

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
REGION 1 – NORTHERN REGION
619 Second Street
Eureka, CA 95501

RECEIVED

JAN 08 2020

CDFW - EUREKA



STREAMBED ALTERATION AGREEMENT

NOTIFICATION No. 1600-2019-0750-R1

Unnamed Tributary to Coon Creek, Tributary to the South Fork Eel River, Tributary to the Eel River and the Pacific Ocean

Louis Peek
Peek Sunny West Stream Crossings Project
9 Encroachments

This Lake or Streambed Alteration Agreement (Agreement) is entered into between the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) and Louis Peek (Permittee).

RECITALS

WHEREAS, pursuant to Fish and Game Code (FGC) section 1602, the Permittee initially notified CDFW on September 13, 2019, revised on November 25, 2019 that the Permittee intends to complete the project described herein.

WHEREAS, pursuant to FGC section 1603, CDFW has determined that the project could substantially adversely affect existing fish or wildlife resources and has included measures in the Agreement necessary to protect those resources.

WHEREAS, the Permittee has reviewed the Agreement and accepts its terms and conditions, including the measures to protect fish and wildlife resources.

NOW THEREFORE, the Permittee agrees to complete the project in accordance with the Agreement.

PROJECT LOCATION

The project to be completed is located within the South Fork Eel River watershed, approximately 2.5 miles south of the town of Miranda, County of Humboldt, State of California. The project is located in Sections 14 and 23, T3S, R3E, Humboldt Base and Meridian; in the Miranda U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute quadrangle; Assessor's Parcel Numbers 212-041-005 and 214-233-008.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is limited to nine encroachments (Table 1). The proposed encroachments are to upgrade informal and failing stream crossings. Work for these encroachments will include excavation, removal of road material, replacement with new properly sized

culverts or armored fill crossings, backfilling and compaction of fill, and rock armoring as necessary to minimize erosion.

The Notification discloses the use of two wells located at Lat/Long 40.1976, -123.8073 and 40.1940, -123.8106 respectively. These wells are presented as the sole source of water for all needs on the property. CDFW did not evaluate hydraulic connection of the wells to surface water, nor were hydrogeologic evaluations prepared by a licensed geologist provided for CDFW review. The Notification states the project contains 110,000 gallons of hard plastic water storage.

The Notification discloses an existing, unpermitted stream crossing ("Crossing #10") located at Lat/Long 40.1894, -123.8147. Timberland Resource Consultants staff described the crossing as functioning and sized appropriately for the 100-year flood flow. No work is proposed at this location. This Agreement does not authorize maintenance or upgrades to the crossing; such activities will require an amendment to this Agreement or separate Notification.

No other projects subject to FGC section 1602 were disclosed. This Agreement does not retroactively permit any impoundments, stream crossings, water diversions, reductions in riparian buffers or other encroachments not described in Table 1.

Table 1. Project Encroachments with Description

ID	Latitude/Longitude	Description
Crossing-1	40.1951, -123.8093	Replace failing Humboldt-crossing with minimum 24" diameter culvert
Crossing-2	40.1977, -123.8095	Replace rock-ford with minimum 18" diameter culvert. Minimum 24-inch culvert is recommended in forested settings and/or where streams have potential to convey sediment under high flows.
Crossing-3	40.1965, -123.8097	Replace rock-ford with minimum 18" diameter culvert. Minimum 24-inch culvert is recommended in forested settings and/or where streams have potential to convey sediment under high flows.
Crossing-4	40.1958, -123.8105	Replace rock-ford with minimum 24" diameter culvert
Crossing-5	40.1965, -123.8100	Replace rock-ford with minimum 30" diameter culvert
Crossing-6	40.1982, -123.8114	Replace rock-ford with an armored fill crossing adhering to specifications provided in the Notification. Crossing shall only be used when fording surface is dry. Alternatively, decommission the crossing and restore the stream channel.
Crossing-7	40.2001, -123.8109	Replace rock-ford with an armored fill crossing adhering to specifications provided in the Notification. Crossing shall only be used when fording surface is dry. Alternatively, decommission the crossing and restore the stream channel.
Crossing-8	40.1981, -123.8113	Replace rock-ford with an armored fill crossing adhering to specifications provided in the Notification. Crossing shall only be used when fording surface is dry. Alternatively, decommission the crossing and restore the stream channel.
Crossing-9	40.2001, -123.8110	Replace rock-ford with an armored fill crossing adhering to specifications provided in the Notification. Crossing shall only be used when fording surface is dry. Alternatively, decommission the crossing and restore the stream channel.

PROJECT IMPACTS

Existing fish or wildlife resources the project could substantially adversely affect include **Chinook Salmon** (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*), **Coho Salmon** (*O. kisutch*), **Steelhead Trout** (*O. mykiss*), **Pacific Lamprey** (*Entosphenus tridentatus*), Southern Torrent Salamander (*Rhyacotriton variegatus*), **Pacific Giant Salamander** (*Dicamptodon tenebrosus*), **Foothill Yellow-legged Frog** (*Rana boylei*), **Northern Spotted Owl** (*Strix occidentalis caurina*), amphibians, reptiles, aquatic invertebrates, mammals, birds, and other aquatic and riparian species.

The adverse effects the project could have on the fish or wildlife resources identified above include:

Impacts to water quality:

increased turbidity;
increase in fine sediment transport (chronic or episodic);

Impacts to bed, channel, or bank and direct effects on fish, wildlife, and their habitat:

loss or decline of riparian habitat;
loss of natural bed or bank;
accelerated channel scour;
impedance of fluvial transport (from culverts);
direct impacts on benthic organisms;

Impacts to natural flow and effects on habitat structure and process:

direct and/or incidental take;
indirect impacts;
impediment of up- or down-stream migration;
water quality degradation; and
damage to aquatic habitat and function.

MEASURES TO PROTECT FISH AND WILDLIFE RESOURCES

1. Administrative Measures

The Permittee shall meet each administrative requirement described below.

- 1.1 Documentation at Project Site. The Permittee shall make the Agreement, any extensions and amendments to the Agreement, and all related notification materials and California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) documents, readily available at the project site at all times and shall be presented to CDFW personnel, or personnel from another state, federal, or local agency upon request.

- 1.2 Providing Agreement to Persons at Project Site. The Permittee shall provide copies of the Agreement and any extensions and amendments to the Agreement to all persons who will be working on the project at the project site on behalf of the Permittee, including but not limited to contractors, subcontractors, inspectors, and monitors.
- 1.3 Notification of Conflicting Provisions. The Permittee shall notify CDFW if the Permittee determines or learns that a provision in the Agreement might conflict with a provision imposed on the project by another local, state, or federal agency. In that event, CDFW shall contact the Permittee to resolve any conflict.
- 1.4 Project Site Entry. The Permittee agrees to allow CDFW employees access to any property it owns and/or manages for the purpose of inspecting and/or monitoring the activities covered by this Agreement, provided CDFW: a) provides 24 hours advance notice; and b) allows the Permittee or representatives to participate in the inspection and/or monitoring. This condition does not apply to CDFW enforcement personnel.
- 1.5 Adherence to Existing Authorizations. All water diversion facilities that the Permittee owns, operates, or controls shall be operated and maintained in accordance with current law and applicable water rights.
- 1.6 Other Agency Permitting Requirements. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) has permitting requirements for certain instream projects under Section 404 of the Federal Clean Water Act. If this project features the placement of dredged or fill materials into the channels of streams (below the ordinary high water mark) that are waters of the United States, a permit may be required by the Corps. If your project needs a permit from the Corps, you will also need to obtain a Water Quality Certification pursuant to Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act from the Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Water Board). In addition, if your project will involve disturbance within or discharges of pollutants to Waters of the State of California, the Regional Water Boards may require a permit, whether or not the Corps requires a permit. If there is any question regarding the possibility of the project meeting the above limitations, the Permittee should contact the Corps and the Regional Water Board prior to beginning work. This Agreement in no way represents permitting requirements by the Corps or the Regional Water Board. It is the responsibility of the Permittee to contact the Corps, and to comply with the provisions of any Section 404 permit issued, if required by the Corps. Similarly, it is the responsibility of the Permittee to contact the Regional Water Board and to comply with the provisions of any Section 401 Certification, Regional Water Board Waste Discharge Requirements or waiver of Waste Discharge Requirements issued by the Regional Water Board.
- 1.7 Change of Conditions and Need to Cease Operations. If conditions arise, or change, in such a manner as to be considered deleterious by CDFW to the stream or wildlife, operations shall cease until corrective measures approved by CDFW

are taken. This includes new information becoming available that indicates bypass flows, diversion rates or other measures provided in this Agreement are not providing adequate protection to keep aquatic life downstream in good condition or to avoid "take" or "incidental take" of federal or State listed species.

- 1.8 CDFW Notification of Work Initiation and Completion. The Permittee shall contact CDFW within the 7-day period preceding the beginning of work permitted by this Agreement. Information to be disclosed shall include Agreement number, and the anticipated start date. Subsequently, the Permittee shall notify CDFW no later than seven (7) days after the project is fully completed. **Notification of completion will include photographs of the completed work, erosion control measures, waste containment and disposal, and a summary of any CNDDDB submissions as required below.**
- 1.9 Notification to the California Natural Diversity Database. If any special status species are observed at any time during the project, a qualified Biologist shall submit California Natural Diversity Data Base (CNDDDB) forms to the CNDDDB within five (5) working days of the sightings. A summary of CNDDDB submissions shall be included with the completion notification. Forms and instructions for submissions to the CNDDDB may be found at:
<https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Data/CNDDDB/Submitting-Data>.
- 1.10 Site Management Plan. If Cannabis is or becomes cultivated on the project parcel, Permittee shall submit to CDFW the initial preparation and subsequent updates to the project's Site Management Plan that is prepared in conformance with the SWRCB Cannabis Cultivation Policy.

2. Avoidance and Minimization Measures

To avoid or minimize adverse impacts to fish and wildlife resources identified above, the Permittee shall implement each measure listed below.

- 2.1 Permitted Project Activities. Except where otherwise stipulated in this Agreement, all work shall be in accordance with Permittee Notification, together with all maps, best management practices, photographs, drawings, and other supporting documents submitted with the Notification and received on September 13, 2019, with revisions received on November 25, 2019.
- 2.2 Listed Species. This Agreement does not allow for the take, or incidental take of any state or federal listed threatened, endangered, or candidate species. No direct or indirect impacts shall occur to any threatened or endangered species as a result of implementing the project or the project's activities. If the project could result in the "take" of a state listed threatened or endangered species, the Permittee has the responsibility to obtain from CDFW, a California Endangered Species Act Permit (CESA section 2081).

- 2.3 Northern Spotted Owl (NSO) Avoidance. To avoid take of NSO from noise disturbance (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, July 26, 2006, guidance document "Estimating the Effects of Auditory and Visual Disturbance to Northern Spotted Owls and Marbled Murrelets in Northwestern California), all road maintenance and improvement activities are prohibited during the breeding season until July 10 of each year. The Northern Spotted Owl Take Avoidance Analysis and Guidance for California Coast Forest District ("Attachment A") can be found at: https://www.fire.ca.gov/media/4894/revised_usfws_attachement_a_nso_take_avoidance_analysis-coast-redwood_3-15-11.pdf
- 2.4 Nesting Birds. Actively nesting birds and their nests shall not be disturbed by project activities. If construction, grading, vegetation removal, or other project-related improvements are necessary during the nesting season of protected raptors and migratory birds (**March 1 through August 15**), the Permittee shall notify CDFW of proposed work and a focused survey for bird nests and/or nesting behavior shall be conducted by a qualified biologist within seven (7) days prior to the beginning of project-related activities. Surveys should encompass the area up to 50 feet from disturbance to account for songbirds, and up to 250 feet from disturbance for raptors. If a nest is found or suspected to be present, Permittee shall consult with CDFW regarding appropriate action to comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 and FGC. If a lapse in project-related work of seven (7) days or longer occurs, another focused survey, and if required, consultation with CDFW shall be required before project work can be reinitiated.

Project Timing

- 2.5 Work Period. All work, not including diversion of water, shall be confined to the period **July 10 through October 15** of each year. Work within the active channel of a stream shall be restricted to periods of **dry weather**. Precipitation forecasts and potential increases in stream flow shall be considered when planning construction activities. Construction activities shall cease and all necessary erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to the onset of precipitation.
- 2.6 Extension of the Work Period. If weather conditions permit, and the Permittee wishes to extend the work period after October 15, a written request shall be made to CDFW **at least 10-working days before the proposed work period variance**. Written approval (letter or e-mail) for the proposed time extension must be received from CDFW prior to activities continuing past October 15.
- 2.7 Work Completion. The proposed work shall be completed by no later than **October 15, 2021**. Failure to complete work by this date may result in suspension or revocation of this Agreement. A notice of completed work, including photographs of each site, shall be submitted to CDFW within seven (7) days of project completion.

Vegetation Management

- 2.8 Minimum Vegetation Removal. No native riparian vegetation shall be removed from the bank of the stream, except where authorized by CDFW. Permittee shall limit the disturbance or removal of native vegetation to the minimum necessary to achieve design guidelines and standards for the Authorized Activity. Permittee shall take precautions to avoid damage to vegetation outside the work area.
- 2.9 Vegetation Maintenance. Permittee shall limit vegetation management (e.g., trimming, pruning, or limbing) and removal for the purpose of Authorized Activity to the use of hand tools. Vegetation management shall not include treatment with herbicides.

General Stream Protection Measures

- 2.10 Fish and Aquatic Amphibians. If possible, work shall be conducted when the affected stream channel is void of surface water. If surface water is present during construction, the Permittee shall: a) have a biologist or other qualified professional survey the site and adjacent area for fish, amphibians, and turtles three (3) days or less before commencing project activities and b) if fish, amphibians, or turtles are detected, CDFW will be contacted and work shall not commence until authorized by a CDFW representative.
- 2.11 Stream Protection. No debris, soil, silt, sand, bark, slash, sawdust, rubbish, cement or concrete washings, oil or petroleum products, or other material deleterious to fish, plant life, mammals or bird life shall be allowed to enter into or be placed where it may be washed by rainfall or runoff into the stream.
- 2.12 No Dumping. Permittee shall not deposit, permit to pass into, or place where it can pass into a stream, lake, or other Waters of the State any material deleterious to fish and wildlife, or abandon, dispose of, or throw away within 150 feet of a stream, lake, or other Waters of the State any cans, bottles, garbage, motor vehicle or parts thereof, rubbish, litter, refuse, waste, debris, or the viscera or carcass of any dead mammal, or the carcass of any dead bird.
- 2.13 Maintain Aquatic Life. When any dam or other artificial obstruction is being constructed, maintained, or placed in operation, Permittee shall allow sufficient water at all times to pass downstream to maintain aquatic life below the dam pursuant to FGC section 5937.
- 2.14 Maintain Passing of Fish Up and Down Stream. It is unlawful to construct or maintain in any stream any device or contrivance that prevents, impedes, or tends to prevent or impede, the passing of fish (*wild fish, mollusk, crustacean, invertebrate, amphibian, or part, spawn or ovum of any of those animals*) up and down stream pursuant to FGC section 5901

- 2.15 Equipment Maintenance. Refueling of machinery or heavy equipment, or adding or draining oil, lubricants, coolants or hydraulic fluids shall not take place within stream bed, channel and bank. All such fluids and containers shall be disposed of properly off-site. Heavy equipment used or stored within stream bed, channel and bank shall use drip pans or other devices (e.g., absorbent blankets, sheet barriers or other materials) as needed to prevent soil and water contamination.
- 2.16 Hazardous Spills. Any material, which could be hazardous or toxic to aquatic life and enters a stream (i.e. a piece of equipment tipping-over in a stream and dumping oil, fuel or hydraulic fluid), the Permittee shall immediately notify the California Emergency Management Agency State Warning Center at 1-800-852-7550, and immediately initiate clean-up activities. CDFW shall be notified by the Permittee within 24 hours at 707-445-6493 and consulted regarding clean-up procedures.
- 2.17 Clean-up. Structures and associated materials not designed to withstand high seasonal flows shall be removed to areas above the ordinary high water mark before such flows occur or the end of the yearly work period, whichever comes first. All project materials and debris shall be removed from the project site and properly disposed of off-site upon project completion.
- 2.18 Erosion Control Measures
- 2.18.1 Seed and Mulch. Upon completion of construction operations and/or the onset of wet weather, Permittee shall stabilize exposed soil areas within the work area by applying mulch and seed. Permittee shall restore all exposed or disturbed areas and access points within the stream and riparian zone by applying local native and weed free erosion control grass seeds. Locally native wildflower and/or shrub seeds may also be included in the seed mix. Permittee shall mulch restored areas using at least two (2) to four (4) inches of weed-free clean straw or similar biodegradable mulch over the seeded area. Alternately, Permittee may cover seeding with jute netting, coconut fiber blanket, or similar non-synthetic monofilament netting erosion control blanket.
- 2.18.2 Erosion and Sediment Barriers. Permittee shall monitor and maintain all erosion and sediment barriers in good operating condition throughout the work period and the following rainy season, defined herein to mean October 15 through June 15. Maintenance includes, but is not limited to, removal of accumulated sediment, replacement of damaged sediment fencing, coir rolls/logs and/or straw bale dikes and ensuring drainage structures and altered streambeds and banks remain sufficiently armored and/or stable. If the sediment barrier fails to retain sediment, Permittee shall employ corrective measures, and notify CDFW immediately.
- 2.18.3 Cover Spoil Piles. Permittee shall have readily available erosion control

materials such as wattles, natural fiber mats, or plastic sheeting, to cover and contain exposed spoil piles and exposed areas in order to prevent sediment from moving into a stream or lake. Permittee shall apply and secure these materials prior to rain events to prevent loose soils from entering a stream, lake, or other Waters of the State.

- 2.18.4 Prohibition on Use of Monofilament Netting. To minimize the risk of ensnaring and strangling wildlife, Permittee shall not use any erosion control materials that contain synthetic (e.g., plastic or nylon) monofilament netting, including photo- or biodegradable plastic netting. Geotextiles, fiber rolls, and other erosion control measures shall be made of loose-weave mesh, such as jute, hemp, coconut (coir) fiber, or other products without welded weaves.
- 2.19 Waste Containment and Disposal. Permittee shall contain all operation associated refuse in enclosed, wildlife proof, storage containers, at all times, and relocate refuse to an authorized waste management facility, in compliance with State and local laws, on a regular and ongoing basis. All refuse shall be removed from the site and properly disposed of, at the close of the cultivation season and/or when the parcel is no longer in use. Photo documentation of storage containers shall be included in the Work Completion Report.
- 2.20 Site Management Plan. Permittee shall submit to CDFW the initial preparation and subsequent updates to the project's Site Management Plan that is prepared in conformance with the State Water Board's Cannabis Cultivation Policy and Guidelines.
- Water Storage Facilities**
- 2.21 Water Storage. All water storage facilities (WSFs) (e.g., reservoirs, storage tanks, mix tanks, and bladders tanks) must be located outside the active 100-year floodplain and outside the top of bank of a stream. Covers/lids shall be securely affixed to water tanks at all times to prevent potential entry by wildlife. Permittee shall cease all water diversion at the POD when WSFs are filled to capacity.
- 2.22 Water Storage Maintenance. WSFs shall have a float valve to shut off the diversion when tanks are full to prevent overflow. Water shall not leak, overflow, or overtop WSFs at any time. Permittee shall regularly inspect all WSFs and infrastructure used to divert water to storage and use and repair any leaks.
- 2.23 Water Conservation. The Permittee shall make best efforts to minimize water use, and to follow best practices for water conservation and management.
- 2.24 Limitations on Impoundment and Use of Diverted Water. The Permittee shall impound and use water in accordance with a valid water right, including any limitations on when water may be impounded and used, the purpose for which it

may be impounded and used, and the location(s) where water may be impounded and used.

- 2.25 State Water Code. This Agreement does not constitute a valid water right. The Permittee shall comply with State Water Code sections 5100 and 1200 *et seq.* as appropriate for the water diversion and water storage. The application for this registration is found at:
http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/waterrights/publications_forms/forms/docs/sdu_registration.pdf.

Stream Crossings

- 2.26 Road Approaches. The Permittee shall treat road approaches to new or reconstructed permanent crossings to minimize erosion and sediment delivery to the watercourse. Permittee shall ensure road approaches are hydrologically disconnected to the maximum extent feasible to prevent sediment from entering the crossing site, including when a Stream Crossing is being constructed or reconstructed. Road approaches shall be armored from the crossing for a minimum of *50 feet in both directions*, or to the nearest effective water bar or point where road drainage does not drain to the crossing, with durable, clean, screened, angular rock.
- 2.27 Excavated Fill. Excavated fill material shall be placed in upland locations where it cannot deliver to a watercourse. To minimize the potential for material to enter the watercourse during the winter period, all excavated and relocated fill material shall be tractor contoured (to drain water) and tractor compacted to effectively incorporate and stabilize loose material into existing road and/or landing features.
- 2.28 Runoff from Steep Areas. The Permittee shall make preparations so that runoff from steep, erodible surfaces will be diverted into stable areas with little erosion potential or contained behind erosion control structures. Erosion control structures such as straw bales and/or siltation control fencing shall be placed and maintained until the threat of erosion ceases. Frequent water checks shall be placed on dirt roads, cat tracks, or other work trails to control erosion.
- 2.29 Crossing Maintenance. The Permittee shall provide site maintenance for the life of the structures, including, but not limited to, re-applying erosion control to minimize surface erosion and ensuring drainage structures, streambeds and banks remain sufficiently armored and/or stable.
- 2.29.1 The placement of armoring shall be confined to the work period when the stream is dry or at its lowest flow.
- 2.29.2 No heavy equipment shall enter the wetted stream channel.
- 2.29.3 No fill material, other than clean rock, shall be placed in the stream channel.

2.29.4 Rock shall be sized to withstand washout from high stream flows, and extend above the ordinary high water level.

2.29.5 Rock armoring shall not constrict the natural stream channel width and shall be keyed into a footing trench with a depth sufficient to prevent instability.

2.30 Isolation of Work Site. No work is authorized in a live flowing stream. Work shall be conducted when the stream channel is dry.

2.31 Culvert Installation.

2.31.1 Permanent culverts shall be sized to accommodate the estimated 100-year flood flow [i.e. ≥ 1.0 times the width of the bankfull channel width or the 100-year flood size, whichever is greater], including debris, culvert embedding, and sediment loads.

2.31.1 Where diversion potential exists, a critical dip shall be installed to direct flood flow over the crossing fill and back into the channel. Critical dips shall be constructed to accommodate the entire estimated 100-year flood flow and may be installed by lowering the existing fill over the crossing or by constructing a deep, broad rolling dip over the crossing surface to prevent flood flow from diverting down the road.

2.31.2 If the project is located in a high to very high Fire Hazard Severity Zone as designated by CAL FIRE, CDFW recommends culvert materials consist of corrugated metal pipe (CMP). Use of High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe is discouraged.

http://www.fire.ca.gov/fire_prevention/fire_prevention_wildland_zones_maps

2.31.3 Existing fill material in the crossing shall be excavated down vertically to the approximate original channel and outwards horizontally to the approximate crossing hinge points (transition between naturally occurring soil and remnant temporary crossing fill material) to remove any potential unstable debris and voids in the older fill prism.

2.31.4 Culvert shall be installed to grade (not perched or suspended), aligned with the natural stream channel, and extend lengthwise completely beyond the toe of fill. If culvert cannot be set to grade, it shall be oriented in the lower third of the fill face, and a downspout or energy dissipator (such as boulders, rip-rap, or rocks) shall be installed above or below the outfall as needed to effectively control stream bed, channel, or bank erosion (scouring, headcutting, or downcutting). The Permittee shall ensure basins are not constructed and channels are not be widened at culvert inlets.

2.31.5 Culvert bed shall be composed of either compacted rock-free soil or

crushed gravel. Bedding beneath the culvert shall provide for even distribution of the load over the length of the pipe, and allow for natural settling and compaction to help the pipe settle into a straight profile. The crossing backfill materials shall be free of rocks, limbs, or other debris that could allow water to seep around the pipe, and shall be compacted.

2.31.6 Culvert inlet, outlet (including the outfall area), and fill faces shall be armored where stream flow, road runoff, or rainfall energy is likely to erode fill material and the outfall area.

2.31.7 Project Inspection. The Project shall be inspected by a licensed professional to ensure that the stream crossings were installed and are functioning as designed. A copy of the inspection report, including photographs of each site, shall be submitted to CDFW within 90 days of completion of this project.

2.32 Fords, Armored Fill and Vented Crossings.

2.32.1 Fords, armored fill and vented crossings are considered permanent watercourse encroachments and shall be designed and sized to accommodate the 100-year flood flow plus associated sediment and debris.

2.32.2 Fords, armored fill and vented crossings and hydrologically-connected road approaches shall be maintained as necessary to avoid delivery of fine sediment to the watercourse below.

2.32.3 Fords, armored fill and vented crossings shall be sufficiently outsloped to minimize aggradation of suspended sediments at the crossing.

2.32.4 The lowest point of fords, armored fill and vented crossings shall be constructed within or directly over the original stream channel, to the extent feasible, in order to contain high flows up to twice bank-full and to avoid diversion potential.

2.32.5 Armor material shall be comprised of durable angular screened quarry rock of sufficient size and placement to minimize mobilization during a 100-year storm event.

2.32.6 If maximum fill heights exceed 15 feet or fills exceed 500 cubic yards of fill, rock sizing, armoring thickness, chute width and chute depth shall be calculated and sized using the nomograph provided in Figure 23 of Cafferata et al. (2017).

2.32.7 Stream crossing spillway fill slopes shall be armored from roadbed to the natural channel in a manner sufficient to prevent significant scour or

removal of armor during high flows. Scour is expected through road surface rock cap.

2.32.8 Fords shall only be used when the fording surface is dry.

2.32.9 Project Inspection. The Project shall be inspected by a licensed professional to ensure that the stream crossings were installed and are functioning as designed. A copy of the inspection report, including photographs of each site, shall be submitted to CDFW within 90 days of completion of this project.

3. Reporting Measures

Permittee shall meet each reporting requirement described below.

- 3.1 CDFW Notification of Work Initiation. The Permittee shall contact CDFW within the seven-day period **preceding the beginning of work** permitted by this Agreement. Information to be disclosed shall include Agreement number, and the anticipated start date.
- 3.2 Work Completion. The proposed work shall be completed by no later than **October 15, 2021**. Failure to complete work by this date may result in suspension or revocation of this Agreement. **Notification of completion will include photographs of the completed work, erosion control measures, waste containment and disposal, and a summary of any CNDDB submissions** and shall be submitted to CDFW, LSA program at 619 Second Street, Eureka, CA 95501 **within seven (7) days** of project completion.
 - 3.2.1 Photo documentation of newly installed storage containers shall be included in the Work Completion Report. A notice of completed work, with supplemental pictures, shall be submitted to CDFW **within seven (7) days** of project completion as part of the work completion report.
- 3.3 Project Inspection. The Project shall be inspected by a licensed professional to ensure that the stream crossings were installed and are functioning as designed. A copy of the inspection report, including photographs of each site, shall be submitted to CDFW within 90 days of completion of each separate project. The Permittee shall submit the **Project Inspection Report** to CDFW, LSA Program at 619 Second Street, Eureka, CA 95501.
- 3.4 Site Management Plan. The Permittee shall submit to CDFW the project's **Site Management Plan within 30 days of the date submitted to the State Water Board**. Permittee shall submit subsequent revisions and updates to the Site Management Plan that is prepared in conformance with the State Water Board's Cannabis Cultivation Policy and Guidelines.

CONTACT INFORMATION

Any communication that Permittee or CDFW submits to the other shall be in writing and any communication or documentation shall be delivered to the address below by U.S. mail, fax, or email, or to such other address as Permittee or CDFW specifies by written notice to the other.

To Permittee:

Louis Peek
P.O. Box 96
Myers Flat, California 95554
310-405-2699
louielovell@gmail.com

To CDFW:

Department of Fish and Wildlife
Northern Region
619 Second Street
Eureka, California 95501
Attn: Lake and Streambed Alteration Program – Jonathan Hollis
Notification #1600-2019-0750-R1

LIABILITY

Permittee shall be solely liable for any violation of the Agreement, whether committed by the Permittee or any person acting on behalf of the Permittee, including its officers, employees, representatives, agents or contractors and subcontractors, to complete the project or any activity related to it that the Agreement authorizes.

This Agreement does not constitute CDFW's endorsement of, or require the Permittee to proceed with the project. The decision to proceed with the project is the Permittee's alone.

SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION

CDFW may suspend or revoke in its entirety this Agreement if it determines that the Permittee or any person acting on behalf of the Permittee, including its officers, employees, representatives, agents, or contractors and subcontractors, is not in compliance with the Agreement.

Before CDFW suspends or revokes the Agreement, it shall provide the Permittee written notice by certified or registered mail that it intends to suspend or revoke. The notice

shall state the reason(s) for the proposed suspension or revocation, provide the Permittee an opportunity to correct any deficiency before CDFW suspends or revokes the Agreement, and include instructions to the Permittee, if necessary, including but not limited to a directive to immediately cease the specific activity or activities that caused CDFW to issue the notice.

ENFORCEMENT

Nothing in the Agreement precludes CDFW from pursuing an enforcement action against the Permittee instead of, or in addition to, suspending or revoking the Agreement.

Nothing in the Agreement limits or otherwise affects CDFW's enforcement authority or that of its enforcement personnel.

OTHER LEGAL OBLIGATIONS

This Agreement does not relieve Permittee or any person acting on behalf of Permittee, including its officers, employees, representatives, agents, or contractors and subcontractors, from complying with, or obtaining any other permits or authorizations that might be required under, other federal, state, or local laws or regulations before beginning the project or an activity related to it. For example, if the project causes take of a species listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), such take will be unlawful under the ESA absent a permit or other form of authorization from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service or National Marine Fisheries Service.

This Agreement does not relieve Permittee or any person acting on behalf of Permittee, including its officers, employees, representatives, agents, or contractors and subcontractors, from complying with other applicable statutes in FGC including, but not limited to, FGC sections 2050 *et seq.* (threatened and endangered species), section 3503 (bird nests and eggs), section 3503.5 (birds of prey), section 5650 (water pollution), section 5652 (refuse disposal into water), section 5901 (fish passage), section 5937 (sufficient water for fish), and section 5948 (obstruction of stream).

Nothing in the Agreement authorizes the Permittee or any person acting on behalf of the Permittee, including its officers, employees, representatives, agents, or contractors and subcontractors, to trespass.

AMENDMENT

CDFW may amend the Agreement at any time during its term if CDFW determines the amendment is necessary to protect an existing fish or wildlife resource.

The Permittee may amend the Agreement at any time during its term, provided the amendment is mutually agreed to in writing by CDFW and the Permittee. To request an amendment, the Permittee shall submit to CDFW a completed CDFW "Request to Amend Lake or Streambed Alteration" form and include with the completed form payment of the corresponding amendment fee identified in CDFW's current fee schedule (see Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 699.5).

TRANSFER AND ASSIGNMENT

This Agreement may not be transferred or assigned to another entity, and any purported transfer or assignment of the Agreement to another entity shall not be valid or effective, unless the transfer or assignment is requested by the Permittee in writing, as specified below, and thereafter CDFW approves the transfer or assignment in writing.

The transfer or assignment of the Agreement to another entity shall constitute a minor amendment, and therefore to request a transfer or assignment, the Permittee shall submit to CDFW a completed CDFW "Request to Amend Lake or Streambed Alteration" form and include with the completed form payment of the minor amendment fee identified in CDFW's current fee schedule (see Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 699.5).

EXTENSIONS

In accordance with FGC section 1605, subdivision (b), Permittee may request one extension of the Agreement, provided the request is made prior to the expiration of the Agreement's term. To request an extension, Permittee shall submit to CDFW a completed CDFW "Request to Extend Lake or Streambed Alteration" form and include with the completed form payment of the extension fee identified in CDFW's current fee schedule (see Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 699.5). CDFW shall process the extension request in accordance with FGC section 1605, subdivisions (b) through (e).

If Permittee fails to submit a request to extend the Agreement prior to its expiration, Permittee must submit a new notification and notification fee before beginning or continuing the project the Agreement covers (Fish & G. Code § 1605, subd. (f)).

EFFECTIVE DATE

The Agreement becomes effective on the date of CDFW's signature, which shall be: 1) after the Permittee signature; 2) after CDFW complies with all applicable requirements under CEQA; and 3) after payment of the applicable FGC section 711.4 filing fee listed at <https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/CEQA/Fees>.

TERM

This Agreement shall **expire five (5) years** from date of execution, unless it is terminated or extended before then. All provisions in the Agreement shall remain in force throughout its term. The Permittee shall remain responsible for implementing any provisions specified herein to protect fish and wildlife resources after the Agreement expires or is terminated, as FGC section 1605, subdivision (a)(2) requires.

AUTHORITY

If the person signing the Agreement (signatory) is doing so as a representative of Permittee, the signatory hereby acknowledges that he or she is doing so on Permittee's behalf and represents and warrants that he or she has the authority to legally bind Permittee to the provisions herein.

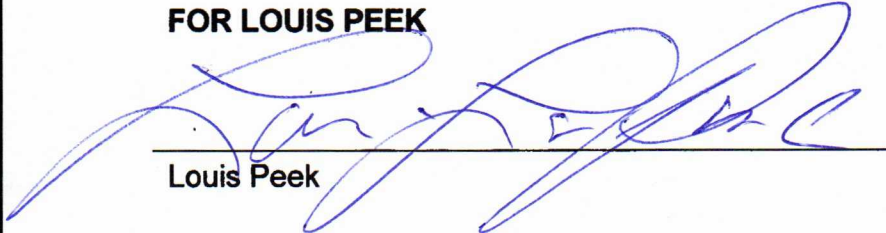
AUTHORIZATION

This Agreement authorizes only the project described herein. If Permittee begins or completes a project different from the project the Agreement authorizes, Permittee may be subject to civil or criminal prosecution for failing to notify CDFW in accordance with FGC section 1602.

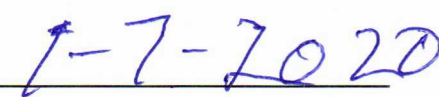
CONCURRENCE

The undersigned accepts and agrees to comply with all provisions contained herein.

FOR LOUIS PEEK



Louis Peek



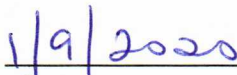
Date

FOR DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE



Cheri Sanville

Senior Environmental Scientist Supervisor



Date

Prepared by: Jonathan Hollis, Environmental Scientist, December 11, 2019