

COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT

AGENDA ITEM NO.

C-12

For the meeting of September 6, 2016

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August 10, 2016

To:

Board of Supervisors

From:

Robert Wall, Interim Director Planning and Building RSW

Subject:

HOME Program First Time Homebuyer Guidelines

RECOMMENDATION(S):

Adopt Resolution Wadopting the Housing and Community Development HOME Program First Time Homebuyer Guidelines.

SOURCE OF FUNDING:

State of California Housing and Community Development (HCD), HOME Program

DISCUSSION:

In 2015 the County of Humboldt was successful in securing a \$1,000,000 grant from HCD HOME Program (HOME) to operate a first time homebuyer (FTHB) program. Prior to expenditure of the grant, the local jurisdiction is required to have current approved program Guidelines.

The County has three sources of funds for the FTHB program. The state has a recommended FTHB template, since all are similar, but some items are specific to the source. From time to time the State makes recommended universal changes and each funding source also makes changes. These changes are very

01.011.

Prepared by Paula Mushrush	CAO Approval hex Wylin
REVIEW: Auditor County Counsel Human Reso	urces Other
TYPE OF ITEM: Consent Departmental Public Hearing Other PREVIOUS ACTION/REFERRAL:	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT Upon motion of Supervisor Sundberg Aye Sundberg, Fennell, Lovelace, Bohn, Bass Nays Abstain Absent
Board Order No	and carried by those members present, the Board hereby approves the recommended action contained in this Board report. Dated: Sept. Le. 2016 By: Kathy Hayes, Clerk of the Board

similar to changes the Board approved for the HOME FTHB program in 2012, and the updated Community Development Block Grant FTHB and CalHome FTHB Program that were adopted in 2014. The version the Board is reviewing is the 2012 version for HOME, with track changes. Rather than reiterating all the changes the Board previously approved, the list includes HOME specific changes that were not included in the update of the CDBG and Calhome FTHB Guidelines.

- 1. Defines the HOME regulatory affordability period (page 8).
- 2. Under maximum loan it changes the reference from the prior 221 (d) (3) limit to HOME's maximum allowable (page 11).
- 3. Clarifies HOME's policy regarding Heir's inheriting property (page 12).
- 4. Attachment C is specific to HOME requirements (page 20).

<u>FINANCIAL IMPACT</u>: HCD HOME Grant funding pays for costs to process and manage the programs. This supports the Boards strategic framework by encouraging self-reliance of citizens, by providing favorable loans for homeownership.

OTHER AGENCY INVOLVEMENT: There are no other agencies involved at this time.

<u>ALTERNATIVES TO STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS</u>: The board of supervisors could propose additional changes to the guidelines, or could choose not to adopt the updated guidelines. However, this is not recommended, because County may be prohibited from making additional loans, or in the worst case scenario if a loan was made the County could owe money back to the State.

ATTACHMENTS:

A. Resolution Approving the HOME FTHB Guidelines

ATTACHMENT A

RESOLUTION APPROVING

HOME PROGRAM FIRST TIME HOMEBUYER GUIDELINES

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Certified copy of portion of proceedings, Meeting of September 6, 2016

RESOLUTION NO. 16-100

RESOLUTION ADOPTING HOME PROGRAM FIRST TIME HOMEBUYER GUIDELINES

WHEREAS, the County of Humboldt has received a 2015 California Department of Housing and Community Development HOME Program First Time Homebuyer grant; and

WHEREAS, the County of Humboldt Board of Supervisors understands that spending HOME Program funds requires the Board of Supervisors to approve Guidelines and submit to the State of California for approval; and

WHEREAS, the County of Humboldt Board of Supervisors wishes to amend 2012 HOME Program First Time Homebuyer Program Guidelines, as attached in Exhibit A of this Resolution.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the County of Humboldt Board of Supervisors adopts the HOME Program First Time Homebuyer Guidelines.

Dated: September 6, 2016

MARK LOVELACE, Chair

Humboldt County Board of Supervisors

Adopted on motion by Supervisor Sundberg, seconded by Supervisor Bass, and the following vote:

AYES:

Supervisors

Sundberg, Fennell, Lovelace, Bohn, Bass

NAYS:

Supervisors

ABSENT:

Supervisors -

ABSTAIN:

Supervisors

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

County of Humboldt

I, KATHY HAYES, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, County of Humboldt, State of California, do hereby certify the foregoing to be an original made in the above-entitled matter by said Board of Supervisors at a meeting held in Eureka, California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Seal of said Board of Supervisors.

By ANA HARTWELL

Deputy Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the

County of Humboldt, State of California

EXHIBIT A

County of Humboldt

Homebuyer Program Guidelines



HOME Investment Partnerships Program

Serving the Unincorporated Areas of Humboldt County

> County of Humboldt Board Approved-HOME Approved-

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COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT HOMEBUYER PROGRAM GUIDELINES

1.0 GENERAL

The County of Humboldt, hereinafter referred to as the "Sponsor" has entered into a contractual relationship with the California Department of Housing and Community Development ("HCD") to administer the HOME funded homebuyer program. The homebuyer program described herein (the "Program") is designed to provide assistance to eligible homebuyers in purchasing eligible housing units located within the Program's eligible area, as described in Section 3.1. The Program provides this assistance in the form of deferred payment "silent" second priority loans as "Gap" financing toward the purchase price and closing costs of affordable units that will be occupied by the homebuyers. The Program will be administered by the County of Humboldt.

1.1 PROGRAM OUTREACH AND MARKETING

All outreach efforts will be done in accordance with state and federal fair lending regulations to assure nondiscriminatory treatment, outreach and access to the Program. No person shall, on the grounds of age, ancestry, color, creed, physical or mental disability or handicap, marital or familial status, medical condition, national origin, race, religion, gender or sexual orientation be excluded, denied benefits or subjected to discrimination under the Program. The County will ensure that all persons, including those qualified individuals with handicaps have access to the Program.

- A. The Fair Housing Lender and Accessibility logos will be placed on all outreach materials. Fair housing marketing actions will be based upon a characteristic analysis comparison (census data may be used) of the Program's eligible area compared to the ethnicity of the population served by the Program (includes, separately, all applications given out and those receiving assistance) and an explanation of any underserved segments of the population. This information is used to show that protected classes (age, gender, ethnicity, race, and disability) are not being excluded from the Program. Flyers or other outreach materials, in English and any other language that is the primary language of a significant portion of the area residents, will be widely distributed in the Program-eligible area and will be provided to any local social service agencies. The Program may sponsor homebuyer classes to help educate families about the home buying process and future responsibilities. Persons who have participated in local homebuyer seminars will be notified about the Program.
- B. The Sponsor will work closely with local real estate agents and lenders to explain the Program requirements for eligible properties and borrowers, and to review Program processes. Local real estate agents and mortgage loan processors will also be encouraged to have their customers participate in the Program.
- C. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits the exclusion of an otherwise qualified individual, solely by reason of disability, from participation under any program receiving Federal funds. The Program Sponsor should take appropriate steps to ensure effective communication with disabled housing applicants, residents and members of the public.

1.2 APPLICATION PROCESS AND SELECTION

A. The Sponsor maintains a waiting list of applicants. Each applicant is asked to complete an application form, which asks for sufficient information concerning income, employment, and credit history to establish preliminary eligibility for Program participation. Complete

applications are date and time stamped, therefore, assistance is given on a first-come-first-served basis. Applications are only deemed complete if all information is completed, the application is signed and dated, and a primary lender's pre-qualification letter is attached to the application. Incomplete applications are returned to the applicant and will not be date/time stamped until complete.

B. Once the applicant's name comes to the top of the waiting list their Program eligibility is confirmed and they are invited to a briefing regarding participation in the Program. At the briefing the application is reviewed and the potential homebuyer is given a "Preliminary Eligibility Letter" for the Program along with the following forms: Program Brochure, Attachment (G) Instructions to Home Buyer, List of Participating Lenders, Attachment (E) Sellers Lead-Based Paint (LBP) Disclosure, and the EPA Booklet (Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home) and (F) Notice to Seller.

If the Program Operator encounters material discrepancies and/or misrepresentations, and/or there are income, asset, household composition, or other important questions that can't be resolved, the sponsor reserves the right to deny assistance to the household. In this case the applicant may re-apply to be placed on the waiting list after six months have elapsed from the time of written assistance denial.

- Each applicant must participate in individual Homebuyer Counseling provided by a Sponsor approved third party and receive a certificate of completion.
- The potential homebuyer is given 90 days in order to find a qualified home and begin securing a primary loan for the housing unit. If during the 90-day time frame, the potential homebuyer is unable to purchase a home, an extension may be given. However, if it appears the potential homebuyer cannot participate in the Program, the reservation of funds expires and the next person on the waiting list is given an opportunity to participate in the Program.

1.3 THE HOME PURCHASE PROCESS

A. The following is a simplified example of how a primary lender would analyze a homebuyer's finances to determine how much the homebuyer could afford to borrow from the primary lender towards homeownership. The County or their Agent will analyze a homebuyer's finances to determine how much the buyer could afford to borrow from the lender towards homeownership.

DEBT SERVICE FOR A FAMILY OF FOUR EARNING \$3,388 PER MONTH

HOUSING PAYMENTS

Principal & Interest Payment \$ 865

TOTAL OVERALL PAYMENTS

\$ 1,180 Housing

Principal & Interest Payment \$ 865 \$1,180 Housing
Insurance 82 +200 Other Debt Service
Taxes 233 \$1,380 Total Debt Service

Total Housing Expense \$1,180 (Overall debt service per month is 41% of \$3,388)

(PITI is 35% of \$3,388)

OTHER HOUSEHOLD DEBT SERVICE

Car Payment \$ 150
Credit Card Payment 50
Total Other Debt \$ 200

A \$865 per month loan payment equates to borrowing \$143,000 at 5.88% for a 30 year term.

SUBSIDY CALCULATION FOR A FAMILY OF FOUR EARNING \$3,388 PER MONTH

Purchase Price of Property \$ 280,000 Less Primary loan amount 143,000 Less down payment of 1% 2,800

Equals "GAP" \$ 134,200

Plus estimated allowable settlement charges 8,400

Equals Total Subsidy \$ 142,600

- B. The housing unit selection process will be conducted by the homebuyers. Prior to making an offer to purchase an eligible housing unit (see Section 3.0), buyer shall provide seller with a disclosure containing the following provisions:
 - 1) Homebuyer has no power of eminent domain and, therefore, will not acquire the property if negotiations fail to result in an amicable agreement; and
 - 2) Homebuyer's offer is an estimate of the fair market value of the property, to be finally determined by a state licensed appraiser;
 - 3) The housing unit will be subject to inspection. The housing unit must meet local codes at the time of construction and local health and safety standards.
 - 4) All units built prior to January 1, 1978 will require a lead paint disclosure to be signed by both the Buyer and Seller (Attachment E);
 - 5) Since the purchase would be voluntary, the seller would not be eligible for relocation payments or other relocation assistance:
 - 6) The seller understands that if acquired with HOME or CDBG funds the property must be

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- either: currently owner-occupied, newly constructed, a renter purchasing the unit, or vacant at the time of submission of the purchase offer. (Does not apply to CalHome housing units.)
- 7) If the seller is not provided with a statement of the above six provisions prior to the purchase offer, the seller may withdraw from the agreement after this information is provided.
- C. Applicant submits executed standard form purchase and sale agreement and primary lender prequalification letter to Sponsor. The purchase and sale agreement will be contingent on the household and property meeting Program eligibility requirements and receiving Program loan approval. Sponsor verifies applicant eligibility, housing unit and loan eligibility and amount of assistance to be provided consistent with these guidelines.
- D. Sponsor determines Applicant's approval or denial, and provides written notification to Applicant of approval or denial with reason and, if denied, a copy of the Program's appeal procedures.
- E. When Primary Lender requirements are met, Program funds are deposited into escrow, with required closing instructions and loan documents.
- F. At the time of escrow closing, the Sponsor shall be named as an additional loss payee on fire, flood (if required), and extended coverage insurance for the length of the loan and in an amount sufficient to cover all encumbrances or full replacement cost of the housing unit. A policy of Title Insurance naming the Sponsor as insured is also required

1.4 HOMEBUYER COSTS

Eligible households must document that they have the funds necessary for down payment and closing costs as required by the Primary Lender and the Sponsor. The Program's down payment requirement (below) is in place even if the Primary Lender has a lower down payment requirement. If the Primary Lender has a higher down payment requirement, there is no additional down payment requirement required by the Program.

- A. Homebuyer must contribute a minimum down payment of one percent (1%) of the purchase price, but may contribute more if desired.
- B. Sponsor will not provide more than fifty percent (50%) of the acquisition cost (purchase price plus all closing costs). The subsidy will write down the cost of the primary lender's loan so that the payments of PITI are within approximately 28 to 33% of the gross household income. The Sponsor will determine the level of subsidy and affordability during underwriting of the Program's loan to make sure that it conforms to the requirements of the HCD funding Program.

1.5 HOMEBUYER EDUCATION

Buying a home can be one of the most confusing and complicated transactions anyone can make. Providing the future homebuyer with informative homebuyer education training, can bring success to the Sponsor and the Program and most importantly, the homebuyer. It has been documented that first-time homebuyers that have had homebuyer education have the ability to handle problems that occur with homeownership. All Program participants are required to attend a Sponsor-approved homebuyer education class. The homebuyer education class will cover such topics as the following: preparing for homeownership; available financing; credit analysis; loan closing; homeownership responsibilities; home maintenance; impact of refinancing and loan servicing. Methods of homebuyer counseling and education may include, but are not limited to: one-on-one counseling between homebuyer, counselor and

family/individual and/or group workshops and informational sessions. Tools of instruction may include fliers, brochures, power point presentations, worksheets, etc.

1.6 CONFLICT OF INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

When the Sponsor's program contains Federal funds, the applicable Conflict of Interest requirements of 24 CFR Section 92.356 of the HOME Final Rule shall be followed for HOME assistance, as follows:

- A. Conflicts prohibited. No persons described in paragraph (b) of this section who exercises or has exercised any functions or responsibilities with respect to activities assisted with HOME funds or who are in a position to participate in a decision making process or gain inside information with regard to these activities, may obtain a financial interest or benefit from a HOME-assisted activity, or have a financial interest in any contract, subcontract or agreement with respect to the HOME-assisted activity, or the proceeds from such activity, either for themselves or those with whom they have business or immediate family ties, during their tenure or for one year thereafter. Immediate family ties include (whether by blood, marriage or adoption) the spouse, parent (including stepparent), child (including stepchild), brother, sister (including a stepbrother or stepsister), grandparent, grandchild and in-laws of a covered person.
- B. Persons covered. The conflict of interest provisions of paragraph (a) of this section apply to any person who is an employee, agent, consultant, officer, or elected official or appointed official of the participating jurisdiction, State recipient, or subrecipient which are receiving HOME funds.
- C. Exceptions: Threshold requirements. Upon the written request of the participating jurisdiction to HCD, HUD may grant an exception to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section on a case-by-case basis when it determines that the exception will serve to further the purposes of the HOME Investment Partnerships Program and the effective and efficient administration of the participating jurisdiction's program or project. See 24 CFR 92.356(d)(1-6) for details on the documentation needed in order to submit an exception request to HUD.

A contractor with a vested interest in the property cannot bid on a rehabilitation job. Such a contractor may act as owner/builder, subject to standard construction procedures. Owner/builders are reimbursed for materials purchased which are verified by invoice/receipt and used on the job. Reimbursement occurs after the installation is verified by the Program Operator to be part of the scope of work. Owner/builders are not reimbursed for labor.

1.7 NON-DISCRIMINATION REQUIREMENTS

The Program will be implemented in ways consistent with the Sponsor's commitment to non-discrimination. No person shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefit of, or be subject to discrimination under any program or activity funded in whole or in part with State funds on the basis of his or her religion or religious affiliation, age, race, color, creed, gender,

sexual orientation, marital status, familial status (children), physical or mental disability, national origin, or ancestry, or other arbitrary cause.

2.0 APPLICANT QUALIFICATIONS

2.1 CURRENT INCOME LIMITS FOR THE AREA, BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE

All applicants must certify that they meet the household income eligibility requirements for the applicable HCD program(s) and have their household income documented. The income limits in place at the time of loan approval will apply when determining applicant income eligibility. All applicants must have incomes at or below 80% of the County's area median income (AMI), adjusted for household size, as published by HCD. (Attachment C).

Household: means one or more persons who will occupy a housing unit. Unborn children count in family size (a doctors note will be required for verification of pregnancy).

Annual Income: Generally, the gross amount of income of all adult household members that is anticipated to be received during the coming 12-month period.

2.2 INCOME QUALIFICATION CRITERIA

Projected annual gross income of the applicant household will be used to determine whether they are above or below the published HCD income limits. Income qualification criteria, as shown in the most recent HCD program-specific guidance, will be followed to independently determine and certify the household's annual gross income. The Sponsor should compare this annual gross income to the income the Primary Lender used when qualifying the household. The Primary Lender is usually underwriting to FHA or conventional guidelines and may not calculate the household income or assets in the same way as required by the Program. Income will be verified by reviewing and documenting tax returns, copies of wage receipts, subsidy checks, bank statements and third party verification of employment forms sent to employers. All documentation shall be dated within six months prior to loan closing and kept in the applicant file and held in strict confidence.

A. Household Income Definition: Household income is the annual gross income of all adult household members that is projected to be received during the coming 12-month period, and will be used to determine program eligibility. Refer to Income Inclusions and Exclusions for further guidance to the types of incomes to be included or excluded when calculating gross annual income. For those types of income counted, gross amounts (before any deductions have been taken) are used; and the types of income that are not considered would be income of minors or live-in aides. Certain other household members living apart from the household also require special consideration. The household's projected ability to pay must be used, rather than past earnings, when calculating income.

Attachment A: 24 CFR Part 5 Annual Income Inclusions and Exclusions

NOTE: Non-occupant <u>co-signers</u> will not be required to submit income and asset documentation. Co-signers income will not be included in the household income determination. Co-signers are acceptable as long as their names do not appear on the Grant Deed or Deed of Trust.

B. <u>Assets</u>: There is no asset limitation for participation in the Program. Income from assets is, however, recognized as part of annual income under the Part 5 definition. An asset is a

cash or non-cash item that can be converted to cash. The value of necessary items such as furniture and automobiles are not included. (Note: it is the income earned - e.g. interest on a savings account - not the asset value, which is counted in annual income.)

C. An asset's cash value is the market value less reasonable expenses required to convert the asset to cash, including: Penalties or fees for converting financial holdings and costs for selling real property. The cash value (rather than the market value) of an item is counted as an asset.

Attachment B: Part 5 Annual Income Net Family Asset Inclusions and Exclusions

2.3 <u>DEFINITION OF AN ELIGIBLE HOMEBUYER</u>

Documentation of homebuyer status will be required for all homebuyers.

HOME funded Programs are required to use the following definition of an eligible homebuyer, which is a "first-time homebuyer" from 8201(l) Title 25 California Code of Regulations:

"First-time homebuyer" means an individual or individuals or an individual and his or her spouse who have not owned a home during the three-year period before the purchase of a home with subsidy assistance, except that the following individual or individuals may not be excluded from consideration as a first-time homebuyer under this definition:

- A. A displaced homemaker who, while a homemaker, owned a home with his or her spouse or resided in a home owned by the spouse. A displaced homemaker is an adult who has not, within the preceding two years, worked on a full-time basis as a member of the labor force for a consecutive twelve-month period and who has been unemployed or underemployed, experienced difficulty in obtaining or upgrading employment and worked primarily without remuneration to care for his or her home and family;
- B. A single parent who, while married, owned a home with his or her spouse or resided in a home owned by the spouse. A single parent is an individual who is unmarried or legally separated from a spouse and has one or more minor children for whom the individual has custody or joint custody or is pregnant; or
- C. An individual or individuals who owns or owned, as a principal residence during the threeyear period before the purchase of a home with assistance, a dwelling unit whose structure is:
 - 1) Not permanently affixed to a permanent foundation in accordance with local or state regulations; or
 - 2) Not in compliance with state, local, or model building codes and cannot be brought into compliance with such codes for less than the cost of constructing a permanent structure.

3.0 HOUSING UNIT ELIGIBILITY

3.1 LOCATION AND CHARACTERISTICS

- A. Housing units to be purchased must be located within the eligible area. The eligible area is described as follows: within the unincorporated area of Humboldt County, unless otherwise defined in the grant.
- B. Housing unit types eligible for the homebuyer Program are new or previously owned: single-family detached houses, half-plexes, condominiums, or manufactured homes in mobile

- home parks, in a common-interest development or on a single family lot and placed on a permanent foundation system.
- C. All housing units must be in compliance with State and local codes and ordinances.
- D. Housing units located within a 100-year flood zone will be required to provide proof of flood insurance in order to close escrow. The County must be named with an endorsement naming the County of Humboldt as additional insured, "loss payee" in order to close escrow.
- E. Housing must be "modest", so it may not exceed three bedrooms and two bathrooms, and a two-car garage. Larger homes are acceptable if necessary for the following reasons:
 - The family size necessitates additional bedroom(s); or
 - A reasonable accommodation is necessary due to the family's disability (e.g. an extra bedroom for an aide)

3.2 CONDITIONS

- A. Construction Inspection and Determining Need for Repairs: Once the participating homebuyer has executed a purchase agreement for a housing unit, and prior to a commitment of Program funds, the following steps must be taken for the housing unit to be eligible for purchase under the Program:
 - 1) When the Sponsor's Program utilizes Federal funds and if the housing unit was constructed prior to 1978 then the lead-based paint requirements of Section 3.2.C will apply.
 - 2) A certified housing inspector, or a Sponsor representative will walk through the housing unit, determine if it is structurally sound, and identify any code related and health and safety deficiencies that need to be corrected. A list of code related repair items will be given to the homebuyers and their Realtor to be negotiated with the seller. Only new construction homes built within the previous 12 months and not previously occupied are not subject to a home inspection.
 - 3) Upon completion of all work required by the Sponsor, appraiser, pest inspector and/or certified housing inspector, a final inspection will be conducted prior to close of escrow. The inspector will sign off on all required construction work assuring that each unit receiving Program assistance is in compliance with local codes and health and safety requirements at the time of purchase and prior to occupancy.
- B. HOME Affordability Period: Per Section 8208 of the State HOME regulations, no additional HOME assistance, including rehabilitation funds, may be provided during the period starting one year following the filing of the Project Completion Report through the end of the Affordability Period.

The HOME Affordability Period is as follows (amount does not include Activity Delivery Costs paid to the State Recipient by HCD):

Amount of HOME Assistance	Period of Affordability in Years	
<u>Under \$15,000</u>	5 years	
\$15,000 to \$40,000	10 years	
Over \$40,000	15 years	

B-C. Lead-Based Paint Hazards: All housing units built prior to 1978 are subject to the requirements of this section 3.2.C. Such homes must undergo a visual assessment by a person who has taken HUD's online Visual Assessment course. Deteriorated paint must be stabilized using work safe methods. Clearance must be obtained after paint stabilization by a DHS certified LBP Risk Assessor/Inspector. HOME general administrative and activity delivery funds may be used to pay for lead-based paint visual assessments, and if lead mitigation and clearance costs are incurred, this program may incorporate the costs into the calculation of Program assistance.

The following requirements must be met:

- 1) Notification: a) Prior to homebuyer's obligation to purchase a pre-1978 home, the Buyer will be given the most recent copy of and asked to read the EPA pamphlet "Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home" (EPA 747-K-94-001). A signed receipt of the pamphlet will be kept in the Sponsor's homebuyer file; b) A notice to residents is required following a risk assessment/inspection using form DHS 8552, which is provided by the DHS-certified Risk Assessor/Inspector; c) a notice to residents is required following lead-based paint mitigation work using Visual Assessment and Lead-based Paint Notice of Presumption and Hazard Reduction form, LBP 1 (Attachment H).
- 2) <u>Disclosure</u>: Prior to the homebuyer's obligation to purchase a pre-1978 housing unit, the HUD disclosure (Attachment E), "Seller's Lead-based Paint Disclosure" notice must be provided by the seller to the homebuyer.
- 3) <u>Inspections</u>: The Inspector shall conduct a "Visual Assessment" of all the dwelling unit's painted surfaces in order to identify deteriorated paint. All deteriorated paint will be stabilized in accordance with CFR 35.1330 (a) and (b); and a Clearance shall be made in accordance with CFR 35.1340.
- 4) <u>Mitigation</u>: If stabilization is required, the contractor performing the mitigation work must use appropriately trained workers. Prior to the contractor starting mitigation work the Sponsor shall obtain copies of the contractor's and workers' appropriate proof of LBP training, as applicable to the job in order to assure that only qualified contractors and workers are allowed to perform the mitigation.

The Sponsor will: 1) confirm that the housing unit is within the eligible area, 2) will review each proposed housing unit to ensure that it meets all eligibility criteria before funding, and 3) if applicable, ensure a completed Lead Compliance Document Checklist is placed in each purchaser's file (see Attachment I).

3.3 <u>ANTI-DISPLACEMENT POLICY AND RELOCATION ASSISTANCE</u>

Eligible homes will be those that are currently owner occupied or have been vacant for at least three months prior to the acceptance of a contract to purchase. A unit is ineligible if its purchase would result in the displacement of a tenant. It is not anticipated that the implementation of the Program will result in the displacement of any persons, households, or families. However, if tenant properties are included in the Program and relocation becomes necessary, the activity will be carried out in compliance with Sponsor's relocation plan, which describes how those permanently displaced will be relocated and paid benefits in accordance with the following Federal laws.

A. Uniform Relocation Assistance (URA) and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970. The federal URA and Real Property Acquisition Policies, as amended by the URA Amendments of 1987, contains requirements for carrying out real property acquisition or the displacement of a person, regardless of income status, for a project or program for which HUD financial assistance (including HOME) is provided. Requirements governing real property acquisition are described in Chapter VIII. The implementing regulations, 49 CFR Part 24, require developers and owners to take certain steps in regard to tenants of housing to be acquired, rehabbed or demolished, including tenants who will not be relocated even temporarily.

B. Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. Section 104 (d) requires each contractor (CHDO or State Recipient), as a condition of receiving assistance under HOME, to certify that it is following a residential anti-displacement plan and relocation assistance plan. Section 104(d) also requires relocation benefits to be provided to low-income persons who are physically displaced or economically displaced as the result of a HOME assisted project, and requires the replacement of low-income housing, which is demolished or converted. The implementing regulations for Section 104(d) can be found in 24 CFR Part 570(a).

3.4 PROPER NOTIFICATION AND DISCLOSURES

- A. Upon selection of a housing unit, a qualified seller and homebuyer will be given the necessary disclosures for the Program. The homebuyer must have read and signed all Program disclosure forms. Any and all property disclosures must be reviewed and signed by the homebuyer and seller.
- B. All owners who wish to sell their housing units must receive an acquisition notice (Attachment F) prior to submission of the homebuyer's original offer. This notice will be included in the contract and must be signed by all owners on title. The disclosure must contain the items listed in 1.3.B. (required for federally-funded programs).

4.0 **PURCHASE PRICE LIMITS**

For HOME funded Programs the purchase price of first time homebuyer properties is limited.

Attachment C: MAXIMUM PURCHASE PRICE/AFTER-REHAB VALUE LIMITS *Sponsor will update these limits annually as HCD provides new information.

5.0 THE PRIMARY LOAN

Prior to obtaining a loan from the Sponsor, a homebuyer must provide evidence of financing for the maximum amount the Primary Lender is willing to loan (the "primary loan").

5.1 QUALIFYING RATIOS

The Front-End Ratio shall be between 28% and 33% and is the percentage of a borrower's gross monthly income (before deductions) that would cover the cost of PITI (Loan Principal Payment + Loan Interest Payment + Property Taxes + Homeowners Insurance).

The Back-End Ratio shall be between 30% and 42% and is the percentage of a borrower's gross monthly income that would cover the cost of PITI plus any other monthly debt payments like car or personal loans and credit card debt, as well as child support and alimony payments.

5.2 INTEREST RATE

The loan must be fully amortized and have a fixed interest rate that does not exceed the current market rate, as established by an index identified in the most recent NOFA. No temporary interest rate buy-downs are permitted.

5.3 LOAN TYPE AND TERM

The primary loan shall be fully amortized and have a term "all due and payable" in no fewer than 30 years. There shall not be a balloon payment due before the maturity date of the Program loan.

5.4 IMPOUND ACCOUNT

All households will be required to have impound accounts for the payment of taxes and insurance to ensure they remain current.

6.0 THE PROGRAM LOAN

6.1 MAXIMUM LOAN AMOUNT

The amount of Program assistance to a homebuyer toward purchase of a home shall not exceed the maximum HOME subsidy limit for Sponsor's County per bedroom—as designated by Section—221(d)(3) and shall never exceed more than 49% of the total indebtedness per HCD website at http://www.hcd.ca.gov/financial-assistance/home-investment-partnerships-program/homelimits.html and shall never exceed the amount of the primary mortgage.— See Attachment C of these Program Guidelines for current limits. Any approved "grant" amount for lead-based paint evaluation and reduction activities or for relocation assistance shall be included in this amount.

6 2 -NON-RECURRING CLOSING COSTS

Non-recurring costs such as credit report, escrow, closing and recording fees, and title report and title insurance, title updates and/or related costs may be included in the Program loan.

6.3 AFFORDABILITY PARAMETERS FOR BUYERS

The actual amount of a buyer's Program subsidy shall be computed according to the housing ratio parameters specified in Section 5.1. Each borrower shall receive only the subsidy needed to allow them to become homeowners ("the Gap") while keeping their housing costs affordable. The Sponsor will use the "front-end ratio" of housing-expense-to-income to determine if the amount of the proposed primary loan is acceptable and, ultimately, the Program subsidy amount required, bridging the gap between the acquisition cost (purchase price plus closing costs) less down payment, and the amount of the first loan.

6.4 RATE AND TERMS FOR PROGRAM LOANS

All Program assistance to individual households shall be made in the form of deferred payment (interest and principal) loan (DPL).

The Program loan's term shall be for 30 years, or the length of the Primary lien, whichever is longer.

The interest rate shall be 3%. The Sponsor may forgive all or a portion of the accrued interest for hardship cases, wherein the homebuyer is elderly or disabled, has lived in the house over 10-years, and due to market conditions upon sale would lose all equity. This would be determined on a case by case basis. Loan principal shall not be forgiven.

All Program loan payments shall be deferred because the borrowers will have their repayment ability fully utilized under the primary loan. Loan principal shall not be forgiven, and the loan period cannot be extended.

6.5 COMBINED LOAN TO VALUE RATIO

The loan-to-value ratio, when combined with all other indebtedness to be secured by the property, shall not exceed 100 percent of the sales price plus a maximum of up to 5 percent of the sales price to cover actual closing costs.

7.0 PROGRAM LOAN REPAYMENT

7.1 PAYMENTS ARE VOLUNTARY

Borrowers may begin making voluntary payments at any time.

7.2 RECEIVING LOAN PAYMENTS

A. Program loan payments will be made to:

County of Humboldt Housing Division 3015 H Street, Eureka, CA 95501

- B. The Sponsor will be the receiver of loan payments or recaptured funds and will maintain a financial record-keeping system to record payments and file statements on payment status. Payments shall be deposited and accounted for in the Sponsor's Program Income Account, as required by HCD programs. The Program lender will accept loan payments from borrowers prepaying deferred loans, and from borrowers making payments in full upon sale or transfer of the property. All loan payments are payable to the Sponsor. The Sponsor may at its discretion, contract with a firm to collect and distribute payments and/or complete all loan servicing aspects of the Program.
- C. With partial payments, the Sponsor will post payments first to outstanding interest, and secondarily to principle.

7.3 DUE UPON SALE OR TRANSFER

In the event that an owner sells, transfers title, or discontinues residence in the purchased property for any reason, the principal balance of the DPL is due and payable:

- A. If the owner of the property dies, and the heir to the property meets income requirements, the First-Time Homebuyer definition, and intends to occupy the home as a principal residence, the heir may be permitted, upon approval of the Sponsor, to assume the loan at the rate and terms the heir qualifies for under the current participation guidelines. If the property owner dies and the heir does not meet eligibility requirements, the loan is due and payable.
- A.B. If an owner wants to convert the property to a rental unit, or any commercial or non-residential use, the loan is due and payable.
- B.C. The loan will be in default if the borrower fails to maintain required fire or flood insurance or fails to pay property taxes. See Attachment D on loan defaults for further information on property restrictions.

7.4 LOAN SERVICING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

See Attachment D for local loan servicing policies and procedures. While the attached policy outlines a system that can accommodate a crisis that restricts borrower repayment ability, it should in no way be misunderstood: The loan must be repaid. All legal means to ensure the

repayment of a delinquent loan as outlined in the Loan Servicing Policies and Procedures will be pursued.

7.5 LOAN MONITORING PROCEDURES

Sponsor will monitor Borrowers and Properties to ensure adherence to Program requirements including, but not limited to, the following:

- A. Owner-occupancy
- B. Property tax payment
- C. Hazard insurance coverage
- D. Good standing on Primary loans
- D.E. General upkeep of housing units

8.0 PROGRAM LOAN PROCESSING AND APPROVAL

8.1 Loan Processing

A. Loan Processing

All homebuyers or their representatives will be sent out an eligibility packet with all the necessary forms, disclosures, information, and application. They should submit a complete application packet with all the Sponsor's Program loan documents executed as well as all the information from the Primary Lender. The Primary Lender should submit: 1) accepted property sales contract with proper seller notification; 2) mortgage application with good faith estimates and first mortgage disclosures; 3) full mortgage credit report and rent verification; 4) current third party income verifications and verifications of assets; 5) homeownership education certificate, if applicable; and 6) signed underwriting transmittal summary and final signed loan application, both from primary lender. Staff will work with local lenders to ensure qualified participants receive only the benefit from the Sponsor's Program needed to purchase the housing unit and that leveraged funds will be used when possible.

B. Creditworthiness

Qualifying ratios are only a rough guideline in determining a potential borrower's creditworthiness. Many factors such as excellent or poor credit history, amount of down payment, and size of loan will influence the decision to approve or disapprove a particular loan. The borrower's credit history will be reviewed by the Sponsor and documentation of such maintained in the loan file. The Sponsor may elect to obtain a credit report or rely on a current copy obtained by the primary lender.

C. Documents from Primary Lender

After initial review of the qualified homebuyer's application packet, the County as Program Operator will request any additional documents needed. Documents may be faxed, but originals shall be received through the mail before Program funds are committed to escrow. Based on receipt and review of the final documents, the County as Program Operator will do an income certification (using most recent HCD program's guidance on income calculation and determination), and homebuyer certification (review of credit report and income taxes). Documentation of affordability will then be verified and subsidy requirement determined.

D. Disclosure of Program and Loan Information to Homebuyers

The Program's application and disclosure forms will contain a summary of the loan qualifications of the borrower with and without Program assistance. Housing ratios with

and without Program assistance are also outlined in these guidelines. Information on the Program's application will be documented with third party verifications in the file. For example, the sales contact will provide the final purchase price and outline how much of the closing costs are to be paid by the seller, etc. The appraisal, termite and title report will provide information to substantiate the information in the sales contract and guide the construction inspection. The Program loan application will provide current debt and housing information and will be documented by the credit report and income/asset verifications. The Primary Lender's approval letter and estimated closing cost statement should reflect all the information in the loan package and show any contingencies of loan funding. Reviewing the Primary Lender's loan underwriting documentation will provide basic information about the qualification of the applicant and substantiate the affordability provided by the Program loan. By reviewing and crosschecking all the Primary Lender information, the final Program loan amount approved will fall within the affordability parameters of the Program.

8.2 COMPLETION OF UNDERWRITING AND APPROVAL OF PROGRAM LOAN

Once the loan approval package has been completed the Sponsor will review the request and may approve it with or without conditions. Upon approval, a final closing date for escrow is set and Program funds are accessed for the buyer.

8.3 PRIMARY AND PROGRAM LOAN DOCUMENT SIGNING

The homebuyer(s) sign both promissory notes, deeds of trust, and statutory lending notices (right of rescission, truth in lending, etcetera); the deeds of trust are recorded with the County Clerk/Recorder at the same time, and the request(s) for copy of notice of default are also recorded with the County Clerk/Recorder.

8.4 ESCROW PROCEDURES

The escrow/title company shall review the escrow instruction provided by the Program lender and shall issue a California Land Title Association (CLTA) and the American Land Title Association (ALTA) after closing. The CLTA policy is issued to the homebuyer and protects them against failure of title based on public records and against such unrecorded risks as forgery of a deed. The ALTA is issued to each lender providing additional coverage for the physical aspects of the property as well as the homebuyer's title failure. These aspects include anything which can be determined by only physical inspection, such as correct survey lines; encroachments; mechanics liens; mining claims and water rights. The Program lender instructs the escrow/title company in the escrow instructions as to what may show on the policy; the amount of insurance on the policy (all liens should be covered) and the loss payee (each lender should be listed as a loss payee and receive an original ALTA).

9.0 SUBORDINATE FINANCING

With today's high costs, in order for a low-income household to obtain a home, several funding sources might be required. Subordinate loans may be used to cover mortgage subsidy costs that exceed the Program maximum loan amount. All subordinate liens must have the payments deferred and the term must be for at least as long as the term of the Program loan

10.0 EXCEPTIONS AND SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

The Sponsor may make amendments to these Participation Guidelines. Any changes shall be made in accordance with regulations and approved by the Board of Supervisors. Changes shall then be sent to HCD for approval.

10.1 DEFINITION OF EXCEPTION

Any case to which a standard policy or procedure, as stated in the guidelines, does not apply or an applicant treated differently from others of the same class would be an exception.

10.2 PROCEDURE FOR EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES

- A. The Sponsor or its agent may initiate consideration of an exception and prepare a report. This report shall contain a narrative, including the Sponsor's recommended course of action and any written or verbal information supplied by the applicant.
- B. Once the Sponsor has made a determination of the exception the request can be presented to the Board of Supervisors for a decision.

11.0 DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND APPEALS PROCEDURE

Any applicant denied assistance from the Program has the right to appeal. Complaints concerning the Program should be made to the Sponsor's staff first. All appeals must be made in writing. The Sponsor's written response will be made within thirty (30) working days. If the applicant is not satisfied with the staff's decision, a request for an appeal may be filed with the Board of Supervisors. Final appeal must be filed in writing with HCD within one year after denial.

APPENDICES

Part 5 Inclusions

This table presents the Part 5 income inclusions as stated in the HUD Technical Guide for Determining Income and Allowances for HOME Program (Third Edition; January 2005).

General Category	(Last Modified: January 2005)
I. Income from wages, salaries, tips, etc.	The full amount, before any payroll deductions, of wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips and bonuses, and other compensation for personal services.
2. Business Income	The net income from the operation of a business or profession. Expenditures for business expansion or amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight-line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested in the operation by the family.
3. Interest & Dividend Income	Interest, dividends, and other net income of any kind from real or personal property. Expenditures for amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation is permitted only as authorized in number 2 (above). Any withdrawal of cash or assets from an investment will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested by the family. Where the family has net family assets in excess of \$5,000, annual income shall include the greater of the actual income derived from all net family assets or a percentage of the value of such assets based on the current passbook savings rate, as determined by HUD.
4. Retirement & Insurance Income	The full amount of periodic amounts received from Social Security, annuities, insurance policies, retirement funds, pensions, disability or death benefits, and other similar types of periodic receipts, including a lump-sum amount or prospective monthly amounts for the delayed start of a periodic payment (except for certain exclusions, listed in Income Exclusions, number 14).
5. Unemployment & Disability Income	Payments in lieu of earnings, such as unemployment and disability compensation, worker's compensation and severance pay (except for certain exclusions, listed in Income Exclusions, number 3).
6. Welfare Assistance	Welfare Assistance, Welfare assistance payments made under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program are included in annual income: • Qualify as assistance under the TANF program definition at 45 CFR 260,31; and • Are otherwise excluded from the calculation of annual income per 24 CFR 5.609(c). If the welfare assistance payment includes an amount specifically designated for shelter and utilities that is subject to adjustment by the welfare assistance agency in accordance with the actual cost of shelter and utilities, the amount of welfare assistance income to be included as income shall consist of: • the amount of the allowance or grant exclusive of the amount specifically designated for shelter or utilities; plus: • the maximum amount that the welfare assistance agency gould in fact allow the family for shelter and utilities. If the family welfare assistance is reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under 24 CFR 5.609 shall be the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.
7. Alimony, Child Support, & Gift Income	Periodic and determinable allowances, such as alimony and child support payments, and regular contributions or gifts received from organizations or from persons not residing in the dwelling.
8. Atmed Forces Income	All regular pay, special day, and allowances of a member of the Armed Forces (except as provided in number 8 of Income Exclusions).

Part 5 exclusions

This table presents the Part 5 income exclusions as stated in the HUD Technical Guide for Determining Income and Allowances for HOME Program (Third Edition; January 2005).

General Category	(Last Modified: January 2005)					
1. Income of Children	Income from employment of children (including foster children) under the age of 18 years.					
2. Foster Care Payments	ayments received for the care of foster children or foster adults (usually persons with disabilities, unrelated to the tenant family, who are unable to we alone).					
3. Inheritance and Insurance Income	mp-sum additions to family assets, such as inheritances, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and worker's mpensation), capital gains, and settlement for personal or property losses (except for certain exclusions, listed in Income Inclusions, number 5).					
4. Medical Expense Reumbursements	amounts received by the family that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, the cost of medical expenses for any family member.					
5. Income of Live-in Aides	ncome of a live-in aide (as defined in 24 CFR5,403).					
6. Income from a Disabled Member	Certain increase in income of a disabled member of qualified families residing in HOME-assisted housing or receiving HOME tenant-based rental . ssistance (24 CFR 5.671 (a)).					
7. Student Financial Aid	The full amount of student financial assistance paid directly to the student or to the educational institution.					
8. "Hostile Fire" Pay	The special pay to a family member serving in the Anned Forces who is exposed to hostile fire.					
9. Self-Sufficiency Program Income	 a. Amounts received under training programs funded by HUD. b. Amounts received by a person with a disability that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of Supplemental Security Income 					

eligibility and benefits because they are set side for use under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS).

- c. Amounts received by a participant in other publicly assisted programs that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, out-of-pocket expenses incurred (special equipment, clothing, transportation, childcare, etc.) and which are made solely to allow participation in a specific program.
- d. Amounts received under a resident service stipend. A resident service stipend is a modest amount (not to exceed \$200 per month) received by a resident for performing a service for the PHA or owner, on a part-time basis, that enhances the quality of life in the development. Such services may include, but are not limited to, fire patrol, hall monitoring, lawn maintenance, resident initiatives coordination, and serving s a member of the PHA's governing board. No resident may receive more than one such stipend during the same period of time.
- e. Incremental earnings and benefits resulting to any family member from participation in qualifying state or local employment training programs (including training not affiliated with a local government) and training of a family member as resident management staff. Amounts excluded by this provision must be received under employment training programs with clearly defined goals and objectives, and are excluded only for the period during which the family member participates in the employment-training program.

10. Gifts

Temporary, nonrecurring, or sporadic income (including gifts).

11. Reparation Payments Reparation payments paid by a foreign government pursuant to claims filed under the laws of that government by persons who were persecuted during the Nazi era.

12. Income from Full-time Students

Earnings in excess of \$480 for each full-time student 18 years old or older (excluding the head of household or spouse).

13. Adoption Assistance Payments

Adoption assistance payments in excess of \$480 per adopted child.

14. Social Security & SSI Income

Deferred periodic amounts from supplemental security income and social security benefits that are received in a lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts.

15. Property Tax Refunds

Amounts received by the family in the form of refunds or rebates under state or local law for property taxes paid on the dwelling unit.

16. Home Care Assistance Amounts paid by a state agency to a family with a member who has a developmental disability and is living at home to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep this developmentally disabled family member at home.

17. Other Federal Exclusions Amounts specifically excluded by any other Federal statute from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility or benefits under a category of assistance programs that includes assistance under any program to which the exclusions set forth in 24 CFR 5.609(c) apply. A notice will be published in the Federal Register and distributed to housing owners identifying the benefits that qualify for this exclusion. Updates will be published and distributed when necessary. The following is a list of income sources that qualify for that exclusion:

- ▶ The value of the allotment provided to an eligible household under the Food Stamp Act of 1977:
- Payments to volunteers under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (employment through AmeriCorps, VISTA, Retired Senior Volunteer Program, Foster Grandparents Program, youthful offender incarceration alternatives, senior companions);
- Payments received under the Alaskan Native Claims Settlement Act;
- Income derived from the disposition of funds to the Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians:
- Income derived from certain submarginal land of the United States that is held in trust for certain Indian tribes:
- Payments or allowances made under the Department of Health and Human Services' Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program.
- Payments received under the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Act of 1980 (25 U.S.C. 1721);
- The first \$2,000 of per capita shares received from judgment funds awarded by the Indian Claims Commission or the U.S. Claims Court and the interests of individual Indians in trust or restricted lands, including the first \$2,000 per year of income received by individual Indians from funds derived from interests held in such trust or restricted lands;
- Amounts of scholarships funded under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, including awards under the Federal work-study program
 or under the Bureau of Indian Affairs student assistance programs;
- Payments received from programs funded under Title V of the Older Americans Act of 1985 (Green Thumb, Senior Aides, Older American Community Service Employment Program);
- Payments received on or after January 1, 1989, from the Agent Orange Settlement Fund or any other fund established pursuant to the settlement in the <u>In Re Agent Orange</u> product liability litigation, M.D.L. No. 381 (E.D.N.Y.);
- Earned income tax credit refund payments received on or after January 1, 1991, including advanced earned income credit payments;
- The value of any child care provided or arranged (or any amount received as payment for such care or reimbursement for costs incurred for such care) under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990;
- Payments received under programs funded in whole or in part under the Job Training Partnership Act (employment and training programs for Native Americans and migrant and seasonal farm workers, Job Corps, veterans employment programs, state job training programs and career intern programs, AmeriCorps).
- Payments by the Indians Claims Commission to the Confederated Tribes and Bands of Yakima Indian Nation or the Apache Tribe of Mescalero Reservation;
- Allowances, earnings, and payments to AmeriCorps participants under the National and Community Services Act of 1990;
- Any allowance paid under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 1805 to a child suffering from spina bifida who is the child of a Vietnam veteran;
- Any amount of crime victim compensation (under the Victims of Crime Act) received through crime victim assistance (or payment or reimbursement of the cost of such assistance) as determined under the Victims of Crime Act because of the commission of a crime against the applicant under the Victims of Crime Act; and
- Allowances, earnings, and payments to individuals participating in programs under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998.

Annual Income Net Family Asset Inclusions and Exclusions

This table presents the Part 5 asset inclusions and exclusions as stated in the HUD Technical Guide for Determining Income and Allowances for HOME Program (Third Edition; January 2005).

Statements from 24 CFR Part 5 - Last Modified: January 2005

Inclusions

- 1. Cash held in savings accounts, checking accounts, safe deposit boxes, homes, etc. For savings accounts, use the current balance. For checking accounts, use the average 6-month balance. Assets held in foreign countries are considered assets.
- 2. Cash value of revocable trusts available to the applicant.
- 3. Equity in rental property or other capital investments. Equity is the estimated current market value of the asset less the unpaid balance on all loans secured by the asset and all reasonable costs (e.g., broker fees) that would be incurred in selling the asset. Under HOME, equity in the family's primary residence is not considered in the calculation of assets for owner-occupied rehabilitation projects.
- 4. Cash value of stocks, bonds, Treasury bills, certificates of deposit and money market accounts.
- Individual retirement, 401(K), and Keogh accounts (even though withdrawal would result in a penalty).
- 6. Retirement and pension funds.
- 7. Cash value of life insurance policies available to the individual before death (e.g., surrender value of a whole life or universal life policy).
- 8. Personal property held as an investment such as gems, jewelry, coin collections, antique cars, etc.
- 9. Lump sum or one-time receipts, such as inheritances, capital gains, lottery winnings, victim's restitution, insurance settlements and other amounts not intended as periodic payments.
- 10. Mortgages or deeds of trust held by an applicant.

Exclusions

- Necessary personal property, except as noted in number 8 of Inclusions, such as clothing, furniture, cars and vehicles specially equipped for persons with disabilities.
- 2. Interest in Indian trust lands.
- 3. Assets not effectively owned by the applicant. That is, when assets are held in an individual's name, but the assets and any income they earn accrue to the benefit of someone else who is not a member of the household and that other person is responsible for income taxes incurred on income generated by the asset.
- 4. Equity in cooperatives in which the family lives.
- 5. Assets not accessible to and that provide no income for the applicant.
- Term life insurance policies (i.e., where there is no cash value).
- 7. Assets that are part of an active business. "Business" does not include rental of properties that are held as an investment and not a main occupation.

MAXIMUM PURCHASE PRICE/AFTER-REHAB VALUE LIMIT FOR HUMBOLDT COUNTY (HOME Value Limits as of -5/2/2016)

EXISTING	NEW	
CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	
	(less than 12 months old)	
\$242,000	\$242,000	

HOME SUBSIDY LIMITS PER UNIT FOR HUMBOLDT COUNTY (Limit is effective 11/18/15)

	O-BDR	1-BDR	2-BDR	3-BDR	4-BDR
HUMBOLDT					
	\$140,107	\$160,615	\$195,305	\$252,662	\$277,344

INCOME FOR HUMBOLDT COUNTY* (Effective6/1/2015)

Number of Persons in Household								
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8								8
80% of								
AMI	\$33,000	\$37,700	\$42,400	\$47,100	\$50,900	\$54,650	\$58,450	\$62,200

^{*}Sponsor will insert the limits for the county in which the Program is located, and will update the income limits annually as HCD provides new information. The link to the official, HCD-maintained, income limits is: http://www.hcd.ca.gov/hpd/hrc/rep/state/incNote.html

See next page for overcrowding.

SPONSOR STANDARDS FOR BEDROOMS AND BATHROOMS TO PREVENT OVERCROWDING

Maximum No. of Persons in the Household	Number of Bedrooms	Number of Bathrooms	
1	SRO	1	
1	0-BR	1	
2	1-BR	1	
4	2-BR	2	
6	3-BR	2	
8	4-BR	3	
10	5-BR	3	
12	6-BR	4	

- Children may share a bedroom, up to 2 children per bedroom.
- Children shall be permitted a separate bedroom from their parents.
- · Adults not in a partner relationship may have their own bedroom.
- 4 or more people a second bathroom is allowable.
- 8 or more people a third bathroom is allowable.
- Same rules apply to mobile home units.

COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT

The County of Humboldt, here after called "Lender" has adopted these policies and procedures in order to preserve its financial interest in properties, whose "Borrowers" have been assisted with public funds. The Lender will to the greatest extent possible follow these policies and procedures but each loan will be evaluated and handled on a case-by-case basis. The Lender has formulated this document to comply with state and federal regulations regarding the use of these public funds and any property restrictions, which are associated with them.

The policies and procedures are broken down into the follow areas: 1) making required monthly payments or voluntary payments on a loan's principal and interest; 2) required payment of property taxes and insurance; 3) required Request for Notice of Default on all second mortgages; 4) loans with annual occupancy restrictions and certifications 5) required noticing and limitations on any changes in title or use of property; 6) required noticing and process for requesting a subordination during a refinance; 7) process of foreclosure in case of default on the loan.

1. Loan Repayments:

The Lender will collect monthly payments from those borrowers who are obligated to do so under Notes which are amortized promissory notes. Late fees will be charged for payments received after the assigned monthly due date.

For Notes, which are deferred payment loans; the Lender may accept voluntary payments on the loan. Loan payments will be credited to the interest first and then to principal. The borrower may repay the loan balance at any time with no penalty.

2. Payment of Property Taxes and Insurance:

As part of keeping the loan from going into default, borrower must maintain property insurance coverage naming the Lender as loss payee in first position or additional insured if the loan is a second mortgage. If borrower fails to maintain the necessary insurance, the Lender may take out forced place insurance to cover the property while the Borrower puts a new insurance policy in place. All costs for installing the necessary insurance will be added to the loan balance at time of installation of Borrower's new insurance.

When a property is located in a 100-year flood plain, the Borrower will be required to carry the necessary flood insurance. A certificate of insurance for flood and for standard property insurance with an endorsement naming the County of Humboldt as additional insured will be required at close of escrow. The lender will verify the insurance on an annual basis.

Property taxes must be kept current during the term of the loan. If the Borrower fails to maintain payment of property taxes then the lender may pay the taxes current and add the balance of the tax payment plus any penalties to the balance of the loan. Wherever possible, the Lender encourages Borrower to have impound accounts set up with their first mortgagee wherein they pay their taxes and insurance as part of their monthly mortgage payment.

3. Required Request for Notice of Default:

When the Borrower's loan is in second position behind an existing first mortgage, it is the Lender's policy to prepare and record a "Request for Notice of Default" for each senior lien in front of Lender's loan. This document requires any senior lien holder listed in the notice to notify the lender of initiation of a foreclosure action. The Lender will then have time to contact the Borrower and assist them in bringing the first loan current, if possible. The Lender can also monitor the foreclosure process and go through the necessary analysis to determine if the loan can be made whole or preserved. When the Lender is in a third position and receives notification of foreclosure from only one senior lien holder, it is in their best interest to contact any other senior lien holders regarding the status of their loans.

4. Annual Occupancy Restrictions and Certifications:

On owner-occupant loans the Lender will verify the Borrower is the primary occupant, via utility bills and/or other documentation annually to prove occupancy during the term of the loan. Some loans may have income and housing cost evaluations, which require a household to document that they are not able to make amortized loan payments, typically every five years. These loan terms are incorporated in the original Note and Deed of Trust. Annual occupancy verification will occur annually in January each year.

5. Required Noticing and Restrictions on Any Changes of Title or Occupancy:

In all cases where there is a change in title or occupancy or use, the Borrower must notify the Lender in writing of any change. Lender and borrower will work together to ensure the property is kept in compliance with the original Program terms and conditions such that it remains available as an affordable home for low income families. These types of changes are typical when Borrowers do estate planning (adding a relative to title) or if a Borrower dies and property is transferred to heirs or when the property is sold or transferred as part of a business transaction. In some cases the Borrower may move and turn the property into a rental unit without notifying the Lender. Changes in title or occupancy must be in keeping with the objective of benefit to low-income households (below 80 percent of AMI).

Change from owner-occupant to owner-occupant occurs at a sale. When a new owner-occupant is not low-income, the loan is not assumable and the loan balance is immediately due and payable. If the new owner-occupant qualifies as low-income, and the original legal documents allow it, the purchaser may either pay the loan in full or assume all loan repayment obligations of the original owner-occupant (depends on the HCD program).

If a transfer of the property occurs through inheritance, the heir (as owner-occupant) may be provided the opportunity to assume the loan at an interest rate based on household size and household income, provided the heir is income eligible. If the heir intends to occupy the property and is not low-income, the balance of the loan is due and payable. If the heir intends to act as an owner-investor, the balance of the loan may be converted to an owner/investor interest rate and loan term and a rent limitation agreement is signed and recorded on title.

Change from owner-occupant to owner-investor occurs when an owner-occupant decides to move out and rent the assisted property, or if the property is sold to an investor. If the owner converts any assisted unit from owner occupied to rental, the loan is due in full.

Conversion to use other than residential use is not allowable where the full use of the property is changed from residential to commercial or other. In some cases, Borrowers may request that the Lender allow for a partial conversion where some of the residence is used for a business but the household still resides in the property. Partial conversions can be allowed if it is reviewed and approved by any and all agencies required by local statute. If the use of the property is converted to a fully non-residential use, the loan balance is due and payable.

6. Requests for Subordinations:

When a Borrower wishes to refinance the property, they must request a subordination request to the LenderSponsor. The Sponsor Lender will only subordinate their loan when there is no "cash out" as part of the refinance. Cash out means there are no additional charges on the transaction above loan and escrow closing fees. There can be no third party debt pay offs or additional encumbrance on the property above traditional refinance transaction costs. Furthermore, tThe refinance should lower the housing cost of the household. The total indebtedness on the property should not exceed the current market value except when the borrower is obtaining a HARP II or other similar federally approved refinance loan. If the HARP II or other similar financing is approved and meets all other requirements, combined Loan-To-Value will not be considered when reviewing the subordination request.

with a lower interest rate and the total indebtedness on the property should not exceed the current market value.

Also, provisions of Section 5.2 and 5.3 of these guidelines still apply, which state that the loan must:

- 1. Be fully amortized and have a fixed interest rate that does not exceed the current market rate, as established by an index identified in the most recent NOFA;
- Not have a temporary interest rate buy-down;
- 3. Have a term "all due and payable" in no fewer than 30 years; and;
- 4. Not have a balloon payment due before the maturity date of the Program loan.

Upon receiving the proper documentation from the refinance lender, the request will be considered for review and approval. Upon approval, the escrow company will provide the proper subordination document for execution and recordation by the Lender.

7. Process for Loan Foreclosure:

Upon any condition of loan default: 1) non payment; 2) lack of insurance or property tax payment; 3) change in title or use without approval; 4) default on senior loans, the Lender will send out a letter to the Borrower notifying them of the default situation. If the default situation continues then the Lender may start a formal process of foreclosure.

When a senior lien holder starts a foreclosure process and the Lender is notified via a Request for Notice of Default, the Lender, who is the junior lien holder, may cancel the foreclosure proceedings by "reinstating" the senior lien holder. The reinstatement amount or payoff amount must be obtained by contacting the senior lien holder. This amount will include all delinquent payments, late charges and fees to date. Lender must confer with Borrower to determine if, upon paying the senior lien holder current, the Borrower can provide future payments. If this is the case then the Lender may cure the foreclosure and add the costs to the balance of the loan with a Notice of Additional Advance on the existing note.

If the Lender determines, based on information on the reinstatement amount and status of borrower, that bringing the loan current will not preserve the loan, then staff must determine if it is cost effective to protect their position by paying off the senior lien holder in total and restructure the debt such that the unit is made affordable to the Borrower. If the Lender does not have sufficient funds to pay the senior lien holder in full, then they may choose to cure the senior lien holder and foreclose on the property them selves. As long as there is sufficient value in the property, the Lender can afford to pay for the foreclosure process and pay off the senior lien holder and retain some or all of their investment.

If the Lender decides to reinstate, the senior lien holder will accept the amount to reinstate the loan up until five (5) days prior to the set "foreclosure sale date." This "foreclosure sale date" usually occurs about four (4) to six (6) months from the date of recording of the "Notice of Default." If the Lender fails to reinstate the senior lien holder before five (5) days prior to the foreclosure sale date, the senior lien holder would then require a full pay off of the balance, plus costs, to cancel foreclosure. If the Lender determines the reinstatement and maintenance of the property not to be cost effective and allows the senior lien holder to complete foreclosure, the Lender's lien may be eliminated due to insufficient sales proceeds.

8. Short Sale Policy

<u>State Recipients may approve short sales without state approval</u>. However, when conducting routine monitoring, the State will review the files for short sale requests to ensure the requirements of this memo have been met.

The State Recipient has three major sets of responsibilities. First, the State Recipient must counsel the borrower as to their best interests. Second, the State Recipient must be a prudent lender. Third, the State Recipient must follow federal regulatory requirements. The State expects the State Recipient to fulfill all three sets of responsibilities.

In their first set of responsibilities, to counsel the borrowers as to their best interests, the State Recipient must take the following actions:

- Assist the borrower to retain their home. This involves a discussion with the borrower of the
 reasons why the borrower is requesting a short sale, a discussion of alternatives to short sale
 such as loan modifications, and counseling the borrower about the possible tax consequences of
 a short sale. This discussion does not replace professional foreclosure counseling.
- Discuss with the borrower the advantages of remaining in the home (such as having, stable, affordable housing payments) versus other options such as renting where the rent may be higher than the mortgage payments and may go up over time.
- Discourage the short sale if borrowers have affordable housing payments and appear to be seeking a short sale simply to escape what may be a temporary "under-water" situation.

In their second set of responsibilities, as prudent lender, a State Recipient asked to approve a short sale must take the following actions:

- If it is not possible for the borrower to retain their home, recover loan proceeds to the extent possible
- Verify that the proposed sales price is approximately fair market value
- Negotiate the best possible "deal" with the first lender, e.g. some communities have reported that first lenders routinely allow \$2,000 to \$3,000 of the first lender's proceeds to go to the State Recipient in short sale situations

- Ensure the following documentation is in the file for later State review:
 - A description of the State Recipient's discussions with the borrower, addressing all of the issues identified above.
 - An estimate of fair market value
 - A description of the State Recipient's negotiations with the primary lender
 - Documents pertaining to the escrow

In their third set of responsibilities, as a recipient of federal HOME funds, the State Recipient must not take any actions contrary to the following provision of the HOME Final Rule at 24 CFR 92.254 (a) (5) (ii) (A):

"...the participating jurisdiction is subject to the limitation that when the recapture requirement is triggered by a sale (voluntary or involuntary) of the housing unit, and there are no net proceeds or the net proceeds are insufficient to repay the HOME investment due, the participating jurisdiction can only recapture the net proceeds, if any. The net proceeds are the sales price minus superior loan repayment (other than HOME funds) and any closing costs."

The Final Rule can be found at: http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/affordablehousing/lawsandregs/regs/finalrule.pdf

In the State's view, this language requires the State Recipient, after exhausting all reasonable efforts to counsel the borrower and recover loan proceeds, to allow a borrower to sell their home without having to repay the State Recipient any more than net proceeds. In a short sale scenario, other lenders, realtors and escrow agents will require the State Recipient's approval for the short sale to proceed. This approval cannot be withheld if the State Recipient has provided the necessary counseling and has worked to recover loan proceeds to the extent possible.

If a mortgage debt is cancelled or forgiven, the canceled amount may be taxable for the borrower. The State Recipient should direct the borrower to seek the assistance of a tax consultant or attorney who can provide qualified advice regarding the potential taxable obligation. The Mortgage Forgiveness Debt Relief Act of 2007 (currently applies to debt forgiven in 2007 through 2012) may allow the borrower to exclude all or a portion of the canceled debt from taxation. A link to IRS' website that discusses the Act is: http://www.irs.gov/individuals/article/0,.id=179414,00.html. California has a similar forgiveness law that excludes forgiven debt from state tax and conforms to the federal act. The State Recipient must file IRS Form 1099-C for each loan that is canceled or forgiven.

9. Lender as Senior Lien holder

When the Lender is first position as a senior lien holder, active collection efforts will begin on any loan that is 31 or more days in arrears. Attempts will be made to assist the homeowner in bringing and keeping the loan current. These attempts will be conveyed in an increasingly urgent manner until loan payments have reached 90 days in arrears, at which time the Lender may consider foreclosure. Lender's staff will consider the following factors before initiating foreclosure:

- 1) Can the loan be cured and can the rates and terms be adjusted to allow for affordable payments such that foreclosure is not necessary?
- 2) Can the Borrower refinance with a private lender and pay off the Lender?
- 3) Can the Borrower sell the property and pay off the Lender?

- 4) Does the balance warrant foreclosure? (If the balance is under \$5,000, the expense to foreclose may not be worth pursuing.)
- 5) Will the sales price of home "as is" cover the principal balance owing, necessary advances, (maintain fire insurance, maintain or bring current delinquent property taxes, monthly yard maintenance, periodic inspections of property to prevent vandalism, etc.) foreclosure, and marketing costs?

If the balance is substantial and all of the above factors have been considered, the Lender may opt to initiate foreclosure. The Borrower must receive, by certified mail, a thirty-day notification of foreclosure initiation. This notification must include the exact amount of funds to be remitted to the Lender to prevent foreclosure (such as, funds to bring a delinquent BMIR current or pay off a DPL).

At the end of thirty days, the Lender should contact a reputable foreclosure service or local title company to prepare and record foreclosure documents and make all necessary notifications to the owner and junior lien holders. The service will advise the Lender of all required documentation to initiate foreclosure (Note and Deed of Trust usually) and funds required from the owner to cancel foreclosure proceedings. The service will keep the Lender informed of the progress of the foreclosure proceedings.

When the process is completed, and the property has "reverted to the beneficiary" at the foreclosure sale, the Lender could sell the home themselves under a homebuyer program or use it for an affordable rental property managed by a local housing authority or use it for transitional housing facility or other eligible use. The Lender could contract with a local real estate broker to list and sell the home and use those funds for program income eligible uses.

Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and/or Lead-Based Paint Hazards Lead Warning Statement

Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-based paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase.

Seller's Disc	* * *	•	,	•
(a) Presence (i)	of lead-based paint and/or le Known lead-based paint	ad-based paint hazards (cl and/or lead-based paint ha	neck (i) or (ii) below): azards are present in the housin	g (explain).
(i)	and reports available to the s Seller has provided the p	eller (check (i) or (ii) belo ourchaser with all available	r lead-based paint hazards in the w): e records and reports pertaining using (list documents below).	_
(ii) _ paint	Seller has no reports or rehazards in the housing.	ecords pertaining to lead-	pased paint and/or lead-based	
(c) Purch (d) Purch (i) Purch (i) Lead Agent's Ack (f) Agen of his Certification The following	r the presence of lead-based waived the opportunity -based paint and/or lead-base nowledgment (initial) t has informed the seller of the seller of the responsibility to ensure	let Protect Your Family filow): rtunity (or mutually agreed paint and/or lead-based paint conduct a risk assessmed paint hazards (NOT PE) the seller's obligations und compliance.	om Lead in Your Home. I upon period) to conduct a risk	ce of D CDBG). re
Seller	Date	Seller	Date	
Purchaser	Date	Purchaser	Date	
Agent ·	Date	Agent	Date	

ATTACHMENT F

Disclosure to Seller with Voluntary, Arm's Length Purchase Offer

DECLARATION

This i	is to inform you that $_$	<u></u>	would like to pu	rchase the pro	perty, located at
<u>\$</u>	for a slare t	, if a satisfactory ag	reement can be reach	ned. We are p	prepared to pay
· —	act of sale.	title to the property un	der conditions descr	ibed in the att	ached proposed
Becau follow	use Federal funds may l ving information:	be used in the purchas	se, however, we are i	required to dis	sclose to you the
	e is voluntary. If you d	not acquire your prop	perty. The buyer doe	es not have the	e power of emine
domain	to acquire your proper	ty by condemnation (will not use	i.e. eminent domain) the power of emine	and the agene ent domain to	cy/Sponsor acquire the
property	y.			*	-
The esti	imated fair market valu	ne of the property is \$, to	be finally determine	s estimated by ed by a profes	, sional appraiser
prior to	close of escrow.		•		,
	Since the purchase we relocation payments of	or other relocation ass	sistance under the Ur	niform Reloca	tion Assistance
	and Real Property Act Also, as indicated in the permitted to occup Again, please understaction to acquire it. I attached contract of s	by the property before tand that if you do not f you are willing to se	nis offer is made on to the sale is complete t wish to sell your probable the property under	the condition to d. operty, we win the condition	that no tenant wi Il take no further
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Buyer	Also, as indicated in the permitted to occup. Again, please understaction to acquire it. I attached contract of statistics matter, please considerely, Title	the contract of sale, the property before that if you do not follow are willing to sale, please sign the contract.	the sale is complete twish to sell your prell the property under	the condition of the condition of the condition to us at: you have any	that no tenant wi Il take no further ns described in the questions about
Buyer Buyer	Also, as indicated in the permitted to occup. Again, please understaction to acquire it. I attached contract of statistics matter, please considerely, Title	the contract of sale, the property before that if you do not follow are willing to sale, please sign the contract.	nis offer is made on the sale is complete the sale is complete the wish to sell your problem the property under the property un	the condition of the condition of the condition to us at: you have any	that no tenant wi Il take no further ns described in the questions about

Disclosure to Seller with Voluntary, Arm's Length Purchase Offer (Page 2)

. Acknowledgement

Inasmuch as the Buyers (<u>name of buyers</u>) of this propassisted with Federal funds through the County of Humb making an offer to purchase, buyer shall provide seller w	oldt Homebuyer Assistance Program, prior to
The County of Humboldt will not use its power onegotiations fail to result in an amicable agreement voluntary transaction and as such is not regulated	nt. The sale of the property is considered a
The estimated fair market value of the property is	
professional appraisal prior to close of escrow.	, to be finally determined by
Buyer	Date
Buyer	Date
As the Seller I/we understand that the (affiliation and title the property for health and safety deficiencies. I/we also in this transaction and, as such, if the property was built be must be signed by both the buyer and seller, and that a Vi determine the presence of deteriorated paint.	understand that public funds may be involved before 1978, a lead-based paint disclosure
As the Seller, I/we understand that under the (City's or Courrently owner-occupied, vacant for four months at the t (never occupied), or renter purchasing the unit. I/we here	ime of submission of purchase offer, new
☐ Vacant at least 4 months; ☐ Owner-occupied; ☐ N	- ·
I/we hereby certify that I have read and understand this Notice was given to me prior to the offer to purchase. If offer, I/We choose to withdraw or not to with	f received after presentation of the purchase
Seller	Date
Seller	Date

COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT

- A. Participant works with lender of choice to obtain the primary lender's pre-qualification letter.
- B. Participant works with real estate agent to select home. Program disclosures are reviewed with agent for presentation to seller. Preference will be given to vacant or owner-occupied homes rather then tenant-occupied homes.
- C. Participant selects home and enters into a purchase contract (contingent upon receiving Program loan approval). Lender provides the Sponsor with a copy of:
 - real estate sales contract
 - residential loan application
 - credit report
 - verified income documentation
 - disclosure statement
 - proof of personal funds for participation in program
 - breakdown of closing costs
 - structural pest control clearance
 - appraisal with photos
 - escrow instructions
 - preliminary title report
- D. Sponsor reviews paper work to determine program eligibility and financing affordability for participant etc.
- E. Sponsor staff meets with qualified applicant to provide information relative to the program requirements, the lending process, and home ownership responsibilities.
- F. Sponsor has home inspected (if necessary) to meet HQS or code compliance (dependent upon the program). Notice of any deficiencies or needed corrections are given to participant's real estate agent, with recommended course of action.
- G. Sponsor reviews information and approves loan. Following loan approval, Sponsor prepares Deed of Trust, Promissory Note, Notice of Default, Grant Agreement, Owner-Occupant Agreement with County of Humboldt, requests checks and deposits same into escrow.
- H. Escrow company furnishes Sponsor with proof of documents to be recorded, and any escrow close out information. After receipt of recorded loan documents, HUD I, Insurance Loss Payee Certification and Final Title Insurance Policy (Sponsor) closes out the loan.

VISUAL ASSESSMENT AND NOTICE OF PRESUMPTION, AND HAZARD REDUCTION FORM

Section 1: Backgroun	l Information			-				
Property Address:								
Select one: Vi	sual Assessment	⊒[Presumption	Hazard Reduction □				
Section 2: Visual Assessment. Fill out Sections 1, 2, and 6. If paint stabilization is performed, fill out Sections 4 and 5 after the work is completed.								
Visual Assessment Date: Report Date:								
Check if no deteriorated	paint found							
Attachment A: Summa housing unit numbers as material underneath the	id common areas ar	ed paint v 1d buildi	was found. For multi-faring components (including	nily housing, list at least the ag type of room or space, and the				
		_						
Section 3: Notice of Pr 15 days of presumption.	Section 3: Notice of Presumption. Fill out Sections 1, 3, 5, and 6. Post and/or provide to occupant w/in 15 days of presumption.							
Date of Presumption No	tice:	-						
Lead-based paint is presumed to be present \(\Pi \) and/or lead-based paint hazards are presumed to be present \(\Pi \)								
Attachment B: Summary of Presumption: For multi-family housing, list at least the housing unit numbers and common areas, bare soil locations, dust-lead location, and or building components (including type of room or space, and the materials underneath the paint) of lead-based paint and/or hazards presumed to be present.								
and/or provide to occupa	nt w/in 15 days of	azard R after wo	eduction Activity. Fill tk completed.	out Sections 1, 4, 5, and 6. Post				
Date of Hazard Reduction	n Notice:		•					
Initial Hazard Reduction			Start & Completion Da	ates:				
If "No", dates of previou	s Hazard Reduction	n Activit	y Notices:					
and common areas (for a	nultifamily housing ype of room or spac	g), bare s ce, and th	oil locations, dust-lead l ne material underneath th	nt least the housing unit numbers ocations, and/or building ne paint), and the types of lead-				
				ining in the rooms, spaces or				
areas where activities we	ere conducted.							
Attachment E: Attach c	earance report(s), ı	ising DH	S form 8552 (and 8551	for abatement activities)				
Section 5: Resident Receipt of Notice for Presumption or Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Activity								
Printed Name: Signature: Date:								
	· <u>-</u>							
Section 6: Contact Information Organization Name:								
Contact Name:		Contac	Contact Signature:					
Date:	Address:	<u></u>		Phone:				
			-					

ATTACHMENT I Homebuyer Program Lead Compliance Document Checklist

The following documents should be in each Homebuyer unit file to document compliance with the lead requirements:

Document Name	Purpose	✓
Lead Safe Housing Rule Screening Sheet	Documents exemptions	
Physical inspection form (HQS or equivalent)	Documents visual assessment results	
Seller Certification	Seller certifies that paint was stabilized by qualified workers and that safe work practices were followed during paint stabilization	
Clearance Report and Clearance Review Worksheet	Documents that unit passed clearance	
Disclosure Form	Documents that buyer received disclosure and pamphlet.	
Lead Hazard Reduction Notice	Documents that buyer received required lead hazard reduction notification.	

This was taken from the HUD Website at:

 $\frac{http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/affordablehousing/training/leadsafe/usefulforms/index.cfm\#crosscutting}{ng}$