rairie		s <i>gravi</i> beetle	imum s	nus	òmmo	
nsis	1	ouses			da	ssp. pa beak		ň)	
						dustre			
G4 S1S2	G3G4 S2	G1 S1	G2 S2.1	95 S3	G5T2 S2	G4?T: S2	G3 S2S3	CNDI	
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of S IUC Con NAE Wat USF Con	BLN CDF of S IUC Con Con USF WBN Prio	Rare		of S Con		Rare BLN	BLN of S IUC Thre NAE Wat USF	O _t	\parallel
pecial of N_LC-I N_LC-I N_LC-I cern sCI_RV ch List Ch List S_S-S Servati	LS-Se www.ss pecial of N_LC-1 N_LC-1 cern cern S-S-S	e Plant		-W_SS pecial (N_LC-I		e Plant 1_S-Se	I_S-Se pecial (N_NT-I) N_NT-I	er List	
C-Spec Concer -east VL-Red ensitive ensitive	nsitive C-Spec Concer Concer Least ensitive	Rank -		C-Sper Concer _east			nsitive C-Spec Concer Concer VL-Red VL-Red CC-Bir	i io	
n n n ds of ds of	n n	1B.2		n dies		1B.2	n n ds of		$\ $
22	25 25		16 16					Elev. Range (ft.)	
4 4	0 0		0	0 0	0 0		4 7		1
S: 45	626 S:3	13 S:1	S:4 8	S:1	S: 34	S:15	S:20	o's	-
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4	ω	1	_		0	15	8	Extant	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
-2021-17402 Humbol g t	County Departmen	t of Pyk	lic Wer	ks CDP o		0(otober 7, 2021 o	xtirp. Page	.] [8
	noveboracensis G4 None CDFW_SSC-Species 4 45 0 0 0 0 4 3 1 4 0 S1S2 None IUCN_LC-Least Concern IUCN_LC-Least Concern Concern NABCI_RWL-Red Watch List USFS_S-Sensitive USFW_S-BCC-Birds of Conservation Concern 24 S:4 IUSFW_S-BCC-Birds of Conservation Concern	s townsendii G3G4 None BLM_S-Sensitive of Species of Species 30 626 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 0 3 0 big-eared bat S2 None of Special Concern IUCN_LC-Least 250 S:3 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 3 0 LOCN_LC-Least Concern VBWG_H-High USFW_SSC-Species VBWG_H-High 4 45 0 0 0 0 4 3 1 4 0 None CDFW_SC-Species VBC-RWL-Red VBGLRWL-Red VBSFWS_BCC-Birds of USFWS_BCC-Birds of Concern 24 S:4 0 0 0 0 4 3 1 4 0	G1	G2 None 160 S:1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	COPFW_SSC-Species 6 S3 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0	Second S	sp. palustre G4772 None Rare Plant Rank - 18.2 (a) 5 (a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 5 (c) 6 (c) 2 (c) 1 (c) 5 (c) 6 (c) 2 (c) 1 (c) 5 (c) 6 (c) 2 (c) 1 (c) 5 (c) 6 (c) 5 (c) 6 (c) 7 (c)	S2S3 None CDFW_SSC_Species 7 S2 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 2 0 0	CANDB

Report Printed on Tuesday, November 06, 2018



Summary Table Report

California Department of Fish and Wildlife **California Natural Diversity Database**



	dark-eyed gilia	Gilia millefoliata	Pacific gilia	Gilia capitata ssp. pacifica	minute pocket moss	Fissidens pauperculus	tidewater goby	Eucyclogobius newberryi	coast fawn lily	Erythronium revolutum	Menzies' wallflower	Erysimum menziesii	North American porcupine	Erethizon dorsatum	Pacific lamprey	Entosphenus tridentatus	Emys marmorata western pond turtle		Elanus leucurus white-tailed kite	Name (Scientific/Common)	
,	S2	G2	S2	G5T3	S2	G3?	S3	G3	S3	G4G5	S1	G1	S3	G5	S4	G4	G3G4 S3		G5 S3S4	CNDDB Ranks	
•	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	Endangered	None	None	Endangered	Endangered	None	None	None	None	None None		None	Listing Status (Fed/State)	
	BLM_S-Sensitive	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2		Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2	USFS_S-Sensitive	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2	of Special Concern IUCN_VU-Vulnerable	AFS_EN-Endangered		Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	Santa Ana Botanic Garden	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.1	Concern	IUCN_LC-Least	CDFW_SSC-Species of Special Concern USFS_S-Sensitive	AFS_VU-Vulnerable	BLM_S-Sensitive CDFW_SSC-Species of Special Concern IUCN_VU-Vulnerable USFS_S-Sensitive	IUCN_LC-Least Concern	BLM_S-Sensitive CDFW_FP-Fully	Other Lists	
	50	₅	250	250	650	100	12	0			30	Ŋ	817	13	43	14	3 400		<u> </u>	Range (ft.)	Elev.
	S:11	54	<u>ა:</u>	73	S:3	22	υ: 	127	S: 1	154	Q G	S:6	S:9	508	o. o	9	1350 S:8		178 S:2	Total EO's	
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		4		0		0		_		0		2		0		0	3		0	B	Element Occ. Ranks
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		5		_		3		_		1		0		ω		_	1		0	Historic > 20 yr	Population Status
		6		0		0		9		0		6		6		4	7		2	Recent <= 20 yr	n Status
•		11		1		3		10				<u>б</u>		9		5	8		N	1	
		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0		0		Presence
																				Extirp.	

PLN-2021-13



Summary Table Report California Department of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database



						1	1		ı	ı						
				Elev.		_	Element Occ. Ranks	nt C	Ç.	Rank	ŝ	Population Status	n Status	 	Presence	ge
Name (Scientific/Common)	CNDDB Ranks	Listing Status (Fed/State)	Other Lists	Range (ft.)	Total EO's	>	₩	C	D	×	_	Historic > 20 yr	Recent <= 20 yr	Extant	Poss.	Extirp.
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	G5	Delisted	BLM_S-Sensitive	580	327	_	0	0	0	0		_				0
bald eagle	S3	Endangered	CDF_S-Sensitive CDFW_FP-Fully Protected IUCN_LC-Least Concern USFS_S-Sensitive USFWS_BCC-Birds of Conservation Concern	580	<u>ن</u> خ											October 7, 2021
Hesperevax sparsiflora var. brevifolia	G4T3	None	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2	10	56	0	0	_	0	0		3 2	2	4	0	0
short-leaved evax	S2	None	BLM_S-Sensitive	13	S:4											
Lasthenia californica ssp. macrantha	G3T2	None	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2		59	0	0	0	0	0		1	0		0	0
perennial goldfields	S2	None			S:1											
Lathyrus japonicus	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.1	5	24	0	0	0	0	0		3 3	0	3	0	0
seaside pea	S2	None		200	0:3											CDP
Lathyrus palustris	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	10	13 S:2	0	0	0	0	0		2		2	0	ork&(
-				-						T	t					: W
beach layia	S2	Endangered	SB_RSABG-Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden	40	8:8 8:2	c	c	_				, N	o	đ	c	t of Publ i
Lilium occidentale western lily	G1 S1	Endangered Endangered	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.1 SB_BerrySB-Berry Seed Bank	30 350	16 S:9	0	ယ	_	1	ω		3	<u></u> 6	6	ω	artm e n
Lycopodium clavatum	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 4.1	160	120	2	10	13	3	0		7 6	29	35	0	De r
running-pine	S3	None		1,860	S:35											ınty
Margaritifera falcata	G4G5	None		75	78	0	0	0	0	0		2 1	1	2	0	Ceu
western pearlshell	S1S2	None		317	U.											ıldt (
Martes caurina humboldtensis	G5T1	None	CDFW_SSC-Species	1,100	42	0	0	0	0	0			0		0	mbo
Humboldt marten	S1	Candidate Endangered	of Special Concern USFS_S-Sensitive	1,100	<u>ن</u>											2 Hur
Mitellastra caulescens	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 4.2	1,200	21	0	_	0	0	0		0 0	_1	_	0	7 4 0
leafy-stemmed mitrewort	S4	None		1,200	ر: - ا											21-1
Monotropa uniflora	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	100	89	0	0	0	0	0			0	_	0	1-2 0
ghost-pipe	S2	None		100	<u>.</u>											PLI



Summary Table Report California Department of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database

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				Elev.	_		Element Occ. Ranks	nt C	ç.	Ran	l 6	Populati	Population Status		Presence	ıge İ
Name (Scientific/Common)	CNDDB Ranks	Listing Status (Fed/State)	Other Lists	Range (ft.)	Total EO's	>	B	ဂ	D	×		Historic U > 20 yr	Recent <= 20 yr	Extant	Poss. Extirp.	E xtirp.
Montia howellii	G3G4	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	39	110	0	ω	_	4		ω	2 1				0
Howell's montia	S2	None		1,600	S:13											
Myotis evotis	G5	None	BLM_S-Sensitive	40	139	0	_	0	0		0	1	_	2	0	2 6 2
long-eared myotis	S3	None	Concern WBWG_M-Medium Priority	429	y. K											tober 7, 2
Northern Coastal Salt Marsh	G3	None		0	53	_	0		0		0	10 11	0	11	0	Q 0
Northern Coastal Salt Marsh	S3.2	None		0	S:11											
Northern Foredune Grassland	G1	None		50	. 1	0	0	0	0		0	1 1	0	_	0	0
Northern Foredune Grassland	S1.1	None		50	S:1											
Nycticorax nycticorax	G5	None	IUCN_LC-Least	4	37	1	0	0	0		0	7 6	2	8	0	0
black-crowned night heron	S4	None	Concern	194	S:8)P
Oenothera wolfii	G2	None	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.1	10	29	0	0	0	0		0	2 1	1	2	0	6E
Wolf's evening-primrose	S1	None	BLM_S-Sensitive SB_BerrySB-Berry Seed Bank	25	S: N											: Works
Oncorhynchus clarkii clarkii	G4T4	None	AFS_VU-Vulnerable	٥.	s:45	0	0	_	0		0	15 10	6	16	0	u bl ic
coast cutthroat trout	S 3	None	of Special Concern USFS_S-Sensitive	317	۷: 5											nt of Pu
Oncorhynchus kisutch pop. 2	G4T2Q	Threatened	AFS_TH-Threatened	35	10	0	0	2	0		0	1	Οī	6	0	nee
coho salmon - southern Oregon / northern California ESU	S2?	Threatened		117	رن دن دن											epart
Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus pop. 16	G5T2T3Q	Threatened	AFS_TH-Threatened	35	12	0	_	_	0		0	2 0	4	4	0	tyJD
steelhead - northern California DPS	S2S3	None		117	4:											punt
Pandion haliaetus osprey	G5 S4	None None	CDF_S-Sensitive CDFW_WL-Watch List IUCN_LC-Least	10 1,240	500 S:80	4	25	7	2		<u></u> <u>3</u>	70	10	79		3tbloc
						<u>, </u>	,	,	Ţ	Ť	+		,	,	,	Jur
Pekania pennanti fisher - West Coast DPS	G5T2T3Q S2S3	None Threatened	BLM_S-Sensitive CDFW_SSC-Species of Special Concern USFS_S-Sensitive	182 319	738 S:2	0	0	0	0		0	0	2	N	0	21-17402 년 0
Phalacrocorax auritus double-crested cormorant	G5 S4	None None	CDFW_WL-Watch List IUCN_LC-Least Concern	10 10	39 S:1	0	0	0	0		0	1	0		0	PLN-2 9 2



California Department of Fish and Wildlife **California Natural Diversity Database Summary Table Report**

PL&J-	0	4	1	3	ω	0	0	1	0	4 4 0	S:4	10	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.1	None None	G5T4 S1	Spergularia canadensis var. occidentalis western sand-spurrey
2021- 1 7	0	1	0	1	0	0 (0	0) 1	0	1 0) 4 S:1	160 160		None None	G1 S1.1	Sitka Spruce Forest Sitka Spruce Forest
402 Н ы г	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1 3	23 S:1		Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	None None	G5T4T5 S2S3	Silene scouleri ssp. scouleri Scouler's catchfly
nbold# (0	5	3	2	ω	0	0) 2	0	5 0	19 S:5	20 200	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2 BLM_S-Sensitive	None None	G5T1 S1	Sidalcea oregana ssp. eximia coast checkerbloom
County	0	5	3	2	з	0 (0	0) 2	0	.5 0	(49 S:5	2 50 300	Rare Plant Rank - 1B.2 BLM_S-Sensitive	None None	G5T2 S2	Sidalcea malviflora ssp. patula Siskiyou checkerbloom
Depæti	0	26	24	2	3	0	10	1 7	4	2	136 S:26	100 1,650	Rare Plant Rank - 4.2	None None	G3 S3	Sidalcea malachroides maple-leaved checkerbloom
ment ef	0	3	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	38	298 S:3	50 114	BLM_S-Sensitive IUCN_LC-Least Concern	None Threatened	G5 S2	Riparia riparia bank swallow
Public Works	0	8	4	4	7	0	0	1	0	85) 415 S:8	200 1,200	CDFW_SSC-Species of Special Concern IUCN_LC-Least Concern USFS_S-Sensitive	None None	G3G4 S2S3	Rhyacotriton variegatus southern torrent salamander
CDP o	0	9	7	2	6	0	0	0	7	2	2304 S:9	7 2,100	BLM_S-Sensitive CDFW_SSC-Species of Special Concern IUCN_NT-Near Threatened USFS_S-Sensitive	None Candidate Threatened	G3 S3	Rana boylii foothill yellow-legged frog
Octo	0	56	45	11	52	1 0	1	3 0	3	60	5 290 S:56	800	CDFW_SSC-Species of Special Concern IUCN_LC-Least Concern USFS_S-Sensitive	None None	G4 S3	Rana aurora northern red-legged frog
ber 7, 2 Q 2	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	29	99 S:2		CDFW_FP-Fully Protected NABCI_RWL-Red Watch List	Endangered Endangered	G5T1 S1	Rallus obsoletus obsoletus California Ridgway's rail
0	0	_	0	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	S:1	15	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	None None	G4? SH	Puccinellia pumila dwarf alkali grass
Extirp.	Poss. Extirp.	Extant	Recent <= 20 yr	Historic > 20 yr	_	×	D	С	В	ъ – А	Total EO's	Range (ft.)	Other Lists	Listing Status (Fed/State)	CNDDB Ranks	Name (Scientific/Common)
ge]1	Presence		າກ Status	Population Status	σ	Element Occ. Ranks) - 	ent C	Elem	\Box		Elev.				

Information Expires 5/2/2019

Page 8 of 8

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Summary Table Report California Department of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database

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				Elev.		Е	Element Occ. Ranks	nt o	cc.	ank	Ś	Population Status	n Status	,	Presence	ge 1
	CNDDB	Listing Status		Range	Total							Historic	Recent		Poss.	Pa
Name (Scientific/Common)	Ranks	(Fed/State)	Other Lists	(ft.)	EO's	Α	В	С	D	×	U	> 20 yr	<= 20 yr	Extant	Extirp.	Extirp.
Spirinchus thaleichthys	G5	Candidate	CDFW_SSC-Species	0	46	0	0	0	0	0		6 5	1	6	0	0
longfin smelt	S1	Threatened	of Special Concern	10	S:6											
Thaleichthys pacificus	G5	Threatened			10	0	0	0	0	_		2	0			<u>.</u> ₩
eulachon	S3	None			S: N											r 7, 2
Trichodon cylindricus	G4	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2		14	0	0	0	0	0	_	1	0	1	0) be
cylindrical trichodon	S2	None			ς: - 2											Dcto
Usnea longissima	G4	None	Rare Plant Rank - 4.2	520	206	0	ω	_	6	0		0	16	16	0	0
Methuselah's beard lichen	S4	None	BLM_S-Sensitive	2,100	S:16											
Viola palustris	G5	None	Rare Plant Rank - 2B.2	100	10	0	0	0	0	0		2 2	0	2	0	0
alpine marsh violet	S1S2	None		100	S: N											



Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants

Plant List

47 matches found. Click on scientific name for details

Search Criteria

Found in Quads 4012482, 4012481, 4012472, 4012471, 4012463 4012462 and 4012461;

Q Modify Search Criteria Export to Excel Modify Columns Modify Sort Remove Photos

;	Scientific Name	Common Name	Family	Lifeform	Blooming Period			Global Rank	Photo
	Abronia umbellata var. breviflora	pink sand- verbena	Nyctaginaceae	perennial herb	Jun-Oct	1B.1	S2	G4G5T2	2009 Jorg & Mimi Fleige
	Angelica lucida	sea-watch	Apiaceae	perennial herb	May-Sep	4.2	S3	G5	2013 Dana York
	Astragalus pycnostachyus var. pycnostachyus	coastal marsh milk-vetch	Fabaceae	perennial herb	(Apr)Jun- Oct	1B.2	S2	G2T2	2009 Neal Kramer
	<u>Astragalus</u> <u>rattanii var.</u> <u>rattanii</u>	Rattan's milk- vetch	Fabaceae	perennial herb	Apr-Jul	4.3	S4	G4T4	no photo available
	<u>Bryoria</u> pseudocapillaris	false gray horsehair lichen	Parmeliaceae	fruticose lichen (epiphytic)		3.2	S2	G3	no photo available
	<u>Bryoria</u> <u>spiralifera</u>	twisted horsehair	Parmeliaceae	fruticose lichen (epiphytic)		1B.1	S1S2	G3	no photo available

lichen

Cardamine angulata	seaside bittercress	Brassicaceae	perennial herb	(Jan)Mar- Jul	2B.2 S3	G4G5	2015 Dana York
Carex arcta	northern clustered sedge	Cyperaceae	perennial herb	Jun-Sep	2B.2 S1	G5	2006 Dean Wm. Taylor
Carex leptalea	bristle-stalked sedge	Cyperaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	Mar-Jul	2B.2 S1	G 5	2003 Steve Matson
Carex lyngbyei	Lyngbye's sedge	Cyperaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	Apr-Aug	2B.2 S3	G5	2010 Dana York
Carex praticola	northern meadow sedge	Cyperaceae	perennial herb	May-Jul	2B.2 S2	G5	2013 Scot Loring
Castilleja ambigua var. humboldtiensis	Humboldt Bay owl's- clover	Orobanchaceae	annual herb (hemiparasitic)	Apr-Aug	1B.2 S2	G4T2	<u>-</u>



2005 Doreen L. Smith

<u>Castilleja</u> <u>litoralis</u>	Oregon coast paintbrush	Orobanchaceae	perennial herb (hemiparasitic)	Jun-Jul	2B.2 S3	G3	2012 Gary A. Monroe
Chloropyron maritimum ssp. palustre	Point Reyes bird's-beak	Orobanchaceae	annual herb (hemiparasitic)	Jun-Oct	1B.2 S2	G4?T2	2013 Robert Sikora
<u>Chrysosplenium</u> <u>glechomifolium</u>	Pacific golden saxifrage	Saxifragaceae	perennial herb	Feb- Jun(Jul)	4.3 S3	G5	no photo available
Collinsia corymbosa	round-headed Chinese- houses	Plantaginaceae	annual herb	Apr-Jun	1B.2 S1	G1	2007 Steve Matson
Erysimum menziesii	Menzies' wallflower	Brassicaceae	perennial herb	Mar-Sep	1B.1 S1	G1	2004 Bob Huettmann
Erythronium revolutum	coast fawn lily	Liliaceae	perennial bulbiferous herb	Mar- Jul(Aug)	2B.2 S3	G4G5	



							2009 Jim Maloney
Fissidens pauperculus	minute pocket moss	Fissidentaceae	moss		1B.2 S2	G3?	no photo available
<u>Gilia capitata</u> ssp. pacifica	Pacific gilia	Polemoniaceae	annual herb	Apr-Aug	1B.2 S2	G5T3	2012 Asa Spade
<u>Gilia millefoliata</u>	dark-eyed gilia	Polemoniaceae	annual herb	Apr-Jul	1B.2 S2	G2	2005 Doreen L. Smith
Glehnia littoralis ssp. leiocarpa	American glehnia	Apiaceae	perennial herb	May-Aug	4.2 S3	G5T4	2013 Dana York
Hesperevax sparsiflora var. brevifolia	short-leaved evax	Asteraceae	annual herb	Mar-Jun	1B.2 S2	G4T3	2006 Doreen L. Smith
<u>Lasthenia</u> <u>californica ssp.</u> <u>macrantha</u>	perennial goldfields	Asteraceae	perennial herb	Jan-Nov	1B.2 S2	G3T2	2003 Doreen L. Smith
<u>Lathyrus</u> <u>japonicus</u>	seaside pea	Fabaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	May-Aug	2B.1 S2	G5	



1998 Nick Kurzenko

<u>Lathyrus</u> <u>palustris</u>	marsh pea	Fabaceae	perennial herb	Mar-Aug	2B.2 S2	G5



2015 Aaron Arthur

Layia carnosa	beach layia	Asteraceae	annual herb	Mar-Jul	1B.1 S2	G2



2007 Aaron Schusteff

<u>Lilium kelloggii</u>	Kellogg's lily	Liliaceae	perennial bulbiferous herb	May-Aug	4.3	S3	G3



2014 John Doyen

<u>Lilium</u> <u>occidentale</u>	western lily	Liliaceae	perennial bulbiferous herb	Jun-Jul	1B.1 S1	G1



2000 John Game

Listera cordata	heart-leaved	Orchidaceae	perennial herb	Feb-Jul	4.2	S4	G5
	twayblade						



2011 Jean Pawek

<u>Lycopodium</u> <u>clavatum</u>	running-pine	Lycopodiaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	Jun- Aug(Sep)	4.1	S3	G5



2008 Zoya Akulova

Mitellastra caulescens	leafy- stemmed mitrewort	Saxifragaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	(Mar)Apr- Oct	4.2	S4	G5



2002 N. Misa Ward and EDAW

Monotropa uniflora	ghost-pipe	Ericaceae	perennial herb (achlorophyllous)	Jun- Aug(Sep)	2B.2 S2	G5



2005 Louis-M. Landry



2008 Sierra Pacific Industries

G2

Oenothera Wolf's Onagraceae perennial herb May-Oct 1B.1 S1
wolfii eveningprimrose



1995 Saint Mary's College of California

<u>Pityopus</u> California Ericaceae perennial herb (achlorophyllous) (Mar-Apr)May- 4.2 S4 G4G Aug		-	Ericaceae		Àpr)May-	4.2	S4	G4G5
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2015 Debra L. Cook

<u>Pleuropogon</u> <u>refractus</u>	nodding semaphore grass	Poaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	(Mar)Apr- Aug	4.2	S4	G4



2004 Dean Wm. Taylor

<u>Puccinellia</u>	dwarf alkali	Poaceae	perennial herb	Jul	2B.2 SH	G4?
<u>pumila</u>	grass	ruaceae	perennal nerb	Jui	2B.2 3H	G4 !

no photo available

Ribes laxiflorum trailing black currant	Grossulariaceae	perennial deciduous shrub	Mar- Jul(Aug)	4.3	S3	G5?
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2010 Dana York

Sidalcea malachroides	maple-leaved checkerbloom	Malvaceae	perennial herb	(Mar)Apr- Aug	4.2	S3	G3
<u>maiaomoraoo</u>				3			



2015 Adrienne Simmons

<u>Sidalcea</u> <u>malviflora ssp.</u> <u>patula</u> Siskiyou Malvaceae checkerbloom

perennial rhizomatous herb (Apr)May- 1B.2 S2 G5T2 Aug



2005 Dean Wm. Taylor

no photo available

<u>Sidalcea</u> <u>oregana ssp.</u> <u>eximia</u>	coast checkerbloom	Malvaceae	perennial herb	Jun-Aug	1B.2	S1	G5T1
Silene scouleri ssp. scouleri	Scouler's catchfly	Caryophyllaceae	perennial herb	(Mar- May)Jun- Aug(Sep)	2B.2	S2S3	G5T5
Spergularia canadensis var. occidentalis	western sand-spurrey	Caryophyllaceae	annual herb	Jun-Aug	2B.1	S1	G5T4
Trichodon cylindricus	cylindrical trichodon	Ditrichaceae	moss		2B.2	S2	G4
<u>Usnea</u> <u>longissima</u>	Methuselah's beard lichen	Parmeliaceae	fruticose lichen (epiphytic)		4.2	S4	G4
<u>Viola palustris</u>	alpine marsh violet	Violaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	Mar-Aug	2B.2	S1S2	G5



2015 Trent M. Draper

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2018. Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants of California (online edition, v8-03 0.39). Website http://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 06 November 2018].

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Questions and Comments

rareplants@cnps.org

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Appendix C
Project Maps

Figure C-1. Vegetation communities in the 2017 and 2018 BSAs. Tile 1 of 4. to libra Victor Elvd Deem St 255 ball silesq Remember byle silbeg Map Sources: Imagery: NAIP 2016 Roads: Esri 2016 * indicates sensitve natural community 2018 Biological Study Area LEGEND 2017 Biological Study Area Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project VEGETATION COMMUNITY IMPACTS Alliance/Semi-Natural Alliance Salix hookeriana (coastal dune willow thickets)* Scirpus microcarpus (small-fruited bullrush marsh)* Anthoxanthum odoratum (sweet vernal grass meadows) Baccharis pilularis (coyote brush scrub) Adjacent Tile Developed / landscaped Ammophila arenaria (European beach ■ Meters
1 in = 101 feet Stillwater Sciences Tile 1 of 4

Figure C-2. Vegetation communities in the 2017 and 2018 BSAs. Tile 2 of 4. See as 255 **BALL** STIDES byle eliberg Pentheule or रेड श्राद्य Map Sources: Imagery: NAIP 2016 Roads: Esri 2016 2018 Biological Study Area LEGEND * indicates sensitve natural community Alliance/Semi-Natural Alliance Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project VEGETATION COMMUNITY IMPACTS 2017 Biological Study Area Salix hookeriana (coastal dune willow thickets)* *Scirpus microcarpus* (small-fruited bullrush marsh)* Carex obnupta (slough sedge swards)* Anthoxanthum odoratum (sweet vernal grass meadows) Adjacent Tile Developed / landscaped Baccharis pilularis (coyote brush scrub) ■ Meters
1 in = 101 feet Stillwater Sciences Tile 2 of 4

Figure C-3. Vegetation communities in the 2017 and 2018 BSAs. Tile 3 of 4. 255 व्यापारीण Map Sources: Imagery: NAIP 2016 Roads: Esri 2016 * indicates sensitve natural community Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project VEGETATION COMMUNITY IMPACTS Alliance/Semi-Natural Alliance LEGEND 2017 Biological Study Area Developed / landscaped Salix hookeriana (coastal dune willow thickets)* Rubus ursinus-disturbed (coastal brambles-disturbed) Anthoxanthum odoratum (sweet vernal grass meadows) Rubus ursinus (coastal brambles)* Juncus breweri (salt rush swales)* Oenanthe sarmentosa (water-parsley marsh)* Carex obnupta (slough sedge swards)* Adjacent Tile ■ Meters
1 in = 101 feet Stillwater Sciences Tile 3 of 4

PLN-2021-17402 Humboldt County Department of Public Works CDP

255 TO noslies Map Sources: Imagery: NAIP 2016 Roads: Esri 2016 2018 Biological Study Area * indicates sensitve natural community LEGEND 2017 Biological Study Area Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project VEGETATION COMMUNITY IMPACTS Alliance/Semi-Natural Alliance SCALE & NORTH ARROW Developed / landscaped Salix hookeriana (coastal dune willow thickets)* Rubus ursinus-disturbed (coastal brambles-disturbed) Carex obnupta (slough sedge swards)* Anthoxanthum odoratum (sweet vernal grass meadows) Abronia latifolia - Ambrosia chamissonis - disturbed (dune mat-disturbed) Adjacent Tile Rubus ursinus (coastal brambles)* ■ Meters
1 in = 101 feet Stillwater Sciences Tile 4 of 4

Figure C-4. Vegetation communities in the 2017 and 2018 BSAs. Tile 4 of 4.

Shell Dr Victor Blvd Sea Or deem St 255 Peninsula-Dr रिशंड ऑकिडव byle silbes Map Sources:
Project Impact Area: GHD 2018
Imagery: NAIP 2016
Roads: Esri 2016 Project Impact Area Sensitive Natural Community 2018 Biological Study Area LEGEND 2017 Biological Study Area Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project VEGETATION COMMUNITY IMPACTS Permanent 1:1,200 Salix hookeriana (coastal dune willow thickets) Scirpus microcarpus (small-fruited bullrush marsh) Adjacent Tile In = 100 feet Stillwater Sciences Tile 1 of 4

Figure C-5. Sensitive natural communities and Project impacts in the 2017 and 2018 BSAs. Tile 1 of 4.

Figure C-6. Sensitive natural communities and Project impacts in the 2017 and 2018 BSAs. Tile 2 of 4. Sean St 255 **BME** Silbsq byle stibed Pentheule Dr **उट्ट शाउर** Map Sources:
Project Impact Area: GHD 2018
Imagery: NAIP 2016
Roads: Esri 2016 Temporary Permanent Project Impact Area 2018 Biological Study Area LEGEND Sensitive Natural 2017 Biological Study Area Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project VEGETATION COMMUNITY IMPACTS 1:1,200 *Scirpus microcarpus* (small-fruited bullrush marsh) Adjacent Tile Salix hookeriana (coastal dune willow thickets) Carex obnupta (slough sedge swards) In = 100 feet Stillwater Sciences Tile 2 of 4

Penthsula Dr 255 च्<u>र</u>ा व्यक्ता Map Sources:
Project Impact Area: GHD 2018
Imagery: NAIP 2016
Roads: Esri 2016 Project Impact Area LEGEND Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project VEGETATION COMMUNITY IMPACTS Sensitive Natural Community 2017 Biological Study Area Permanent Temporary Salix hookeriana (coastal dune willow thickets) Adjacent Tile Rubus ursinus (coastal brambles) Juncus breweri (salt rush swales) Oenanthe sarmentosa (water-parsley Carex obnupta (slough sedge swards) ■ Meters
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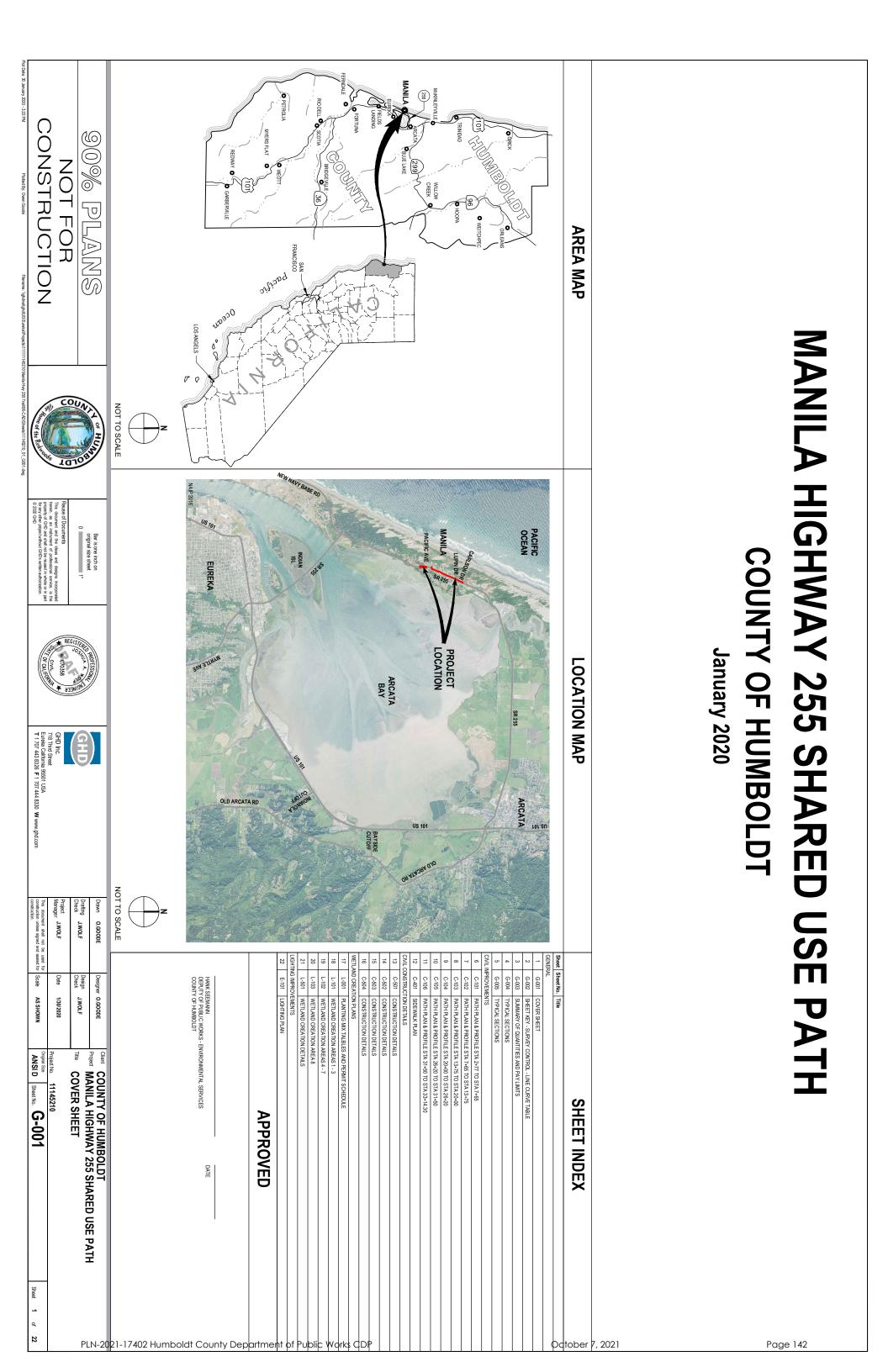
Figure C-7. Sensitive natural communities and Project impacts in the 2017 and 2018 BSAs. Tile 3 of 4.

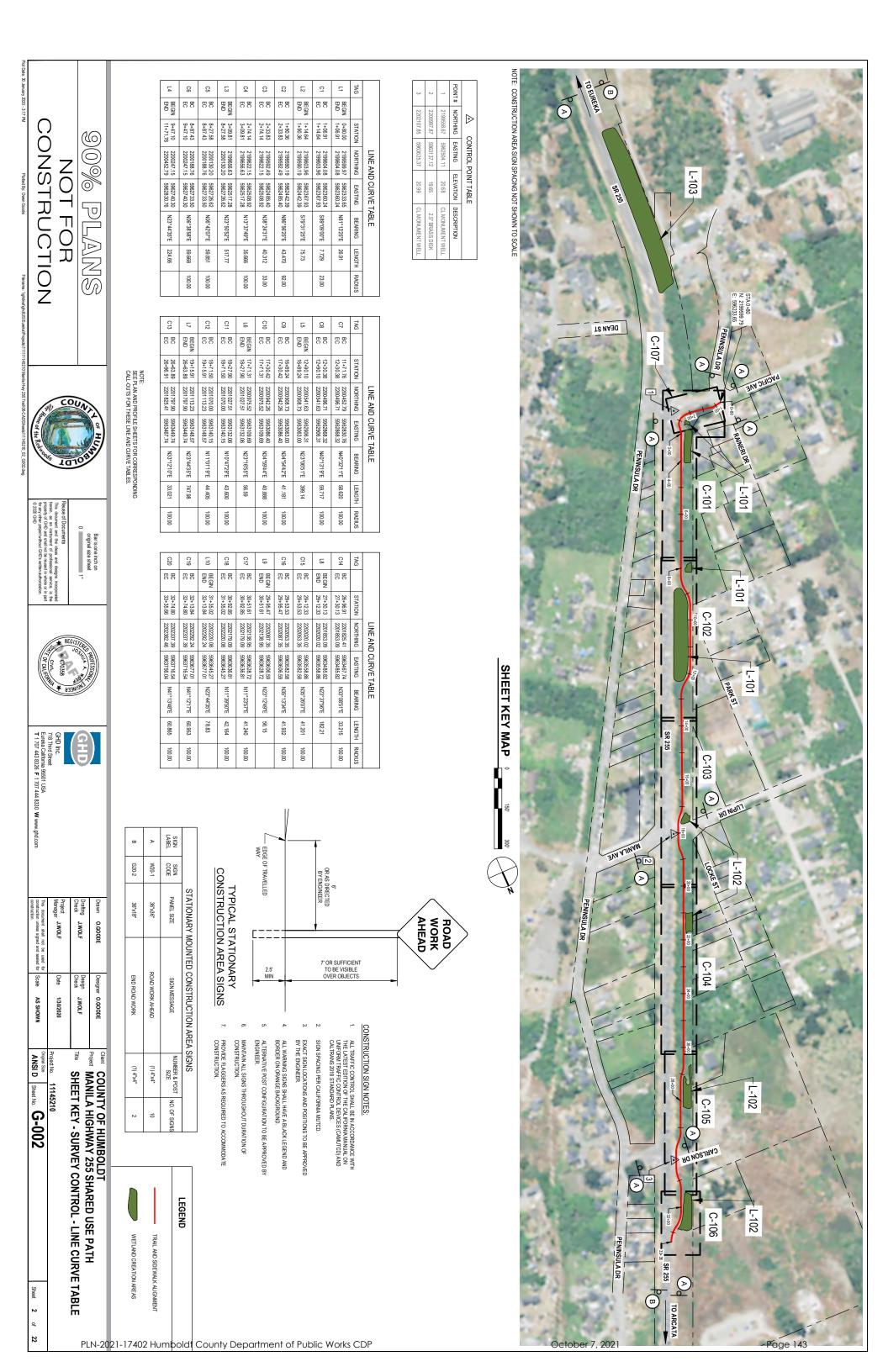
री प्रधावम TO GOZHEO Peninsula Dr 255 Map Sources: Project Impact Area: GHD 2018 Imagery: NAIP 2016 Roads: Esri 2016 2018 Biological Study Area Project Impact Area LEGEND Manila Highway 255 Bike Path Project VEGETATION COMMUNITY IMPACTS 2017 Biological Study Area Sensitive Natural Community Temporary Permanent Salix hookeriana (coastal dune willow thickets) Rubus ursinus (coastal brambles) Carex obnupta (slough sedge swards) Adjacent Tile 1234 ■ Meters

1 in = 100 feet Stillwater Sciences Tile 4 of 4

Figure C-8. Sensitive natural communities and Project impacts in the 2017 and 2018 BSAs. Tile 4 of 4.

Appendix E 90% Designs





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10 2040 NO. ITEM CODE Chain Link Fence [Type C.L-4, Vinyl-Clad)
Relocate Roadside Sign-One Post
Roadside Sign-One Post
Roadside Sign-One Sign-One Post
Roadside Sign-Two-Post (Interpretative Sign)
4" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe
6" Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe
Thermoplastic Pavement Marking
Remove Thermoplastic Pavement Marking
Lighting System
Mobilization Construction Area Signs
Traffic Control System
Job Site Management
Temporary Check Dam
Temporary Concrete Washout
Clearing and Groubing (IS)
Roadway Excavation
Imported Borrow (CY)
Embankment
Plant (Group H)
Plant (Group P)
Plant (Group P)
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Dry Seed (SQT)
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Hydromulch
Strow
Hydromulch ITEM DESCRIPTION Ĭ 200 4500 4500 1

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36" x 36"	STOP	R1-1	17+76 / 10' LT	17+70
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	SIGN RELOCATION SCHEDULE	SIGN RELOCAT		

			SIGN SCHEDULE	
LOCATION (STA)	OFFSET	SIGN CODE	SIGN MESSAGE / DESCRIPTION	PANEL SIZE (L"×H")
2+57.50	6' RT	R1-1	STOP	18" x 18"
3+11	10' RT	R5-3	NO MOTOR VEHICLES	24" x 24"
3+73	10' LT	M4-6	END	24" x 12"
		D11-1	BIKE ROUTE	24" x 18"
8+66	17' RT	CUSTOM	INTERPRETIVE	36" x 24"
17+35	10' LT	R5-3	NO MOTOR VEHICLES	24" x 24"
17+67	10' RT	R1-1	STOP	18" x 18"
18+29	8' LT	R1-1	STOP	18" x 18"
18+67	10' RT	R5-3	NO MOTOR VEHICLES	24" x 24"
29+00	10' RT	M4-6	END	24" x 12"
		D11-1	ВІКЕ ROUTE	24" x 18"
29+58	10' LT	R5-3	NO MOTOR VEHICLES	24" x 24"
29+88	10' RT	R1-1	STOP	18" x 18"
30+60	7" LT	R1-1	STOP	18" x 18"
30+91	7' RT	R5-3	NO MOTOR VEHICLES	24" x 24"
33+08	10'LT	R5-3	NO MOTOR VEHICLES	24" x 24"

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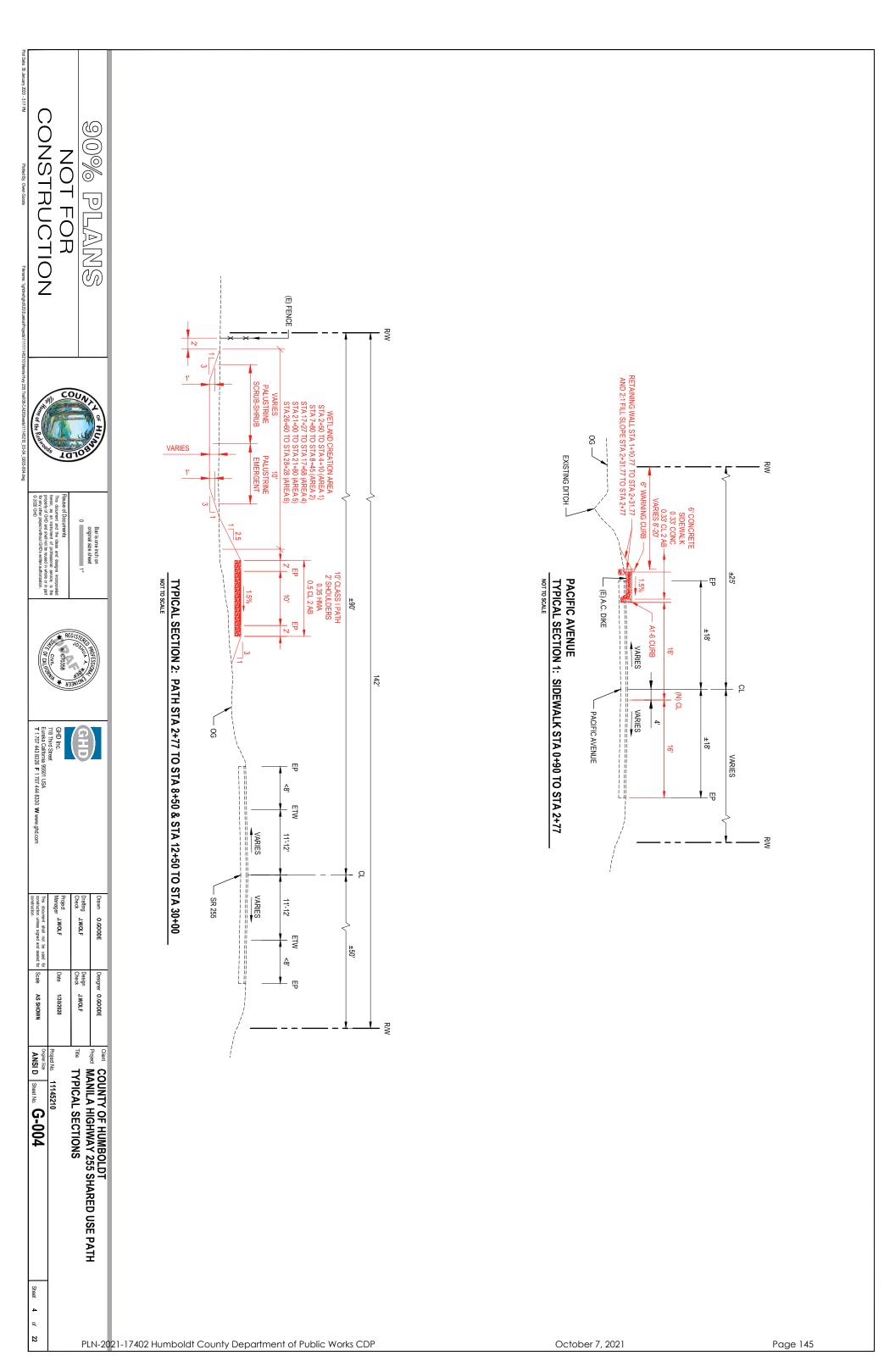
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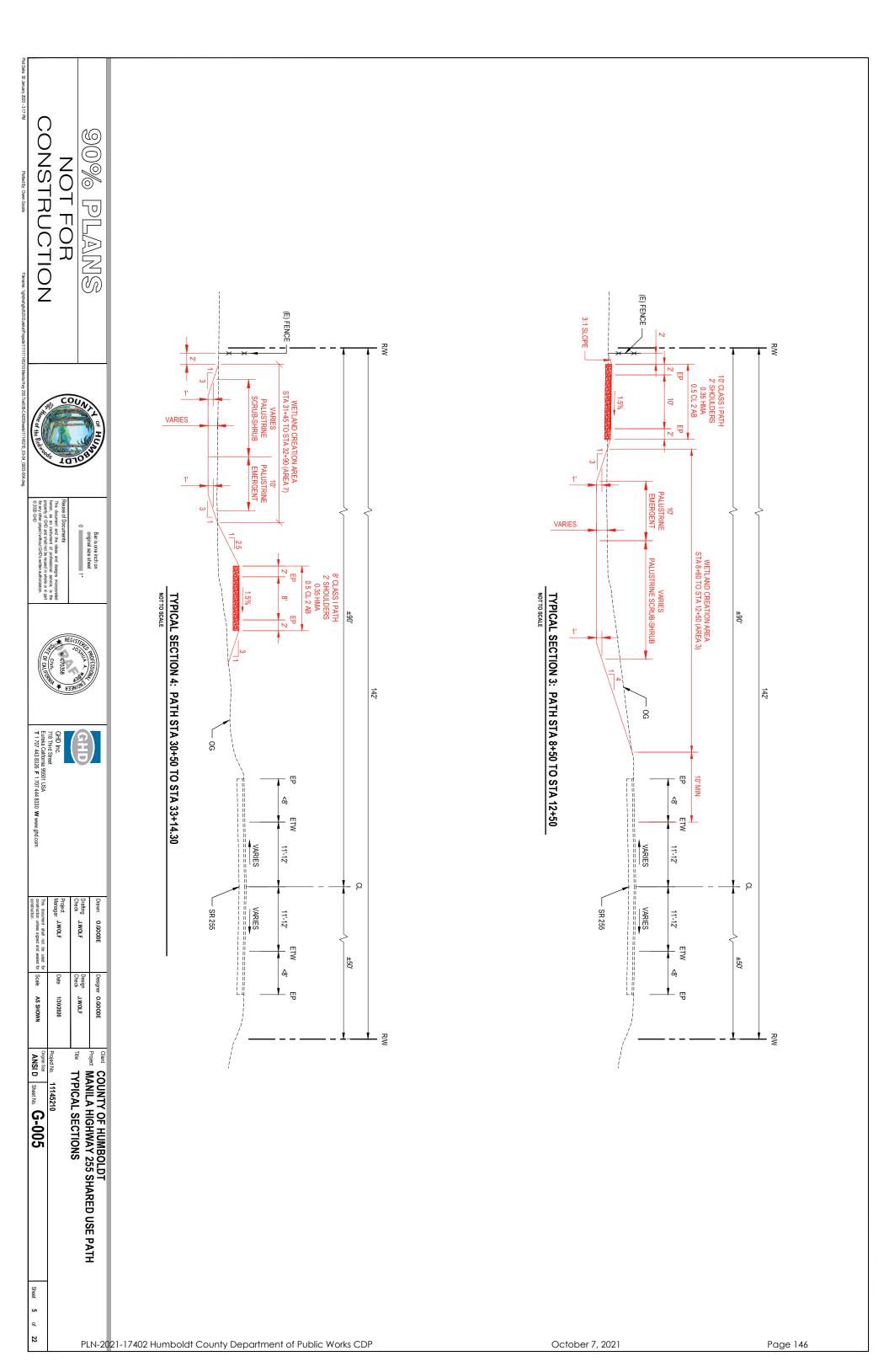
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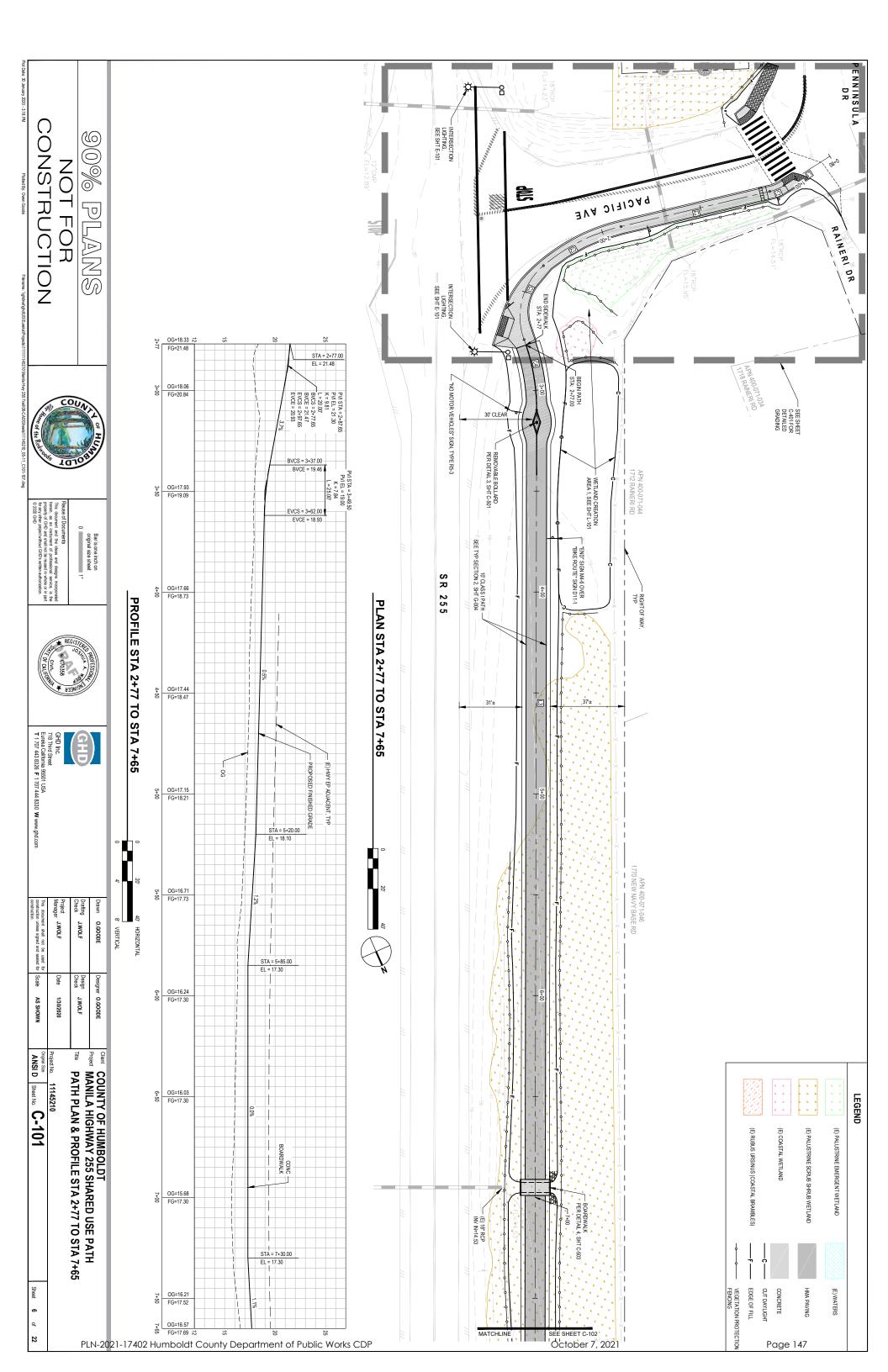
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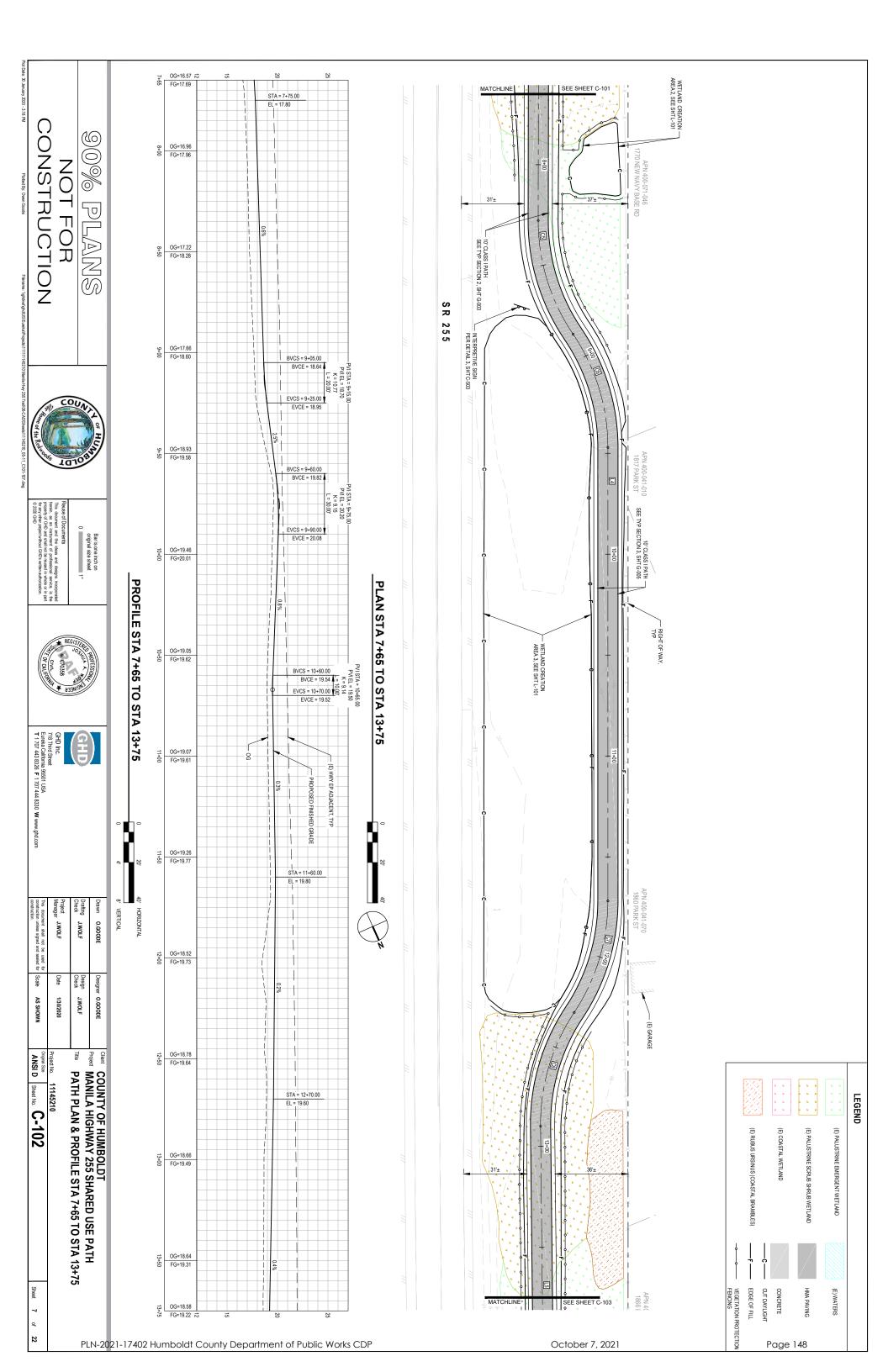
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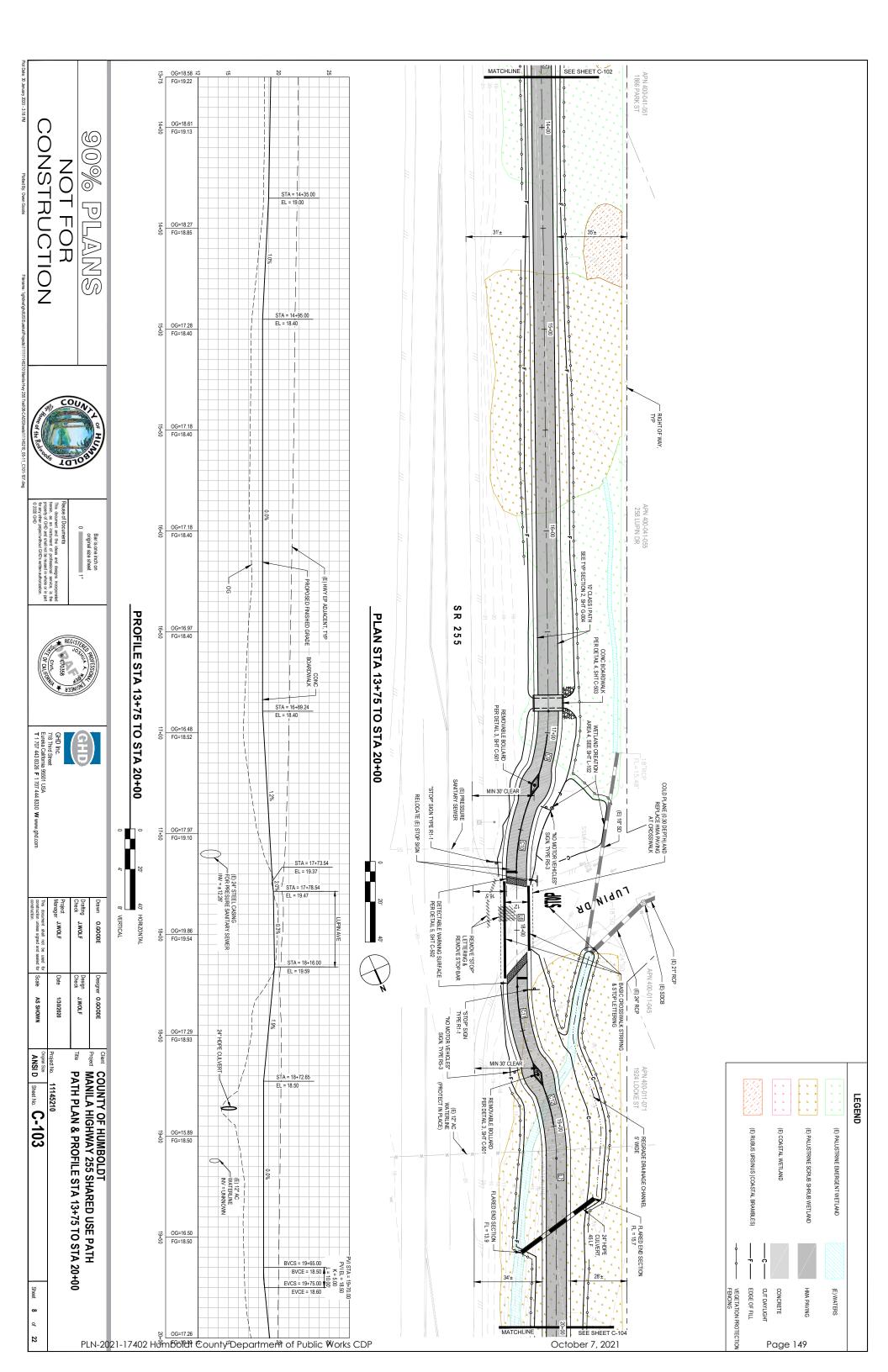
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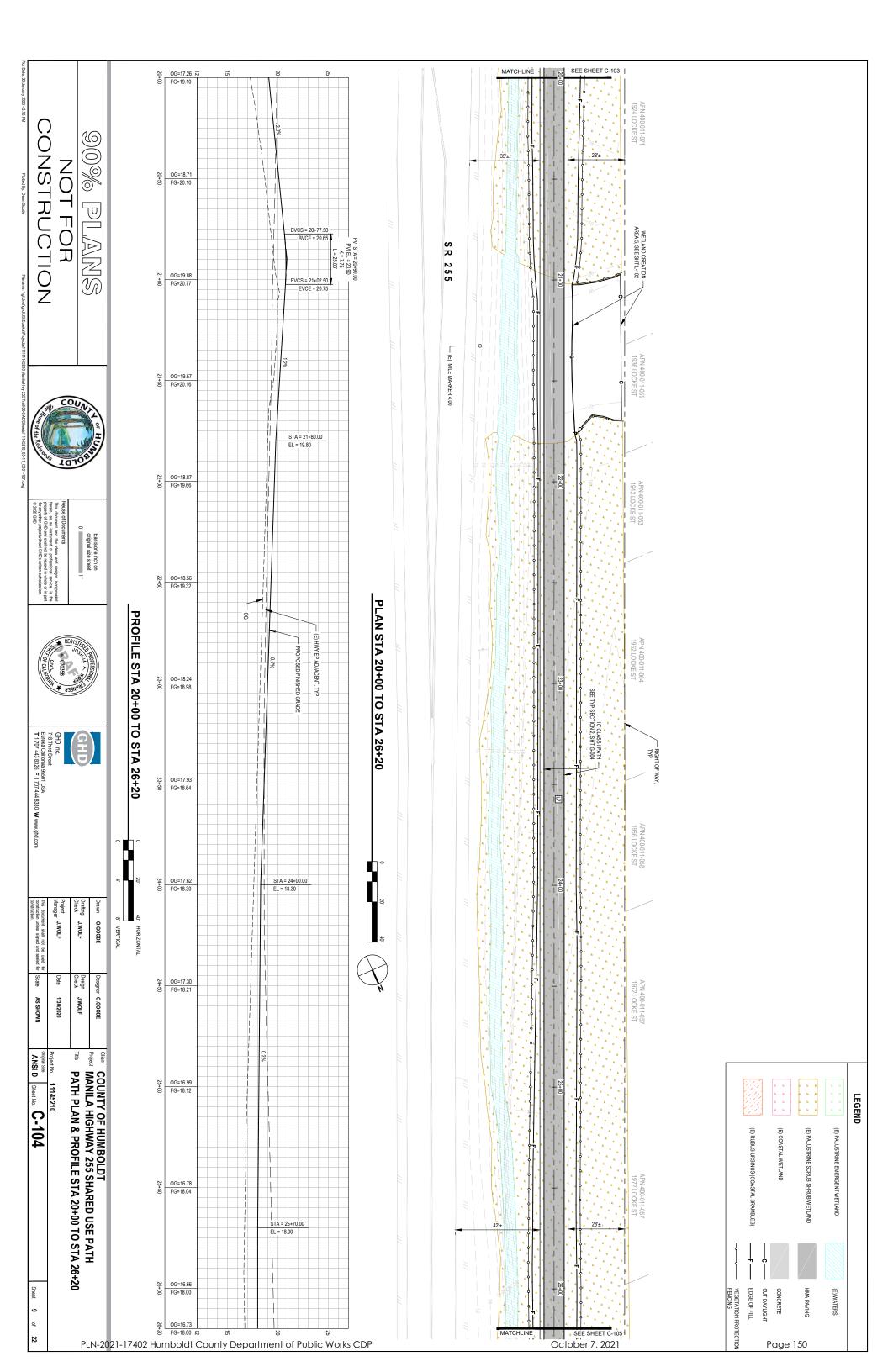


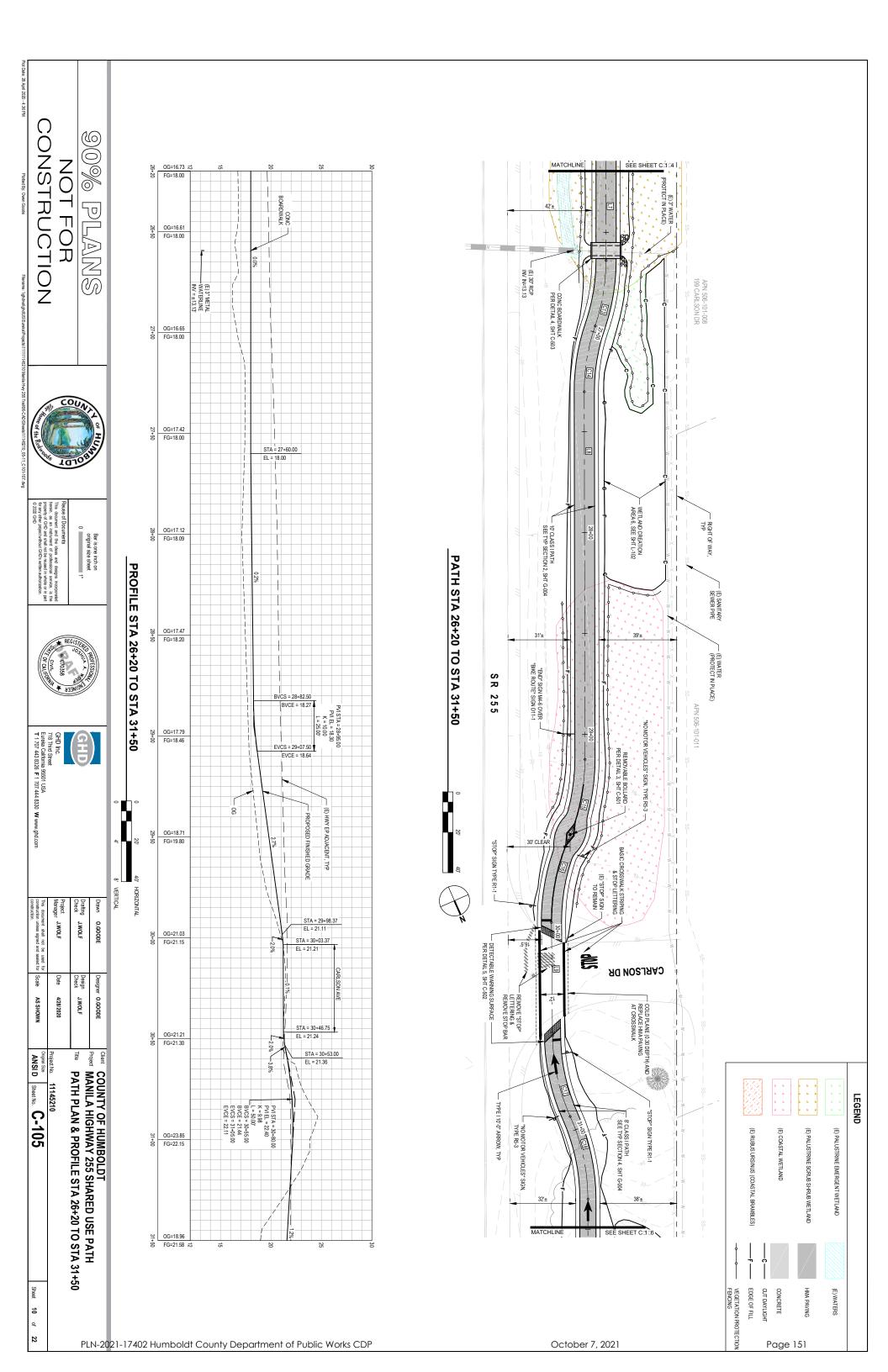


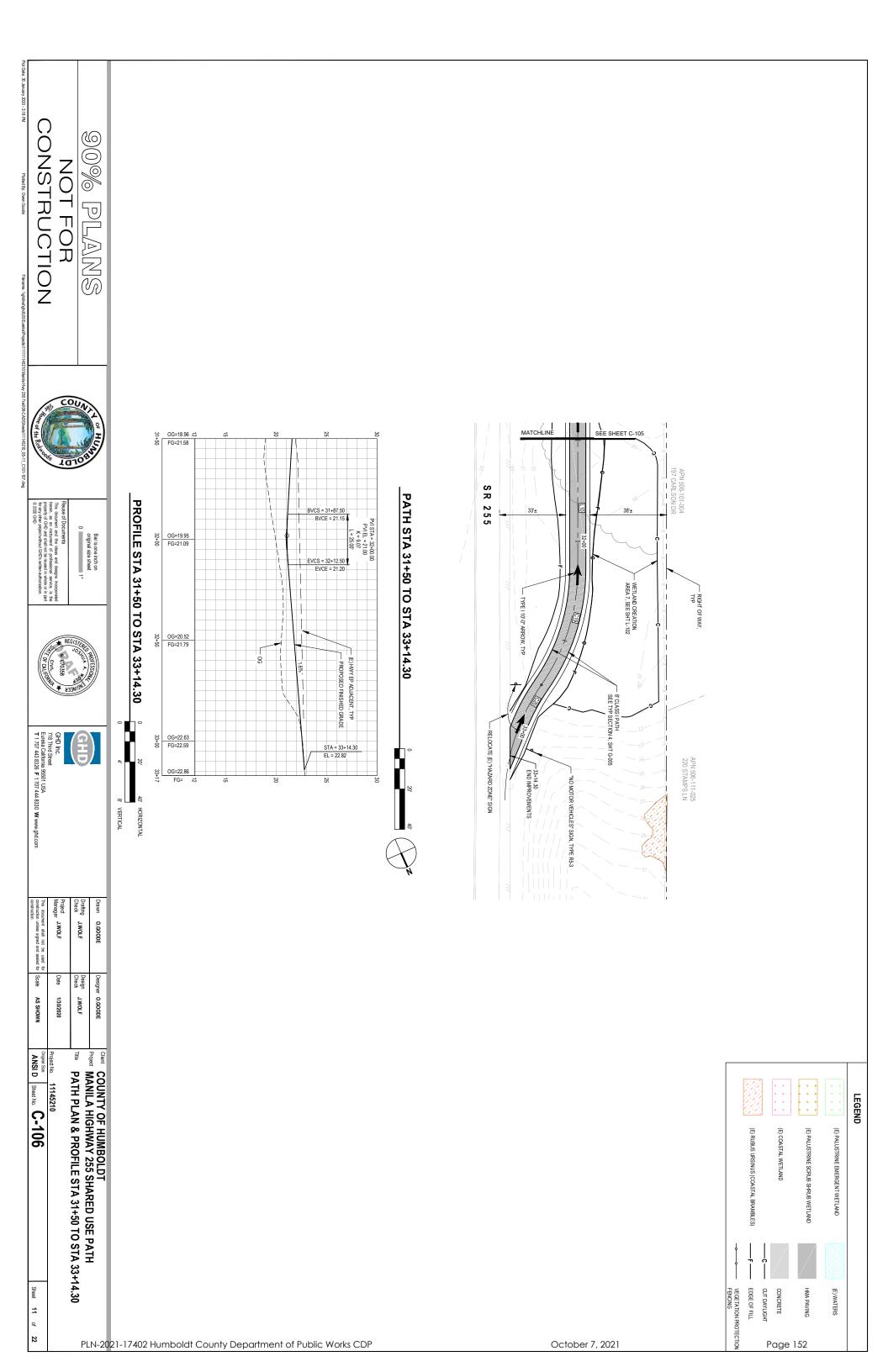


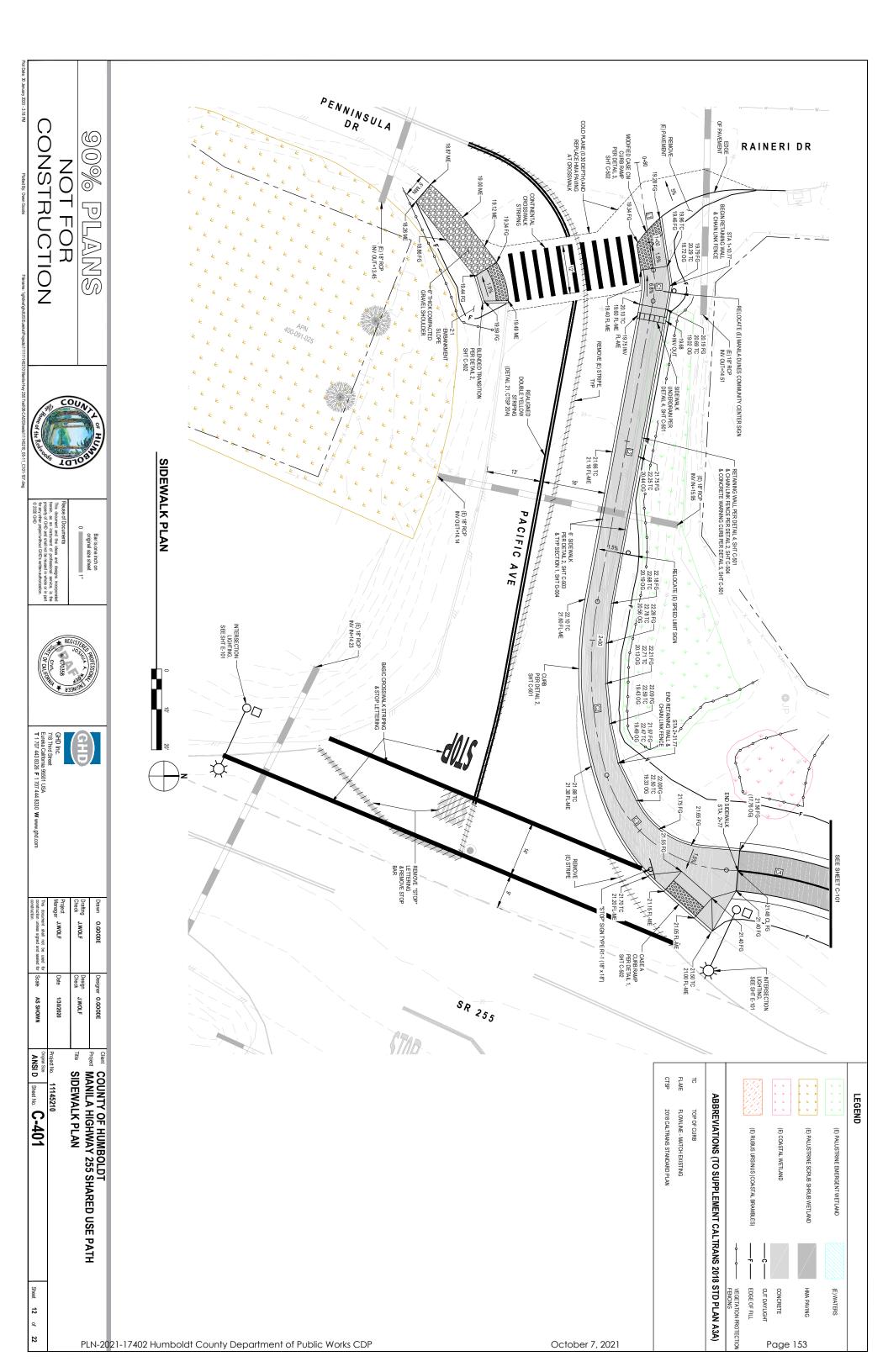


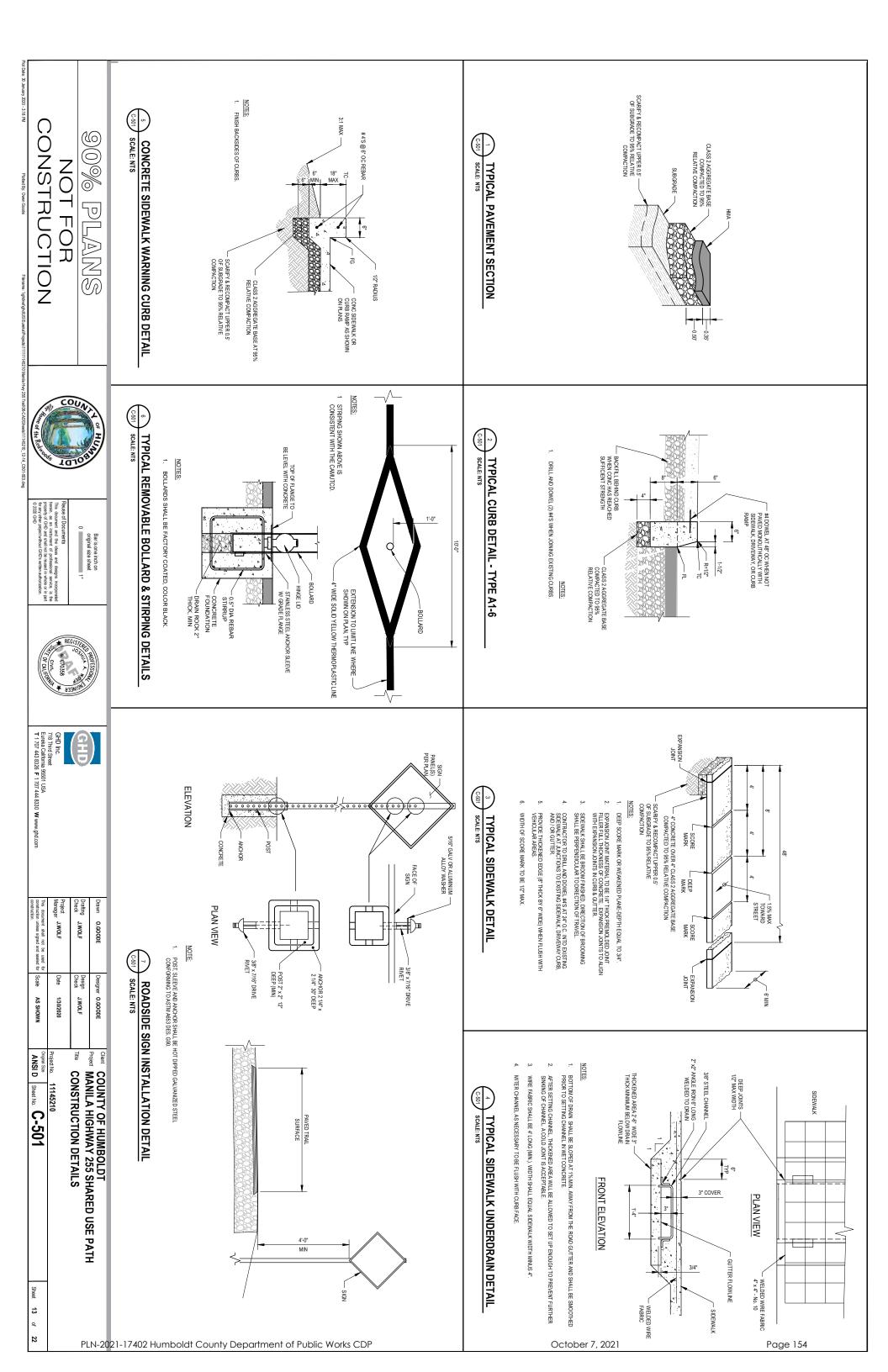


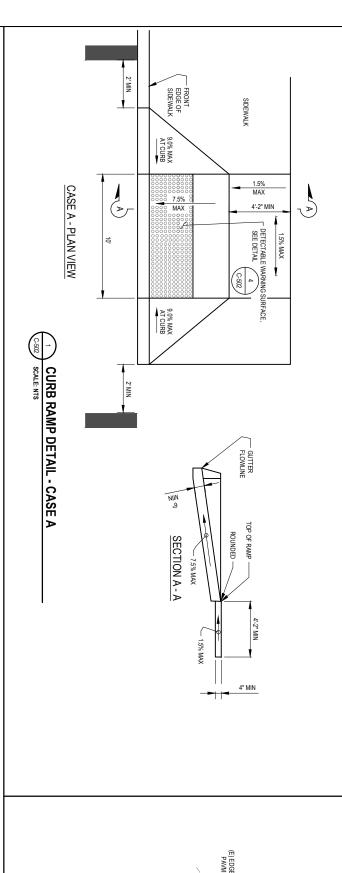












PEDESTRIAN ACCESS NOTES:

- THE CURB RAMP STANDARDS DEPORTED HERE MAY NOT BE APPROPRIATE FOR ALL LOCATIONS. FIELD CONDITIONS AT INDIVIDUAL LOCATIONS MY REQUIRE SPECIFIC DESIGNS. DESIGNS, MINST BE CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CALIFORNIA) STANDARD PLANS (CURRENT EDITION) AND SUBSEQUENT REVISED STANDARD PLANS TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT FEASIBLE.
- CURB RAMP SHALL BE 6" THICK (MINIMUM) CONCRETE PLACED OVER 4" OF CLASS 2 AGGREGATE BASE COMPACTED TO 95% RELATIVE COMPACTION. SCARIFY SUBGRADE 6" DEEP, MOISTURE CONDITION AND RECOMPACT TO 95% RELATIVE COMPACTION.

WARNING OR -RETAINING CURB

- TRANSITIONS FROM RAMPS AND LANDINGS TO WALKS, GUTTERS, OR STREETS SHALL BE FLUSH AND FREE OF ABRUPT CHANGES.
- DRILL AND DOWEL #4'S AT 24" O.C. INTO EXISTING CURB, GUTTERS, DRIVEWAYS AND SIDEWALKS. MAXIMUM SLOPES OF ADJOINING GUTTERS, THE ROAD SURFACE IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO THE CURB RAMP OR ACCESSIBLE ROUTE SHALL NOT EXCEED 5% WITHIN 2-0" OF THE CURB RAMP.
- A 6" HIGH WARNING CURB IS REQUIRED PER CBC WHENEVER THERE IS AN ABRUPT
- WHEN AN EXISTING ACCESSIBLE PATH OF TRAVEL IS TO BE BLOCKED OR REMOVED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A TEMPORARY ACCESS PLAN FOR APPROVAL NO WORK SHALL COMMENCE UNTIL AN ACCESS PLAN HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE AGENCY HAVING JURISDICTION

IF THE CONSTRUCTION WORK AREA IS WITHIN AN EXISTING FACILITY (E.G. BUS STOPS, CROSSWALKS, ETC.), CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 48 HOURS ADVANCE

CHANGE IN GRADE ELEVATION OFF THE EDGE OF A WALKING SURFACE THAT EXCEEDS 4" VERTICAL EXCEPT BETWEEN A SIDEWALK AND AN ADJACENT STREET, LOCATIONS TO BE AS DIRECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF THE FACILITY INDICATING THE AFFECTED LOCATION AND DURATION OF WORK, NO TWO FACILITIES OR PROGRAMS IN SEQUENCE SHALL BE BLOCKED OR CLOSED FOR PUBLIC USE

BLENDED TRANSITION
SCALE: NTS

SECTION B - B

October 7, 2021

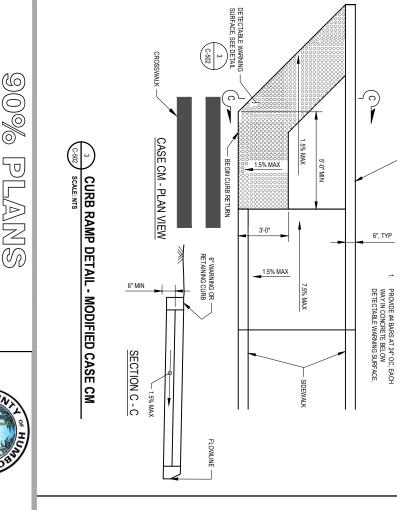
DETECTABLE WARNING 4 SURFACE, SEE DETAIL C-502

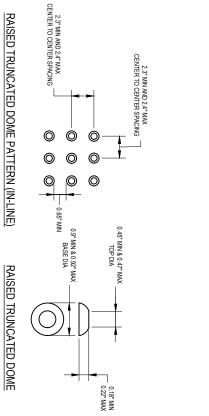
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Page 155

FLOWLINE

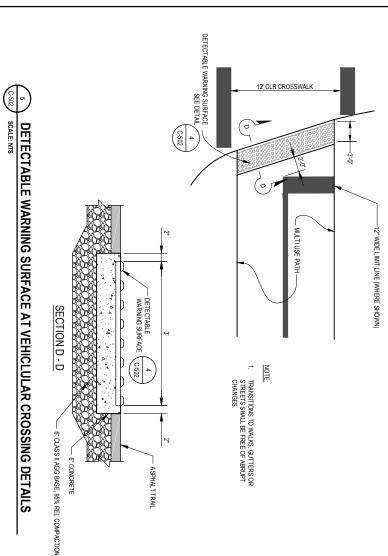
PAYMENT FOR PROVIDING A CONTINUOUS PATH OF TRAVEL SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS INCLIDED IN VARIOUS TEMS OF WORK AND NO SEPARATE PAYMENT SHALL BE MADE. PROVISIONS FOR CONTINUOUS PATH OF TRAVEL SHALL INCLIDE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF TEMPORAYR RAMPS, POTHOURS OF OUTLINES, RESTORATION OF EXITING STREET IMPROVEMENTS, COORDINATION OF WORK, TRAFFIC CONTROLS AND ALL ASSOCIATED WORK NEEDED TO COMPLETE





- 1. CURB RAMPS SHALL HAVE A DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE THAT EXTENDS THE FULL WIDTH AND 3-0" DEPTH OF RAMP. SEE RAMP DETAILS ON THIS SHEET FOR DETECTABLE WARNING LAYOUT.
- THE EDGE OF THE DETECTABLE WARNING SHALL BETWEEN 6"
 AND 8" AMAY FROM THE STREET GUTTER FLOWLINE EXCEPT FOR
 PARALLEL CURB RAMPS OR BLENDED TRANSITIONS, WHERE THE
 DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE SHALL BE BETWEEN 0" AND 2"
 AWAY FROM THE STREET GUTTER FLOWLINE.
 - DETECTABLE WARNING SHALL BE A PRECOMED MATERIAL AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. THE DETECTABLE WARNING SHALL BE CAST-IN, NOT SUIFACE APPLIED UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. THE USE OF CONCRETE STAMPING IS NOT PERMITTED. NEW PARMOS SHALL BE CAST-IN-PLACE AND EXISTING RAMPS SHALL BE SURFACE-APPLIED.
- DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE SHALL BE FEDERAL YELLOW





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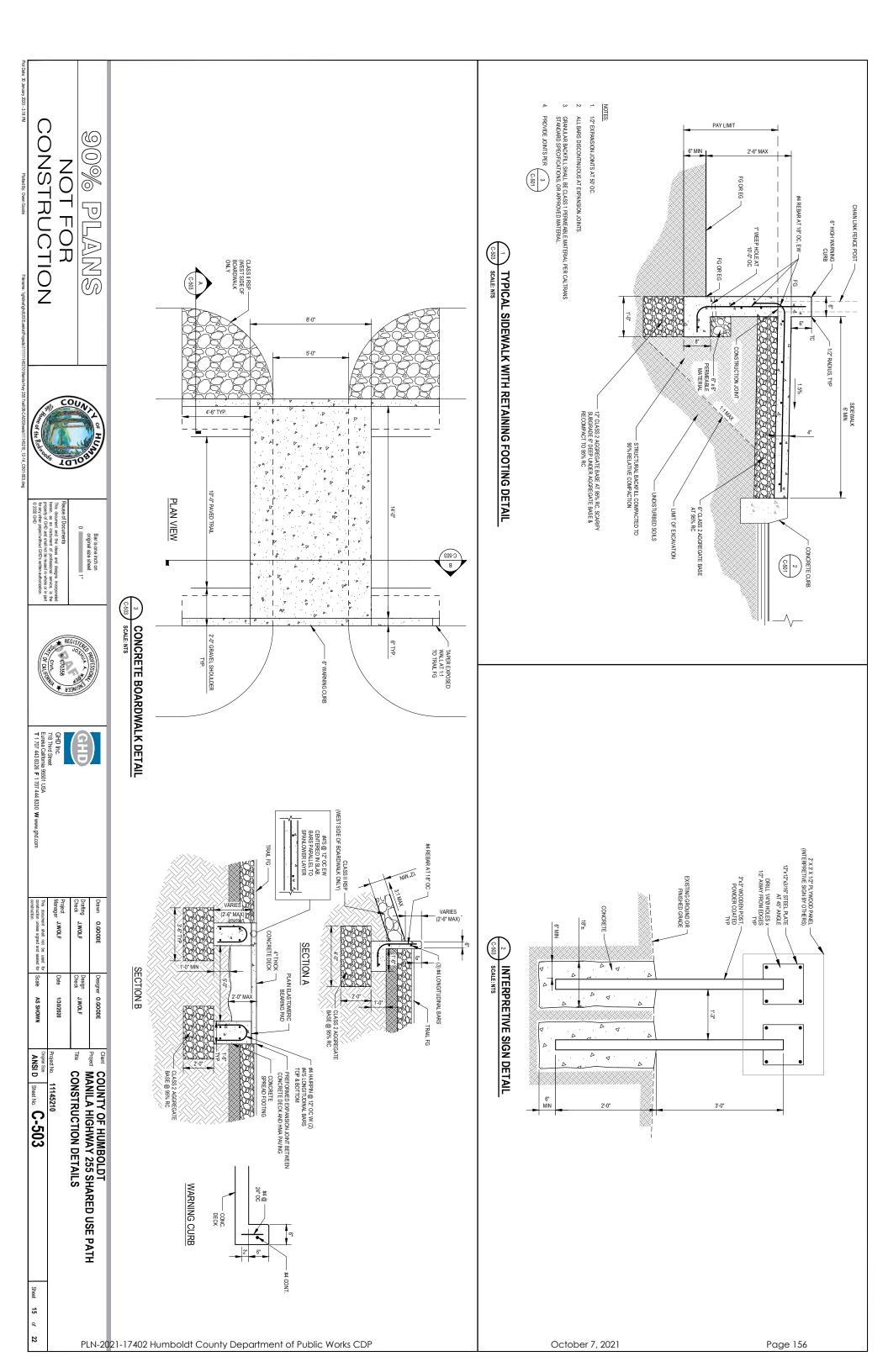


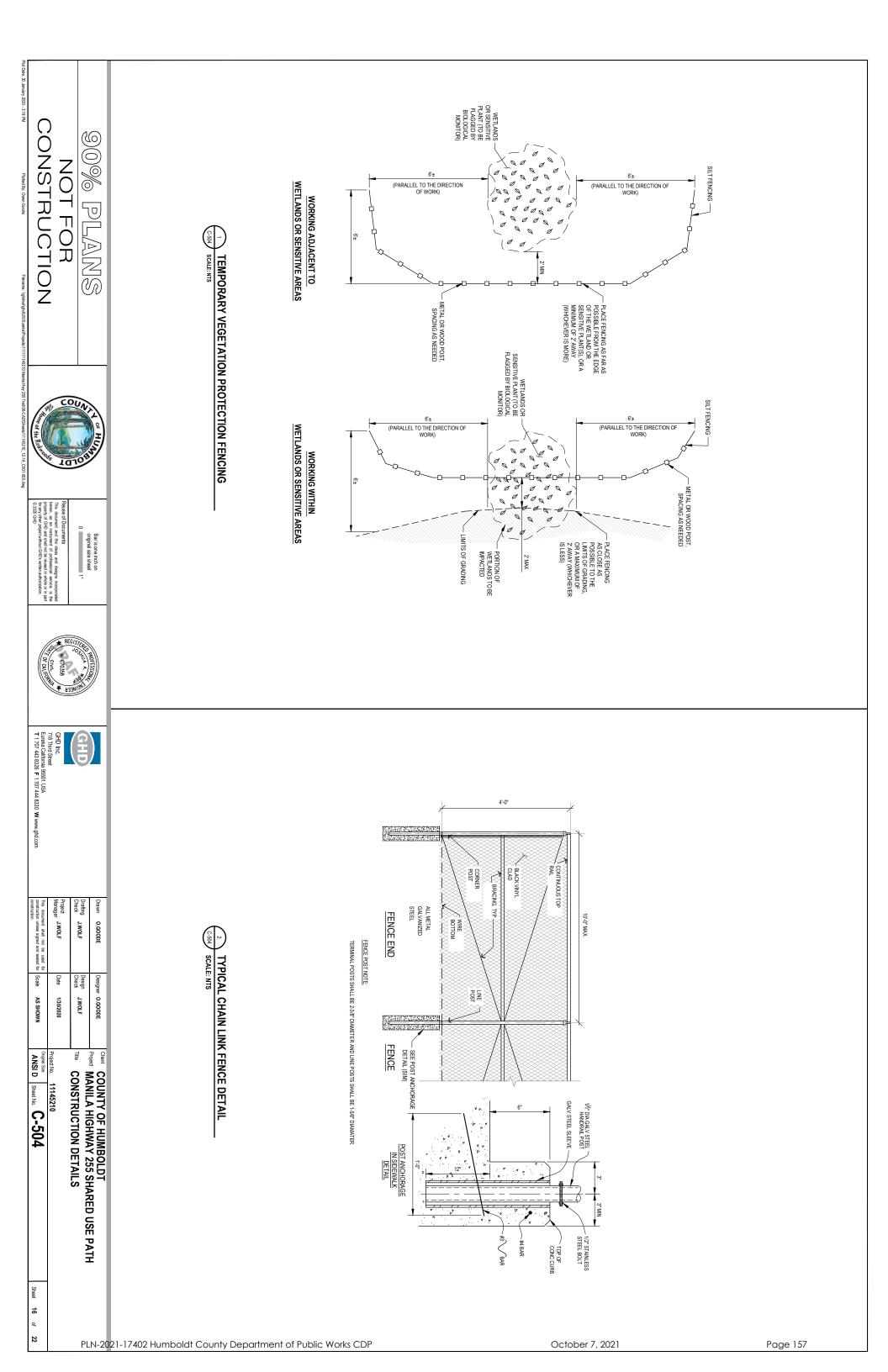
GHD Inc. 718 Third Street

Eureka California 95501 USA ▼ 1 707 443 8326 ▼ 1 707 444 8330 W www.ghd.com

GHD

PLN-2021-17402 Humboldt County Department of Public Works CDP





CONSTRUCTION **NOT FOR**

Bar is one inch on original size sheet



GHD Inc.
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Drawn O.GOODE roject J.WOLF J.WOLF Design J.WOLF Check Scale AS SH Designer O.GOODE 1/30/2020 NMOH

ANSI D COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT

MANILA HIGHWAY 255 SHARED USE PATH

WETLAND CREATION

PLANTING MIX TALBLES AND PERMIT SCHEDULE

PLANTING MIX TALBLES AND PERMIT SCHEDULE

L-001

17

PLANTING MIX TABLES

slough sedge

bulrush

NOT TO SCALE

90% PLANS

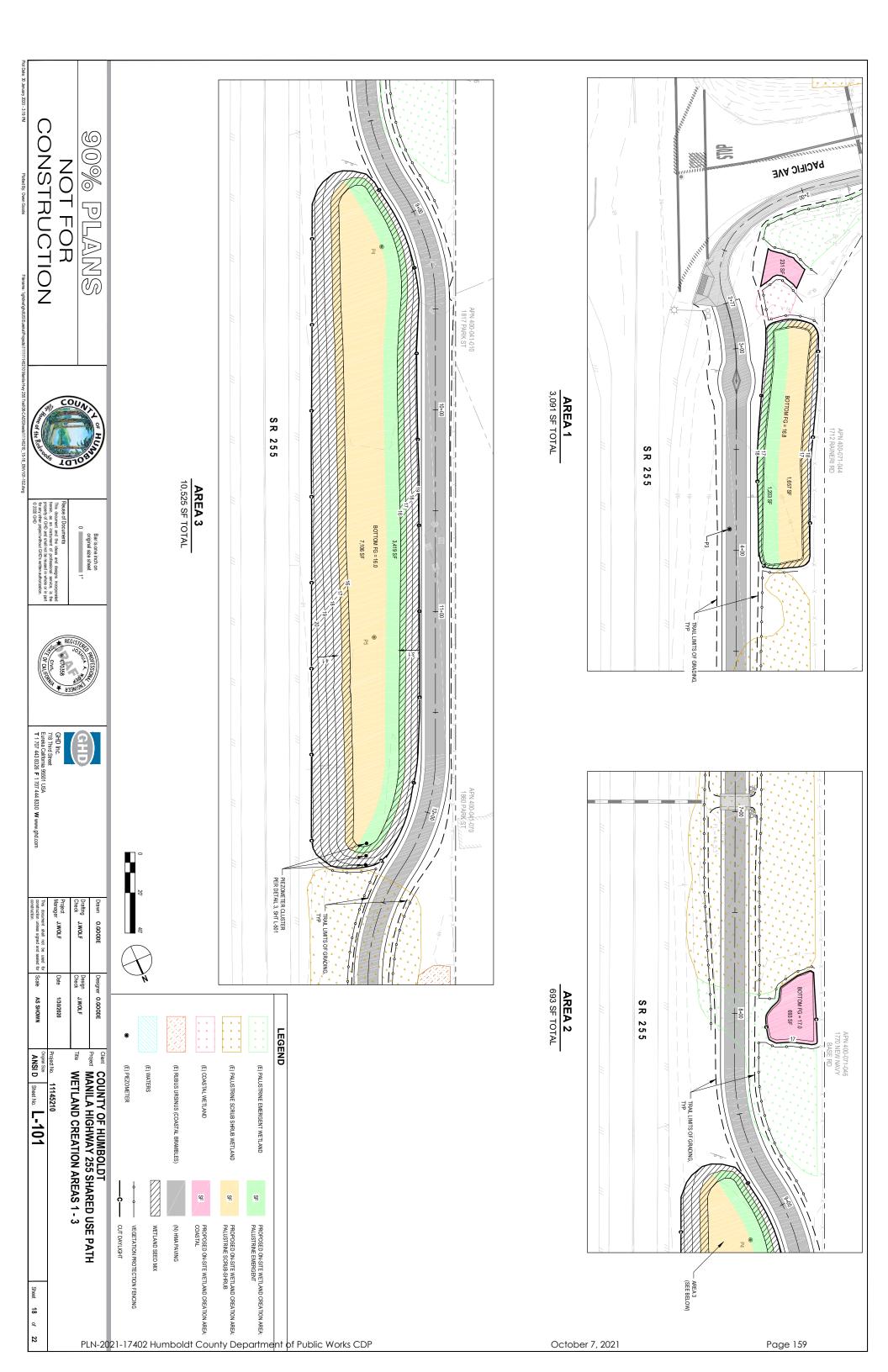
PLANTING MIX D: WETLAND EDGE SEED MIX (TOTAL 43,561 SF / 1.0 ACRES)

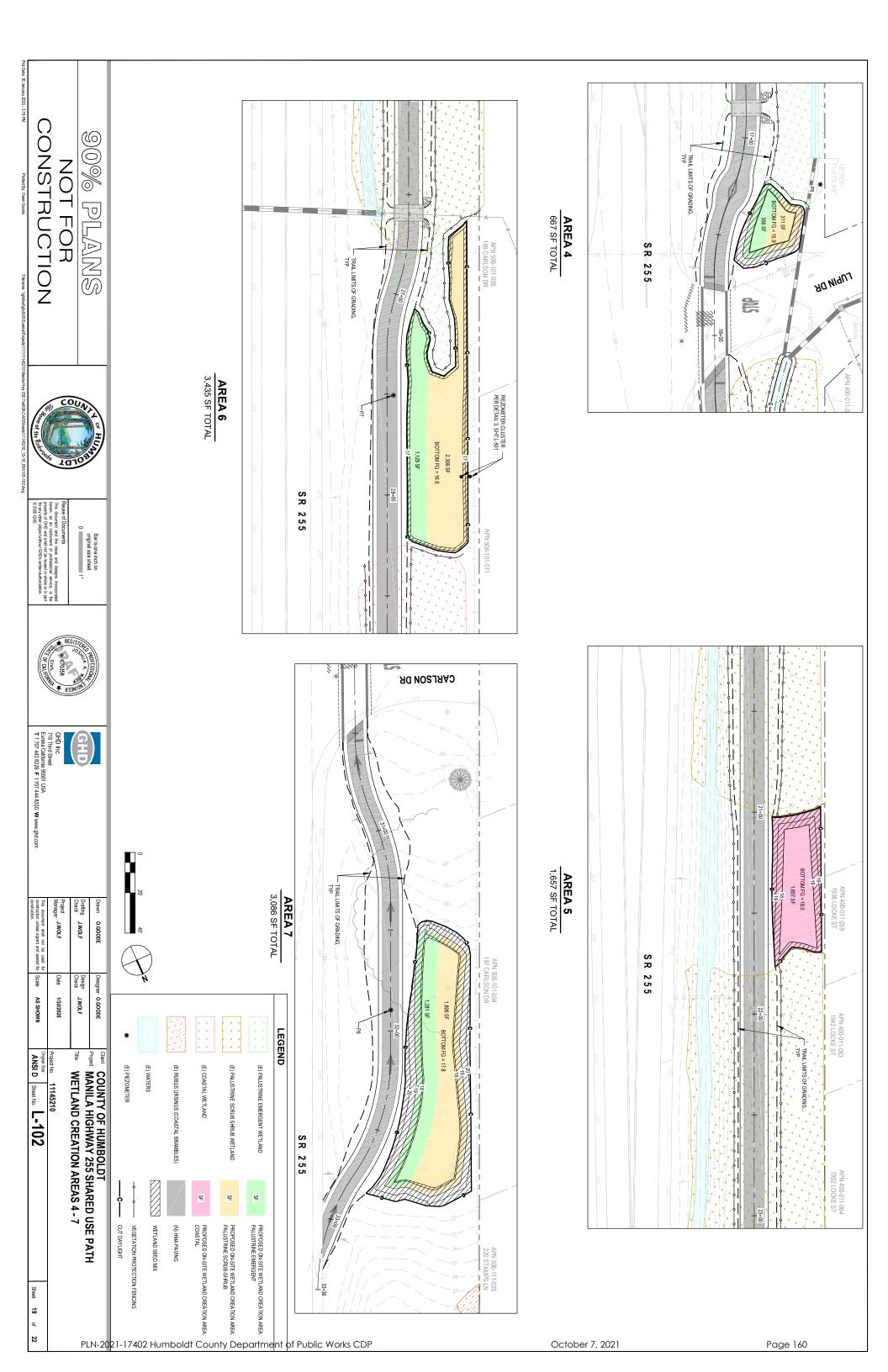
Symbol | Common PLANTING MIX C: ONE PARAMETER COASTAL WILLOW WETLANDS (TOTAL AREA 2,642 SF / 0.06 ACRES)

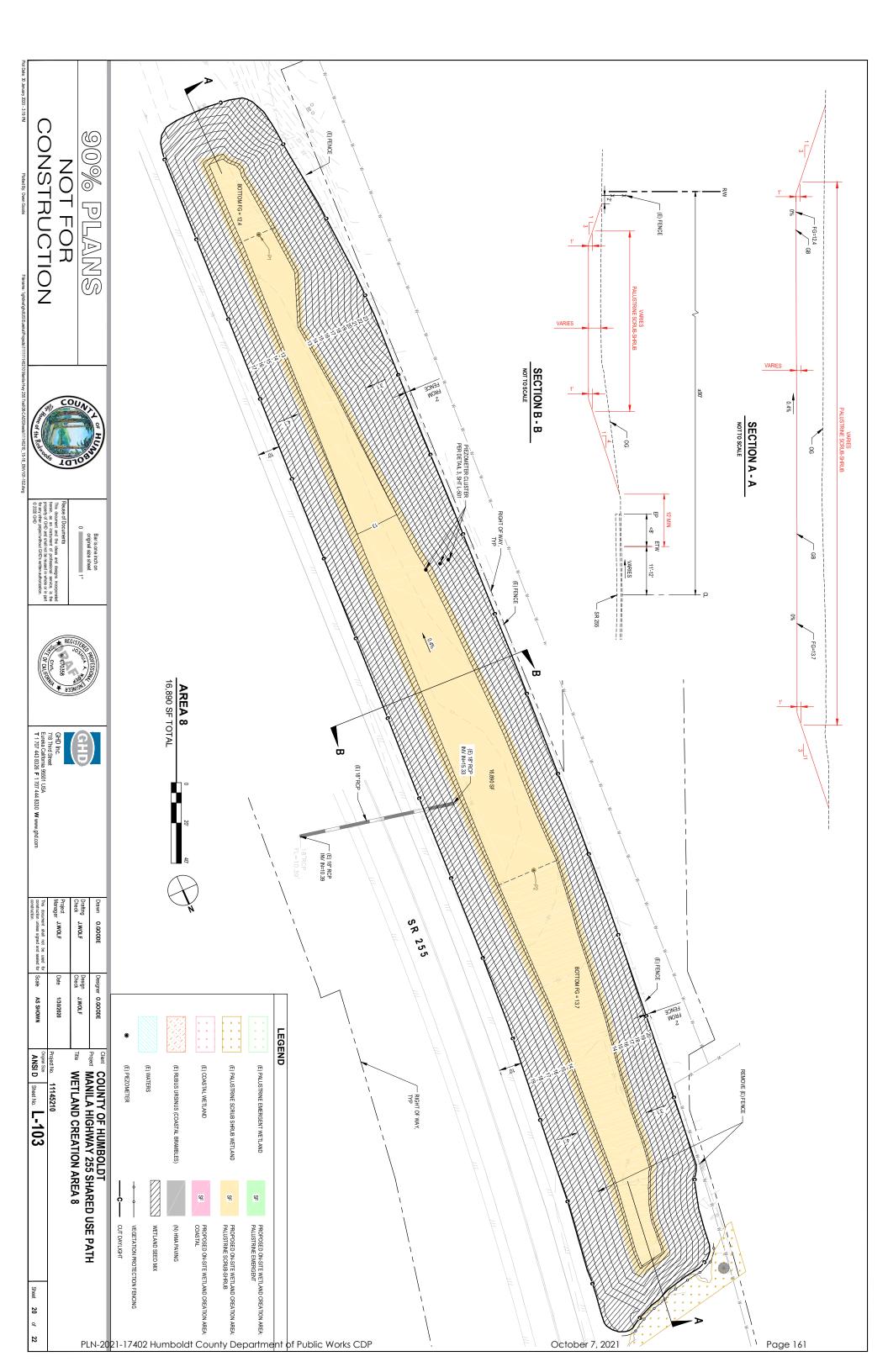
Overall Spacing Spacing Quantity Cy Vegetation (feet on Type Per Acre (%) Strata Name (lbs/acre) Designation Quantities 10 10 20 햐 10 20 20 20 1,006 181 45.6 Facultative Plant 40% 20% 20% Pacific American-aster Obligate Pacific 4" Plug P 604
Plant oenanthe Pacific rush coastal California blackberry California 1-gal wax myrtle container Plant Quantities (lbs per acre) 1-gal container Cutting 10 5 Þ ⇉

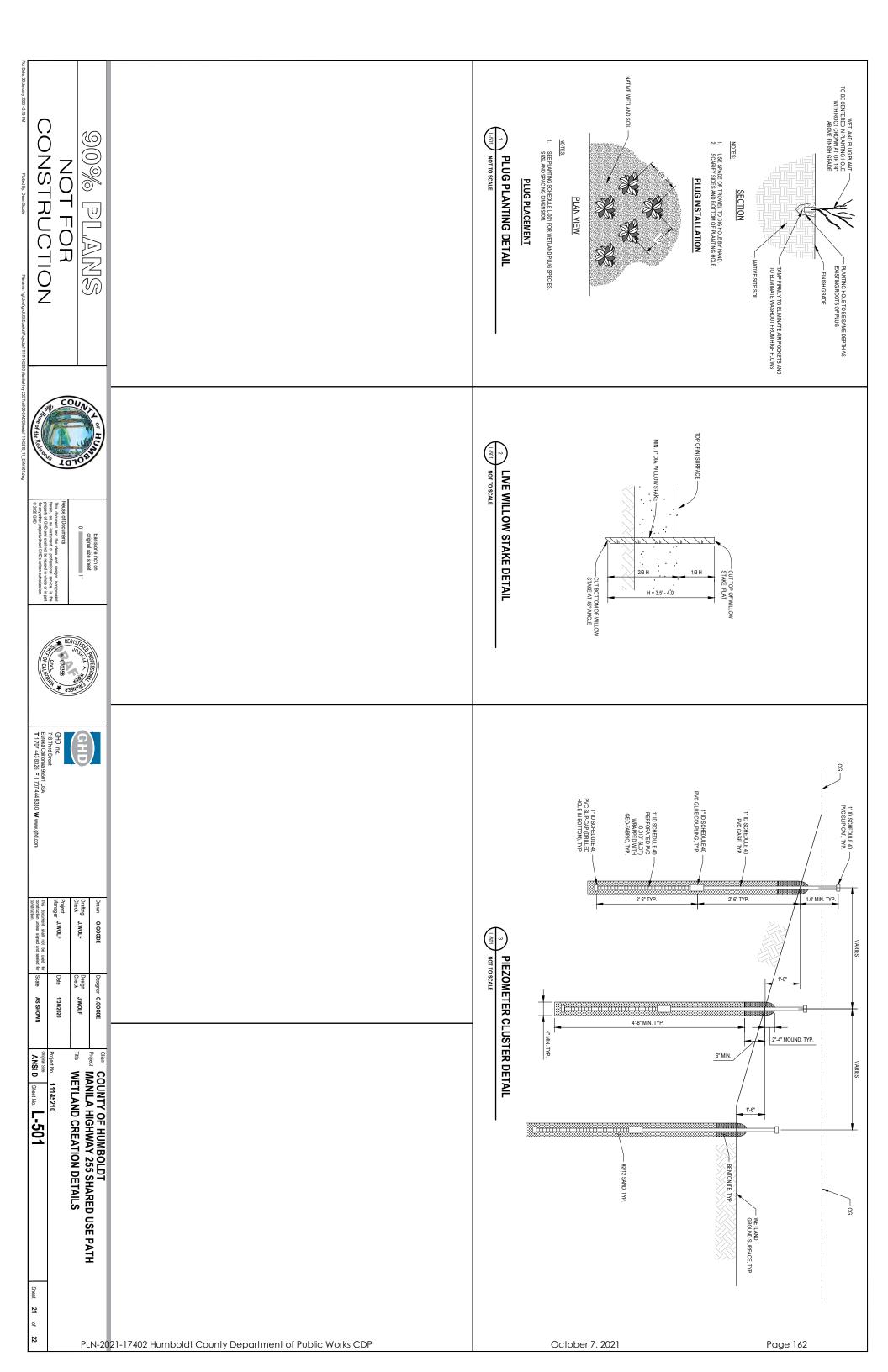
/					oyiiiboi	Symbol	PLANTING								Symbol	PLANTIN
	3	20	10	10	(feet on center)	Overall Spacing	3 MIX B: P				ω			(feet on center)	Overall Spacing	GMIX A: F
		Random			Type	Spacing	ALUSTINE				Random			(1 or seed)	Spacing Type	ALUSTRII
	1,006	22.8	91	91	per Acre	Quantity	SCRUB-	503		503	755	1,509	1,761	per Acre	Quantity	NE EMERG
	20%	20%	20%	20%	(%)	Frequency	PLANTING MIX B: PALUSTINE SCRUB - SHRUB (TOTAL AREA 26,282 SF / 0.6 ACRES)	10%		10%	15%	30%	35%	(%)	Frequency	PLANTING MIX A: PALUSTRINE EMERGENT (TOTAL AREA 5,765 SF / 0.13 ACRES)
Obligate	Obligate Wetland Plant	Facultative Wetland Plant	Facultative Wetland Plant	Facultative Wetland Plant	Strata	Vegetation	\L AREA 26,2		Facultative	e	<u> </u>	Obligate Wetland Plant	Obligate Wetland	Strata	음	AREA 5,765 S
	slough sedge	California wax myrtle	Pacific willow	coastal willow	Name	Common	82 SF / 0.6	salt rush		Pacific silverweed	Pacific oenanthe	slough sedge	small-fruit bulrush	Name	Common	F / 0.13 AC
	4" Plug	1-gal container	Cutting	Cutting	9		ACRES)	4" Plug		4" Plug	4" Plug	4" Plug	4" Plug		C _{nit}	(RES)
	ס	≯	т	Ι	Designation	Plant Group		P		P	P	P	٦	Designation	Plant Group	
	604	14	54	54	٥	Plant		65		65	98	196	229	Quantities	Plant	

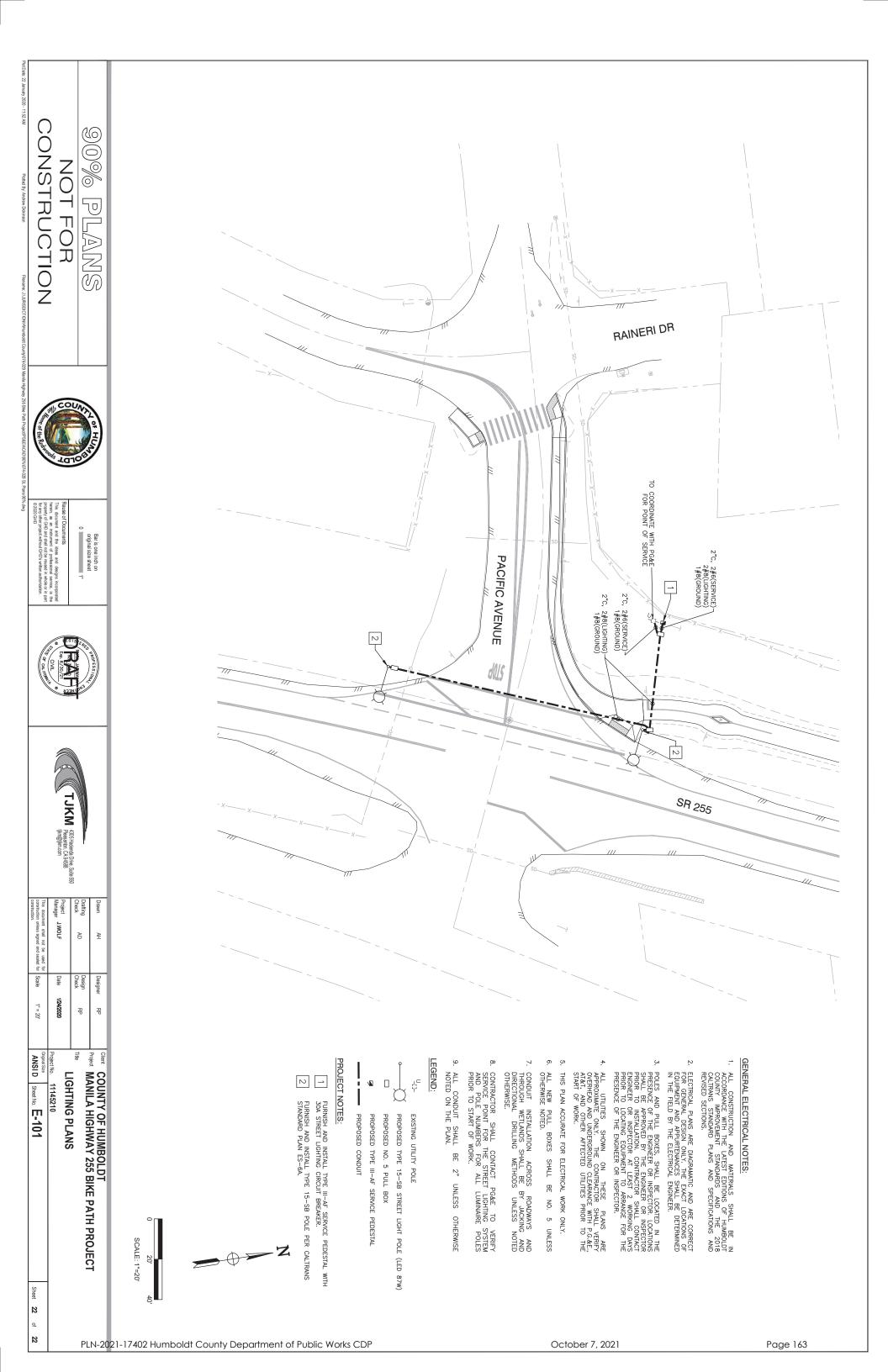
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	DATE(S) / TIMELINE
PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION	PRIOR TO SEED APPLICATION AND PLANT INSTALLATION
SEED, STRAW AND HYDROMULCH APPLICATION	SEPTEMBER 15 TO OCTOBER 31
PLANT INSTALLATION	NOVEMBER 1 TO DECEMBER 15











ATTACHMENT 3

INITIAL STUDY AND MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

SEE LINK BELOW

https://ceqanet.opr.ca.gov/2021080304

ATTACHMENT 4

REFERRAL AGENCY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The project was referred to the following agencies for review and comment. Those agencies that provided written comments are checked off.

Referral Agency	Response	Recommendation	Attached	On File
County Building Inspection Division				
Public Works Land Use Division	✓	Approval		✓
Department of Environmental Health	✓	Approval		✓
Manila Community Services District	✓	Approval		✓
Arcata Fire Protection District	✓	Approval		✓
California Department of Fish and				
Wildlife				
California Coastal Commission				
National Fish and Wildlife Service				
Regional Water Quality Control Board				
Caltrans				

ATTACHMENT 5

PUBLIC COMMENTS

Estlow, Trevor

From: Kathryn Cesarz

Sent: Friday, August 20, 2021 7:59 PM

To: Estlow, Trevor

Subject: Manila State Route 255 Shared Route Pathway Project Comment

Hello Mr. Estlow,

My name is Kathryn Cesarz and I have been a resident in Manila near the proposed project for four years, at 1843 Park St which my partner Jesse March owns. I want to express how excited and happy I am to hear about the proposed path. I truly believe that improving habitability, walkability and safety in Manila is a wonderful opportunity to improve and grow the neighborhood.

Based on the mailing that Humboldt county sent out, it sounds like the project would deal with heavy pedestrian and bike traffic areas in the most densely populated part of Manila. I strongly support that! I especially would emphasize the value of both bicycle transportation and pedestrian traffic moving through the intersections described. Residents in the neighborhood walk and bike often around here, as do folks who appear to just be passing through for exercise and commuting. I would emphasize the value of non-motorized traffic as an aspect of the culture of this neighborhood, that enhances and supports the beautiful natural area and protects wildlife. If anything I wish that a quality bike and walking path could be established all the way between Arcata and Eureka on the 255. People would definitely use it.

Is this an appropriate place to request a way to view a visual representation of the proposed project?

Thank you for your time and best of luck with this project.

Kind regards, Kathryn Cesarz

--

Kathryn Cesarz

Theatre Artist

Estlow, Trevor

From: Colleen Clifford

Sent: Monday, August 23, 2021 1:48 PM

To: Estlow, Trevor

Subject: Support for the Mitigated Neg Dec for the Manila Pathway

To: Humboldt County Planning and Building Department

This letter is to provide comment and support for the Mitigated Negative Declaration for the Manila Pathway Project.

My husband and I have lived in Manila for 19 years, purchasing our property 17 years ago. Here we have happily set down roots and have two young children who attend Redwood Coast Montessori in Manila. We all enjoy our coastal lifestyle and try to utilize our community resources as much as possible.

This project will provide so many positive impacts on the residents of Manila. Increased connectedness between neighborhoods; safe traveling to the dune recreation areas and Humboldt Coastal Nature Center, Manila Park, mini-mart and mini-golf, RCM school and playground; safer vehicle passage due to fewer pedestrians on S.R. 255; enhanced physical activity; appreciation of the dune landscape; and access to evacuation routes for tsunami and earthquake preparedness.

Having this pathway soon will be a boon to our small coastal community and the Humboldt community at-large who will visit with more comfort and enjoyment.

Please support this project by supporting the Mitigated Negative Declaration.

Thank you, Colleen Clifford and Ian Davidson 415 Orange Drive Manila, CA 95521

PS: Hi Trevor! :)

231 Dean St.
Arcata (Manila) CA. 95521
9/1/21

tumboldt County Planning and Bruilding Dept. Henton: Srevor Estlow

I strongly support the development of a Class I bike path along the western side of Highway 255 bike path along the western side of Highway 255 in Manila. Besides providing a safer bike route for incyclist it also connects two neighborhoods in manila for pedestrians. Hope fully it will encourage manila for pedestrians. Hope fully it will encourage the development of other bike pedestrian trails in the county.

Sincerely, Trany R. Thara

Estlow, Trevor

From: Michelle Baggett

Sent: Tuesday, September 14, 2021 6:42 PM

To: Estlow, Trevor **Subject:** Manila Bike Path...

Trevor Estlow,

I live in Manila on 1916 Lock St. which is located along Rt. 255 and the proposed **Manila Safe Rt. 255 Shared Route Pathway Project # PLN-2021-174-02**. I had heard that the initial Safe Schools Grant written several years ago had expired and that a new grant was being submitted for the continuation of the proposed Bike Path.

I went onto the Planning permit portal and found the Bike Path project on-line, but no actual grant proposal. Could you please let me know if this project is in the grant process yet, and if so, could I please get a copy of that proposal?

I am interested in speaking to whoever will be responsible for the clearing of the buffer between Rt. 255 and my fence line. I spoke to Hank Seaman about the loss of the tree buffer between my fence line and the highway during the last bike path grant process, and he made promises that trees would be planted to mitigate some of my concerns. I am hoping that you will be able to address my concerns in this new grant that is in progress.

I would appreciate it if you could contact me about the resubmitted Bike Path grant, and if you would be able to help me keep a tree buffer between the proposed bike path on Rt. 255 and my fence line.

Thank you,

Michelle Baggett 1916 Lock Street Manila, CA